

ASUS®

Pundit P3-PE5

ASUS PC (Desktop Barebone)



E2604

First Edition V1
October 2006

Copyright © 2006 ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. All Rights Reserved.

No part of this manual, including the products and software described in it, may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language in any form or by any means, except documentation kept by the purchaser for backup purposes, without the express written permission of ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. ("ASUS").

Product warranty or service will not be extended if: (1) the product is repaired, modified or altered, unless such repair, modification or alteration is authorized in writing by ASUS; or (2) the serial number of the product is defaced or missing.

ASUS PROVIDES THIS MANUAL "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT SHALL ASUS, ITS DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES OR AGENTS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF BUSINESS, LOSS OF USE OR DATA, INTERRUPTION OF BUSINESS AND THE LIKE), EVEN IF ASUS HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES ARISING FROM ANY DEFECT OR ERROR IN THIS MANUAL OR PRODUCT.

SPECIFICATIONS AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL ARE FURNISHED FOR INFORMATIONAL USE ONLY, AND ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE, AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A COMMITMENT BY ASUS. ASUS ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS OR INACCURACIES THAT MAY APPEAR IN THIS MANUAL, INCLUDING THE PRODUCTS AND SOFTWARE DESCRIBED IN IT.

Products and corporate names appearing in this manual may or may not be registered trademarks or copyrights of their respective companies, and are used only for identification or explanation and to the owners' benefit, without intent to infringe.

Table of contents

Notices	vi
Safety information	vii
About this guide.....	viii
System package contents.....	x

Chapter 1: System Introduction

1.1	Welcome!	1-2
1.2	Front panel.....	1-2
1.3	Rear panel.....	1-4
1.4	Internal components.....	1-6

Chapter 2: Basic Installation

2.1	Preparation	2-2
2.2	Before you proceed	2-2
2.3	Removing the cover and front panel assembly.....	2-3
2.4	Central Processing Unit (CPU)	2-4
2.4.1	Overview	2-4
2.4.2	Installing CPU	2-4
2.4.3	Installing the CPU fan and heatsink assembly.....	2-6
2.5	Installing a DIMM	2-7
2.5.1	Memory configurations	2-7
2.5.2	Installing a DDR2 DIMM	2-9
2.5.3	Removing a DDR2 DIMM.....	2-9
2.6	Expansion slots	2-10
2.6.1	Installing an expansion card	2-10
2.6.2	Configuring an expansion card	2-10
2.6.3	PCI Express x 1 slot	2-12
2.6.4	PCI slots	2-12
2.6.5	PCI Express x 16 slot	2-12
2.7	Installing an optical drive	2-13
2.8	Removing the card reader.....	2-15
2.9	Installing hard disk drivers (HDDs).....	2-16
2.9.1	Hard disk drive bays.....	2-16
2.9.2	SATA hard disk drive installation	2-16
2.9.3	IDE hard disk drive installation	2-16
2.9.4	Uninstalling a hard disk drive	2-16

Table of contents

- 2.10 Replacing the covers..... 2-19
 - 2.10.1 Replacing the front panel assembly..... 2-19
 - 2.10.2 Replacing the system cover..... 2-20
- 2.11 Installing the foot stands..... 2-21

Chapter 3: Starting up

- 3.1 Installing an operating system..... 3-2
- 3.2 Powering up 3-2
- 3.3 Support CD information 3-2
 - 3.3.1 Running the support CD..... 3-3
 - 3.3.2 Utilities menu 3-4
 - 3.3.3 Make Disk..... 3-5
 - 3.3.4 ASUS contact information 3-5
- 3.4 Software information..... 3-6

Chapter 4: Motherboard Info

- 4.1 Introduction 4-2
- 4.2 Motherboard layout 4-2
- 4.3 Jumpers 4-3
- 4.4 Connectors 4-6

Chapter 5: BIOS Information

- 5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS 5-2
 - 5.1.1 ASUS Update utility 5-2
 - 5.1.2 Creating a bootable floppy disk 5-5
 - 5.1.3 ASUS EZ Flash 5-6
 - 5.1.4 AwardBIOS Flash Utility..... 5-7
 - 5.1.5 Saving the current BIOS file 5-9
 - 5.1.6 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility 5-10
- 5.2 BIOS setup program..... 5-11
 - 5.2.1 BIOS menu screen..... 5-12
 - 5.2.2 Menu bar 5-12
 - 5.2.3 Legend bar..... 5-13

Table of contents

5.2.4	Menu items	5-13
5.2.5	Sub-menu items	5-13
5.2.6	Configuration fields	5-13
5.2.7	Pop-up window.....	5-14
5.2.8	General help	5-14
5.3	Main menu.....	5-15
5.3.1	System Time	5-15
5.3.2	System Date	5-15
5.3.3	Primary IDE Master/Slave.....	5-16
5.3.4	First/Second SATA Master	5-18
5.3.5	HDD SMART Monitoring.....	5-19
5.4	Advanced menu	5-19
5.4.1	CPU Configuration	5-20
5.4.2	Chipset.....	5-21
5.4.3	PCIePnP	5-23
5.4.4	Onboard Device Configuration	5-24
5.4.5	USB Configuration	5-25
5.5	Power menu	5-26
5.5.1	ACPI Suspend Type.....	5-26
5.5.2	ACPI APIC Support	5-26
5.5.3	APM Configuration	5-27
5.5.4	Hardware Monitor.....	5-29
5.6	Boot menu	5-31
5.6.1	Boot Device Priority	5-31
5.6.2	Hard Disk Drives.....	5-31
5.6.3	Boot Settings Configuration	5-32
5.6.4	Security.....	5-33
5.7	Exit menu.....	5-34

Notices

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



WARNING! The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Safety information

Electrical safety

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

Operation safety

- Before installing devices into the system, carefully read all the documentation that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet. Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

CAUTION: Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

VORSICHT: Explosionsgefahr bei unsachgemäßen Austausch der Batterie. Ersatz nur durch denselben oder einem vom Hersteller empfohlenem ähnlichen Typ. Entsorgung gebrauchter Batterien nach Angaben des Herstellers.

LASER PRODUCT WARNING

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

About this guide

Audience

This guide provides general information and installation instructions about the ASUS Pundit P3 - PE5 barebone system. This guide is intended for experienced users and integrators with hardware knowledge of personal computers.

How this guide is organized

This guide contains the following parts:

1. Chapter 1: System introduction

This chapter gives a general description of the ASUS Pundit P3 - PE5. The chapter lists the system features, including introduction on the front and rear panel, and internal components.

2. Chapter 2: Basic installation

This chapter provides step-by-step instructions on how to install components in the system.

3. Chapter 3: Starting up

This chapter helps you power up the system and install drivers and utilities from the support CD.

4. Chapter 4: Motherboard information

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the system. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

5. Chapter 5: BIOS information

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

Conventions used in this guide



WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



IMPORTANT: Instructions that you **MUST** follow to complete a task.



NOTE: Tips and additional information to aid in completing a task.

Where to find more information

Refer to the following sources for additional information and for product and software updates.

1. **ASUS Websites**

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information on ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

2. **Optional Documentation**

Your product package may include optional documentation, such as warranty flyers, that may have been added by your dealer. These documents are not part of the standard package.

System package contents

Check your Pundit P3 - PE5 system package for the following items.



If any of the items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer immediately.

Item description
1. ASUS Pundit P3 - PE5 barebone system with
• ASUS motherboard
• 275 W PFC power supply unit
• 6-in-1 storage card reader
2. Accessories
• CPU fan and heatsink assembly
• Foot stand and screw (1 pair) for vertical placement
• Rubber stand (x 4) for horizontal placement
• Hard disk drive screw (x 8)
• Optical drive screw (x 2)
• Rubber washer (x 8)
3. Cables
• AC power cable
• Serial ATA signal cable (x 2)
• IDE cable (x 2)
4. Support CD and Recover Pro CD
5. Installation manual

Chapter 1

This chapter gives a general description of the ASUS Pundit P3-PE5. The chapter lists the system features including introduction on the front and rear panel, and internal components.



ASUS Pundit P3-PE5

System introduction

1.1 Welcome!

Thank you for choosing the ASUS Pundit P3-PE5!

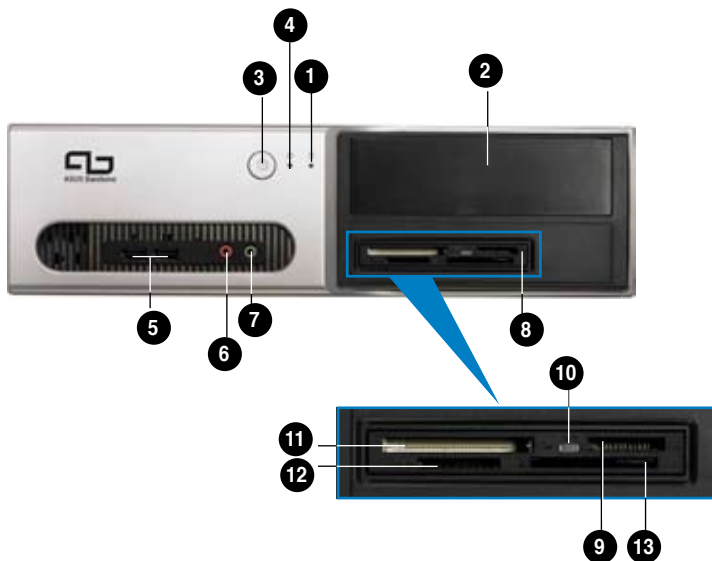
The ASUS Pundit P3-PE5 is an all-in-one barebone system with a versatile home entertainment feature.

The system comes in a stylish mini-tower casing and powered by the ASUS motherboard that supports the Intel® Pentium® D, Intel® Pentium® 4 or Intel® Celeron® processor in the 775-land package.

The system supports up to 2 GB of system memory using DDR2-533/400 DIMMs, high-resolution graphics via integrated graphics controller or PCI Express x16 slot, Serial ATA, USB 2.0, and 6-channel audio features the system takes you ahead in the world of power computing.

1.2 Front panel

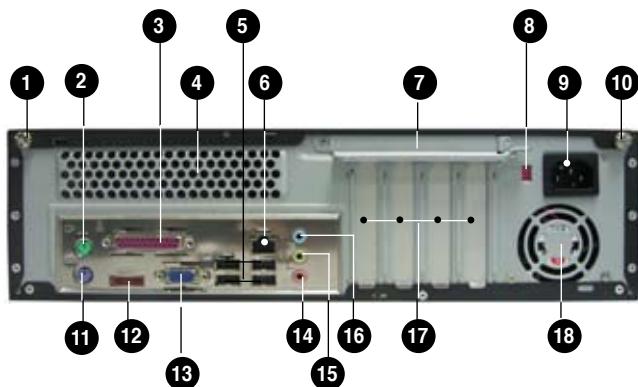
The front panel includes the optical drive bays, power button, and several I/O ports are located at the front panel.



1. **HDD LED.** This LED lights up when data is read from or written to the hard disk drive.
2. **5.25-inch bay.** This bay is for an IDE optical drive.
3. **Power button.** Press this button to turn the system on.
4. **Power LED.**
5. **USB 2.0 ports.** These Universal Serial Bus 2.0 (USB 2.0) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices such as a mouse, printer, scanner, camera, PDA, and others.
6. **Microphone port.** This Mic (pink) port connects a microphone.
7. **Headphone port.** This Line In (green) port connects a headphone with a stereo mini-plug.
8. **6-in1 card reader.**
9. **Memory Stick/Pro™ Card slot.**
10. **Card reader LED.**
11. **CompactFlash™ Card slot.**
12. **Secure Digital™ /MultimediaCard slot.**
13. **SmartMedia™ card slot.**

1.3 Rear panel

The system rear panel includes the power connector and several I/O ports that allow convenient connection of devices.



1. **Cover screw.**
2. **PS/2 mouse port.** This green 6-pin connector is for a PS/2 mouse.
3. **Parallel port.** This 25-pin port connects a printer, scanner, or other devices.
4. **Air vents.**
5. **USB 2.0 ports 1, 2, 3 and 4.** These 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
6. **LAN (RJ-45) port.** This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub.
7. **Metal bracket lock.**
8. **Voltage selector.** This switch allows you to adjust the system input voltage according to the voltage supply in your area. If the voltage supply in your area is 100-127V, set this switch to 115V. If the voltage supply in your area is 200-240V, set this switch to 230V.
9. **Power connector.** This connector is for the power cable and plug.
10. **Cover screw.**



WARNING! Setting the switch to 115V in a 230V environment or 230V in a 115 environment will seriously damage the system!

11. **PS/2 keyboard port.** This purple 6-pin connector is for a PS/2 keyboard.
12. **External SATA port.** This port connects to an external SATA box or a Serial ATA port multiplier.
13. **VGA port.** This port connects a VGA monitor.
14. **Microphone port (pink).** This port connects a microphone.
15. **Line Out port (lime).** This port connects a headphone or a speaker. In 4-channel and 6-channel configuration, the function of this port becomes Front Speaker Out.
16. **Line In port (light blue).** This port connects the tape, CD, DVD player, or other audio sources.
17. **Expansion slot covers.** Remove these covers when installing expansion cards.
18. **Power supply unit fan vent.** This vent is for the PSU fan that provides ventilation inside the power supply unit.



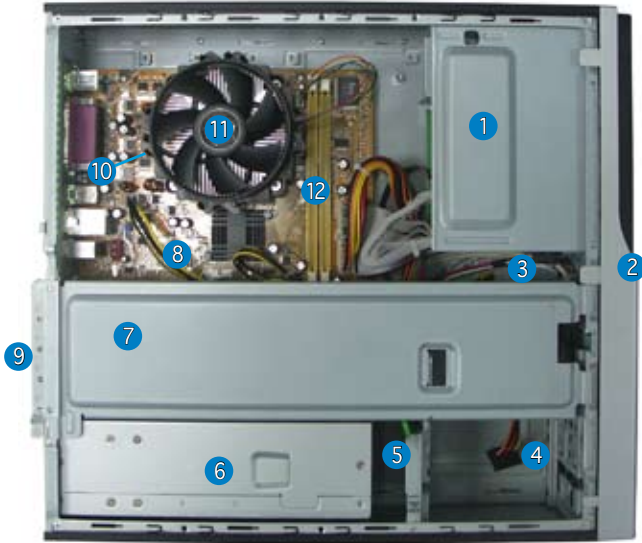
Refer to the audio configuration table below for the function of the audio ports in 2, 4, or 6-channel configuration.

Audio 2, 4, or 6-channel configuration

Port	Headset 2-speaker	4-speaker	6-speaker
Light Blue	Line In	Surround Out	Surround Out
Lime	Line Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Center/Bass

1.4 Internal components

The illustration below is the internal view of the system when you remove the top cover. The installed components are labeled for your reference. Proceed to Chapter 2 for instructions on installing additional system components.



- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. 5.25-inch empty optical drive bay | 8. ASUS motherboard |
| 2. Front panel cover | 9. Metal bracket lock |
| 3. Optical drive lock | 10. LGA775 socket (under the CPU fan and heatsink assembly) |
| 4. Hard disk drive bays | 11. CPU fan and heatsink assembly |
| 5. Hard disk drive lock | 12. DIMM sockets |
| 6. Power supply unit | |
| 7. Chassis support bracket | |

Chapter 2

This chapter provides step-by-step instructions on how to install components in the system.



ASUS Pundit P3-PE5

Basic installation

2.1 Preparation

Before you proceed, make sure that you have all the components you plan to install in the system.

Basic components to install

1. Central Processing Unit (CPU)
2. DDR2 Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM)
3. Expansion card(s)
4. Hard disk drive
5. Optical drive

Tool

Phillips (cross) screw driver

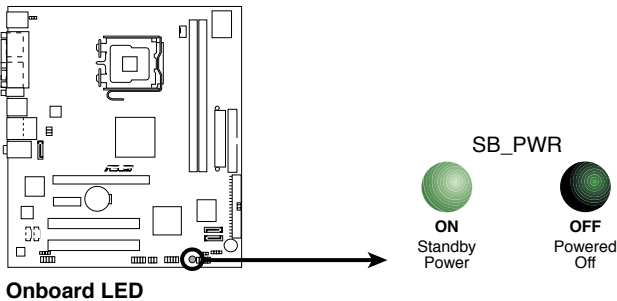
2.2 Before you proceed

Take note of the following precautions before you install components into the system.



- Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity.
- Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.
- Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.

The motherboard comes with an onboard standby power LED. This LED lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode or in soft-off mode, and not powered OFF. Unplug the power cable from the power outlet and make sure that the standby power LED is OFF before installing any system component.



2.3 Removing the cover and front panel assembly

To remove the cover:

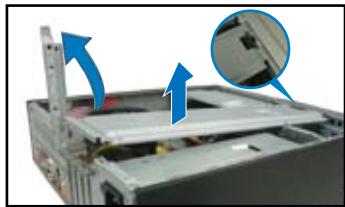
1. Locate two cover screws.
2. Remove the cover screws.



3. Pull the cover.
4. Lift the cover, then set aside.

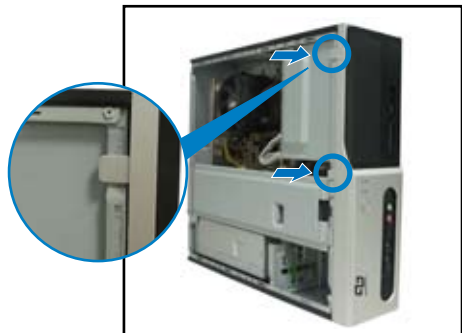


5. Lift the expansion card lock to a 90°-100° angle.
6. Lift the chassis support bracket, then remove.



To remove the front panel assembly:

1. Locate the front panel assembly hooks.
2. Pull the hooks outward to remove.



2.4 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

2.4.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA775 socket designed for the Intel® Pentium® 4 processor in the 775-land package.



- Your boxed Intel® Pentium® 4 LGA775 processor package should come with installation instructions for the CPU, heatsink, and the retention mechanism. If the instructions in this section do not match the CPU documentation, follow the latter.
- Check your motherboard to make sure that the PnP cap is on the CPU socket and the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard components. ASUS will shoulder the cost of repair only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.
- Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the LGA775 socket.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

2.4.2 Installing CPU

To install a CPU:

1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.

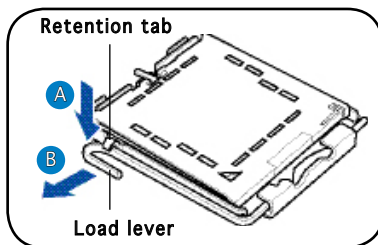


Before installing the CPU, make sure that the socket box is facing towards you and the load lever is on your left.

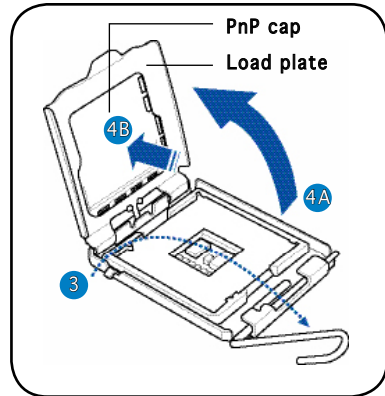
2. Press the load lever with your thumb (A), then move it to the left (B) until it is released from the retention tab.



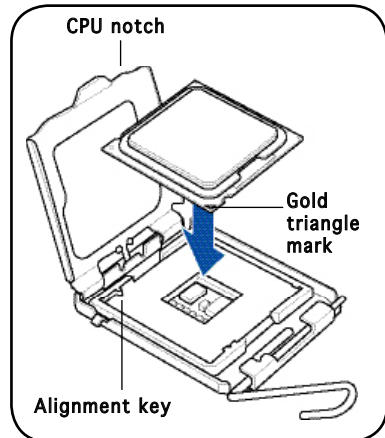
To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.



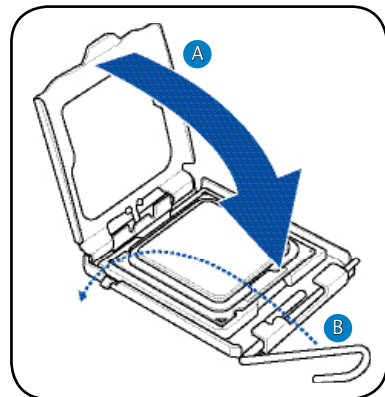
3. Lift the load lever in the direction of the arrow to a 135° angle.
4. Lift the load plate with your thumb and forefinger to a 100° angle (4A), then push the PnP cap from the load plate window to remove (4B).



5. Position the CPU over the socket, making sure that the gold triangle is on the bottom-left corner of the socket then fit the socket alignment key into the CPU notch.



6. Close the load plate (A), then push the load lever (B) until it snaps into the retention tab.



2.4.3 Installing the CPU fan and heatsink assembly

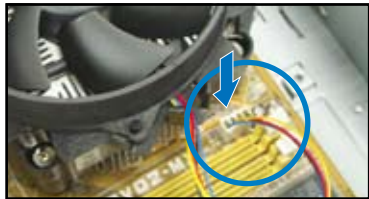
The system package includes a proprietary CPU fan and heatsink assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.



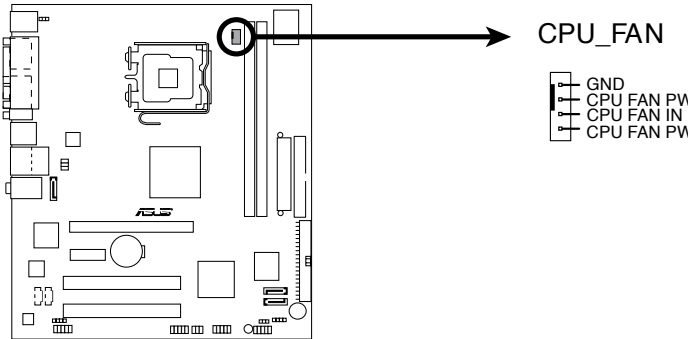
DO NOT replace the proprietary CPU fan and heatsink with other models!

To install the CPU fan and heatsink assembly:

1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU.
2. Drive four screws into the fan holes to secure the fan to the motherboard.
3. Connect the CPU fan cable.



Refer to the figure below for the location of the CPU fan connector on the motherboard.



Fan Connectors

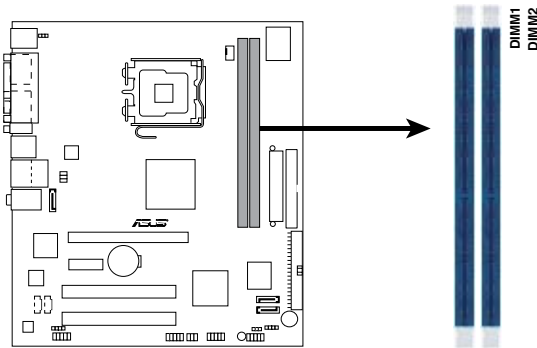


Do not forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.

2.5 Installing a DIMM

The system motherboard comes with two Double Data Rate 2 (DDR2) Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM) sockets.

The following figure illustrates the location of the sockets:



240-pin DDR2 DIMM Sockets

2.5.1 Memory configurations

You may install up to 2 GB system memory using 256 MB, 512 MB, and 1 GB DDR2 DIMMs.



- Install only **identical** (the same type and size) DDR2 memory modules.
- Install only ASUS-certified memory modules. Refer to the DDR2 Qualified Vendors List on the next page for details.
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, we recommend that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.

Qualified Vendors Lists (QVL)

DDR2-533

Size	Vendor	Model	Side(s)	Component	DIMM Support	
					A	B
512MB	SAMSUNG	K4T56083QF-GCD5	DS	M378T6453FG0-CD5	V	
5512MB	Infineon	HYB18T512800BF37	SS	HYS64T64000HU-3.7-B	V	
1024MB	Infineon	HYB18T512800BF37	DS	HYS64T128020HU-3.7-B	V	
512MB	Hynix	HY5PS12821AFP-C3	SS	HYMP564U64AP8-C3	V	
1024MB	ELPIDA	E5108AB-5C-E	DS	EBE11UD8ABFA-5C-E	V	
512MB	CORSAIR	M1110052432M8CEC	DS	VSS12MB533D2	V	
1024MB	KINGMAX	E5108AE-5C-E	DS	KLBD48F-A8EB4	V	
512MB	Transcend	K4T51083QB-GCD5	SS	TS64MLQ64V5J	V	
256MB	Aeneon	AET960UD00-37C88X	SS	AET560UD00-370A98X	V	
512MB	Aeneon	AET960UD00-37C88X	SS	AET660UD00-370A98X	V	
512MB	Aeneon	AET93F370AG0513	SS	AET660UD00-370A98X	V	
512MB	NANYA	NT5TU64M8AF-37B	SS	NT512T64U88A0F-37B	V	
512MB	PQI	64MX8D2-E	SS	MEAB-423LA	V	
256MB	SimpleTech	858S032F25A	SS	SVM-42DR2/256	V	
1024MB	Patriot	Heat-Sink Package	SS	PDC21G5600+XBLK	V	
1024MB	MDT	18D51280D-3.70448	DS	M924-533-16	V	V

Side(s): SS - Single-sided DS - Double-sided

CL: CAS Latency

DIMM support:

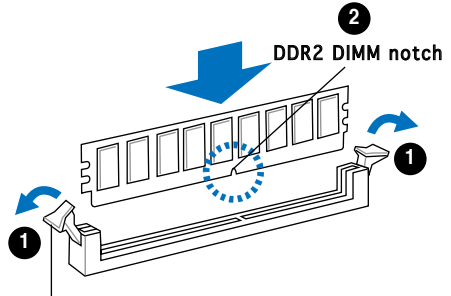
- A** - Supports one module inserted into either slot, in Single-channel memory configuration.
- B** - Supports one pair of modules inserted into both slots as one pair of Dual-channel memory configuration.

2.5.2 Installing a DDR2 DIMM



Make sure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

1. Unlock a DDR2 DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
2. Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.

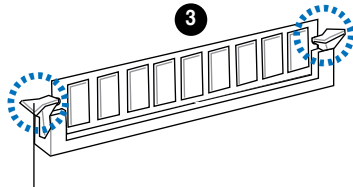


Unlocked retaining clip



A DDR2 DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. **DO NOT** force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.

3. Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.

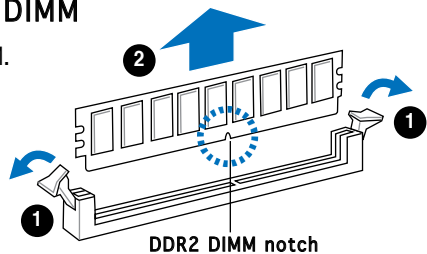


Locked Retaining Clip

2.5.3 Removing a DDR2 DIMM

Follow these steps to remove a DIMM.

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.



Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

2.6 Expansion slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The motherboard has two PCI, one PCI Express™ x1, and one PCI Express™ x16 slot. The following sub-sections describe the slots and the expansion cards that they support.



The system supports low profile PCI, PCI Express x16, and PCI Express x1 cards. You can only install low profile expansion cards on this system. Ask your retailer for details.

2.6.1 Expansion slots

PCI slots

The PCI slots support cards such as a LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other cards that comply with PCI specifications.

PCI Express x16 slot

This motherboard supports PCI Express x16 graphic cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications. The following figure shows a graphics card installed on the PCI Express x16 slot.

PCI Express x1 slot

This motherboard supports PCI Express x1 network cards, SCSI cards and other cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications.



Before installing an expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.

2.6.2 Expansion card installation



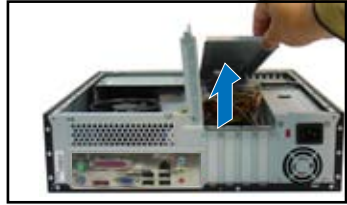
Make sure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

To install an expansion card:

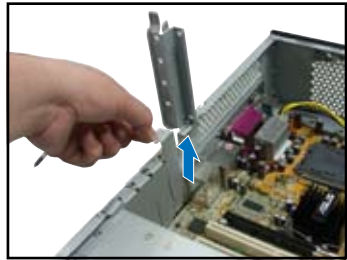
1. Lay the system on its side on a flat and stable surface.
2. Lift the expansion card lock to a 90°-100° angle.



2. Remove the chassis support bracket.



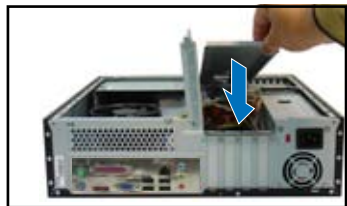
3. Remove the metal cover opposite the slot that you intend to use.



4. Align the card connector with the slot and press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.



5. If you have already installed a hard disk drive, replace the chassis support bracket; otherwise, install other components before replacing the chassis support bracket.



6. Replace the expansion card lock to secure the card to the chassis.



Standard interrupt assignments

IRQ	Standard Function
0	System Timer
1	Keyboard Controller
2	Re-direct to IRQ#9
3	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
4	Communications Port (COM1)*
5	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
6	Floppy Disk Controller
7	Printer Port (LPT1)*
8	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
10	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
11	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
12	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port*
13	Numeric Data Processor
14	Primary IDE Channel
15	Secondary IDE Channel

* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

IRQ assignments for this motherboard

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
PCI slot 1	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PCI slot 2	—	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—
PCI Express x 16 slot	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
PCI Express x 1 slot	—	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onboard USB controller 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	shared
Onboard USB controller 2	—	—	—	shared	—	—	—	—
Onboard USB controller 3	—	—	shared	—	—	—	—	—
Onboard USB controller 4	—	—	—	shared	—	—	—	—
Onboard USB 2.0 controller	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	shared
Onboard IDE port	—	—	—	shared	—	—	—	—
Onboard HD audio	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onboard LAN	—	shared	—	—	—	—	—	—



When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support “Share IRQ” or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

2.7 Installing an optical drive

Refer to the instructions in this section if you wish to install a new optical drive.

Follow these steps to install an optical drive:

1. Drive a screw on the top right screw hole on both sides of the drive.



2. Connect the IDE and audio cable at the back of the drive.



3. Push the drive all the way into the bay until the drive lock clicks.
4. Connect a 4-pin power plug from the power supply unit to the power connector at the back of the drive.



Uninstalling the optical drive

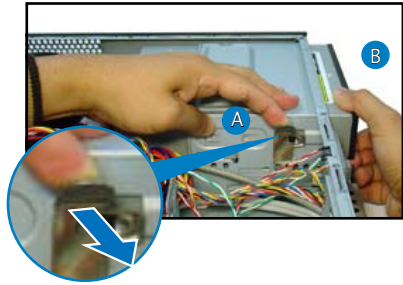
In the future, you may have to upgrade or replace a defective optical drive.

To uninstall the optical drive:

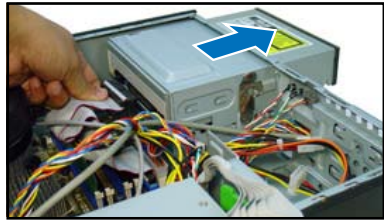
1. Remove the front panel assembly following the instructions in section.
2. Locate the optical drive screw lock.



3. Push the lock to release the optical drive screw (A), then slightly pull the drive out from the bay (B).



4. Disconnect the IDE, audio, and power cables and plugs from the back of the drive.
5. Pull out the drive completely from the bay, then replace it following the instructions in the previous section.

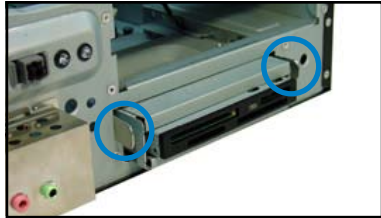


2.8 Removing the card reader

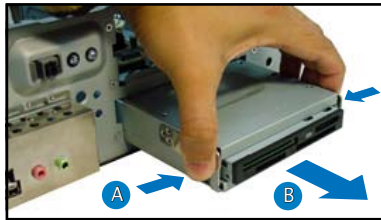
In the future, you may have to remove or replace the 6-in-1 card reader.

To uninstall the card reader:

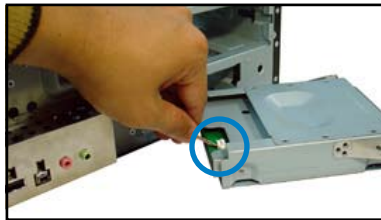
1. Remove the front panel assembly following the instructions in “2.3.2 Removing the front panel assembly”.
2. Locate the lock on both sides of the card reader assembly.



3. Press the card reader lock inwards(A), then slightly pull the card reader assembly outward (B) until the USB cable and plug is exposed.



4. Disconnect the USB cable and plug from the card reader assembly, then set the card reader assembly aside.

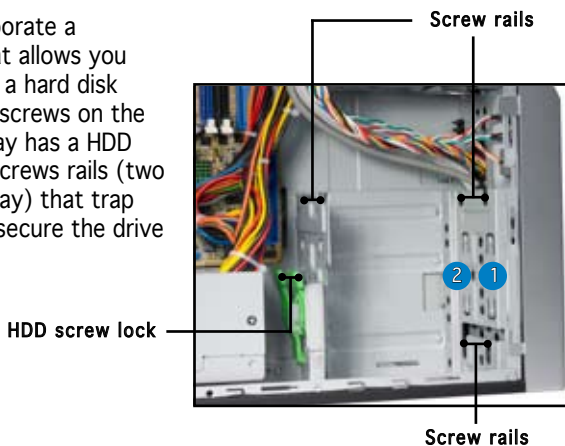


2.9 Installing hard disk drives (HDDs)

The system comes with two 3.5-inch drive bays (labeled 1 and 2) for installation of two Serial ATA hard disk drives or one IDE HDD (if you have installed an optical drive).

2.9.1 Hard disk drive bays

The drive bays incorporate a screw-less design that allows you to install and remove a hard disk drive without driving screws on the chassis. Each drive bay has a HDD screw lock and four screws rails (two on each side of the bay) that trap the HDD screws and secure the drive in the place.

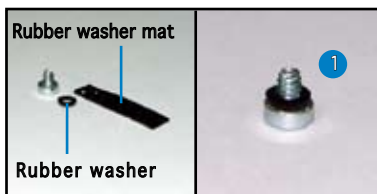


When installing one hard disk drive, install it on the upper HDD bay.

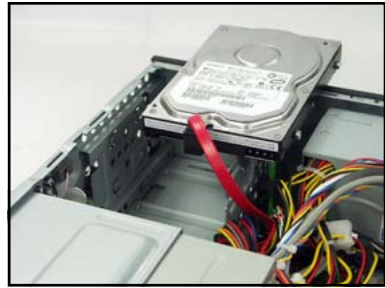
2.9.2 SATA hard disk drive installation

To install a SATA hard disk drive:

1. Insert the rubber washers to the HDD screws. Refer to the illustration on the right.
2. Drive four screws (two on each side of the drive) on the drive screw holes.



3. Connect one end of the supplied 7-pin SATA cable to the SATA connector at the back of the drive, then connect the other end to a SATA connector on the motherboard. See page 4-7 for the location of the SATA connectors.



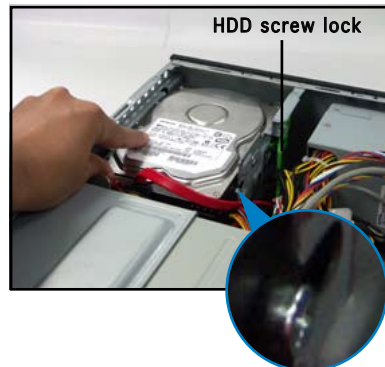
4. Connect the 15-pin SATA power plug from the power supply unit to the power connector at the back of the drive.



5. Place the HDD on the tray. Make sure that the HDD screws are aligned with the screw holes and rails.



6. When the HDD screws align with the screw rails, push the drive carefully until it is completely flushed on the bay. The HDD screw lock clicks to indicate that the drive is properly in place.



2.9.3 IDE hard disk drive installation



Set the IDE HDD as master device before connecting the IDE cable and power plug. Refer to the HDD documentation for details.

To install an IDE hard disk drive:

1. Follow steps 1 to 2 of the previous section.
2. Connect the IDE cable (gray connector) to the IDE interface at the back of the drive. Match the red stripe on the cable with Pin 1 on the IDE interface.
3. Connect a power cable from the power supply unit to the power connector at the back of the drive.
4. Follow steps 5 to 6 of the previous section to complete installation.

2.9.4 Uninstalling a hard disk drive

In the future, you may have to upgrade or replace a defective hard disk drive.

To uninstall the hard disk drive:

1. Press the HDD screw lock (A), then push the drive out from the bay (B) until the drive screws are released from the screw rails.



2. Slightly lift the HDD, then remove all plugs at the back of the drive.
3. Install a new HDD following the instructions in the previous section.



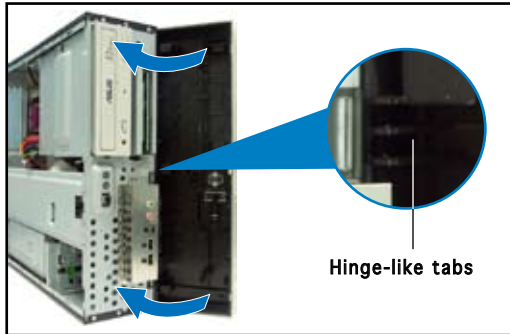
2.10 Replacing the covers

After you install all the necessary components on the system, replace the covers following the instructions in this section:

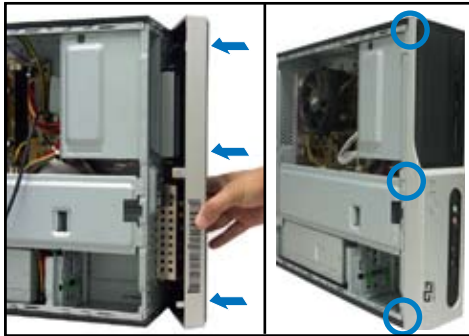
2.10.1 Replacing the front panel assembly

To replace the front panel assembly:

1. Hook the hinge-like tabs to the holes on the right side of the chassis.



2. Swing the left edge of the front panel inward, then attach the front panel assembly hooks to the chassis until they snap in place.

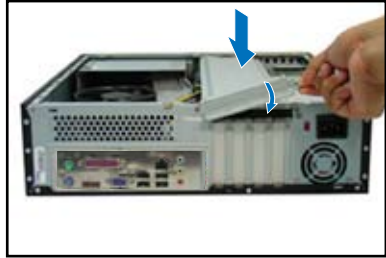


Do not use too much force when replacing the front panel assembly.

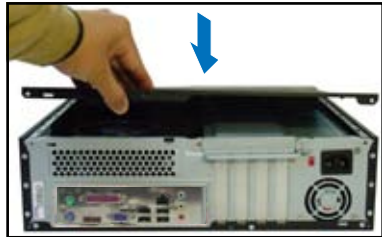
2.10.2 Replacing the system cover

To replace the metal chassis support:

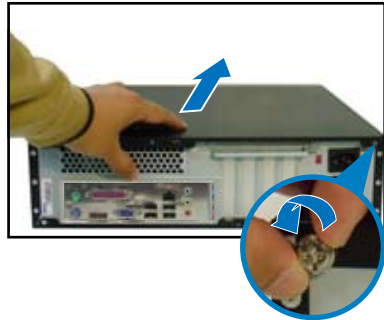
1. Reinstall the metal chassis support and the expansion card lock.



2. Match and insert the hooks of the cover to the elongated holes on the side of the chassis. All eight hooks (four hooks on both sides) of the cover must properly fit the designated holes.



3. Slide the cover toward the front panel until it is in place.
4. Replace the cover screws.



2.11 Installing the foot stands

You need to install the foot stands to place the system vertically on your desktop. To install the foot stands:

1. Lay the system on its side on a flat, stable, and elevated surface, then locate two screw holes on the left side of the system.
2. Extend the left side of the system at least 3 cm from the edge of the surface to facilitate installation.
3. Align the foot stand and chassis screw holes.
4. Drive in a screw to secure the footstand to the chassis.
5. Follow the same procedures when installing the second foot stand.



The photo on the right shows the system in a vertical desktop placement.



Chapter 3

This chapter helps you power up the system and install drivers and utilities from the support CD.



ASUS Pundit P3-PE5

Starting up

3.1 Installing an operating system

The barebone system supports Windows® 2000/XP operating systems (OS). Always install the latest OS version and corresponding updates so you can maximize the features of your hardware.



Because motherboard settings and hardware options vary, use the setup procedures presented in this chapter for general reference only. Refer to your OS documentation for more information.

3.2 Powering up

Press the system power button (⏻) to enter the OS.



Press to turn ON the system

3.3 Support CD information

The support CD that came with the system contains useful software and several utility drivers that enhance the system features.



- Screen display and driver options may not be the same for different operating system versions.
 - The contents of the support CD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website for updates.
-

3.3.1 Running the support CD

To begin using the support CD, place the CD in your optical drive. The CD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



Click an icon to display support CD/motherboard information

Click an item to install



If **Autorun** is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the BIN folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the CD.

ASUS InstAll - Installation Wizard for Drivers

Automatically installs all the necessary drivers for this motherboard.

VIA 4 in 1 Drivers

Installs the VIA 4 in 1 drivers.

VIA/S3G UniChrome Family Display Driver

Installs the VIA/S3G Unichrome Family Display driver.

SoundMAX AD1986A Audio Driver

Allows you to install the SoundMAX AD1986A audio driver.

JMocron JMB36X RAID Controller Driver

Installs the JMocron JMB36X RAID Controller Driver.

VIA Rhine Family Fast Ethernet Adapter Driver

Installs the VIA Rhine Family Fast Ethernet Adapter driver.

3.3.2 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu shows the applications and other software that the motherboard supports.



ASUS InstAll-Installation Wizard for Utilities

Installs the ASUS InstAll-Installation Wizard Utilities.

ASUS PC Probe II

This smart utility monitors the fan speed, CPU temperature, and system voltages, and alerts you of any detected problems. This utility helps you keep your computer in healthy operating condition.

ASUS Update

The ASUS Update utility allows you to update the motherboard BIOS in a Windows® environment. This utility requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP). See page 5-8 for details.

ASUS Screen Saver

Installs the ASUS screen saver.

Adobe Reader V7.0

Installs the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader V7.0 that allows you to open, view, and print documents in Portable Document Format (PDF).

Microsoft DirectX 9.0c Driver

Installs the Microsoft® DirectX 9.0c driver.

3.3.3 Make Disk



VIA RAID Driver Disk

Creates the VIA RAID driver disk.

Make JMicron JMB36X 32/64bit RAID Driver

Creates the JMicron JMB36X 32/64bit RAID driver disk.

3.3.4 ASUS Contact information

Click the **Contact** tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.



3.4 Software information

Most of the applications in the support CD have wizards that will conveniently guide you through the installation. View the online help or readme file that came with the software for more information.

ASUS PC Probe II

PC Probe II is a utility that monitors the computer’s vital components and alerts you of any problem with these components. PC Probe II senses fan rotations, CPU temperature, and system voltages, among others. PC Probe II is software-based, allowing you to start monitoring your computer the moment you turn it on. With this utility, you are assured that your computer is always at a healthy operating condition.

Installing PC Probe II

To install PC Probe II on your computer:

1. Place the support CD to the optical drive. The **Drivers** installation tab appears if your computer has an enabled Autorun feature.



If Autorun is not enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the setup.exe file from the ASUS PC Probe II folder. Double-click the setup.exe file to start installation.

2. Click the **Utilities** tab, then click **ASUS PC Probe II**.
3. Follow the screen instructions to complete installation.

Launching PC Probe II

You can launch the PC Probe II right after installation or anytime from the Windows® desktop.

To launch the PC Probe II from the Windows® desktop, click **Start > All Programs > ASUS > PC Probe II**. The PC Probe II main window appears.

After launching the application, the PC Probe II icon appears in the Windows® taskbar. Click this icon to close or restore the application.










Using PC Probe II

Main window

The PC Probe II main window allows you to view the current status of your system and change the utility configuration. By default, the main window displays the **Preference** section. You can close or restore the **Preference** section by clicking on the triangle on the main window right handle.



Click to close the Preference panel

Button	Function
	Opens the Configuration window
	Opens the Report window
	Opens the Desktop Management Interface window
	Opens the Peripheral Component Interconnect window
	Opens the Windows Management Instrumentation window
	Opens the hard disk drive, memory, CPU usage window
	Shows/Hides the Preference section
	Minimizes the application
	Closes the application

Sensor alert

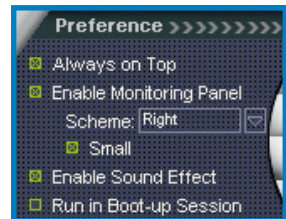
When a system sensor detects a problem, the main window right handle turns red, as the illustrations below show.



When displayed, the monitor panel for that sensor also turns red. Refer to the **Monitor panels** section for details.

Preferences

You can customize the application using the Preference section in the main window. Click the box before each preference to activate or deactivate.



Hardware monitor panels

The hardware monitor panels display the current value of a system sensor such as fan rotation, CPU temperature, and voltages.

The hardware monitor panels come in two display modes: hexagonal (large) and rectangular (small). When you check the **Enable Monitoring Panel** option from the **Preference** section, the monitor panels appear on your computer's desktop.



Large display



Small display

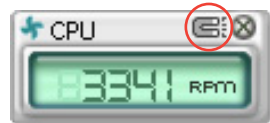
Changing the monitor panels position

To change the position of the monitor panels on the desktop, click the arrow down button of the **Scheme** options, then select another position from the list box. Click **OK** when finished.



Moving the monitor panels

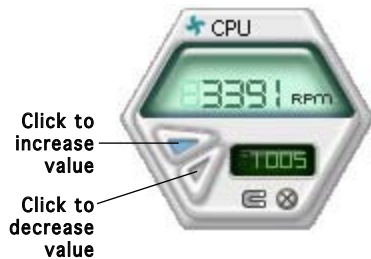
All monitor panels move together using a magnetic effect. If you want to detach a monitor panel from the group, click the horseshoe magnet icon. You can now move or reposition the panel independently.



Adjusting the sensor threshold value

You can adjust the sensor threshold value in the monitor panel by clicking the arrow buttons. You can also adjust the threshold values using the **Config** window.

You cannot adjust the sensor threshold values in a small monitoring panel.



Monitoring sensor alert

The monitor panel turns red when a component value exceeds or is lower than the threshold value. Refer to the illustrations below.



Large display



Small display

WMI browser

Click **WMI** to display the WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) browser. This browser displays various Windows® management information. Click an item from the left panel to display on the right panel. Click the plus sign (+) before **WMI Information** to display the available information.



You can enlarge or reduce the browser size by dragging the bottom right corner of the browser.

DMI browser

Click **DMI** to display the DMI (Desktop Management Interface) browser. This browser displays various desktop and system information. Click the plus sign (+) before **DMI Information** to display the available information.



PCI browser

Click **PCI** to display the PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) browser. This browser provides information on the PCI devices installed on your system. Click the plus sign (+) before the **PCI Information** item to display available information.

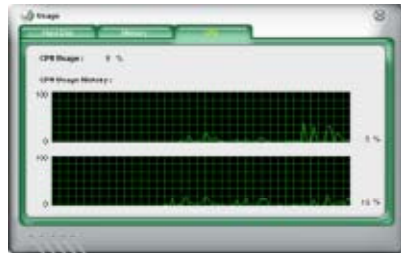


Usage

The **Usage** browser displays real-time information on the CPU, hard disk drive space, and memory usage. Click **USAGE** to display the Usage browser.

CPU usage

The **CPU** tab displays real-time CPU usage in line graph representation. If the CPU has an enabled Hyper-Threading, two separate line graphs display the operation of the two logical processors.



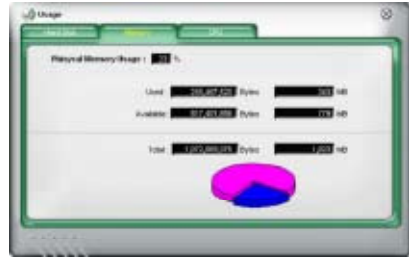
Hard disk drive space usage

The **Hard Disk** tab displays the used and available hard disk drive space. The left panel of the tab lists all logical drives. Click a hard disk drive to display the information on the right panel. The pie chart at the bottom of the window represents the used (blue) and the available HDD space.



Memory usage

The **Memory** tab shows both used and available physical memory. The pie chart at the bottom of the window represents the used (blue) and the available physical memory.



Configuring PC Probe II

Click **CONFIG** to view and adjust the sensor threshold values.

The **Config** window has two tabs: **Sensor/Threshold** and **Preference**. The **Sensor/Threshold** tab enables you to activate the sensors or to adjust the sensor threshold values. The **Preference** tab allows you to customize sensor alerts, change temperature scale, or enable the Q-Fan feature.



Loads the default threshold values for each sensor

Applies your changes

Cancels or ignores your changes

Loads your saved configuration
Saves your configuration

Chapter 4

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the system. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

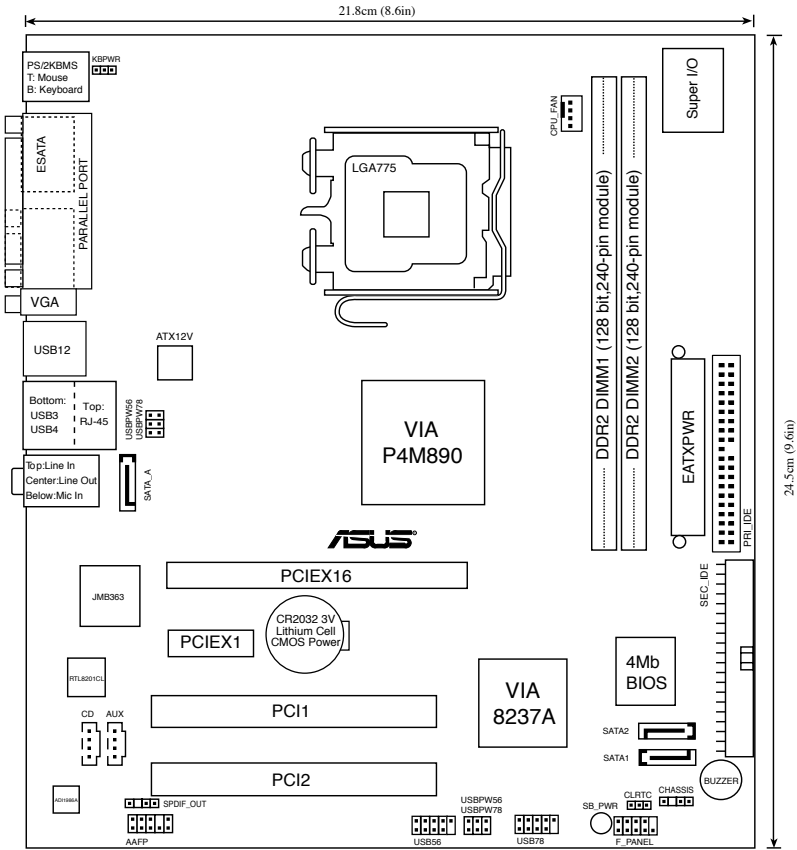


ASUS Pundit P3-PE5

4.1 Introduction

The Pundit P3-PE5 barebone system comes with an ASUS motherboard. This chapter provides technical information about the motherboard for future upgrades or system reconfiguration.

4.2 Motherboard layout



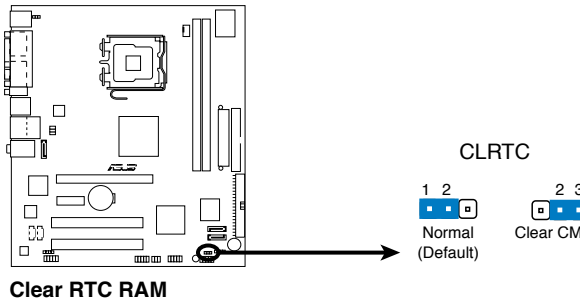
4.3 Jumpers

1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRRTC)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in the CMOS, which includes the system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
2. Remove the battery.
3. Move the jumper cap from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Keep the cap on pins 2-3 for about 5-10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1-2.
4. Re-install the battery.
5. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
6. Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.

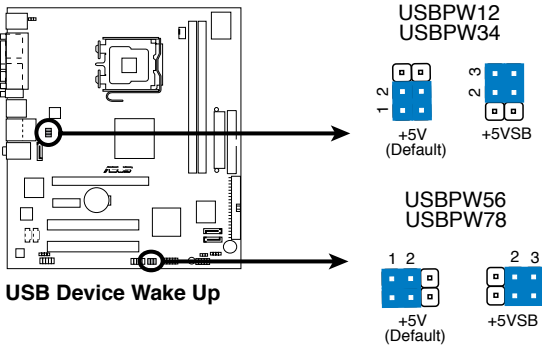


Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure.

2. USB device wake-up (3-pin USBPW12, USBPW34, USBPW56, USBPW78)

Set these jumpers to +5V to wake up the computer from S1 sleep mode (CPU stopped, DRAM refreshed, system running in low power mode) using the connected USB devices. Set to +5VSB to wake up from S3 and S4 sleep modes (no power to CPU, DRAM in slow refresh, power supply in reduced power mode).

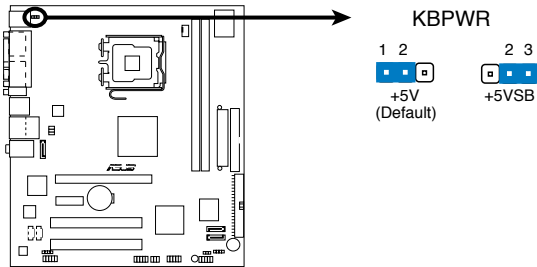
The USBPW12 and USBPW34 jumpers are for the rear USB ports. The USBPW56 and USBPW78 jumper is for the internal USB connectors that you can connect to additional USB ports.



- The USB device wake-up feature requires a power supply that can provide 500mA on the +5VSB lead for each USB port; otherwise, the system would not power up.
- The total current consumed must NOT exceed the power supply capability (+5VSB) whether under normal condition or in sleep mode.

3. Keyboard power (3-pin KBPWR)

This jumper allows you to enable or disable the keyboard wake-up feature. Set this jumper to pins 2-3 (+5VSB) if you wish to wake up the computer when you press a key on the keyboard (the default is the Space Bar). This feature requires an ATX power supply that can supply at least 1A on the +5VSB lead, and a corresponding setting in the BIOS.

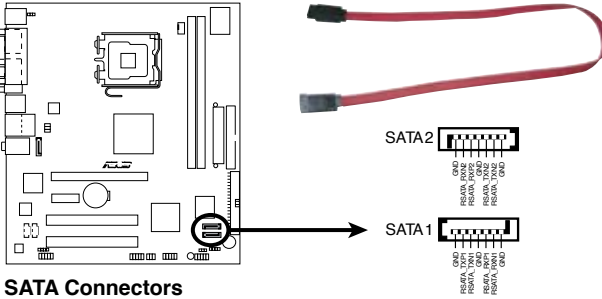


Keyboard Power Setting

4.4 Connectors

1. Serial ATA connectors 1&2 (7-pin SATA1, SATA2 [Black])

These connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives.



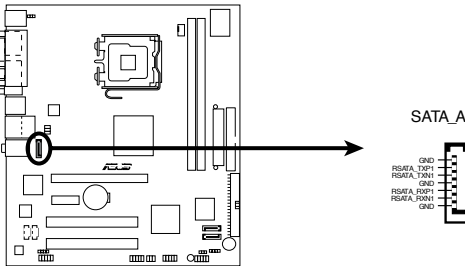
SATA Connectors



Important notes on Serial ATA:

- You must install Windows® 2000 Service Pack 4 or the Windows® XP Service Pack1 before using Serial ATA hard disk drives.
- When using the connectors in **Standard IDE** mode, connect the primary (boot) hard disk drive to the SATA1 or SATA2 connector.

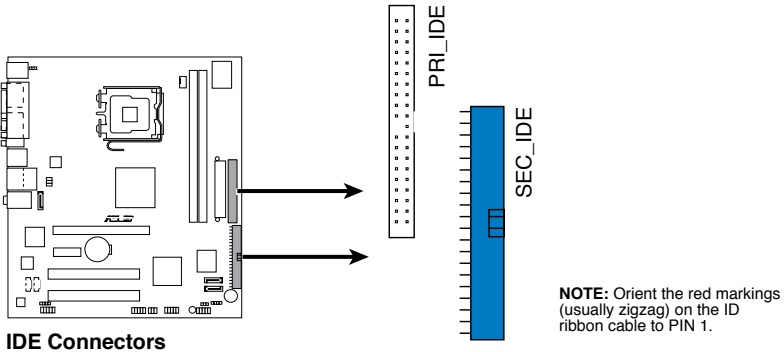
Serial ATA connector A (7-pin SATA_A [RED])



SATA_A Connector

2 IDE connectors (40-1 pin PRI_IDE, SEC_IDE)

The onboard IDE connectors are for Ultra DMA 133/100/66 signal cable(s). There are three connectors on each Ultra DMA 133/100/66 signal cable: blue, black, and gray. Connect the blue connector to the motherboard's IDE connector, then select one of the following modes to configure your device(s).



IDE Connectors

	Drive jumper setting	Mode Cable of device(s)	Cable connector
Single device	Cable-Select or Master	-	Black
Two devices	Cable-Select	Master Slave	Black Gray
	Master Slave	Master Slave	Black or gray



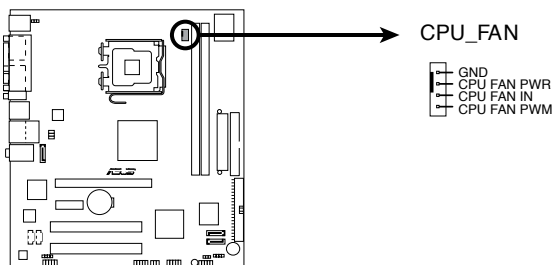
- Pin 20 on the IDE connector is removed to match the covered hole on the Ultra DMA cable connector. This prevents incorrect insertion when you connect the IDE cable.
- Use the 80-conductor IDE cable for Ultra DMA 133/100/66 IDE devices.



If any device jumper is set as "Cable-Select", make sure all other device jumpers have the same setting.

4. CPU Fan connector (4-pin CPU_FAN)

The fan connector support cooling fans of 350 mA~740 mA (8.88 W max.) or a total of 1 A~2.22 A (26.64 W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cable to the fan connector on the motherboard, making sure that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.



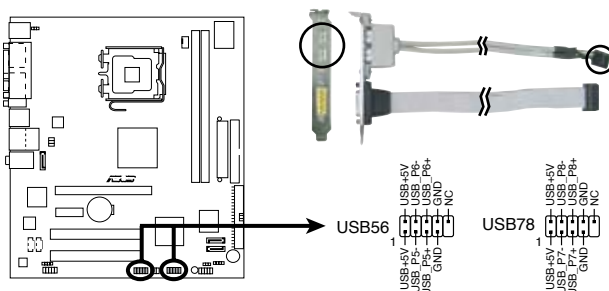
Fan Connectors



Do not forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components. These are not jumpers! Do not place jumper caps on the fan connectors!

5. USB connectors (10-1 pin USB56, USB78)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB/GAME module cable to any of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



USB2.0 Connectors



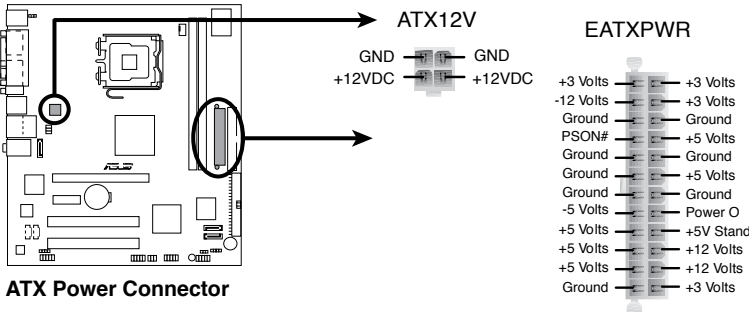
Never connect a **1394 cable** to the USB connectors. Doing so will damage the motherboard!



The USB module is purchased separately.

6. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR, 4-pin ATX12V)

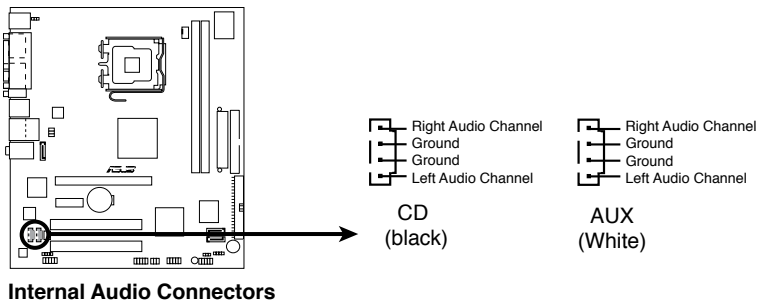
These connectors are for ATX power supply plugs. The plugs from the power supply are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



- Do not forget to connect the 4-pin ATX +12 V power plug; otherwise, the system will not boot.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- Make sure that your power supply unit (PSU) can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.

7. Internal audio connectors (4-pin CD, 4-pin AUX)

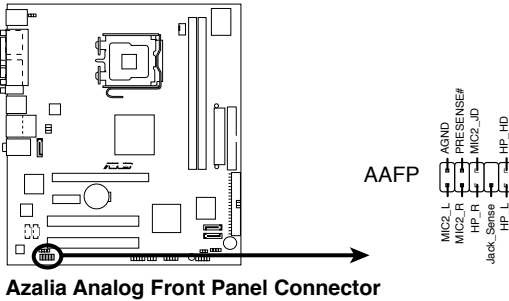
These connectors allow you to receive stereo audio input from sound sources such as a CD-ROM, TV tuner, or MPEG card.



Enable the CD-IN function in the audio utility when using this connector.

8. Front panel audio connector (10-1 pin AAFP)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted front panel audio I/O module that supports HD Audio standard.



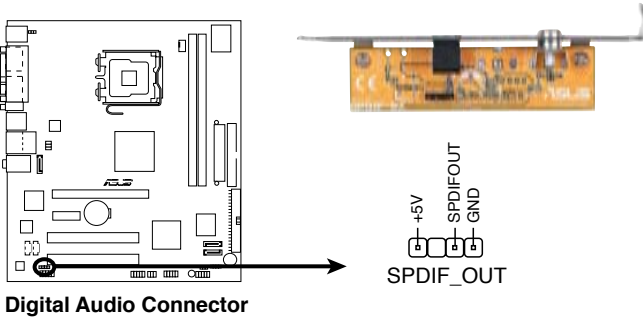
Azalia Analog Front Panel Connector



We recommend that you connect a high-definition front panel audio module to this connector to avail of the motherboard's high-definition audio capability.

9. Digital audio connector (4-1 pin SPDIF_OUT)

This connector is for an additional Sony/Philips Digital Interface (S/PDIF) port(s). Connect the S/PDIF module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



Digital Audio Connector

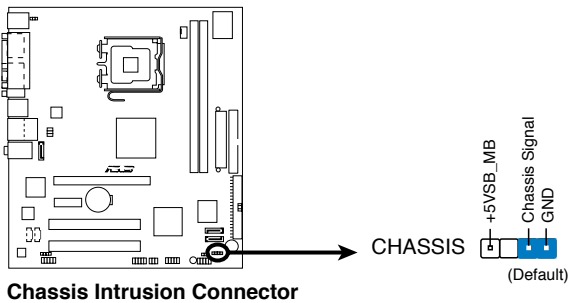


The S/PDIF module is purchased separately.

10. Chassis intrusion connector (4-1 pin CHASSIS)

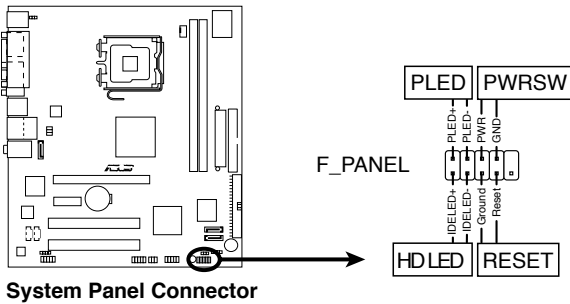
This connector is for a chassis-mounted intrusion detection sensor or switch. Connect one end of the chassis intrusion sensor or switch cable to this connector. The chassis intrusion sensor or switch sends a high-level signal to this connector when a chassis component is removed or replaced. The signal is then generated as a chassis intrusion event.

By default, the pins labeled “Chassis Signal” and “Ground” are shorted with a jumper cap. Remove the jumper cap only when you intend to use the chassis intrusion detection feature.



12. System panel connector (10-1 pin F_PANEL)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



The system panel connector is color-coded for easy connection. Refer to the connector description below for details.

- **System power LED (2-pin PLED)**
This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.
- **Hard disk drive activity (2-pin HDLED)**
This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.
- **Power/Soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)**
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system ON or puts the system in SLEEP or SOFT-OFF mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.
- **Reset button (2-pin RESET)**
This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

Chapter 5

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.



ASUS Pundit P3-PE5

5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup.

1. ASUS Update (Updates the BIOS in Windows® environment)
2. ASUS EZ Flash (Updates the BIOS during the Power-On Self Test)
3. Award BIOS Flash Utility (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode)
4. ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 (Updates the BIOS when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the ASUS Update or Award BIOS Flash utilities.

5.1.1 ASUS Update utility

The ASUS Update is a utility that allows you to manage, save, and update the motherboard BIOS in Windows® environment. The ASUS Update utility allows you to:

- Save the current BIOS file
- Download the latest BIOS file from the Internet
- Update the BIOS from an updated BIOS file
- Update the BIOS directly from the Internet, and
- View the BIOS version information.

This utility is available in the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.



ASUS Update requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Installing ASUS Update

To install ASUS Update:

1. Place the support CD in the optical drive. The Drivers menu appears.
2. Click the Utilities tab, then click Install ASUS Update VX.XX.XX.
3. The ASUS Update utility is copied to your system.



Quit all Windows® applications before you update the BIOS using this utility.

Updating the BIOS through the Internet

To update the BIOS through the Internet:

1. Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.



2. Select **Update BIOS** from the Internet option from the drop-down menu, then click **Next**.



3. Select the ASUS FTP site nearest you to avoid network traffic, or click Auto Select. Click **Next**.

4. From the FTP site, select the BIOS version that you wish to download. Click **Next**.
5. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



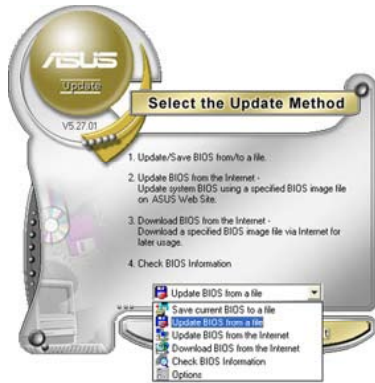
The ASUS Update utility is capable of updating itself through the Internet. Always update the utility to avail all its features.



Updating the BIOS through a BIOS file

To update the BIOS through a BIOS file:

1. Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.
2. Select Update BIOS from a file option from the drop-down menu, then click Next.



3. Locate the BIOS file from the Open window, then click Open.
4. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



5.1.2 Creating a bootable floppy disk

1. Do either one of the following to create a bootable floppy disk.

DOS environment

- a. Insert a 1.44MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. At the DOS prompt, type *format a: /s* then press <Enter>.

Windows® XP environment

- a. Insert a 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- b. Click Start from the Windows® desktop, then select My Computer.
- c. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy Drive icon.
- d. Click File from the menu, then select Format. A Format 3 1/2 Floppy Disk window appears.
- e. Select Create an MS-DOS startup disk from the format options field, then click Start.

Windows® 2000 environment

To create a set of boot disks for Windows® 2000:

- a. Insert a formatted, high density 1.44 MB floppy disk into the drive.
 - b. Insert the Windows® 2000 CD to the optical drive.
 - c. Click Start, then select Run.
 - d. From the Open field, type
D:\bootdisk\makeboot a:
assuming that D: is your optical drive.
 - e. Press <Enter>, then follow screen instructions to continue.
2. Copy the original or the latest motherboard BIOS file to the bootable floppy disk.

5.1.3 ASUS EZ Flash utility

The ASUS EZ Flash feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to go through the long process of booting from a floppy disk and using a DOS-based utility. The EZ Flash utility is built-in the BIOS chip so it is accessible by pressing <Alt> + <F2> during the Power-On Self Tests (POST).

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash 2:

1. Download the latest BIOS file from ASUS website (www.asus.com), or obtain it from the support CD.
2. Save the BIOS file to a floppy disk, then boot the system from floppy disk.
3. Press <Alt> + <F2> during POST, the following screen appears:

```
EZFlash starting BIOS update
Checking for floppy...
```

4. Insert the floppy disk that contains the BIOS file to the floppy disk drive. When the correct BIOS file is found, EZ Flash performs the BIOS update process and automatically reboots the system when done.



Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5.1.4 AwardBIOS Flash Utility

The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) can be updated using the AwardBIOS Flash Utility. Follow these instructions to update the BIOS using this utility.

1. Download the latest BIOS file from the ASUS web site. Rename the file to P5VD2MX.BIN and save it to a floppy disk.



Save only the updated BIOS file in the floppy disk to avoid loading the wrong BIOS file.

2. Copy the AwardBIOS Flash Utility (awdfash.exe) from the Software folder of the support CD to the floppy disk with the latest BIOS file.
3. Boot the system in DOS mode using the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
4. When the A:> appears, replace the bootable floppy disk with the floppy disk containing the new BIOS file and the Award BIOS Flash Utility.
5. At the prompt, type awdfash then press <Enter>. The Award BIOS Flash Utility screen appears.

```
AwardBIOS Flash Utility for ASUS V1.17
(C) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved

For P4M890-8237A-P5VD2-MX      DATE:05/04/2006
Flash Type - SST 49LF004B LPC (4MB)

File Name to Program: P5VD2MX.bin

Message: Please input File Name!
```

6. Type the BIOS file name in the File Name to Program field, then press <Enter>.

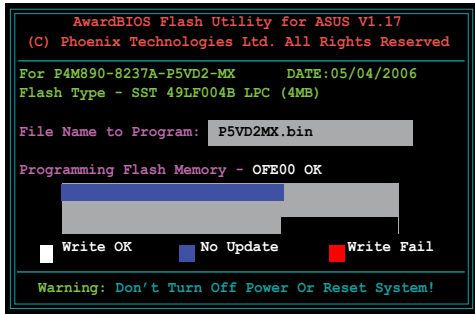
```
AwardBIOS Flash Utility for ASUS V1.17
(C) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved

For P4M890-8237A-P5VD2-MX      DATE:05/04/2006
Flash Type - SST 49LF004B LPC (4MB)

File Name to Program: P5VD2MX.bin

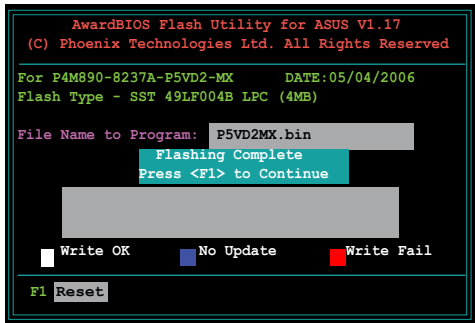
Message: Do You Want To Save Bios (Y/N)
```

- Press <N> when the utility prompts you to save the current BIOS file. The following screen appears.
- The utility verifies the BIOS file in the floppy disk and starts flashing the BIOS file.



Do not turn off or reset the system during the flashing process!

- The utility displays a Flashing Complete message indicating that you have successfully flashed the BIOS file. Remove the floppy disk then press <F1> to restart the system.



5.1.5 Saving the current BIOS file

You can use the AwardBIOS Flash Utility to save the current BIOS file. You can load the current BIOS file when the BIOS file gets corrupted during the flashing process.



Make sure that the floppy disk has enough disk space to save the file.

To save the current BIOS file using the AwardBIOS Flash Utility:

1. Follow steps 1 to 6 of the previous section.
2. Press <Y> when the utility prompts you to save the current BIOS file. The following screen appears.

```
AwardBIOS Flash Utility for ASUS V1.17
(C) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved

For P4M890-8237A-P5VD2-MX      DATE:05/04/2006
Flash Type - SST 49LF004B LPC (4MB)

File Name to Program: P5VD2MX.bin
Save current BIOS as: 

Message:
```

3. Type a filename for the current BIOS file in the Save current BIOS as field, then press <Enter>.

```
AwardBIOS Flash Utility for ASUS V1.17
(C) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved

For P4M890-8237A-P5VD2-MX      DATE:05/04/2006
Flash Type - SST 49LF004B LPC (4MB)

File Name to Program: P5VD2MX.bin
Checksum:
Save current BIOS as: 

Message: Please Wait!
```

4. The utility saves the current BIOS file to the floppy disk, then returns to the BIOS flashing process.

```
AwardBIOS Flash Utility for ASUS V1.17
(C) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved

For P4M890-8237A-P5VD2-MX      DATE:05/04/2006
Flash Type - SST 49LF004B LPC (4MB)

File Name to Program: P5VD2MX.bin
Now Backup System BIOS to
File!


Message: Please Wait!
```

5.1.6 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using the motherboard support CD or the floppy disk that contains the updated BIOS file.



Prepare the motherboard support CD or the floppy disk containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

Recovering the BIOS from the support CD

To recover the BIOS from the support CD:

1. Turn on the system.
2. Insert the motherboard support CD to the optical drive.
3. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the CD for the BIOS file.

```
Award BootBlock BIOS v1.0  
Copyright (c) 2000, Award Software, Inc.
```

```
BIOS ROM checksum error  
Detecting IDE ATAPI device...
```

When found, the utility reads the BIOS file and starts flashing the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Award BootBlock BIOS v1.0  
Copyright (c) 2000, Award Software, Inc.
```

```
BIOS ROM checksum error  
Detecting IDE ATAPI device...  
Found CDROM, try to Boot from it... Pass
```



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

4. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.

5.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable Low-Pin Count (LPC) chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section “4.1 Managing and updating your BIOS.”

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to “Run Setup.” This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the LPC chip.

The LPC chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, reboot the system by doing any of the following procedures:

- Restart using the OS standard shut-down procedure.
- Press <Ctrl>+<Alt>+ simultaneously.
- Press the reset button on the system chassis.
- Press the power button to turn the system off then back on.



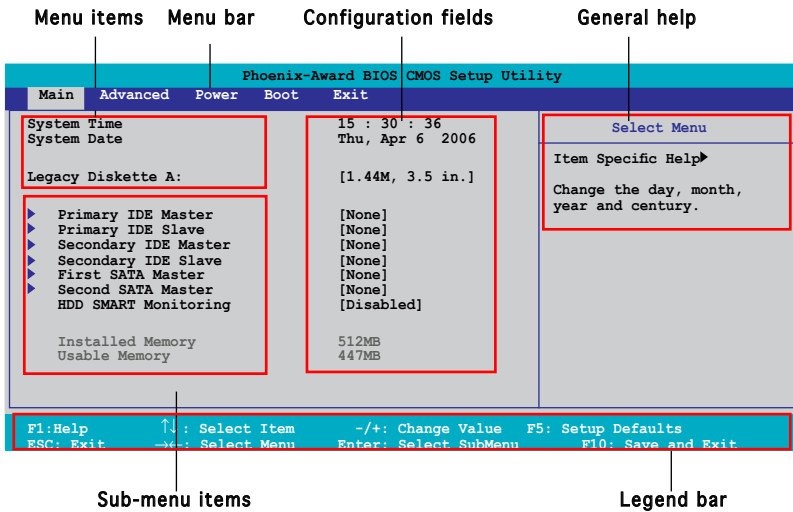
Using the power button, reset button, or the <Ctrl>+<Alt>+ keys to force reset from a running operating system can cause damage to the data or system. We recommend to always shut-down the system properly from the operating system.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the Load Default Settings item under the Exit Menu.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.

5.2.1 BIOS menu screen



5.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

- Main For changing the basic system configuration
- Advanced For changing the advanced system settings
- Power For changing the advanced power management (APM) configuration
- Boot For changing the system boot configuration
- Exit For selecting the exit options and loading default settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.



- The BIOS setup screens shown in this chapter are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS information.

5.2.3 Legend bar

At the bottom of the Setup screen is a legend bar. The keys in the legend bar allow you to navigate through the various setup menus. The following table lists the keys found in the legend bar with their corresponding functions.

Navigation Key	Function
<F1>	Displays the General Help screen
<F5>	Loads setup default values
<Esc>	Exits the BIOS setup or returns to the main menu from a sub-menu
Left or Right arrow	Selects the menu item to the left or right
Up or Down arrow	Moves the highlight up or down between fields
Page Down or - (minus)	Scrolls backward through the values for the highlighted field
Page Up or + (plus)	Scrolls forward through the values for the highlighted field
<Enter>	Brings up a selection menu for the highlighted field
<F10>	Saves changes and exit

5.2.4 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Advanced, Power, Boot, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

5.2.5 Sub-menu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a sub-menu. To display the sub-menu, select the item and press <Enter>.

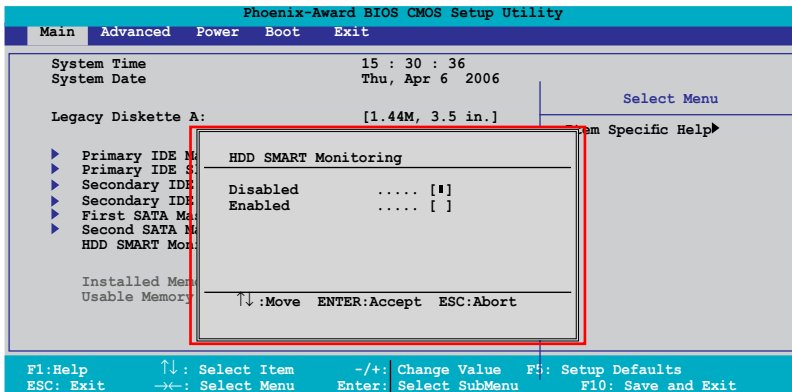
5.2.6 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it then press <Enter> to display a list of options. Refer to “4.2.7 Pop-up window.”

5.2.7 Pop-up window

Select a menu item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.



Pop-up menu

5.2.8 General help

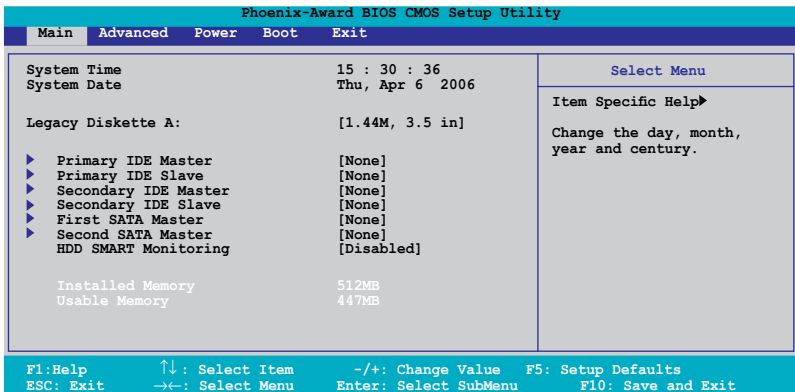
At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

5.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information.



Refer to section “4.2.1 BIOS menu screen” for information on the menu screen items and how to navigate through them.



5.3.1 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

5.3.2 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

5.3.3 Primary IDE Master/Slave

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each IDE device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the IDE device information.

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Main		
Primary IDE Master		Select Menu
Primary IDE Master	[Auto]	Item Specific Help▶▶
Access Mode	[Auto]	Press [Enter] to select.
Capacity	0 MB	
Cylinder	0	
Head	0	
Sector	0	
PIO Mode	[Auto]	
UDMA Mode	[Auto]	
Transfer Mode	None	

F1: Help ↑↓: Select Item -/+ : Change Value F5: Setup Defaults
ESC: Exit →←: Select Menu Enter: Select SubMenu F10: Save and Exit

The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Capacity, Cylinder, Head, Sector and Transfer Mode). These values are not user-configurable. These items show N/A if no IDE device is installed in the system.

PIO Mode [Auto]

Sets the PIO mode for the IDE device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Mode 0] [Mode 1] [Mode 2] [Mode 3] [Mode 4]

UDMA Mode [Auto]

Disables or sets the UDMA mode. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Primary IDE Master/Slave [Auto]

Select [Auto] to automatically detect an IDE hard disk drive. If automatic detection is successful, the BIOS automatically fills in the correct values for the remaining fields on this sub-menu. If the hard disk was already formatted on a previous system, the setup BIOS may detect incorrect parameters. Select [Manual] to manually enter the IDE hard disk drive parameters. If no drive is installed select [None]. Configuration options: [None] [Auto] [Manual]

Access Mode [Auto]

The default [Auto] allows automatic detection of an IDE hard disk drive. Select [CHS] for this item if you set the IDE Primary Master/Slave to [Manual]. Configuration options: [CHS] [LBA] [Large] [Auto]



Before attempting to configure a hard disk drive, make sure you have the correct configuration information supplied by the drive manufacturer. Incorrect settings may cause the system to fail to recognize the installed hard disk.

Capacity

Displays the auto-detected hard disk capacity. This item is not configurable.

Cylinder

Shows the number of the hard disk cylinders. This item is not configurable.

Head

Shows the number of the hard disk read/write heads. This item is not configurable.

Sector

Shows the number of sectors per track. This item is not configurable.

Transfer Mode

Shows the Transfer mode. This item is not configurable.



After entering the IDE hard disk drive information into BIOS, use a disk utility, such as FDISK, to partition and format new IDE hard disk drives. This is necessary so that you can write or read data from the hard disk. Make sure to set the partition of the Primary IDE hard disk drives to active.

5.3.4 First / Second SATA Master

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of Serial ATA devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each SATA device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the SATA device information.

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Main		
First SATA Master		Select Menu
Extended IDE Drive	[Auto]	Item Specific Help▶▶ Selects the type of fixed disk connected to the system.
Access Mode	[Auto]	
Capacity	0 MB	
Cylinder	0	
Head	0	
Landing Zone	0	
Sector	0	
F1: Help ↑↓: Select Item -/+ : Change Value F5: Setup Defaults		
ESC: Exit →←: Select Menu Enter: Select SubMenu F10: Save and Exit		

The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Capacity, Cylinder, Head, Landing Zone and Sector). These values are not user-configurable. These items show 0 if no SATA device is installed in the system.

Extended IDE Drive [Auto]

Selects the type of fixed disk connected to the system.
Configuration options: [None] [Auto]

Access Mode [Auto]

Sets the sector addressing mode. Configuration options: [Large] [Auto]



Before attempting to configure a hard disk drive, make sure you have the correct configuration information supplied by the drive manufacturer. Incorrect settings may cause the system to fail to recognize the installed hard disk.

Capacity

Displays the auto-detected hard disk capacity. This item is not configurable.

Cylinder

Shows the number of the hard disk cylinders. This item is not configurable.

Head

Shows the number of the hard disk read/write heads. This item is not configurable.

Landing Zone

Shows the number of landing zone per track. This item is not configurable.

Sector

Shows the number of sectors per track. This item is not configurable.



After entering the IDE hard disk drive information into BIOS, use a disk utility, such as FDISK, to partition and format new IDE hard disk drives. This is necessary so that you can write or read data from the hard disk. Make sure to set the partition of the Primary IDE hard disk drives to active.

5.3.5 HDD SMART Monitoring [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the HDD Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.3.6 Installed Memory [xxx MB]

Shows the size of installed memory.

5.3.7 Usable Memory [XXX MB]

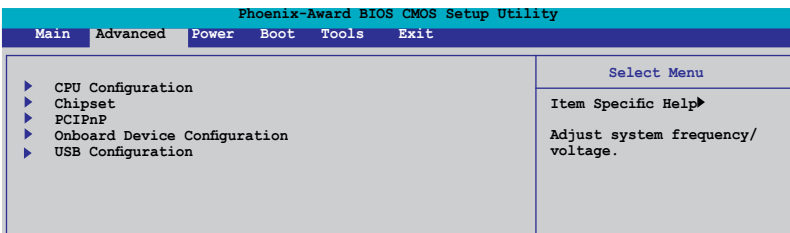
Shows the size of usable memory.

5.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



5.4.1 CPU Configuration

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Advanced		
CPU Configuration		Select Menu
CPU Type	Intel Genuine Processor	Item Specific Help▶▶
CPU Speed	3.80GHz	
Cache RAM	2048K	DRAM timing and control.
Current FSB Frequency	200MHz	
Delay Prior to Thermal	[4 Min]	
Thermal Management	[TM 1]	
TM2 Bus Ratio	14 X	
TM2 Bus VID	0.8375V	
Limit CPUID MaxVal	[Disabled]	
Enhanced C1 (C1E)	[Enabled]	
Execute Disable Bit	[Enabled]	
Enhanced Intel SpeedStep(tm) Tech.	[Disabled]	
CPU L1 & L2 Cache	[Enabled]	
Hyper-Threading Technology	[Enabled]	

Thermal Management [TM 1]

Configuration options: [TM 1] [TM 2]. Thermal Monitor 1: On die throttling; Thermal Monitor 2: Ratio & VID transition

Limit CPUID MaxVal [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

Enhanced C1 (C1E) [Enabled]

The process will lower the core to bus ratio and VID when physical process enter an enhance C1 state. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

Execute Disable Bit [Enabled]

When disabled, forces the XD feature flag to always return 0. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

Enhanced Intel SpeedStep(tm) Tech. [Disabled]

Enable this function for adjusting CPU speed according to CPU workload. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

CPU L1&L2 Cache [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

Hyper-Treading Technology [Enabled]

Set to [Enable] when using Windows XP and Linux 2.4.X, set to [Disabled] when using other OS.

5.4.2 Chipset

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility			
Advanced			
Chipset		Select Menu	
▶ DRAM Clock/Drive Control ▶ Frequency/Voltage control Top Performance [Disabled] Primary Display Adapter [PCI-E] VGA Share Memory Size [64M]		Item Specific Help▶▶▶	
F1: Help	↑↓: Select Item	-/+ : Change Value	F5: Setup Defaults
ESC: Exit	→←: Select Menu	Enter: Select Sub-menu	F10: Save and Exit

DRAM Clock/Drive Control

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility			
Advanced			
DRAM Clock/Drive Control		Select Menu	
Current DRAM Frequency 266MHz DRAM Clock [By SPD] DRAM Timing [Auto By SPD] SDRAM CAS Latency [DDR/DDR2] 2.5/4 Bank Interleave Disabled Precharge to Active (Trp) 4T Active to Precharge (Tras) 07T Active to CMD (Trcd) 4T REF to ACT/REF 20T/21T ACT (0) to ACT (1) 3T		Item Specific Help▶▶▶	
F1: Help	↑↓: Select Item	-/+ : Change Value	F5: Setup Defaults
ESC: Exit	→←: Select Menu	Enter: Select Sub-menu	F10: Save and Exit

DRAM Clock [By SPD]

Sets the DRAM clock. Configuration options: [By SPD] [200 MHz] [266 MHz].

DRAM Timing [Auto By SPD]

Sets the DRAM Timing. Configuration options: [Manual] [Auto by SPD] [Turbo] [Ultra].

Frequency/voltage control

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Advanced		
Frequency/Voltage control		Select Menu
CPU Clock Ratio	[19 X]	Item Specific Help▶▶▶
Async CPU/PCIE Clock	[Sync Mode]	
CPU Clock	[200MHz]	
Spread Spectrum	[Disabled]	
F1:Help ↑↓: Select Item -/+ : Change Value F5: Setup Defaults		
ESC: Exit →←: Select Menu Enter: Select Sub-menu F10: Save and Exit		

CPU Clock Ratio [19 X]

Sets the CPU clock ratio by keying in a DEC number. Min = 14, Max = 19.

Async CPU/PCIE Clock [Sync Mode]

Sets the Async CPU/PCIE clock. Configuration options: [Sync Mode] [Async Mode].

CPU Clock [200MHz]

Sets the CPU clock by keying in a DEC number. Min = 200, Max = 232.

Spread Spectrum [Disabled]

Sets the spread spectrum. Configuration options: [Disabled] [+/- 0.1%] [+/- 0.2%] [+/- 0.3%]...[+/- 1.0%].

Top Performance [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Primary Display Adapter [PCI-E]

Select which graphics controller to use as the primary boot device.

Configuration options: [PCI] [PCI-E]

VGA Share Memory Size [64M]

Sets the VGA Share Memory Size. Configuration options: [Disabled] [16M] [32M] [64M]

5.4.3 PCIPnP

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Advanced		
PCIPnP		Select Menu
Plug & Play O/S	[No]	Item Specific Help▶▶▶
Resources Controlled By	[Auto]	
x IRQ Resources		
Assign IRQ For VGA	[Enabled]	
** PCI Express relative items **		
Maximum Payload Size	[4096]	

Plug & Play O/S [No]

When set to [No], the BIOS configures all the devices in the system. When set to [Yes] and if you install a Plug and Play operating system, the operating system configures the Plug and Play devices not required for boot. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

Resources Controlled By [Auto]

When set to [Auto], the BIOS automatically configures all the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. Set to [Manual] if you want to assign the IRQ DMA and memory base address fields. Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]



The item IRQ Resources becomes user-configurable when you set Resources Controlled By to [Manual].

IRQ Resources

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Advanced		
IRQ Resources		Select Menu
		Item Specific Help▶▶▶
IRQ-5 assigned to	[PCI Device]	Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.
IRQ-7 assigned to	[PCI Device]	
IRQ-9 assigned to	[PCI Device]	
IRQ-10 assigned to	[PCI Device]	
IRQ-11 assigned to	[PCI Device]	
IRQ-14 assigned to	[PCI Device]	
IRQ-15 assigned to	[PCI Device]	

IRQ-xx assigned to

When set to [PCI Device], the specific IRQ is free for use of PCI/PnP devices. When set to [Reserved], the IRQ is reserved for legacy ISA devices. Configuration options: [PCI Device] [Reserved]

Assign IRQ for VGA [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Maximum Payload Size [4096]

Configuration options: [128] [256] [512] [1024] [2048] [4096]

5.4.4 Onboard Device Configuration

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Advanced		
Onboard Device Configuration		Select Menu
JMicron RAID controller	[IDE]	Item Specific Help▶▶ Press [Enter] to set
SATA Controller	[Enabled]	
SATA Controller Mode	[IDE]	
Ex-SATA/PCI-E*1 Option	[Ex-SATA]	
HDA Controller	[Auto]	
Onboard LAN	[Enabled]	
Onboard LAN Boot ROM	[Disabled]	
Serial Port1 Address	[3F8/IRQ4]	
Parallel Port Address	[378/IRQ7]	
Parallel Port Mode	[Bi-Directional]	
ECP Mode Use DMA	[3]	
Midi Port Address	[330]	
Midi Port IRQ	[10]	
F1: Help ↑↓: Select Item -/+ : Change Value F5: Setup Defaults ESC: Exit ←→: Select Menu Enter: Select Sub-menu F10: Save and Exit		

JMicron RAID controller [IDE]

Allows you to disable JMicron RAID controller or sets to IDE/RAID mode.
Configuration options: [Disabled] [IDE] [RAID]

SATA Controller [Enabled]

Enable/Disable Onchip SATA. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SATA Controller Mode [IDE]

Select SATA mode. Configuration options: [IDE] [RAID]

Ex-SATA/PCI-E*1 Option [Ex-SATA]

Allows you to switch Ex-SATA and PCI-E*1 controller.
Configuration options: [Ex-SATA] [PCI-E*1]

HDA Controller [Auto]

Enable/Disable High Definition Audio controller. Configuration options:
[Auto] [Disabled]

Onboard LAN [Enabled]

Enable/Disable onboard LAN. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Onboard LAN Boot ROM [Disabled]

Enable/Disable the bootrom of the onboard LAN. Configuration options:
[Enabled] [Disabled]

Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]

Enable/Disable the bootrom of the onboard LAN. Configuration options:
[Enabled] [Disabled]

Parallel Port Address [378/IRQ7]

Select parallel port address. Configuration options: [Disabled] [378/IRQ7] [278/IRQ5] [3BC/IRQ7]

Parallel Port Mode [Bi-Directional]

Select parallel port mode. Configuration options: [Normal] [EPP] [ECP] [Bi-Directional]

ECP Mode Use DMA [3]

Select ECP Mode use DMA. Configuration options: [1] [3]

Midi Port Address [330]

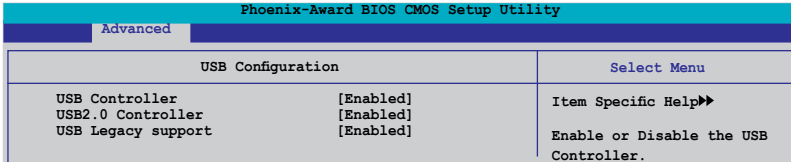
Select Midi port address. Configuration options: [Disabled] [330] [300]

Midi Port IRQ [10]

Select Midi port IRQ. Configuration options: [5] [10]

5.4.5 USB Configuration

The items in this menu allows you to change the USB-related features. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



The screenshot shows the BIOS CMOS Setup Utility interface. At the top, it says "Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility". Below that, there's a blue bar with "Advanced" written on it. The main area is a table with two columns: "USB Configuration" and "Select Menu". Under "USB Configuration", there are three items: "USB Controller" [Enabled], "USB2.0 Controller" [Enabled], and "USB Legacy support" [Enabled]. Under "Select Menu", there is an option "Item Specific Help▶▶" and a description "Enable or Disable the USB Controller."

USB Configuration	Select Menu
USB Controller [Enabled]	Item Specific Help▶▶ Enable or Disable the USB Controller.
USB2.0 Controller [Enabled]	
USB Legacy support [Enabled]	

USB Controller [Enabled]

Enable or disable USB 1.1 and 2.0 controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

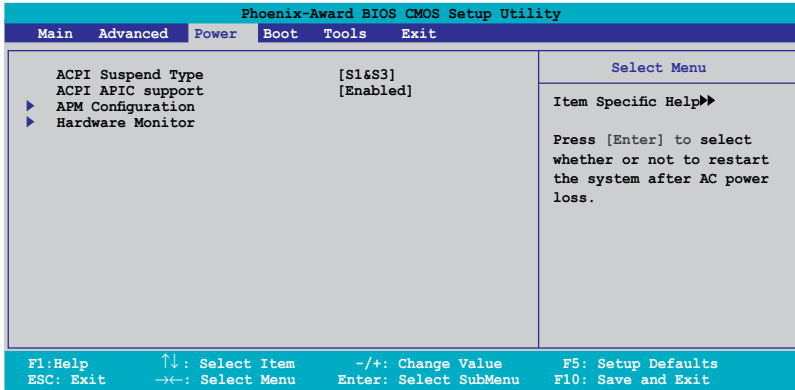
Enables or disables the USB 2.0 controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB Legacy support [Auto]

Enable/Disable USB legacy device (USB keyboard and USB mouse) support. Configuration options: [Auto] [Enabled] [Disabled]

5.5 Power menu

The Power menu items allow you to change the settings for the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) and the Advanced Power Management (APM). Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



5.5.1 ACPI Suspend Type [S1&S3]

Allows you to select the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) state to be used for system suspend. Configuration options: [S1 (POS)] [S3(STR)] [S1&S3]

5.5.2 ACPI APIC Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) support in the Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). When set to Enabled, the ACPI APIC table pointer is included in the RSDT pointer list. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.3 APM Configuration

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Power		
APM Configuration		Select Menu
Power Up By PS/2 Mouse	[Disabled]	Item Specific Help▶▶
Power Up By PS/2 Keyboard	[Disabled]	
Power on By PCI Devices	[Disabled]	
Power on By External Modem	[Disabled]	
Power on By On-board LAN	[Disabled]	
Power On By RTC Alarm	[Disabled]	
x Date (of Month) Alarm	0	
x Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm	0 : 0 : 0	
Restore on AC Power Loss	[Power Off]	
PWR Button < 4 secs	[Instant-Off]	

F1: Help ↑↓: Select Item -/+ : Change Value F5: Setup Defaults
ESC: Exit →←: Select Menu Enter: Select SubMenu F10: Save and Exit

Power Up By PS/2 Mouse [Disabled]

Disable or enable Power up by PS/2 Mouse function.
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power Up By PS/2 Keyboard [Disabled]

Enable or disable Power up by PS/2 Keyboard function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power On By PCI Devices [Disabled]

Enable or disable Power on by PCI Devices function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power on By External Modem [Disabled]

Enable or disable Power on By External Modem function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power on By On-board LAN [Disabled]

Enable or disable Wake up on LAN function. Configuration options: [Instant-Off] [Suspend]

Power on By RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Enable or disable Power on by RTC Alarm function. When this function is enabled, you can set the date and time of the resume by alarm function. Configuration options: [Instant-Off] [Suspend]

Restore on AC Power Loss [Power Off]

Allows you to select to/not to restart the system after AC power loss.
Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

PWR Button < 4 secs [Instant-Off]

When sets to [Instant-Off], the system will go to Soft-off instantly when power-button pressed for less than 4 seconds. When sets to [Suspend], the system will go to Suspend when power button is pressed.
Configuration options: [Suspend] [Instant-Off]

5.5.4 Hardware Monitor

The items in this sub-menu displays the hardware monitor values automatically detected by the BIOS. It also allows you to change CPU Q-Fan feature-related parameters. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility	
Power	
Hardware Monitor	Select Menu
Q-Fan Controller [Enabled]	Item Specific Help▶▶
Vcore Voltage [1.29V]	
3.3V Voltage [3.33V]	Press [Enter] to enable or disable.
5V Voltage [4.96V]	
x 12V Voltage [11.96V]	
CPU Temperature 54C	
M/B Temperature 40C	
CPU Fan Speed 2136 RPM	
CPU Fan Speed warning [800 RPM]	
Start Up Temperature (C) [50]	
Full Speed Temperature (C) [70]	
Start Up FWM [60]	
Slope FWM [4 FWM/C]	

F1: Help ↑↓ : Select Item -/+ : Change Value F5: Setup Defaults
ESC: Exit →← : Select Menu Enter: Select SubMenu F10: Save and Exit

Q-Fan Controller [Enabled]

Disable or Enable the Q-Fan controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Vcore Voltage [Enabled]

Sets the Vcore Voltage. Configuration options: [1.29V] [Ignored]

3.3V Voltage, 5V Voltage, 12V Voltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators.

CPU Temperature, M/B Temperature

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the motherboard and CPU temperatures. These items are not user-configurable.

CPU Fan Speed

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU fan speeds in rotations per minute (RPM). These items are not user-configurable.

CPU Fan Speed warning [800 RPM]

Allows you to disable or set the CPU fan warning speed. Configuration options: [Disabled] [800 RPM] [1200 RPM] [1600 RPM]

Start Up Temperature (C) [50]

Fan will start up when temperature over this value. Sets the value by keying in a DEC number. Min = 0, Max = 100.

Full Speed Temperature (C) [70]

Fan will become full speed when temperature over this value. Sets the value by keying in a DEC number. Min = 0, Max = 100.

Start Up PWM [60]

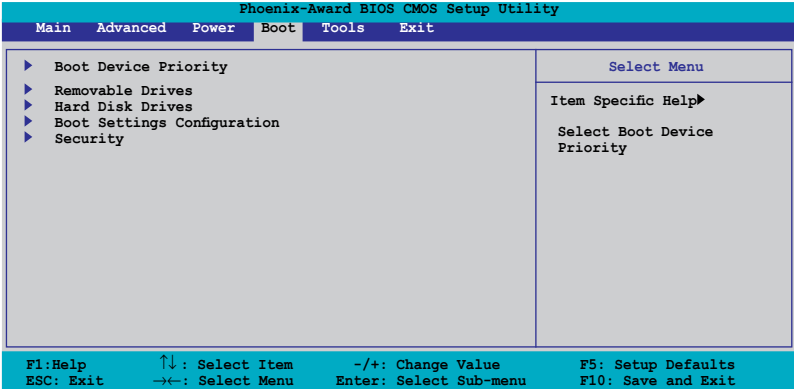
Set PWM value when fan start up. Sets the value by keying in a DEC number. Min = 0, Max = 127.

Slope PWM [4 PWM/C]

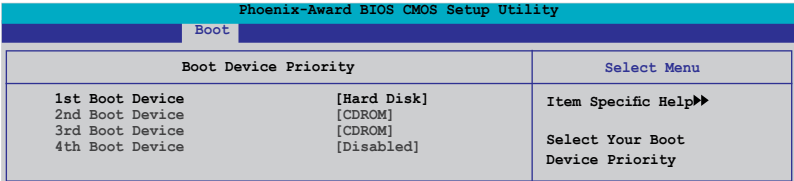
Set PWM increase value when temperature up one degree. Configuration options: [0 PWM/C] [1 PWM/C] [2 PWM/C] [4 PWM/C] [8 PWM/C]...[64 PWM/C]

5.6 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



5.6.1 Boot Device Priority



1st ~ 4th Boot Device

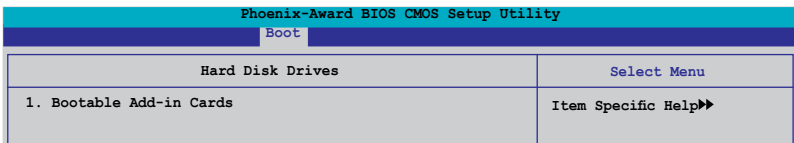
These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Configuration options: [Removable] [Hard Disk] [CDROM] [Legacy LAN] [Disabled]

Removable Drives

This item lists the detected removable drives and allows you to select removable boot device priority. Select a device from the list and use <+> and <-> to move it up /down in the list.

5.6.2 Hard Disk Drives

Allows you to assign hard disk drives attached to the system.



5.6.3 Boot Settings Configuration

Phoenix-Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Boot		
Boot Settings Configuration	Select Menu	
Case Open Warning	[Enabled]	Item Specific Help▶▶ Press [Enter] to enable or disable.
Quick Boot	[Enabled]	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	[Disabled]	
Bootup Mun-Lock	[On]	
Typematic Rate Setting	[Disabled]	
x Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
x Typematic Delay (Msec)	250	
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	[Non-OS2]	
Full Screen LOGO	[Enabled]	
Halt On	[All, But Keyboard]	

F1: Help ↑↓: Select Item -/+ : Change Value F5: Setup Defaults
ESC: Exit →←: Select Menu Enter: Select Sub-menu F10: Save and Exit

Case Open Warning [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Case Open Warning feature.
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Quick Boot [Enabled]

Allows the system to skip certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Boot Up Floppy Seek [Disabled]

Allows the system to test floppy drives to determine whether they have 40 or 80 tracks. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Boot Up Num-Lock [On]

Selects power on state for NumLock. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

Typematic Rate Setting [Disabled]

Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller - when enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

OS Select for DRAM > 64MB [Non-OS2]

Set this item to OS2 only when you are running on an OS/2 operating system with an installed RAM of greater than 64 KB. Configuration options: [Non-OS2] [OS2]

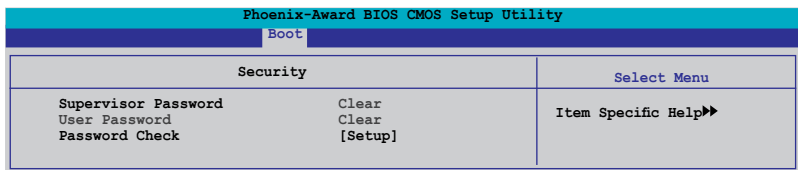
Full Screen LOGO [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Halt On [All, But Keyboard]

Allows you to error report type. Configuration options: [All Errors] [No Errors] [All, But Keyboard] [All, But Diskette] [All, But Disk/Key]

5.6.4 Security



Supervisor Password

User Password

These fields allow you to set passwords:

To set a password:

1. Select an item then press <Enter>.
2. Type in a password using a combination of a maximum of eight (8) alpha-numeric characters, then press <Enter>.
3. When prompted, confirm the password by typing the exact characters again, then press <Enter>. The password field setting is changed to Set.

To clear the password:

1. Select the password field and press <Enter> twice. The following message appears:



2. Press any key to continue. The password field setting is changed to Clear.

A note about passwords

The Supervisor password is required to enter the BIOS Setup program preventing unauthorized access. The User password is required to boot the system preventing unauthorized use.

Forgot your password?

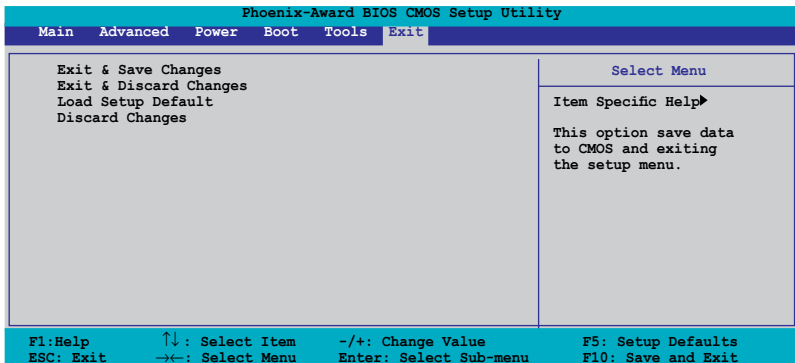
If you forget your password, you can clear it by erasing the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM. The RAM data containing the password information is powered by the onboard button cell battery. If you need to erase the CMOS RAM, refer to section “2.6 Jumper” for instructions.

Password Check

This field requires you to enter the password before entering the BIOS setup or the system. Select [Setup] to require the password before entering the BIOS Setup. Select [System] to require the password before entering the system. Configuration options: [Setup] [System]

5.7 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to load the optimal or failsafe default values for the BIOS items, and save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.





Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

Exit & Save Changes

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved to the CMOS RAM. An onboard backup battery sustains the CMOS RAM so it stays on even when the PC is turned off. When you select this option, a confirmation window appears. Select YES to save changes and exit.



If you attempt to exit the Setup program without saving your changes, the program prompts you with a message asking if you want to save your changes before exiting. Press <Enter> to save the changes while exiting.

Exit & Discard Changes

Select this option only if you do not want to save the changes that you made to the Setup program. If you made changes to fields other than System Date, System Time, and Password, the BIOS asks for a confirmation before exiting.

ASUS EZ Flash 2

Press Enter to run ASUS EZ Flash 2 utility.

Load Setup Defaults

This option allows you to load the default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. When you select this option or if you press <F5>, a confirmation window appears. Select YES to load default values. Select Exit & Save Changes or make other changes before saving the values to the non-volatile RAM.

Discard Changes

This option allows you to discard the selections you made and restore the previously saved values. After selecting this option, a confirmation appears. Select YES to discard any changes and load the previously saved values.