KCMR-D12

5 E6193

Second Edition V1 October 2010

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Notice	s		vii
Safety	informa	tion	viii
About	this guid	de	ix
Турод	raphy		x
KCMR	-D12 spe	ecifications summary	xi
Chapt	er 1:	Product introduction	
1.1	Welcon	ne!	1-3
1.2	Packag	e contents	1-3
1.3	Serial n	number label	1-4
1.4	Special	features	
	1.4.1	Product highlights	1-4
	1.4.2	Innovative ASUS features	1-6
Chapt	er 2:	Hardware information	
2.1	Before	you proceed	
2.2	Mother	board overview	
	2.2.1	Placement direction	
	2.2.2	Screw holes	
	2.2.4	Motherboard layouts	2-7
	2.2.5	Layout contents	
2.3	Central	Processing Unit (CPU)	2-10
	2.3.1	Installing the CPU	2-10
	2.3.2	Installing the CPU heatsink and fan	2-13
	2.3.3	Installing the CPU heatsink	2-16
2.4	System	n memory	2-17
	2.4.1	Overview	2-17
	2.4.2	Memory Configurations	2-18
	2.4.3	Installing a DIMM	2-19
	2.4.4	Removing a DIMM	2-19
2.5	Expans	sion slots	
	2.5.1	Installing an expansion card	
	2.5.2	Configuring an expansion card	
	2.5.3	Interrupt assignments	2-21
	2.5.4	PCI slots	

	2.5.5	PCI Express x8 slots (x8/x4 link)	2-22
	2.5.6	PCI Express x16 slot (x16/x8 link)	2-22
	2.5.8	Installing ASMB4 management board	2-23
	2.5.9	Installing i Button	2-23
	2.5.10	Installing ASUS PIKE RAID card	2-24
2.6	Jumper	rs	2-25
2.7	Connec	ctors	2-29
	2.7.1	Rear panel connectors	2-29
	2.7.2	Internal connectors	2-30
Cha	pter 3:	Powering up	
3.1	Starting	g up for the first time	3-3
3.2	Poweri	ng off the computer	3-4
	3.2.1	Using the OS shut down function	
	3.2.2	Using the dual function power switch	
Cha	pter 4:	BIOS setup	
4.1	Managi	ng and updating your BIOS	4-3
	4.1.1	ASUS EZ Flash 2 utility	4-3
	4.1.2	BUPDATER utility	4-4
	4.1.2	ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility	4-6
4.2	BIOS s	etup program	4-7
	4.2.1	BIOS menu screen	4-8
	4.2.2	Menu bar	4-8
	4.2.3	Navigation keys	4-8
	4.2.4	Menu items	4-9
	4.2.5	Sub-menu items	4-9
	4.2.6	Configuration fields	4-9
	4.2.7	Pop-up window	4-9
	4.2.8	Scroll bar	4-9
	4.2.9	General help	4-9
4.3	Main m	enu	4-10
	4.3.1	System Time [xx:xx:xx]	4-10
	4.3.2	System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]	4-10
	4.3.3	SATA1—6	

	4.3.4	Storage Configuration	4-12
	4.3.5	System Information	4-13
4.4	Advan	ced menu	4-15
	4.4.1	CPU Configuration	4-15
	4.4.2	Chipset Configuration	4-18
4.5	Server	menu	4-27
	4.5.1	Remote Access Configuration	4-27
4.6	Power	menu	4-29
	4.6.1	Suspend Mode [Auto]	4-29
	4.6.2	Repost Video on S3 Resume [No]	4-29
	4.6.3	ACPI 2.0 Support [ACPI v2.0]	4-29
	4.6.5	APM Configuration	4-30
	4.6.6	Hardware Monitor	4-31
4.7	Boot m	1enu	4-33
	4.7.1	Boot Device Priority	4-33
	4.7.2	Hard Disk Drives; CDROM Drives	4-33
	4.7.3	Boot Settings Configuration	4-34
	4.7.4	Security	4-35
4.8	Tools r	nenu	4-37
	4.8.1	ASUS EZ Flash 2	4-37
4.9	Exit me	enu	4-38
	Exit and	d Save Changes	4-38
	Exit and	d Discard Changes	4-38
	Discarc	Changes	4-38
	Load S	etup Defaults	4-38
Chap	ter 5:	RAID configuration	
5.1		ع up RAID	5-3
	5.1.2	Installing hard disk drives	
	5.1.3	Setting the RAID item in BIOS	
5.2	FastBu	uild Utility	
	5.2.1	Creating a RAID set (RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, RAID 5, SPAN or JBOD).	
	5.2.2	Deleting a RAID set	
	5.2.3	Viewing the Drive Assignment	
	5.2.4	Viewing the Controller Configuration	5-15

Chapt	er 6:	Driver installation	
6.1	RAID d	river installation	6-3
	6.1.1	Creating a RAID driver disk	6-3
	6.1.2	Installing the RAID controller driver	6-5
6.2	AMD Pr	ocessor Driver installation	6-15
6.3	LAN dri	ver installation	6-19
6.4	ATI SM	Bus controller driver installation	6-23
6.5	Display	driver installation	6-24
6.6	Manage	ement applications and utilities installation	6-27
	6.6.1	Running the support DVD	6-27
	6.6.2	Drivers menu	6-27
	6.6.3	Utilities menu	6-28
	6.6.4	Make disk menu	6-28
	6.6.5	Contact information	6-28
Аррен	ndix:	Reference information	
A.1	KCMR-	D12 block diagram	A-3

Notices

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer' s instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio or communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

REACH

Complying with the REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals) regulatory framework, we published the chemical substances in our products at ASUS REACH website at http://csr.asus.com/english/REACH.htm.

Safety information

Electrical safety

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- Before connecting or removing signal cables from the motherboard, ensure that all power cables are unplugged.
- Seek professional assistance before using an adapter or extension cord. These devices could interrupt the grounding circuit.
- Make sure that your power supply is set to the correct voltage in your area. If you are not sure about the voltage of the electrical outlet you are using, contact your local power company.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

Operation safety

- Before installing the motherboard and adding devices on it, carefully read all the manuals that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet.
- Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.



This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical, electronic equipment, and mercury-containing button cell battery) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.

About this guide

This user guide contains the information you need when installing and configuring the motherboard.

How this guide is organized

This user guide contains the following parts:

Chapter 1: Product introduction

This chapter describes the features of the motherboard and the new technologies it supports.

Chapter 2: Hardware information

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing system components. It includes description of the switches, jumpers, and connectors on the motherboard.

Chapter 3: Powering up

This chapter describes the power up sequence and ways of shutting down the system.

Chapter 4: BIOS setup

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

Chapter 5: RAID configuration

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating, and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

Chapter 6: Driver installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

Appendix: Reference information

This appendix includes additional information that you may refer to when configuring the motherboard.

Where to find more information

Refer to the following sources for additional information and for product and software updates.

1. ASUS websites

The ASUS website provides updated information on ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

2. Optional documentation

Your product package may include optional documentation, such as warranty flyers, that may have been added by your dealer. These documents are not part of the standard package.

Conventions used in this guide

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



DANGER/WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



IMPORTANT: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.



NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

Typography

Bold text Italics <key></key>	Indicates a menu or an item to select. Used to emphasize a word or a phrase. Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater- than sign means that you must press the enclosed key. Example: <enter> means that you must press</enter>
	the Enter or Return key.
<key1+key2+key3></key1+key2+key3>	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).
	Example: <ctrl+alt+d></ctrl+alt+d>
Command	Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.
	Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line: format A:/S

KCMR-D12 specifications summary

Model Name	,	KCMR-D12	
Processor Support / System Bus		2 * socket C32 (LGA 1207)	
		4/6 Core AMD Opteron™ 4100 series	
		HyperTransport [™] Technology 3.0	
		6.4 GT/s per link (dual link)	
Core Logic		AMD SR5670 / AMD SP5100	
Form Factor		12" x 13"	
ASUS Features	Fan Speed Control	V	
	Rack Ready	V	
	(Rack and		
	Pedestal dual		
-	use)		
	ASWM 2.0	V	
Memory	Total Slots	12 (2-channel per CPU)	
	Capacity	Maximum up to 128GB (RDIMM) Maximum up to 32GB (UDIMM)	
	Memory Type	DDR3 1066/1333 UDIMM with ECC/ non ECC DDR3 667/800/1066/1333 RDIMM	
	Memory Size	1GB, 2GB, 4GB, 8GB* (RDIMM) 1GB, 2GB, 4GB (UDIMM)	
Expansion Slots Total PCI/PCI-X/		5	
(follow SSI Loacation #)	PCI-E Slots		
	Slot Loacation 1	1 * PCI-E x8 (Gen2 X4/X0 Link, share with additional slot 1)	
	Slot Loacation 3	1 * PCI-E x8 (Gen2 X8 Link)	
	Slot Loacation 4	1 * PCI-E x8 (Gen2 X8/X0 Link, share with slot 6)	
	Slot Loacation 6		
	Olat Lagration 7	slot4)	
	Slot Loacation 7	1 * PCI 32bit/33 MHz	
01		1* PIKE Slot for Stroage expansion	
Storage	SATA Controller	AMD SP5100: 6 SATA2 300MB/s ports	
	SAS Controller	Optional: ASUS PIKE 1064E 4-port SAS RAID card	
		ASUS PIKE 1068E 8-port SAS RAID card	
		ASUS PIKE 1078 8-port SAS HW RAID card	
		ASUS PIKE 6480 8-port SAS RAID card	
		ASUS PIKE 2008 8-port SAS2 6G RAID card	
		ASUS PIKE 2008/IMR 8-port SAS2 6G RAID	
		card	
Networking	LAN	2 * Intel 82574L	
Graphic	VGA	Aspeed AST2050 8MB	

KCMR-D12 specifications summary

Onboard I/O	PSU Connector	24-pin SSI power connector + 8-pin SSI 12V +
Connectors		8-pin SSI 12V power connector
	Management	Onboard socket for optional management card
	Connector	
	USB Connectors	
		1 x USB connector (Type A USB socket)
		2 x USB pin headers (up to 4 devices)
	Fan Header	8 * 4pin
	SMBus	2
	Chassis intruder	1
	Front LAN LED	2
	Serial Port	1
	Header	
	GPTPM header	1
Rear I/O Connectors	External Serial	1
	Port	
	External USB	2
	Port	
	VGA Port	1
	RJ-45	3 (One for BMC, 2 for LAN)
	PS/2 KB/Mouse	1
Management Solution	Software	ASWM
	Out of Band	Optional ASMB4-iKVM for KVM-over-IP support
	Remote	
	Management	
Monitoring	CPU	V
	Temperature	
	FAN RPM	V
Environment		Operation temperature: 10°C-35°C
		Non operation temperature: -40°C-70°C
		Non operation humidity: 20%-90%
		(Non condensing)

Specifications are subject to change without notice.



DO NOT touch the Northbridge chipset! The Northbridge chipset may become overheated. Remember to provide sufficient air flow to keep the system stable.

This chapter describes the motherboard features and the new technologies it supports.

Product introduction

Chapter summary

1.1	Welcome!	
1.2	Package contents	
1.3	Serial number label	
1.4	Special features	

1

1.1 Welcome!

Thank you for buying an ASUS® KCMR-D12 motherboard!

The motherboard delivers a host of new features and latest technologies, making it another standout in the long line of ASUS quality motherboards!

Before you start installing the motherboard, and hardware devices on it, check the items in your package with the list below.

1.2 Package contents

Check your motherboard package for the following items.

		Standard Gift Box Pack	Standard Bulk Pack
	SATA data	6	
Cable	Thermal sensor	1	
Accessory	I/O Shield	1	1
Application CD	Support CD	1	1
Documentation	User Guide	1	1
Packing Qty.		1pc per carton	10pcs per carton



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

1.3 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the motherboard's serial number containing 13 characters **xxS2xxxxxxx** shown as the figure below. With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.



1.4 Special features

1.4.1 Product highlights

Latest processor technology

The motherboard comes with dual 1207-pin surface mount Land Grid Array (LGA) sockets coded C32, designed for AMD Opteron[™] 4100 series processors. The motherboard with the new socket supports registered DDR3 memory, delivering advanced performance and ensuring reliable data protection.

DDR3 memory support

The KCMR-D12 supports UDIMM and RDIMM DDR3 memory that features data transfer rates of 1333/1066 MHz to meet the higher bandwidth requirements of server and workstation applications. The 2-channel DDR3 architecture boosts system performance, eliminating bottlenecks with peak bandwidth of up to 20.8GB/s. Furthermore, the supply voltage for the memory is reduced form 1.8 V for DDR2 to just 1.5V for DDR3. This voltage reduction limits the power consumption and heat generation of DDR3 which makes it an ideal memory solution. The motherboard also supports 1.35V DDR3 LVDIMMs.

AMD 4/6 Core Architecture

The motherboard supports AMD 4/6 core processors with discrete L2 cache structure for each core and shared L3 cache to meet demands for more powerful computing.

HyperTransport[™] technology 3.0 (HT3)

HyperTransport[™] technology 3.0 (HT3) is a high-speed, low latency, point-topoint link designed to improve the overall system balance and scalability with the maximum interconnect rate of 6.4GT/s.



This motherboard supports the latest PCIe 2.0 device for twice the current speed and bandwidth. This enhances system performance while still providing backward compatibility to PCIe 1.0 devices.

82574L LAN Solution

The motherboard comes with dual Gigabit LAN controllers and ports which provide a total solution for your networking needs. The onboard Intel 82574L Gigabit LAN controllers use the PCI Express interface and could achieve network throughput close to Gigabit bandwidth.

Serial ATA II technology



The motherboard supports the Serial ATA II 3 Gb/s technology through the Serial ATA interface and Intel ICH10R chipset. The Serial ATA II specification provides twice the bandwidth of the current Serial ATA products with a host of new features, including Native Command Queuing (NCQ), Power Management (PM) Implementation Algorithm, and Hot Swap. Serial ATA allows thinner, more flexible cables with lower pin count and reduced voltage requirements.

USB 2.0 technology

The motherboard implements the Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 specification, dramatically increasing the connection speed from the 12 Mbps bandwidth on USB 1.1 to a fast 480 Mbps on USB 2.0. USB 2.0 is backward compatible with USB 1.1.

Temperature, fan, and voltage monitoring

The CPU temperature is monitored to prevent overheating and damage. The system fan rotations per minute (RPM) is monitored for timely failure detection. The chip monitors the voltage levels to ensure stable supply of current for critical components.

100% Conductive Polymer Capacitors

This motherboard uses all high-quality conductive polymer capacitors for durability. improved lifespan, and enhanced thermal capacity.

1.4.2 Innovative ASUS features

ASUS Fan Speed technology

The ASUS Fan speed technology smartly adjusts the fan speeds according to the system loading to ensure quiet, cool, and efficient operation.

PIKE (Proprietary I/O Kit Expansion) 🗾



PIKE is an on-demand upgrade kit for users. This ASUS unique feature enables users to choose their preferred I/O solutions. ASUS provides multiple SAS solutions for different segments and purposes and PIKE saves lots of validation efforts and hardware cost for end users. Moreover, the special patent design offers multiple I/O solutions without occupying the Slot 6 in 1U system.

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing system components. It includes description of the jumpers and connectors on the motherboard.



Chapter summary

2.1 Before	you proceed	
2.2 Mother	board overview	
2.3 Central	Processing Unit (CPU)	
2.4 System	memory	
2.5 Expans	ion slots	
2.6 Jumper	′S	
2.7 Connec	tors	

2

2.1 Before you proceed

Take note of the following precautions before you install motherboard components or change any motherboard settings.

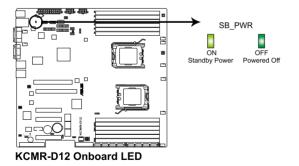


- Unplug the power cord from the wall socket before touching any component.
- Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity.
- Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.
- Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.
- Before you install or remove any component, ensure that the power supply is switched off or the power cord is detached from the power supply. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the motherboard, peripherals, and/or components.

Onboard LED

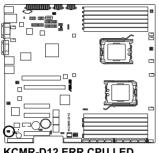
1. Standby Power LED

The motherboard comes with a standby power LED. The green LED lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode, or in soft-off mode. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before removing or plugging in any motherboard component. The illustration below shows the location of the onboard LED.



2. CPU warning LED (ERR_CPU1, ERR_CPU2)

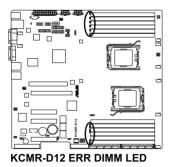
The CPU warning LEDs light up to indicate that an impending failure of the corresponding CPU.



KCMR-D12 ERR CPU LED

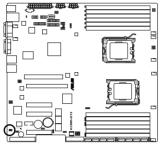
DIMM warning LED (ERR_DIMMA1/2/3; ERR_DIMMB1/2/3; 3. ERR_DIMMC1/2/3; ERR_DIMMD1/2/3)

The DIMM warning LEDs light up to indicate that an impending failure of the corresponding DIMMs.



4. BMC LED (BMC_LED1)

The green heartbeat LED blinks per second to indicate that the ASMB4 is working normally.



KCMR-D12 BMC LED



- The heartbeat LED functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB4.
- Everytime after the AC power is replugged, you have to wait for about 30 seconds for the system power up

2.2 Motherboard overview

Before you install the motherboard, study the configuration of your chassis to ensure that the motherboard fits into it.

To optimize the motherboard features, we highly recommend that you install it in an SSI EEB 1.1 compliant chassis.



Ensure to unplug the chassis power cord before installing or removing the motherboard. Failure to do so can cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components!

2.2.1 Placement direction

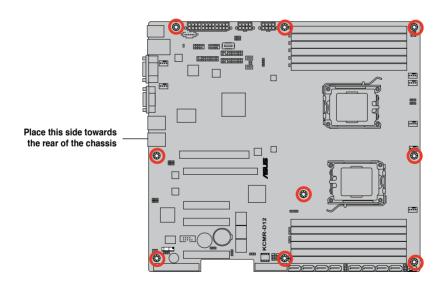
When installing the motherboard, ensure that you place it into the chassis in the correct orientation. The edge with external ports goes to the rear part of the chassis as indicated in the image below.

2.2.2 Screw holes

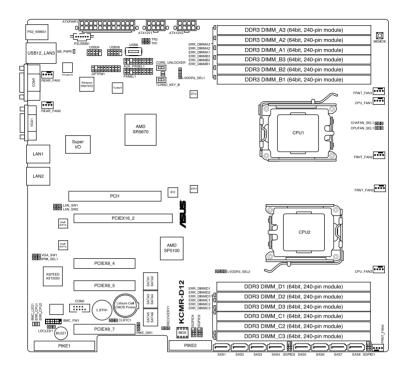
Place nine (9) screws into the holes indicated by circles to secure the motherboard to the chassis.



DO NOT overtighten the screws! Doing so can damage the motherboard.



2.2.4 Motherboard layouts



2.2.5 Layout contents

Slots/Soocket		Page
1.	CPU sockets	2-10
2.	DDR3 sockets	2-17
3.	PCI slot	2-22
4.	PCI Express x 8 slots (x8/x4 link)	2-22
5.	PCI Express x 16 slot (x16/x8 link)	2-22
6.	PIKE slot	2-22

Jumpers		Page
1.	Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)	2-25
2.	VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1))	2-26
3.	DDR3 voltage control setting (4-pin LVDDR3_SEL1; LVDDR3_SEL2)	2-26
4.	LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2)	2-27
5.	CPU Fan and Chassis Fan control setting (3-pin CPUFAN_SEL1, CHAFAN_SEL1)	2-27
6.	Force BIOS recovery setting (3-pin RECOVERY1)	2-28

Rear panel connectors				
1.	PS/2 mouse port (green)	2-29		
2.	RJ-45 port for iKVM	2-29		
3.	PS/2 keyboard port (purple)	2-29		
4.	USB 2.0 ports 1 and 2	2-29		
5.	Serial (COM1) port	2-29		
6.	Video Graphics Adapter port	2-29		
7.	LAN 1 (RJ-45) port	2-29		
8.	LAN 2 (RJ-45) port	2-29		

Internal connectors				
1.	Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4; RED) (7-pin SATA5, SATA6; Black)	2-30		
2.	SAS connectors (7-pin SAS1, SAS2, SAS3, SAS4; Red) (7-pin SAS5, SAS6, SAS7, SAS8; Blue)	2-31		
3.	USB connector (10-1 pin USB34, USB56; A-Type USB8)	2-31		
4.	Front fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN1/2; REAR_FAN1—2; FRNT_FAN1—4)	2-32		
5.	Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1/2/3/4)	2-32		
6.	BMC header (BMC_FW1)	2-33		
7.	Thermal sensor cable connectors (3-pin TR1, TR2)	2-33		
8.	SSI power connectors (24-pin ATXPWR1, 8-pin ATX12V1, 8-pin ATX12V2)	2-34		
9.	Location LED cable connector (3-pin LOCLED1)	2-34		
10.	System panel connector (20-pin PANEL1)	2-35		
11.	Auxiliary panel connector (20-2 pin AUX_PANEL1)	2-36		

2.3 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with dual surface mount LGA 1207 Socket designed for the AMD Opteron[™] 4100 series CPU in the Land Grid Array (LGA) package.

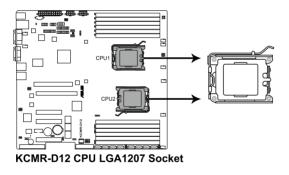
\sim		
	•	Upon purchase of the motherboard, ensure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard components. ASUS shoulders the repair cost only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.

- Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the Socket 1207.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/ incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

2.3.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU

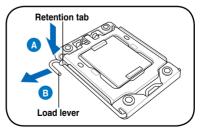
1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.



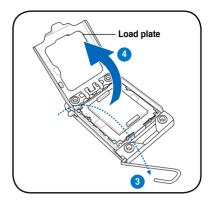
 Press the load lever with your thumb (A), then move it to the left (B) until it is released from the retention tab.



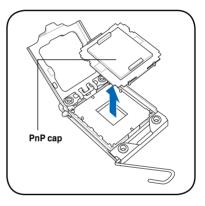
To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.



- 3. Lift the load lever in the direction of the arrow to a 135° angle.
- 4. Lift the load plate with your thumb and forefinger to a 100° angle.

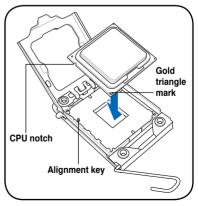


5. Remove the PnP cap from the CPU socket.



6. Position the CPU over the socket, ensuring that the gold triangle is on the bottom-left corner of the socket, and then fit the socket alignment key into the CPU notch.

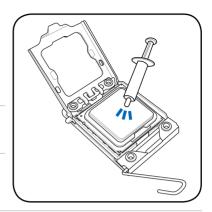
The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!



7. Apply some Thermal Interface Material to the exposed area of the CPU that the heatsink will be in contact with, ensuring that it is spread in an even thin layer.



Some heatsinks come with pre-applied Thermal Interface Material. If so, skip this step.





The Thermal Interface Material is toxic. DO NOT eat the Thermal Interface Material. If it gets into your eyes or touches your skin, ensure that you wash it off immediately and seek professional medical help.



To prevent contaminating the Thermal Interface Material, DO NOT spread the Thermal Interface Material with your finger directly.

2.3.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and fan

The AMD Opteron[™] 4100 series processor requires a specially designed heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.

- The retention module base is already installed on the motherboard upon purchase.
 - You do not have to remove the retention module base when installing the CPU or installing other motherboard components.
 - Ensure that you use only AMD-certified heatsink and fan assembly.



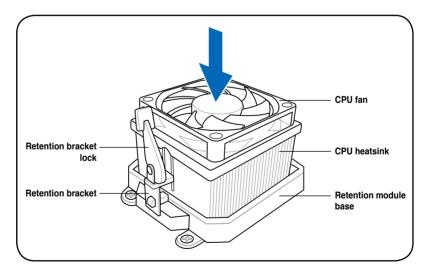
If you purchased a separate CPU heatsink and fan assembly, ensure that the Thermal Interface Material is properly applied to the CPU heatsink or CPU before you install the heatsink and fan assembly.



Ensure that you have installed the motherboard to the chassis before you install the CPU fan and heatsink assembly.

To install the CPU heatsink and fan

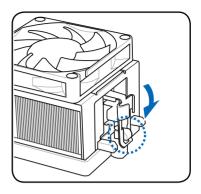
1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, ensuring that the heatsink fits properly on the retention module base.





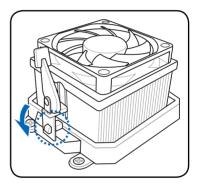
Your boxed CPU heatsink and fan assembly should come with installation instructions for the CPU, heatsink, and the retention mechanism. If the instructions in this section do not match the CPU documentation, follow the latter.

2. Attach one end of the retention bracket to the retention module base.

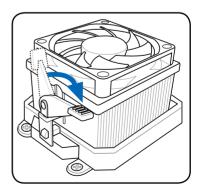


 Align the other end of the retention bracket (near the retention bracket lock) to the retention module base. A clicking sound denotes that the retention bracket is in place.

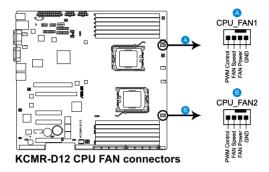
> Ensure that the fan and heatsink assembly perfectly fits the retention mechanism module base, otherwise you cannot snap the retention bracket in place.



4. Push down the retention bracket lock on the retention mechanism to secure the heatsink and fan to the module base.



5. Connect the CPU fan cable to the corresponding connector on the motherboard.



- Do not forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.
- This connector is backward compatible with old 3-pin CPU fan.

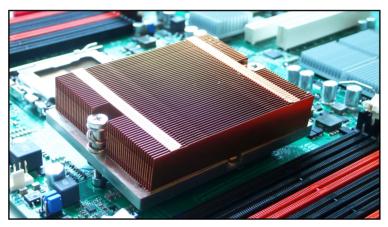
2.3.3 Installing the CPU heatsink

The AMD Opteron[™] 4100 series processors require a specially designed heatsink to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.

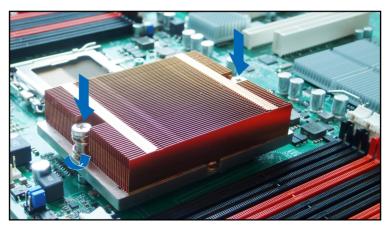
- Ensure to use qualified heatsink assembly only.
 - Ensure that you have applied the thermal grease to the top of the CPU before installing the heatsink.

Follow these steps to install the CPU heatsink.

1. Orient and place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, ensuring that the screw holes are matched with the heatsink standoffs.



2. Use a Phillips screwdriver to tighten the two heatsink screws.





Ensure that the heatsink is not skewed or tilted, otherwise the CPU will overheat.

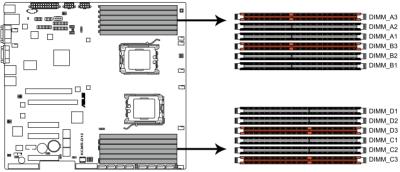
2.4 System memory

2.4.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with twelve (12) Double Data Rate 3 (DDR3) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

A DDR3 module has the same physical dimensions as a DDR2 DIMM but is notched differently to prevent installation on a DDR2 DIMM socket. DDR3 modules are developed for better performance with less power consumption.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR3 DIMM sockets:



KCMR-D12 240-pin DDR3 DIMM sockets

2.4.2 Memory Configurations

You may install 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, or 8GB registered ECC/unbuffered ECC DDR3 DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.



Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.

Memory population table

SR: Single Rank; DR: Double Rank; QR: Quad Rank

	DIMM0	DIMM1	DIMM2	Max MHz (1.5V)	Max MHz (1.35V)	Timing Mode
UDIMM			SR/DR	800	800	1T
	SR/DR		SR/DR	800	800	1T
			SR/DR	1066	1066	1T
	SR/DR		SR/DR	1066	1066	1T
			SR/DR	1333	1333	1T
	SR		SR	1333	1333	2T
	DR		DR	1333		2T
	SR		DR	1333		2T
	DR		SR	1333		2T
RDIMM			SR/DR	667	667	
	SR/DR		SR/DR	667	667	
		QR	SR/DR	667	667	
	SR/DR	SR/DR	SR/DR	667	667	
	SR/DR	QR	SR/DR	667	667	
			SR/DR	800	800	
	SR/DR		SR/DR	800	800	
		QR	SR/DR	800		
	SR/DR	SR/DR	SR/DR	800	800	
		QR		800	800	
			SR/DR	1066	1066	
	SR/DR		SR/DR	1066	1066	
	SR	SR	SR	1066		
			SR/DR	1333	1333	
	SR		SR	1333	1333	



DO NOT install DIMMs of different voltages on the motherboard at the same time, such as a combination of 1.5V DIMMs and 1.35V LVDIMMs.



DIMM 0: DIMM_A1, B1, C1, D1; DIMM 1: DIMM_A2, B2, C2, D2; DIMM 2: DIMM_A3, B3, C3, D3.

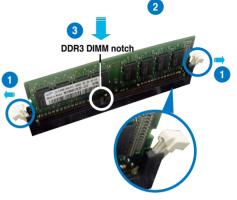
2.4.3 Installing a DIMM



Unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so can cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

To install a DIMM:

- 1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
- 2. Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.
- Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



Unlocked retaining clip



- A DDR3 DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.
- The DDR3 DIMM sockets do not support DDR and DDR2 DIMMs. DO NOT install DDR or DDR2 DIMMs to the DDR3 DIMM sockets.

2.4.4 Removing a DIMM

To remove a DIMM:

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.



Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.



2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

2.5 Expansion slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The following sub-sections describe the slots and the expansion cards that they support.



Ensure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

2.5.1 Installing an expansion card

To install an expansion card:

- 1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
- 2. Remove the system unit cover (if your motherboard is already installed in a chassis).
- 3. Remove the bracket opposite the slot that you intend to use. Keep the screw for later use.
- 4. Align the card connector with the slot and press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
- 5. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw you removed earlier.
- 6. Replace the system cover.

2.5.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure the it by adjusting the software settings.

- 1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 4 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the tables on the next page.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.



When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support "Share IRQ" or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

2.5.3 Interrupt assignments

IRQ	Priority	Standard function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	-	Programmable Interrupt
4*	12	Communications Port (COM1)
5*	13	
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7*	15	
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9*	4	ACPI Mode when used
10*	5	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
11*	6	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
12*	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14*	9	Primary IDE Channel
15*	10	Secondary IDE Channel

Standard Interrupt assignments

* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

2.5.4 PCI slots

The PCI slot supports cards such as a LAN card, USB card, and other cards that comply with PCI 2.3 specifications.

2.5.5 PCI Express x8 slots (x8/x4 link)

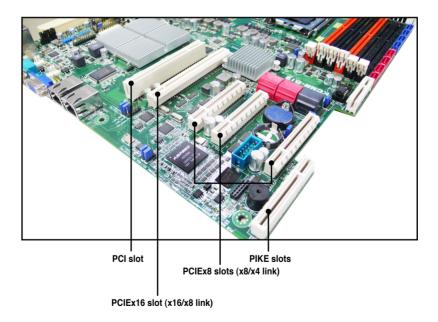
The onboard PCI Express x8 slots provide x8/x4 link to CPU. These slots support VGA cards and various server class high performance add-on cards.

2.5.6 PCI Express x16 slot (x16/x8 link)

The onboard PCI Express x16 slot provides x16 link to CPU. It automatically switches to x8 link when the slot 4 is occupied. This slot supports VGA cards and various server class high performance add-on cards.

2.5.7 PIKE slot

The PIKE slot allows you to choose and change your preferred SAS solution easily. Install an optional ASUS PIKE RAID card based on your needs.



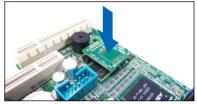
2.5.8 Installing ASMB4 management board

Follow the steps below to install an optional ASMB4 management board on your motherboard.

1. Locate the BMC_FW1 header on the motherboard.

2. Orient and press the ASMB4 management board in place.





2.5.9 Installing i Button

Follow the steps below to install an optional i Button on your motherboard.

1. Locate the i Button slot on the motherboard.



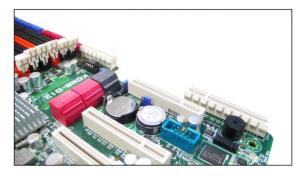
2. Snap the i Button in place.



2.5.10 Installing ASUS PIKE RAID card

Follow the steps below to install an optional ASUS RAID card on your motherboard.

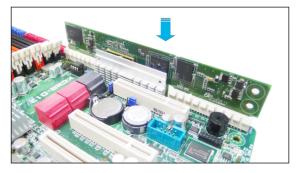
1. Locate the PIKE RAID card slot on the motherboard.



2. Align the golden fingers of the RAID card with the PIKE RAID card slot.



3. Insert the RAID card into the PIKE RAID card slot. Make sure it is completely seated on the PIKE RAID card slot.



2.6 Jumpers

1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

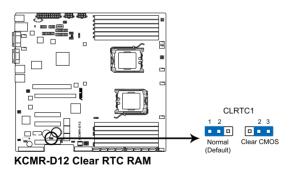
- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Move the jumper cap from pins 1–2 (default) to pins 2–3. Keep the cap on pins 2–3 for about 5–10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1–2.
- 3. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- 4. Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.



Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!

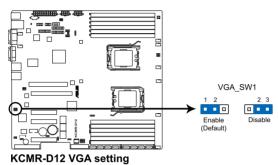
Q

If the steps above do not help, remove the onboard battery and move the jumper again to clear the CMOS RTC RAM data. After the CMOS clearance, reinstall the battery.



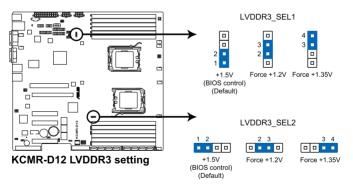
2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)

This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the VGA feature.



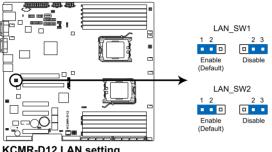
3. DDR3 voltage control setting (4-pin LVDDR3_SEL1; LVDDR3_SEL2)

These jumpers allow you to adjust the DIMM voltage. Set to pins 1–2 to select 1.5V BIOS control, pins 2–3 to select 1.2V Force or 3–4 to select 1.35V Force.



4. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2)

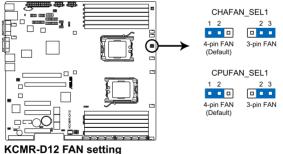
These jumpers allow you to enable or disable the onboard Intel® 82574L Gigabit LAN controllers. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the Gigabit LAN feature.



KCMR-D12 LAN setting

5. CPU Fan and Chassis Fan control setting (3-pin CPUFAN SEL1, CHAFAN SEL1)

These jumpers allow you to switch for fan pin selection. The CPUFAN SEL1 iumper is for the CPU fan control and the CHAFAN SEL1 iumper is for the front fans and rear fans control. Set to pins 1-2 when using 4-pin fans or pins 2-3 when using 3-pin fans.



- If you use a 4-pin fan but set the jumper to pin 2-3, the fan you installed may not work.
- If you use a 3-pin fan but set the jumper for a 4-pin fan, the fan control will not work and the fan you installed will always run at full speed.

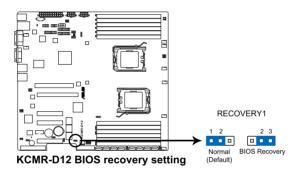
3

6. Force BIOS recovery setting (3-pin RECOVERY1)

This jumper allows you to quickly update or recover the BIOS settings when it becomes corrupted.

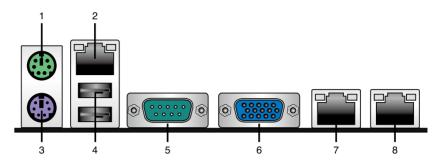
To update the BIOS:

- 1. Prepare a USB flash disk that contains the original or latest BIOS for the motherboard (XXXXXROM) and the AFUDOS.EXE utility.
- 2. Set the jumper to pins 2–3.
- 3. Insert the USB flash and turn on the system to update the BIOS.
- 4. Shut down the system.
- 5. Set the jumper back to pins 1–2.
- 6. Turn on the system.



2.7 Connectors

2.7.1 Rear panel connectors



- 1. **PS/2 mouse port (green).** This port is for a PS/2 mouse.
- 2. **RJ-45 port for iKVM.** This RJ-45 port functions only when you install ASMB4 management card.
- **3 PS/2 keyboard port (purple).** This port is for a PS/2 keyboard.
- 4. USB 2.0 ports 1 and 2. These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
- 5. Serial (COM1) port. This 9-pin communication port is for pointing devices or other serial devices.
- 6. Video Graphics Adapter port. This port is for a VGA monitor or other VGA-compatible devices.
- 7. LAN 1 (RJ-45) port. This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub. Refer to the table below for the LAN port LED indications.
- 8. LAN 2 (RJ-45) port. This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub. Refer to the table below for the LAN port LED indications.

LAN port LED indications

Activity/Link LED		Speed LED	Speed LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	L	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection		
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection		
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection		

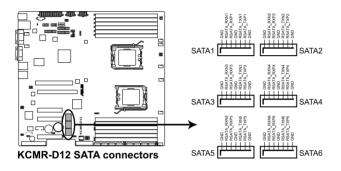


2.7.2 Internal connectors

1. Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4; RED) (7-pin SATA5, SATA6; Black)

Supported by the AMD[®] SP5100 chipset, these connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives that allows up to 3Gb/s of data transfer rate.

If you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives, you can create a RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, or RAID 5 configuration.

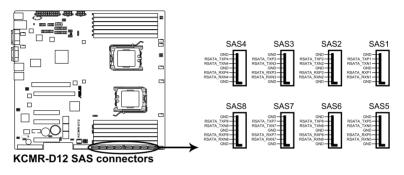


- The actual data transfer rate depends on the speed of Serial ATA hard disks installed.
- The SATA connectors do not support SATA cables with latch.

2. SAS connectors

(7-pin SAS1, SAS2, SAS3, SAS4; Red) (7-pin SAS5, SAS6, SAS7, SAS8; Blue)

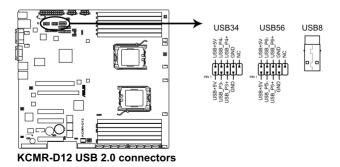
This motherboard comes with eight (8) Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) connectors, the next-generation storage technology that supports both Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) and Serial ATA (SATA). Each connector supports one device.



These SAS connectors function only when you install a PIKE RAID card to the motherboard.

3. USB connector (10-1 pin USB34, USB56; A-Type USB8)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cables to connectors USB34 and USB56, then install the modules to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



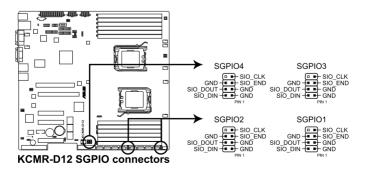
4. Front fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN1/2; REAR_FAN1-2; FRNT_FAN1-4)

The fan connectors support cooling fans of 350 mA–740 mA (8.88 W max.) or a total of 3.15 A–6.66 A (53.28 W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, ensuring that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.

- DO NOT forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components.
- These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors!
- REAR FAN1 FRNT FAN1 FRNT FAN2 CPU FAN1 п UNC CINC SND SND ower GND AN A 6 FRNT FAN3 REAR FAN2 CPU FAN2 FRNT FAN4 SND FAN F Speed GND 3ND Control PWM (FAN 5 FAN P AM C FAN FAN KCMR-D12 FAN connectors
- All fans feature the ASUS Smart Fan technology.

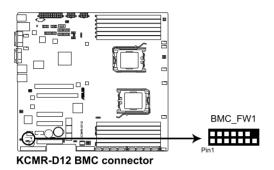
5. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1/2/3/4)

This connector is used for the SGPIO peripherals for the LSI MegaRAID and Intel Matrix RAID SATA LED.



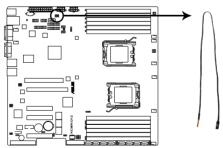
6. BMC header (BMC_FW1)

The BMC connector on the motherboard supports an ASUS[®] Server Management Board 4 Series (ASMB4).



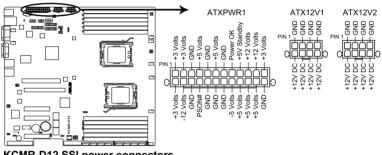
7. Thermal sensor cable connectors (3-pin TR1, TR2)

These connectors are for temperature monitoring. Connect the thermal sensor cables to these connectors and place the other ends to the devices, which you want to monitor temperature.



KCMR-D12 Thermal sensor cable connectors

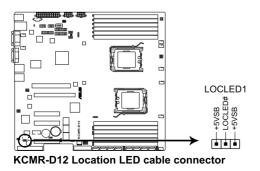
- 8. SSI power connectors (24-pin ATXPWR1, 8-pin ATX12V1, 8-pin ATX12V2) These connectors are for SSI power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.
 - Do not forget to connect the 24+8+8-pin power plugs; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
 - Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
 - You must install a PSU with a higher power rating if you intend to install additional devices



KCMR-D12 SSI power connectors

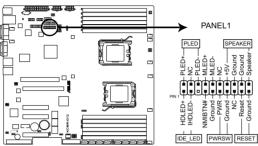
9. Location LED cable connector (3-pin LOCLED1)

This connector is for a LED cable that allows you to know the server location.



10. System panel connector (20-pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



KCMR-D12 System panel connector

1. System power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

2. Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the message LED cable that connects to the front message LED. The message LED is controlled by Hardware monitor to indicate an abnormal event occurance.

3. System warning speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

4. Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin HDDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

5. Proprietary power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

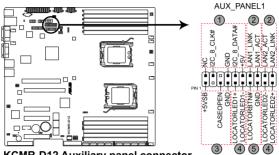
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

6. Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

11. Auxiliary panel connector (20-pin AUX_PANEL1)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.



KCMR-D12 Auxiliary panel connector

1. Front panel SMB (6-1 pin FPSMB) These leads connect the front panel SMBus cable.

2. LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1_LED, LAN2_LED) These leads are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel.

3. Chassis intrusion (4-1 pin CHASSIS)

These leads are for the intrusion detection feature for chassis with intrusion sensor or microswitch. When you remove any chassis component, the sensor triggers and sends a high-level signal to these leads to record a chassis intrusion event. The default setting is short CASEOPEN and GND pin by jumper cap to disable the function.

4. Locator LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1 and 2-pin LOCATORLED2) These leads are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connector. The LEDs will light up when the Locator button is pressed.

5. Locator Button/Swich (2-pin LOCATORBTN) These leads are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.

This chapter describes the power up sequence, and ways of shutting down the system.



Chapter summary

3.1	Starting up for the first time	3-3
3.2	Turning off the computer	3-4

3

3.1 Starting up for the first time

- 1. After making all the connections, replace the system case cover.
- 2. Ensure that all switches are off.
- 3. Connect the power cord to the power connector at the back of the system chassis.
- 4. Connect the power cord to a power outlet that is equipped with a surge protector.
- 5. Turn on the devices in the following order:
 - a. Monitor
 - b. External SCSI devices (starting with the last device on the chain)
 - c. System power
- 6. After applying power, the system power LED on the system front panel case lights up. For systems with Proprietary power supplies, the system LED lights up when you press the Proprietary power button. If your monitor complies with "green" standards or if it has a "power standby" feature, the monitor LED may light up or switch between orange and green after the system LED turns on.

The system then runs the power-on self-test or POST. While the tests are running, the BIOS beeps or additional messages appear on the screen. If you do not see anything within 30 seconds from the time you turned on the power, the system may have failed a power-on test. Check the jumper settings and connections or call your retailer for assistance.

7. At power on, hold down the key to enter the BIOS Setup. Follow the instructions in Chapter 4.

3.2 Powering off the computer

3.2.1 Using the OS shut down function

If you are using Windows® 2000/2003 Server:

- 1. Click Start then click Shut Down.
- 2. Select Shut Down from the What do you want the computer to do? list box.
- 3. Select Shutdown Event Tracker.
- 4. Ensure that the **Planned** check box is checked.
- 5. Select **shutdown** from the list box.
- 6. If necessary, key in comments.
- 7. Click OK.

3.2.2 Using the dual function power switch

While the system is ON, pressing the power switch for less than four seconds puts the system to sleep mode or to soft-off mode, depending on the BIOS setting. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds lets the system enter the soft-off mode regardless of the BIOS setting. Refer to section **4.5 Power Menu** in Chapter 4 for details.

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.



Chapter summary

4.1	Managing and updating your BIOS	4-3
4.2	BIOS setup program	4-7
4.3	Main menu	4-10
4.4	Advanced menu	4-15
4.5	Server menu	4-27
4.6	Power menu	4-29
4.7	Boot menu	4-33
4.8	Tools menu	4-37
4.9	Exit menu	4-38

4

4.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

- 1. ASUS EZ Flash 2 (Updates the BIOS using a USB flash disk.)
- 2. **BUPDATER utility** (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable USB flash disk drive.)
- 3. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3** (To recover the BIOS using a bootable USB flash disk drive when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the BUPDATER utility.

4.1.1 ASUS EZ Flash 2 utility

The ASUS EZ Flash 2 feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to use a DOS-based utility.

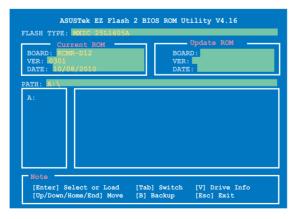


Before you start using this utility, download the latest BIOS from the ASUS website at www.asus.com.

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash 2

- 1. Insert the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS file to the USB port.
- Enter the BIOS setup program. Go to the Tools menu to select EZ Flash 2 and press <Enter> to enable it.

Or, press <Alt> + <F2> during the POST to enable EZ Flash 2.



- Press <Tab> to switch between drives until the correct BIOS file is found. When found, EZ Flash 2 performs the BIOS update process and automatically reboots the system when done.
 - This function can support devices such as a USB flash disk with FAT 32/16 format and single partition only.
 - DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

Ensure to load the BIOS default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the Load Setup Defaults item under the Exit menu. See section 4.9 Exit Menu for details.

4.1.2 BUPDATER utility



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

The BUPDATER utility allows you to update the BIOS file in DOS environment using a bootable USB flash disk drive with the updated BIOS file.

Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the BUPDATER utility:

- 1. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive.
- Copy the BUPDATER utility (BUPDATER.exe) from the ASUS support website at support.asus.com to the bootable USB flash disk drive you created earlier.
- 3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt, type:

```
BUPDATER /i[filename].ROM
```

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable USB flash disk drive, then press <Enter>.

A:\>BUPDATER /i[file name].ROM

4. The utility verifies the file, then starts updating the BIOS file.

ASUSTek BIOS Update for FLASH TYPE: MXIC 25L1605A	DOS V1.06 (09/08/04)
Current ROM BOARD: KCMR-D12 VER: 0301 DATE: 10/08/2010	Update ROM BOARD: VER: DATE:
PATH:	
WARNING! Do not turn off	power during flash BIOS
Note Writing BIOS:	



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.



4.1.2 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a USB flash drive that contains the updated BIOS file.



Prepare a USB flash drive containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

Recovering the BIOS from a USB flash drive

To recover the BIOS from a USB flash drive:

- 1. Remove any floppy disk from the floppy disk drive and turn the system on.
- 2. Insert the USB flash drive with the original or updated BIOS file to one USB port on the system.
- 3. The utility will automatically recover the BIOS. It resets the system when the BIOS recovery finished.



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while recovering the BIOS! Doing so would cause system boot failure!



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com to download the latest BIOS file.

4.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section **4.1 Managing and updating your BIOS**.

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to "Run Setup." This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware chip.

The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

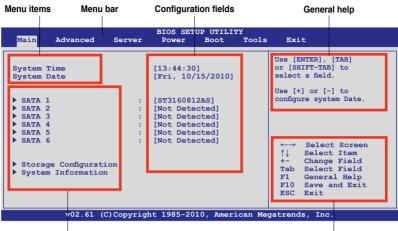
If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the Load Setup Defaults item under the Exit Menu. See section 4.8 Exit Menu.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.

4.2.1 BIOS menu screen



Sub-menu items

Navigation keys

4.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main	For changing the basic system configuration
Advanced	For changing the advanced system settings
Server	For changing the advanced server settings
Power	For changing the advanced power management (APM) configuration
Boot Tools	For changing the system boot configuration For configuring options for special functions
Exit	For selecting the exit options and loading default settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

4.2.3 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for that particular menu. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.



Some of the navigation keys differ from one screen to another.

4.2.4 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Advanced, Power, Boot, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.



4.2.5 Sub-menu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a sub-menu. To display the sub-menu, select the item and press <Enter>.

4.2.6 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it then press <Enter> to display a list of options. Refer to **4.2.7 Pop-up window**.

4.2.7 Pop-up window

Select a menu item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

4.2.8 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> /<Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.



4.2.9 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

4.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information.



Refer to section **4.2.1 BIOS menu screen** for information on the menu screen items and how to navigate through them.

Main	Advanced	Server	BIOS SET Power	UP UTILI Boot		Exit
System System			[13:44:30 [Fri, 10/			Use [ENTER], [TAB] or [SHIFT-TAB] to select a field. Use [+] or [-] to
	2 3 4 5	:	[ST316081 [Not Dete [Not Dete [Not Dete [Not Dete	cted] cted] cted] cted]		 ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Field Tab Select Field Fil General Help Fil Save and Exit
	v02.61 (C)Copyrigh	nt 1985-20	10, Ameri	.can Me	gatrends, Inc.

4.3.1 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

4.3.2 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

4.3.3 SATA1-6

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE/SATA devices. There is a separate submenu for each IDE/SATA device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the SATA device information.

Main			
Primary SATA Master Device :Hard Disk Vendor :xxxxxxxx Size :xx.xGB LBA Mode :Supported Block Mode:16Sectors PIO Mode :4 Async DMA :MultiWord DMA-2 Ultra DMA-6 S.M.A.R.T.:Supported		Disabled: Disable Mode. Auto: Enables LBA Mode if the devic supports it and t device is not alr formatted with LE Mode disabled.	e he ready
Type LBA/Large Mode Block (Multi-Sector Transfer PIO Mode DMA Mode SMART Monitoring 32Bit Data Transfer	[Auto] [Auto] :)M [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Enabled]	 ←→ Select Scr ↑↓ Select Iter +- Change Opt. F1 General He: F10 Save and E: ESC Exit 	m ion lp

The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Device, Vendor, Size, LBA Mode, Block Mode, PIO Mode, Async DMA, Ultra DMA, and S.M.A.R.T. monitoring). These values are not user-configurable. These items show N/A if no IDE device is installed in the system.

LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Enables or disables the LBA mode. Setting to [Auto] enables the LBA mode if the device supports this mode, and if the device was not previously formatted with LBA mode disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Block (Multi-Sector Transfer) M [Auto]

Enables or disables data multi-sectors transfers. When set to [Auto], the data transfer from and to the device occurs multiple sectors at a time if the device supports multi-sector transfer feature. When set to [Disabled], the data transfer from and to the device occurs one sector at a time. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

PIO Mode [Auto]

Allows you to select the data transfer mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [0] [1] [2] [3] [4]

DMA Mode [Auto]

Sets the DMA mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [SWDMA0] [SWDMA1] [SWDMA2] [MWDMA0] [MWDMA1] [MWDMA2] [UDMA0] [UDMA1] [UDMA2] [UDMA3] [UDMA4] [UDMA5]

SMART Monitoring [Auto]

Sets the Smart Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Enables or disables 32-bit data transfer. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

4.3.4 Storage Configuration

The items in this menu allow you to set or change the configurations for the IDE/SATA devices installed in the system. Select an item then press <Enter> if you wish to configure the item.

Main	BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Storage Configuration		Options
OnChip SATA Channel SATA Port1- Port4 SATA Port5- Port6	[Enabled] [IDE] [IDE]	Disabled Enabled
		←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61 (C)Copyri	ght 1985-2010, American Me	egatrends, Inc.

OnChip SATA Channel [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SATA Port1-Port4 [IDE]

Sets the configuration for the Serial ATA connectors. Configuration options: [IDE] [RAID] [AHCI]

SATA Port5-Port6

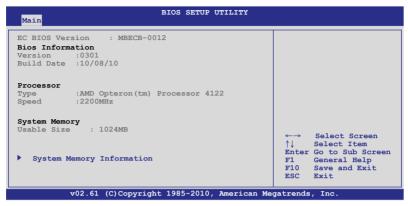
Setting this item to [IDE] allows the system to recognize the optical drives connected to the SATA connectors 5/6 when installing OS. Configuration options: [IDE] [RAID] [AHCI]



If SATA Port1-Port4 is set to [IDE], SATA Port5-Port6 can only be configured as [IDE]

4.3.5 System Information

This menu gives you an overview of the general system specifications. The BIOS automatically detects the items in this menu.



BIOS Information

Displays the auto-detected BIOS information.

Processor

Displays the auto-detected CPU specification.

System Memory

Displays the auto-detected system memory.

System Memory Information

Displays system memory information.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
System Memory Information	
CPU1 Memory Information	
CPU2 Memory Information	

CPU1/2 Memory Configuration

Allows you to check information of installed memory (6 DIMMs per CPU).

CPU1/2 Memory Configuration Displays the auto-detected memory specification.

Main		BIOS SETUP	UTILITY	
CPU1 Memor	ry Configuration	1		
Node0 Spee	ad N/A			
DIMM_A3 DIMM_B1 DIMM_B2	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A			

4.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

		BIOS SETU			
Main Advanced	Server	Power	Boot	Tools	Exit
 CPU Configuration Chipset Configura Onboard Device C USB Configuration PCIPnP Event Log Configuration 	onfiguration				Configure CPU. ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item Enter Go to Sub Screen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61 (0	C) Copyright	1985-201	0, Amerio	can Meg	atrends, Inc.

4.4.1 CPU Configuration

The items in this menu show the CPU-related information that the BIOS automatically detects. Some items may not appear if your CPU does not support the related functions.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY Advanced	
CPU Configuration Module Version:5.1104.1 Socket Count :1 Node Count :1 Core Count :6	Sets the ratio between CPU Core Clock and the FSB Frequency. Note:If an invalid
AMD Opteron(tm) Processor 4122 Revision: D0 Cache L1: 512KB Cache L2: 2048KB Cache L3: 6MB	ratio is set in CMOS then actual and setpoint values may differ.
Speed : 2200MHz, NB Clk: 2200MHz Able to Change Freq. : Yes uCode Patch Level : 0x10000C5 GART Error Reporting [Disabled] Microcode Updation [Enabled] Secure Virtual Machine Mode [Enabled] PowerNow [Enabled] PowerCap [P-state 0] ACPI SRAT Table [Enabled]	←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option FI General Help FI0 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Scroll down for more items.

Advanced	BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
CPU DownCore Mode ClE Support CPU2	[Auto Mode] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Cold Reset is needed after changing option. ↓ Select Screen ↓ Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61	(C)Copyright 1985-2008, American	Megatrends, Inc.

GART Error Reporting [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Microcode Updation [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Secure Virtual Machine Mode [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or diable the Secure Virtual Machine Mode (SVM). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PowerNow [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or diable the generation of ACPI_PPC, ACPI_PSS, and ACPI_PCT objects. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PowerCap [P-state 0]

Allows you to decide the highest performance P-state in OS. Configuration options: [P-state 0] [P-state 1] [P-state 2] [P-state 3] [P-state 4]

ACPI SRAT Table [Enabled]

Enables or diables the building of ACPI SRAT Table. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU DownCore Mode [Auto Mode]

Allows you to select the CPU core. Reset the system after changing the settings. Configuration optitons: [Auto] [Maximum Core Level] [No Leveling] [2 Cores] [4 Cores]

C1E Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Enhanced Halt State support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU2 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the CPU2 function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

4.4.2 Chipset Configuration

The Chipset configuration menu allows you to change advanced chipset settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY Advanced	
Advanced Chipset Settings	Options for NB
 NorthBridge Configuration SouthBridge Configuration SR5670 Configuration 	←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item Enter Go to Sub Screen F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61 (C)Copyright 1985-2010, American Me	gatrends, Inc.

NorthBridge Configuration

Advanced	BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
NorthBridge Chipset Config	uration		
 Memory Configuration ECC Configuration DRAM Timing Configuration 	on		
Memory CLK CAS Latency(Tcl) RAS/CAS Delay(Trcd) Row Precharge Time(Trp) Min Active RAS(Tras) RAS/RAS Delay(Trrd) Row Cycle(Trc) Read to Precharge(Trtp) Write Recover Time(Twr)	:8 CLK , N/A :8 CLK , N/A :8 CLK , N/A :24 CLK , N/A :4 CLK , N/A :32 CLK , N/A	↑↓ +- F1 F10	
v02.61 (C)Copy:	right 1985-2010, American Me	gatrend	ls, Inc.

Memory Configuration

Advanced		
Memory Configuration Bank Interleaving Channel Interleaving CS Sparing Enabled Bank Swizzle Mode Channel B Channel C Channel D	[Auto] [Disabled] [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Enable Bank Memory Interleaving ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Rank Interleaving [Auto]

Allows you to set the rank memory interleaving setting. Configuation options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Node Interleaving [Disabled]

Allows you to set the node memory interleaving setting. Configuation options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Channel Interleaving [Auto]

Allows you to set the channel memory interleaving setting. Configuation options: [Disabled] [Auto]

CS Sparing Enable [Disabled]

Allows you to reserve a spare memory rank in each node. Configuation options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Bank Swizzle Mode [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the bank swizzle mode. Configuation options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Channel B/C/D [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable channel B, C and D. Configuation options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

ECC Configuration

ECC Configuration ECC Mode DRAM ECC Enable DRAM SCRUB REDIRECT 4-Bit ECC Mode DRAM BG Scrub Data Cache BG Scrub L2 Cache BG Scrub L3 Cache BG Scrub	[Basic] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Set the level of ECC protection. Note: The 'Super' ECC mode dynamically sets the DRAM scrub rate so all of memory is scrubbed in 8 hours.
		 ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

ECC Mode [Basic]

Allows you to set the level of ECC protection. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Basic] [Good] [Super] [Max] [User]



The following items become user-configurable when you set ECC Mode to [User].

DRAM ECC Enable [Enabled]

DRAM ECC allows hardware to report and correct memory errors automatically and maintains the system integrity. This item becomes configurable when you set **ECC Mode** to [User]. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

DRAM SCRUB REDIRECT [Disabled]

DRAM SCRUB REDIRECT allows the system to correct DRAM ECC errors immediately when errors occur, even when the background scrubbing is on. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

4-Bit ECC Mode [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the 4-Bit ECC Mode. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

DRAM BG Scrub [Disabled]

DRAM scrubbing corrects the memory errors when the memory is being used and improves performance when the memory is not being used. Configuration options: [Disabled] [40ns] [80ns] [160ns] [320ns] [640ns] [1.28us] [2.56us] [5.12us] [10.2us] [20.5us] [41.0us] [81.9us] [163.8us] [327.7us] [655.4us] [1.31ms] [2.62ms] [5.24ms] [10.49ms] [20.97ms] [42.00ms] [84.00ms]

Data Cache BG Scrub [Disabled]

Allows the L1 Data Cache ram to be corrected while idle. Configuration options: [Disabled] [40ns] [80ns] [160ns] [320ns] [640ns] [1.28us] [2.56us] [5.12us] [10.2us] [20.5us] [41.0us] [81.9us] [163.8us] [327.7us] [655.4us] [1.31ms] [2.62ms] [5.24ms] [10.49ms] [20.97ms] [42.00ms] [84.00ms]

L2 Cache BG Scrub [Disabled]

Allows the L2 Data Cache ram to be corrected while idle. Configuration options: [Disabled] [40ns] [80ns] [160ns] [320ns] [640ns] [1.28us] [2.56us] [5.12us] [10.2us] [20.5us] [41.0us] [81.9us] [163.8us] [327.7us] [655.4us] [1.31ms] [2.62ms] [5.24ms] [10.49ms] [20.97ms] [42.00ms] [84.00ms]

L3 Cache BG Scrub [Disabled]

Allows the L3 Data Cache ram to be corrected while idle. Configuration options: [Disabled] [40ns] [80ns] [160ns] [320ns] [640ns] [1.28us] [2.56us] [5.12us] [10.2us] [20.5us] [41.0us] [81.9us] [163.8us] [327.7us] [655.4us] [1.31ms] [2.62ms] [5.24ms] [10.49ms] [20.97ms] [42.00ms] [84.00ms]

DRAM Timing Configuration

Advanced	BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
DRAM Timing Configuration		Options
DRAM Timing Config	[Auto]	Auto Manual ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help
		F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61 (C)Cop	yright 1985-2010, American Me	egatrends, Inc.

DRAM Timing Config [Auto] Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]

<u>Memory Clock Speed [400 MHz]</u> Allows you to set the memory clock frequency. This item available only when you set **DRAM Timing Config** to [Manual]. Configuration options: [333 MHz] [400 MHz] [533 MHz] [667 MHz]

SouthBridge Configuration

BIOS SETUP UTILITY Advanced	
SouthBridge Chipset Configuration	
SP5100 CIMx Version : 5.6.0	Options for SB HD Azalia
 SB Azalia Audio Configuration SB Debug Configuration 	
OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 0) [Enabled]	
OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 1) [Enabled] EHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 2) [Enabled]	
OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 FH 2) [Enabled] OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 0) [Enabled]	
OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 1) [Enabled]	$\leftrightarrow \rightarrow$ Select Screen
EHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 2) [Enabled] OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 20 Fn 5) [Enabled]	↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option
	+- Change Option F1 General Help
	F10 Save and Exit
	ESC Exit
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SB Azalia Audio Configuration

Advanced	Onchip HD Azalia Configuration	1
HD Audio Azalia Device HD Onboard PIN Config Azalia Front Panel SDIN0 Pin Config SDIN1 Fin Config SDIN2 Pin Config SDIN3 Pin Config Azalia Snoop Azalia Clock Gating	[Auto] [Enabled] [Auto] [Azalia] [Azalia] [Azalia] [Azalia] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Auto : When MIO is installed then MIO will be enabled.
		 ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

HD Audio Azalia Device [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the HD Audio Azalia device. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

HD Onboard PIN Config [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the HD onboard PIN configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Azalia Front Panel [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the Azalia Front Panel. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled]

SDIN0/1/2/3 [Azalia] Configuration options: [GPIO] [Azalia] Azalia Snoop [Disabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Azalia Clock Gating [Disabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SB Debug Configuration

A15 ECOs	[Disabled]	Options
Port 0 ESP	[ISP]	
Port 1 ESP	[ISP]	Disabled
Port 2 ESP	[ISP]	Enabled
Port 3 ESP	[ISP]	Enabled
Port 4 ESP	[ISP]	
Port 5 ESP	[ISP]	
Dis #THRMTRIP Before K		
SATA-IDE Ports Auto Cl		
SATA-AHCI Ports Auto C		
SATA PORTO MODE	[Auto]	
SATA PORT1 MODE	[Auto]	
SATA PORT2 MODE	[Auto]	←→ Select Screen
SATA PORT3 MODE	[Auto]	↑↓ Select Item
SATA PORT4 MODE	[Auto]	+- Change Option
SATA PORT5 MODE	[Auto]	F1 General Help
		F10 Save and Exit
		ESC Exit

A15 ECOs [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Port 0-5 ESP [ISP]

Allows you to decide the ESP help. Configuration options: [ISP] [ESP]

Dis #THRMTRIP Before KBRst [Enabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SATA-IDE Ports Auto Clk Ctrl [Disabled] When set to [Enabled], the clocks for unused SATA ports in IDE will be shut down and the system saves some power. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SATA-AHCI Ports Auto Clk Ctrl [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], the clocks for unused SATA ports in AHCI mode will be shut down and the system saves some power, but the hotplug function for those ports will be unavailable Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SATA PORT 0-5 MODE [Auto]

When set to [GEN1], the SATA ports are forced to run at the GEN1 mode. When set to [Auto], the SATA port runs at the default mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [GEN1]

OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 0); OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 1); EHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 18 Fn 2); OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 0); OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 1); EHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 19 Fn 2); OHCI HC (Bus 0 Dev 20 Fn 5) [Enabled]

Configuraiton options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SR5670 Configuration

Advanced	BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
SR5650 Configuration			
 PCI Express Configuration Hyper Transport Configuration 		PCI Express Configuration	
IOMMU	[Disabled]		
VGA ROM Boot Priority	[PCIE VGA Card]		
Debug Options		←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item	
		+- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit	
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PCI Express Configuration

PCIE Slot 2/4/5 Features; PIKE Slot/PCIE Slot 7 Features

Gen2 High Speed Mode [Auto]

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Software Initiated] [Advertised RC]

Link ASPM [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [L0s] [L1] [L0s & L1] [L0s Downstream] [L0s Downstream + L1]

Compliance Mode [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Lane Reversal [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

NB-SB Port Features

NB-SB Link ASPM [L1] Configuration options: [Disabled] [L1]

NP NB-SB VC1 Traffic Support [Disabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Compliance Mode [Disabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

PCIE Slot 2/4 Core Setting; PCIE Slot 5 Core Setting; PIKE Slot/PCIE Slot 7 Core Setting

Powerdown Unused lanes [Enabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Turn Off PLL During L1/L23 [Enabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

TX Drive Strength [Auto] Configuration options: [Auto] [26mA] [20mA] [22mA] [24mA]

TXCLK Clock Gating in L1 [Enabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

LCLK Clock Gating in L1 [Enabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

SB Core Setting

TX Drive Strength [Auto] Configuration options: [Auto] [26mA] [20mA] [22mA] [24mA]

TXCLK Clock Gating in L1 [Enabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

LCLK Clock Gating in L1 [Enabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Hyper Transport Configuration

HT Extended Address [Disabled] Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

HT3 Link Power State [Auto] Configuration options: [Auto] [LS0] [LS1] [LS2] [LS3]

<u>UnitID Clumping [Auto]</u> Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [UnitID 2/3] [UnitID B/C] [UnitID 2/3&B/C] HT Link Tristate [Auto] Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [CAD/CTL] [CAD/CTL/CLK]

NB Deempasies Level [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [-0.4dB] [-1.32dB] [-2.08dB] [-3.1dB] [-4.22dB] [-5.50dB] [-7.05dB]

IOMMU [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

VGA ROM Boot Priority [PCIE VGA Card]

Allows you to set the VGA ROM boot priority. Configuration options: [PCIE VGA Card] [Onboard VGA]

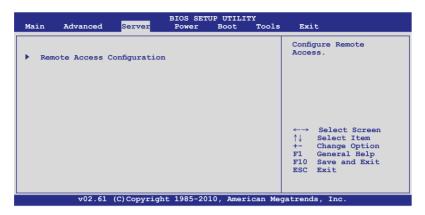
Debug Option

Memory Decode on Sec. GFX [Disabled] Configuration options: [Disabled] [Force]

IOC Peer-to-Peer Mode [Auto] Configuration options: [Auto] [Default] [Mode 1] [Mode 2]

<u>Northbridge interrupt pin [Disabled]</u> Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

4.5 Server menu



4.5.1 Remote Access Configuration

The items in this menu allows you to configure the Remote Access features. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

Server	BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Configure Remote Access type a	and parameters	Select Remote Access type.
Remote Access	[Enabled]	
Base Address, IRQ Serial Port Mode	[57600 8,n,1] [Hardware]	
		 ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item ← Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02 61 (C)Copyrig	ht 1985-2010, American M	legatrends. Inc

Remote Access [Enabled]

Enables or disables the remote access feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appear only when Remote Access is set to [Enabled].

Serial port number [COM2]

Selects the serial port for console redirection. Configuration options: [COM1] [COM2]

> Base Address. IRQ [2F8h, 3] This item is not user-configurable and changes with the configuration of Serial port number.

Serial Port Mode [57600 8,n,1]

Sets the Serial port mode. Configuration options: [115200 8,n,1] [57600 8,n,1] [38400 8,n,1] [19200 8,n,1] [09600 8,n,1]

Flow Control [Hardware]

Allows you to select the flow control for console redirection. Configuration options: [None] [Hardware] [Software]

Redirection After BIOS POST [Disabled]

Sets the redirection mode after the BIOS Power-On Self-Test (POST). Some operating system may not work when set to [Always]. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Boot Loader] [Always]

Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to select the target terminal type. Configuration options: [ANSI] [VT100] [VT-UTF8]

4.6 Power menu

Main Advanced Server	BIOS SETUP UTILITY Power Boot Tools	Exit
Suspend Mode Repost Video on S3 Resume ACPI 2.0 Support ACPI APIC support APM Configuration Hardware Monitor	[Auto] [No] [ACPI v2.0] [Enabled]	 Select the ACPI state used for System Suspend. Suspend.
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4.6.1 Suspend Mode [Auto]

Allows you to select the ACPI state used for system suspend. Configuration options: [S1 (POS) only] [S3 only] [Auto]

4.6.2 Repost Video on S3 Resume [No]

Allows you to determine whether to incoke VGA BIOS post on S3/STR resume. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

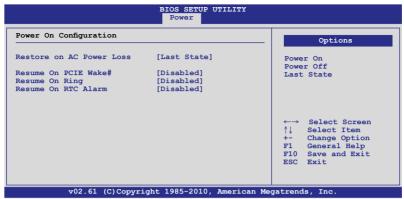
4.6.3 ACPI 2.0 Support [ACPI v2.0]

Specifies the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) version supported. Configuration options: [ACPI v1.0] [ACPI v2.0] [ACPI v3.0]

4.6.4 ACPI APIC Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) support in the Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller (APIC). When set to [Enabled], the ACPI APIC table pointer is included in the RSDT pointer list. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

4.6.5 APM Configuration



Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]

When set to [Power Off], the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to [Power On], the system will reboot after an AC power loss. When set to [Last State], the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

Resume On PCIE Wake# [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Disabled] Disables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

Resume On Ring [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Ring to generate a wake event.

[Disabled] Disables the Ring to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the Ring to generate a wake event.

Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RTC to generate a wake-up event. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appear only when the **Resume On RTC Alarm** item is set to [Enabled].

RTC Alarm Date [15]

To set the alarm date, highlight this item and press the <+> or <-> key to make the selection.

System Time [12:30:30]

Use the <ENTER>, <TAB> or <SHIFT-TAB> key to select a field. Use the <+> or <-> key to configure alarm time.

4.6.6 Hardware Monitor

	BIOS SETUP UTILITY Power	
Hardware Monitor	<u>*</u>	CPU1 Temperature
CPU1 Temperature CPU2 Temperature TR1 Temperature TR2 Temperature TR2 Temperature CPU Fan1 Speed CPU Fan2 Speed Front Fan2 Speed Front Fan3 Speed Rear Fan2 Speed Fan Speed Control VCORE1 VCORE2 P1DDR3 Voltage P2DDR3 Voltage P1_+1.2V Voltage	[35°C/ 94°F] [N/A Re] [N/A] [1.052 V] [1.180 V] [1.204 V]	 ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item ← Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61	(C)Copyright 1985-2010, American M	egatrends, Inc.

Scroll down for more items.

P2 +1.2V Voltage	[1.204 V]	
P1 VDDNB Voltage	[1.090 V]	
+1.8V Voltage	[1.826 V]	
+1.2V Voltage	[1.170 V]	
+1.1V Voltage	[1.084 V]	
+12V Voltage	[11.952 V]	←→ Select Screen
+5V Voltage	[5.043 V]	↑↓ Select Item
+3.3V Voltage	[3.228 V]	+- Change Option
+5VSB Voltage	[5.075 V]	F1 General Help
+3.3VSB Voltage	[3.240 V]	F10 Save and Exit
VBAT Voltage	[3.000 V]	ESC Exit
v02.61	(C)Copyright 1985-2010, American I	Megatrends. Inc.

CPU1/CPU2/TR1/TR2 Temperature [xxx°C/xxx°F]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the motherboard component and CPU temperatures. Select [Ignored] if you do not wish to display the detected temperatures.

CPU Fan1/2; Front Fan1–4; Rear Fan1/2 Speed [xxxxRPM] or [Ignored] / [N/A]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the speed of CPU fans, front fans, and rear fans in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows [N/A].

Fan Speed Control [Generic Mode]

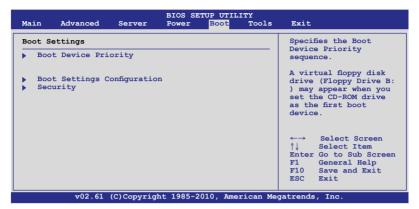
Allows you to configure the ASUS Smart Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation. Configuration options: [Full Speed Mode] [Whisper Mode] [Generic Mode] [High Density Mode]

VCORE1/2 Voltage, P1/2DDR3 Voltage, P1_+1.2V Voltage, P2_+1.2V Voltage, P1_VDDNB Voltage, +1.8V Voltage, +1.2V Voltage, +1.1V Voltage, +12V Voltage, +5V Voltage, +3.3V Voltage, +5VSB Voltage, +3.3VSB Voltage, VBAT Voltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators. Select [Ignored] if you do not want to detect this item.

4.7 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



4.7.1 Boot Device Priority

Joot Device Priority st Boot Device [Removable Dev.] nd Boot Device [ATAPI CD-ROM] rd Boot Device [Hard Drive] th Boot Device [Network:B02 D00 Yu] th Boot Device [Network:B03 D00 Yu]	
	Specifies the Boot Device Priority sequence. A device enclosed in parenthesis has been disabled in the corresponding type menu. ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item
v02.61 (C)Copyright 1985-2010, American Me	+- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

1st-xxth Boot Device [XXXXXXX]

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Configuration options: [xxxxx Drive] [Disabled]

4.7.2 Hard Disk Drives; CDROM Drives

These two items appear only when you install more than two hard disk drives or optical drives to you system. These items allows you to specify the boot priority sequence of the hard disk drives or the optical drives.

4.7.3 Boot Settings Configuration

Boot Settings Configuration		Allows BIOS to skip
Quick Boot Full Screen Logo AddOn ROM Display Mode Bootup Num-Lock Wait For 'F1' If Error Hit 'DEL' Message Display Interrupt 19 Capture Boot Device Seeking	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Force BIOS] [On] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system.
		 ←→ Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Quick Boot [Enabled]

Enabling this item allows the BIOS to skip some power on self tests (POST) while booting to decrease the time needed to boot the system. When set to [Disabled], BIOS performs all the POST items. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Full Screen Logo [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



Set this item to [Enabled] to use the ASUS MyLogo2™ feature.

AddOn ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]

Allows you to set the display mode for Options ROM. Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

Wait For 'F1' If Error [Enabled]

When set to [Enabled], the system waits for the <F1> key to be pressed when error occurs. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Hit 'DEL' Message Display [Enabled]

When set to [Enabled], the system displays the message "Press DEL to run Setup" during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Interrupt 19 Capture [Enabled]

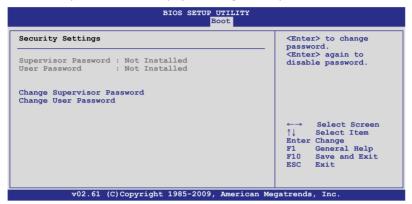
Allows the option ROMs to trap interrupt 19. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Boot Device Seeking [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

4.7.4 Security

The Security menu items allow you to change the system security settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



Change Supervisor Password

Select this item to set or change the supervisor password. The **Supervisor Password** item on top of the screen shows the default **Not Installed**. After you set a password, this item shows **Installed**.

To set a Supervisor Password:

- 1. Select the Change Supervisor Password item and press < Enter>.
- 2. From the password box, type a password composed of at least six letters and/or numbers, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you successfully set your password.

To change the supervisor password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

To clear the supervisor password, select the **Change Supervisor Password** then press <Enter>. The message "Password Uninstalled" appears.



If you forget your BIOS password, you can clear it by erasing the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM. See section **2.6 Jumper** for information on how to erase the RTC RAM.

After you have set a supervisor password, the other items appear to allow you to change other security settings.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY Boot	
Supervisor Password : Installed User Password : Not Installed	<pre><enter> to change password. <enter> again to</enter></enter></pre>
Change Supervisor Password	disable password.
User Access Level [Full Access] Change User Password	
Password Check [Setup]	

User Access Level [Full Access]

This item allows you to select the access restriction to the Setup items. Configuration options: [No Access] [View Only] [Limited] [Full Access]

No Access prevents user access to the Setup utility.

View Only allows access but does not allow change to any field.

Limited allows changes only to selected fields, such as Date and Time.

Full Access allows viewing and changing all the fields in the Setup utility.

Change User Password

Select this item to set or change the user password. The **User Password** item on top of the screen shows the default **Not Installed**. After you set a password, this item shows Installed.

To set a User Password:

- 1. Select the Change User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. On the password box that appears, type a password composed of at least six letters and/or numbers, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you set your password successfully.

To change the user password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

Password Check [Setup]

When set to [Setup], BIOS checks for user password when accessing the Setup utility. When set to [Always], BIOS checks for user password both when accessing Setup and booting the system. Configuration options: [Setup] [Always]

4.8 Tools menu

The Tools menu items allow you to configure options for special functions. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the submenu.

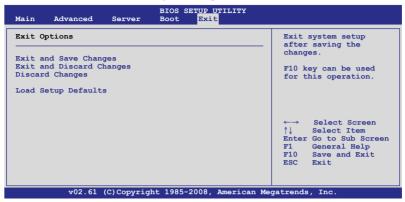
Main	Advanced	Server	BIOS SE Power	TUP UTILI Boot	TY Tools	Exit
ASUS E	2 Flash 2					<pre>Press ENTER to run the utility to select and update BIOS. This utility supports 1. FAT 12/16/32 (r/w) 2. NTFS (read only) 3. CD-DISC (read only)</pre>
						ESC Exit
	v02.61 (C)Copyright 1985-2010, American Megatrends, Inc.					gatrends, Inc.

4.8.1 ASUS EZ Flash 2

Allows you to run ASUS EZ Flash 2. When you press <Enter>, a confirmation message appears. Use the left/right arrow key to select between [OK] or [Cancel], then press <Enter> to confirm your choice. Check section **4.1.1 ASUS EZ Flash 2 utility** for details.

4.9 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to load the optimal or failsafe default values for the BIOS items, and save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.





 $\label{eq:Pressing} Pressing < Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.$

Exit and Save Changes

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved to the CMOS RAM. An onboard backup battery sustains the CMOS RAM so it stays on even when the PC is turned off. When you select this option, a confirmation window appears. Select **YES** to save changes and exit.



If you attempt to exit the Setup program without saving your changes, the program prompts you with a message asking if you want to save your changes before exiting. Press <Enter> to save the changes while exiting.

Exit and Discard Changes

Select this option only if you do not want to save the changes that you made to the Setup program. If you made changes to fields other than System Date, System Time, and Password, the BIOS asks for a confirmation before exiting.

Discard Changes

This option allows you to discard the selections you made and restore the previously saved values. After selecting this option, a confirmation appears. Select **YES** to discard any changes and load the previously saved values.

Load Setup Defaults

This option allows you to load the default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. When you select this option or if you press <F5>, a confirmation window appears. Select **YES** to load default values. Select **Exit & Save Changes** or make other changes before saving the values to the non-volatile RAM.

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating, and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

RAID configuration

Chapter summary

Chap	oter summary	5
5.1	Setting up RAID	5-3
5.2	FastBuild Utility	5-5

5.1 Setting up RAID

5.1.1 RAID definitions

RAID 0 (*Data striping*) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

RAID 1 (*Data mirroring*) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 10 is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

RAID 5 stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.

JBOD (Spanning) stands for Just a Bunch of Disks and refers to hard disk drives that are not yet configured as a RAID set. This configuration stores the same data redundantly on multiple disks that appear as a single disk on the operating system. Spanning does not deliver any advantage over using separate disks independently and does not provide fault tolerance or other RAID performance benefits.

SPAN helps to combine the capacity of multiple physical disk drives into one single large drive volume, making the small-sized disk drives more useful. The disk drives in this mode need not to be identical in size or speed.



If you want to boot the system from a hard disk drive included in a created RAID set, copy first the RAID driver from the support CD to a floppy disk before you install an operating system to the selected hard disk drive.

5.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports Serial ATA for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for RAID configuration:

- 1. Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays following the instructions in the system user guide.
- 2. Connect a SATA signal cable to the signal connector at the back of each drive and to the SATA connector on the motherboard.
- 3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

5.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must set the RAID item in the BIOS Setup before you can create a RAID set from SATA hard disk drives attached to the SATA connectors supported by AMD SP5100 chipset. To do this:

- 1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
- 2. Go to the Main Menu > Storage Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set SATA Port1-4 to [RAID] and SATA Port5-6 will be set to [RAID] too.
- 4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS Setup.



Refer to Chapter 4 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

5.2 FastBuild Utility

The FastBuild Utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 ,and RAID 5, SPAN and JBOD set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Promise RAID.

To enter the FastBuild Utility:

- 1. Install all the Serial ATA hard disk drives at Red SATA Connector.
- 2. Turn on the system.
- 3. During POST, press <Ctrl> + <F> to enter the utility main menu.

FastBuild (tm) Utility (c)) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.	
	[Main Menu] View Drive Assignment[1] LD View / LD Define Menu[2] Delete LD Menu[3] Controller Configuration[4]	
	[Keys Available]	
Press 14 to Select C	Option	[ESC]Exit

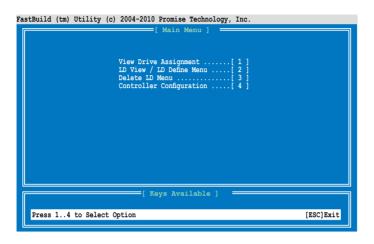


The RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.

5.2.1 Creating a RAID set (RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, RAID 5, SPAN or JBOD)

To create a RAID set:

1. From the main control panel, press <2> to to enter the LD View Menu.



FastBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.



2. Press <Ctrl> + <C> to define an LD and use <Spacebar> to select a desired RAID mode.

LD No LD :			Mode Drv AID 1 0	
Gigal	pe Block 128 byte Boundary ON Policy NA		tialization Fa	ist The Thru
		rives Assignments	-	
Port:ID	Drive Model	Capabilities		Assignment
01:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXXXX	SATA 3G	250.05	N
02:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXXXX	SATA 3G	250.05	N
03:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXXXX	SATA 3G	250.05	N
04:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXXXX	SATA 3G	250.05	N
[Keys Available] [^] Up [↓] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page [Space] Change Option [Ctrl+Y] Save [ESC] Exit				

3. Use <Spacebar> to set Read Policy to Read Cache and Write Policy to WriteBack.

LD N		[LD Define Menu	52.	
Gigal	pe Block 128 pyte Boundary ON Policy Read		Initialization Fa	ast riteBack
Port:ID 01:01 02:01 03:01 04:01	Drive Model HDTXXXXXXXXXXXX HDTXXXXXXXXXXXXX HDTXXXXXXXXXX	rives Assignmen Capabilities SATA 3G SATA 3G SATA 3G SATA 3G SATA 3G	Capacity(GB) 250.05 250.05	N N
		Keys Available Switch Page [a] Space] Change Optio	

4. After you have selected the desired RAID mode, use the down arrow key to select desired disks for the RAID set.

LD N		E LD Define M	enu] RAID Mode Dr	v 1
Giga	pe Block byte Boundary Policy	ON	Initialization Write Policy	
Port:ID 01:01 02:01 03:01 04:01	Drive Model HDTXXXXXXXXXXX HDTXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	Capabilit Capabilit X SATA 3G X SATA 3G X SATA 3G X SATA 3G X SATA 3G	ies Capacity 250 250 250 250	.05 Y .05 N .05 N
[Keys Available] [†] Up [↓] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page [Space] Change Option [Ctrl+Y] Save [ESC] Exit				

5. After you have selected desired disks for the RAID set, press <Ctrl> + <Y> to start building the RAID set.

astBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.				
	b LD Name L Logical Dri	ve 1	RAID Mode Drv RAID 1 2	
Gigał	byte Boundary	ON	Initialization Write Policy	
Port:ID Dri 01:01 HDT 02:01 HDT 03:01 HDT 04:01 HDT 04:01 HDT				
[Keys Available] [^] Up [↓] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page [Space] Change Option [Ctrl+Y] Save [ESC] Exit				

6. Press <Ctrl> + <Y> again and enter the LD name. Press <Enter> to continue.

Fa	FastBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.					
Ī	[LD Define Menu]					
	LD No LD Name RAID Mode Drv					
	LD 1 Logical Drive 1 RAID 1 2					
	Stripe Block 128 KB Initialization Fast					
	Gigabyte Boundary ON Read Policy Read Cache Write Policy WriteBack					
	[Drives Assignments]					
	Port:ID Drive Model Capabilities Capacity(GB) Assignm 01:01 HDTXXXXXXXXX SATA 3G 250.05	v				
	02:01 HDTXXXXXXXXX SATA 3G 250.05	Ŷ				
	03:0	N				
	04:01 Enter the LD name here: XXXX	N				
[Keys Available]						
	<pre>[↑] Up [] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page [Space] Change Option [Ctrl+Y] Save [ESC] Exit</pre>					

7. All the data on the selected disk drives will be deleted. Press <Ctrl> + <Y> to continue.

astBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.				
	o LD Name 1 Logical Dri	[LD Define	Menu] RAID Mode Drv RAID 1 2	
Giga	pe Block byte Boundary Policy	ON	Initialization Write Policy	
Port: ID Dri 01:01 HDT It wil crase the MBR data of the disks. 02:01 HDT <press are="" ctrl-y="" erase="" if="" it="" key="" sure="" to="" you=""> 03:01 HDT <press any="" ignore="" key="" option="" other="" this="" to=""> N</press></press>				
[Keys Available] [^] Up [] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page [Space] Change Option [Ctrl+Y] Save [ESC] Exit				

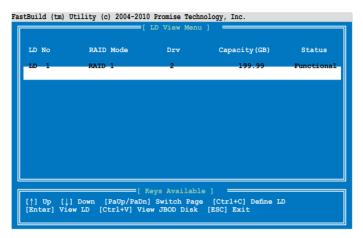
8. Press <Ctrl> + <Y> to modify the disk array size or press any other key to use all the available capacity of the disk drive.

	• • • • •	04-2010 Promise I	Menu]	
	b LD Name l Logical Driv	e 1	RAID Mode Drv RAID 1 2	
	pe Block oyte Boundary	128 KB ON	Initialization	Fast
Read	Policy	Read Cache	Write Policy	WriteBack
		=[Drives Assig	nments 1	
Port:ID	Drive Model		ties Capacity(GB	3) Assignment
01:01	HDTXXXXXXXXX			
02:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXX			
03:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXX			
04:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXX	KX SATA 3	G 250.05	5 N
Press Ctrl-Y to Modify Array Capacity or press any other key to use maximum capacity				
	↓] Down [PaUp/] tializing	PaDn] Switch Pa	ge [Space] Change Opt	tion

9. Use the number keys to enter your desired array capacity.

FastBuild (tm) Utility (c) 20	04-2010 Promise Technol	logy, inc.			
	[LD Define Menu]				
LD No LD Name	RA	ID Mode Drv			
LD 1 Logical Driv	e 1	RAID 1 2			
String Block	128 KB In	itialization	Fast		
Stripe Block Gigabyte Boundary		ittialization	Fast		
		ite Policy	WriteBack		
	[Drives Assignments	s]			
Port:ID Drive Model	Capabilities	Capacity (G	B) Assignment		
01:01 HDTXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		250.0			
02:01 HDTXXXXXXXXXXX	XX SATA 3G	250.0			
03:01 04:01 Enter array ca	pacity (in GB) here:	200	N N		
04:01 Encer array ca	derey (in ob) here.	200	N		
[Keys Available]					
[↑] Up [↓] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page [Space] Change Option					
[0-9] Input Capacity [Enter] Save [BackSpace] Delete [Esc] Exit					

10. The RAID set has been built successfully and press <Enter> to view the content.



11. Press any key to return to the main control panel.

FastBuild (tr		2004-2010 Promise			
LD N LD	o LD Name 1 RAID1		RAID Mode RAID 1	Drv 2	Capacity(GB) 199.99
	ce Block Policy	NA Read Cache	Write Polic	Y	WriteBack
		[Drives Assi			
Port:ID 01:01		XXXX SATA	3G -	ity(GB 250.05	
02:01	HDTXXXXXXXX	XXXX SATA	3G	250.05	
	Any Key To Continue				

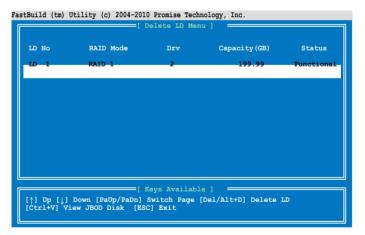
5.2.2 Deleting a RAID set

To delete a RAID set:

1. From the main control panel, press <3> to to enter the **Delete LD Menu**.

FastBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2004-2010 Promise Technology,	Inc.
[Main Menu] View Drive Assignment[LD View / LD Define Menu[Delete LD Menu[Controller Configuration[2] 3]
[Keys Available] =	
Press 14 to Select Option	[ESC]Exit

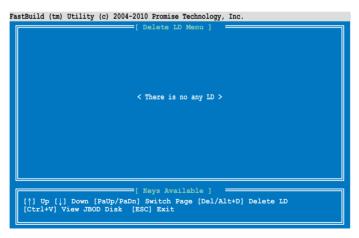
2. Select the RAID set you would like to delete and press /<Alt>+<D> to delete the selected RAID set.



3. Press <Ctrl>+<Y> to confirm and delete the selected RAID set.

Fa	stBuild (tm)	Utility (c	:) 2004-2010	Promise Tech	nology,	Inc.		
I			[View]	LD Definition	Menu]	-		
		LD Name RAID1			RAID M RAID		Drv 2	Capacity(GB) 199.99
		a Block Policy	NA NA		Write	Policy		WriteThru
	Port:ID	Drive Mode		ves Assignme Capabilitie		Capaci	tv (GB)
		HDTXXXXXX		SATA 3G			50.05	
	02:01	HDTXXXXXX	CXXXXX	SATA 3G			50.05	
				lete the da		the dis	k!	
		or press	any other	key to abo	rt			_

4. The selected RAID set has been deleted.



5.2.3 Viewing the Drive Assignment

To view the drive assignment:

1. From the main control panel, press <1> to to enter the **Drive Assignment Menu**.

astBuild (tm) Utility (c	e) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.	
	[Main Menu] View Drive Assignment[1] LD View / LD Define Menu[2] Delete LD Menu[3] Controller Configuration[4]	
Press 14 to Select	[Keys Available]	[ESC]Exit
Fless 14 to select		[ESC]EXIC

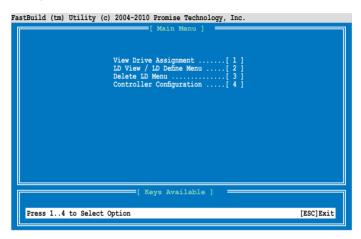
2. The drive assignment is displayed as shown.

FastBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.						
Port:ID 01:01	Drive Model HDTXXXXXXXXXXXXX	Capabilities SATA 3G	Capacity(GB) 250.05	Assignment		
02:01	Extent 1 HDTXXXXXXXXXXXX Extent 1	SATA 3G	249.99 250.05 249.99	Free		
03:01 04:01	HDTXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	SATA 3G SATA 3G	250.05 249.99 250.05	Free		
04:01	Extent 1	SAIA 3G	230.03	Free		
[Keys Available]						
[Ctrl+H] Full Erase [ESC] Exit [↑] Up [↓] Down [PaUp/PaDn] Switch Page						

5.2.4 Viewing the Controller Configuration

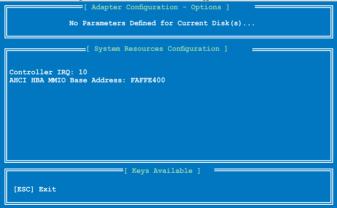
To view the controller configuration:

1. From the main control panel, press <4> to to enter the **Controller Configuration Menu**.



2. The system resources configuration is displayed as shown.

FastBuild (tm) Utility (c) 2004-2010 Promise Technology, Inc.





This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.



Chapter summary



6.1	RAID driver installation	6-3
6.2	AMD Processor Driver installation	6-15
6.3	LAN driver installation	6-19
6.4	ATI SM Bus controller driver installation	6-23
6.5	Display driver installation	6-24
6.6	Management application and utilities installation	6-27

6.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

> The RAID card driver might be included in the Linux OS installation CD, and could be loaded automatically during the OS installation. However, we recommend you use the RAID driver packaged in the RAID card support CD for a better reliability.

6.1.1 Creating a RAID driver disk



The system does not include a floppy drive. You have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk.



When you use a SATA optical drive and PROMISE RAID, you cannot boot into FreeDOS using this support CD. Either reset **SATA Port1-4** in BIOS to [IDE] and boot again or create the RAID driver in another computer.

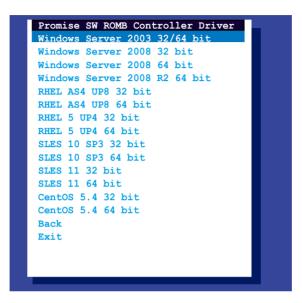
A floppy disk with the RAID driver is required when installing Windows[®] or Red Hat[®] Enterprise operating system on a hard disk drive that is included in a RAID set. You can create a RAID driver disk in DOS (using the Makedisk application in the support DVD).

To create a RAID driver disk in DOS environment

- 1. Place the motherboard support DVD in the optical drive.
- 2. Restart the computer, and then enter the BIOS Setup.
- 3. Select the optical drive as the first boot priority to boot from the support DVD. Save your changes, and then exit the BIOS Setup.
- 4. Restart the computer. The Makedisk menu appears.



5. Use the arrow keys to select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create and press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu.



- 6. Locate the RAID driver and place a blank, high-density floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- 7. Press <Enter>.
- 8. Follow screen instructions to create the driver disk.

6.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

Windows® Server OS

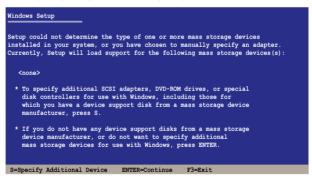
During Windows[®] Server OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows® Server OS:

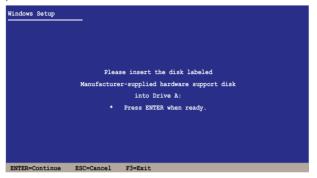
1. Boot the computer using the Windows[®] Server installation DVD. The Windows[®] Server OS Setup starts.



- 2. Press <F6> when the message "Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver..." appears at the bottom of the screen.
- 3. When prompted, press <S> to specify an additional device.



4. Insert the RAID driver disk you created earlier to the floppy disk drive, then press <Enter>.



- 5. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list, then press <Enter>.
- 6. The Windows[®] Setup loads the RAID controller drivers from the RAID driver disk. When prompted, press <Enter> to continue installation.
- 7. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow screen instructions to continue.

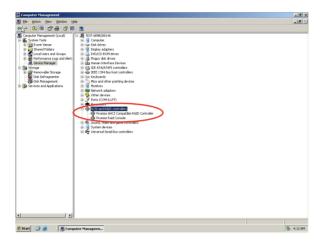
To an existing Windows[®] Server OS

To install the RAID controller driver on an existing Windows® Server OS

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log in with Administrator privileges.
- 2. Windows[®] automatically detects the RAID controller and displays a **New Hardware Found** window. Click **Cancel**.
- 3. Right-click the **My Computer** icon on the Windows[®] desktop, and then select **Properties** from the menu.
- 4. Click the **Hardware** tab, and then click the **Device Manager** button to display the list of devices installed in the system.
- 5. Right-click the **RAID controller** item, then select **Properties**.
- 6. Click the **Driver** tab, and then click the **Update Driver** button.
- 7. The Upgrade Device Driver Wizard window appears. Click Next.
- 8. Insert the RAID driver disk you created earlier to the floppy disk drive.
- 9. Select the option **Install the software automatically (Recommended)**, and then click **Next**.
- 10. The wizard searches the RAID controller drivers. When found, click **Next** to install the drivers.
- 11. Click **Finish** after the driver installation is done.

To verify the RAID controller driver installation:

- 1. Right-click the **My Computer** icon on the Windows[®] desktop, and then select **Properties** from the menu.
- 2. Click the Hardware tab, and then click the Device Manager button.
- 3. Click the "+" sign before the item SCSI and RAID controllers, and then the **Promise AHCI Compatible RAID Controller** item should appear.





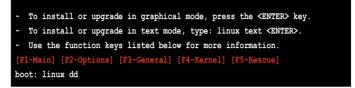
The screen differs based on the controller.

- 4. Right-click the **RAID controller** driver item, and then select **Properties** from the menu.
- 5. Click the **Driver** tab, and then click the **Driver Details** button to display the RAID controller drivers.
- 6. Click **OK** when finished.

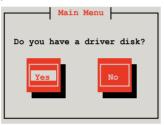
Red Hat[®] Enterprise Linux OS 4.7/4.8

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Red Hat® Enterprise OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the Red Hat® OS installation CD.
- 2. At the boot:, type linux dd.
- 3. Press <Enter>.



4. Select **Yes** using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk, then press <Enter>.



5. Press <Enter> to continue.



6. Select **No** and press <Enter> to continue.



7. Select **Skip** and press <Enter> to continue.

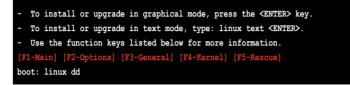


8. Follow the onscreen instructions to finish installing the RedHat operating system.

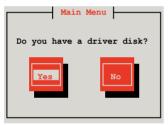
Red Hat[®] Enterprise Linux OS 5.0

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Red Hat® Enterprise OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the Red Hat® OS installation CD.
- 2. At the boot:, type linux dd
- 3. Press <Enter>.



 Select Yes using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk, then press <Enter>.



5. Insert the Red Hat[®] Enterprise RAID driver disk to the floppy disk drive, select **OK**, then press <Enter>.



The drivers for the RAID card are installed to the system.

6. When asked if you will load additional RAID controller drivers, select **No**, then press <Enter>.

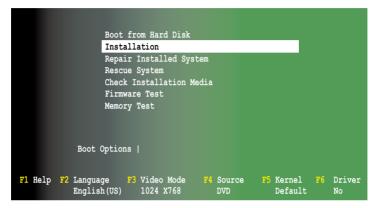


7. Follow the onscreen instructions to finish the OS installation.

SUSE Linux 11 OS

To install the RAID controller driver when installing SUSE Linux Enterprise Server OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the SUSE OS installation CD.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select Installation from the Boot Options menu.



3. Press <F6>, then select Yes from the menu. Press <Enter>.

	Boot	from Hard Disk			
	Inst	allation			
	Repa	ir Installed Sys	tem		
	Resc	ue System			
	Chec	k Installation M	edia		
	Firm	ware Test			
	Memo	ory Test			
					Yes
	Boot Optic	ns			No File
					URL
<mark>F1</mark> Help	F2 Language English(US)	F3 Video Mode 1024 X768	F4 Source DVD	F5 Kernel Default	F6 Driver No

4. Insert the RAID driver disk to the floppy disk drive. Type the command **acpi=off apic=bigsmp brokenmodules=ahci** in **Boot Options** field, and press <Enter>.

	Boot from Hard Disk				
	Installation				
	Repair Installed System				
	Rescue System				
	Check Installation Media				
	Firmware Test				
	Memory Test	Memory Test			
	Boot Options acpi=off apic=bigsmp brokenmodules=ahci				
<mark>F1</mark> Help	2 Language F3 Video Mode F4 Source F5 Kernel English(US) 1024 X768 DVD Default				

5. When below screen appears, select the USB floppy disk drive (sda) as the driver update medium. Select **OK**, then press <Enter>.

Please choose the Driver Update medium.
sda: USB Floppy Other device
Back

6. The drivers for the RAID controller are installed to the system as shown below.

Please choose the Driver Update medium.					
<pre>sda: USB Floppy sr0: CD-ROM, ASUS DRW-1612BLT sdb: Disk, Promise 1X2 Morror/RAID1 sd3: Disk, Promise RAID Console other device</pre>					
OK					

7. Select **Back** and follow the onscreen instructions to finish the installation.

6.2 AMD Processor Driver installation

This section provides instructions on how to install the Plug and Play components for the AMD^{B} processor driver on the system.

You need to manually install the AMD[®] processor driver on a Windows XP/7, Server 2003/2008 R2 operating system. To install the AMD[®] processor driver:

- 1. Restart the computer, then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.

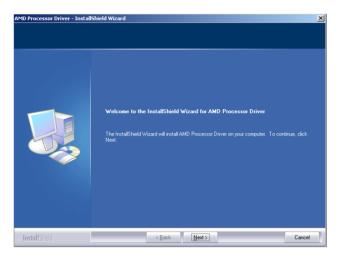


If **Autorun** is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **AUTORUN.EXE** and double-click the **AUTORUN.EXE** and follow step 4 to run the installation.

3. Click the item AMD Processor Driver from the menu.



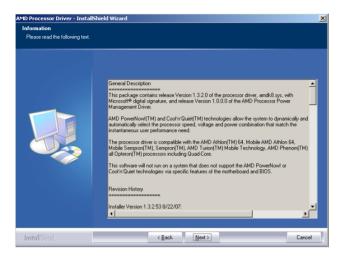
4. The **AMD Processor Driver** window appears. Click **Next** to start the installation.



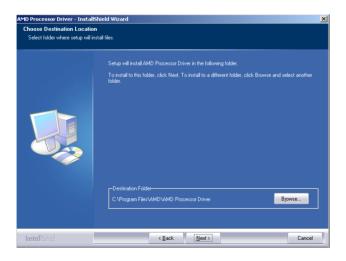
5. Read the License Agreement and click Yes to continue.



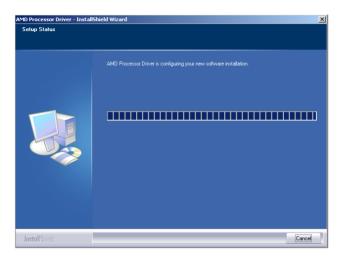
6. Read the Information and click Next to continue.



7. Choose the destination location and click Next to start the installation.



8. AMD Processor Driver is configuring your new software installation.



9. Click **Yes**, I want to restart my computer now and click **Finish** to complete the installation.

MD Processor Driver - Install	Shield Wizard
	InstallShield Wizard Complete
	The InstallSheld Wizard has successfully installed AMD Processor Driver. Before you can use the program, you must restart your computer.
	 Yes, I want to restart my computer now. No, I will restart my computer later.
	Remove any disks from their drives, and then click Finish to complete setup.
InstallShield	< <u>B</u> ack Finish Cancel

6.3 LAN driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install $\mathsf{Intel}^{^{(\!\!\!\!)}}\mathsf{Gigabit}\,\mathsf{LAN}$ controller drivers.

To install the Intel[®] Gigabit LAN controller driver on a Windows[®] OS:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If **Autorun** is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **AUTORUN.EXE** and double-click the **AUTORUN.EXE** and follow step 4 to run the installation.

3. Click Intel[®] PRO/1000 Gigabit Adapters Driver.

ASUS Server 56x0 Series Support DV	D - Windows Server 2003 32 bit
Drivers Utilities Make Disk	Contact
Drivers Please select items on the right side.	S ASUS InstAll - Drivers Installation Wizard AMD Processor Driver Intel Network Connections Software ASPEED AST2050 Display Driver ATI SM Bus Controller Driver
O.D. M	Intel PR0/1000 Gigabit Adapters Driver

4. When the Intel[®] PRO Network Connections – InstallShield Wizard window appears, click Next to start the installation.

🙀 Intel(R) Network Connections - InstallShield Wizard	×
Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for Intel(R) Network Connections	(intel)
Installs drivers, Intel(R) PROSet for Windows* Device Manager, and Advanced Networking Services.	
WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.	
InstaliShield	Cancel

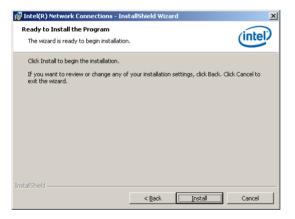
5. Click I accept the terms in the license agreement and then click Next to continue.



6. Select the programs you want to install and click **Next** to continue.

Intel(R) Network Connections	×
Setup Options Select the program features you want installed.	(intel)
Install:	
Feature Description	Next > Cancel

7. Click **Install** to start the installation.



8. The programs you select are being installed.

🙀 Intel(R) I	Network Connections - Instal	IShield Wizard		
-	Intel(R) Network Connection ram features you selected are be			(intel)
1 1 1	Please wait while the InstallShiel Connections. This may take seve		Intel(R) Network	
	Status:			
InstallShield -				
ne ne sorral i Horidi		< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

9. Click **Finish** to finish the installation.



6.4 ATI SM Bus controller driver installation

This section provides instructions on how to install the ATI SM Bus driver on the system.

You need to manually install the ATI SMBus driver on a Windows $^{\! @}$ XP / Server 2003 operating system. To install the driver:

- 1. Restart the computer, then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **AUTORUN.EXE** and double-click the **AUTORUN.EXE** to run the support DVD.

3. Click the item **ATI SM Bus Controller Driver** from the menu, and then follow the onscreen instructions to complete the installation.



6.5 Display driver installation

This section provides instructions on how to install the ASPEED display driver.

You need to manually install the ASPEED display driver on a Windows® operating system.

To install the ASPEED display driver

- 1. Restart the computer, then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.
- 4. Click ASPEED AST2050 Display Driver.



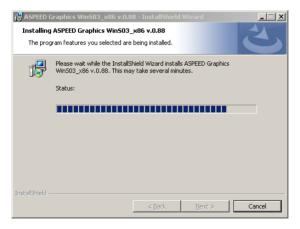
4. When the **ASPEED InstallShield Wizard** window appears, click **Next** to continue.



5. Click **Install** to start the installation.



6. The system installs the driver automatically.



7. When the installation completes, click **Finish** to exit the wizard.

🙀 ASPEED Graphics Win503_x	86 v.0.88 - InstallShield Wizard	×		
<u>ب</u>	InstallShield Wizard Completed			
	The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed ASPEED Graphics WinS03_x86 v.0.88. Click Finish to exit the wizard.			
310				
	< Back Finish Cancel			

8. Click Yes to restart the computer.



6.6 Management applications and utilities installation

The support DVD that came with the motherboard package contains the drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to avail all motherboard features.



The contents of the support DVD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com for updates.

6.6.1 Running the support DVD

Place the support DVD to the optical drive. The DVD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Double-click the ASSETUP.EXE to run the DVD.

6.6.2 Drivers menu

The Drivers menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



The screen display and driver options vary under different operating system versions.



6.6.3 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu displays the software applications and utilities that the motherboard supports. Click an item to install.



6.6.4 Make disk menu

The Make disk menu contains items to create RAID driver disks.



6.6.5 Contact information

Click the Contact tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.

Drivers	Utilities	Make Disk	Contact		_	
ASUSTek	COMPLITER INC					
		Peitou, Taipei, Tai	wan 11259			
	e:+886-2-2894					
	-2-2890-7798					
	o@asus.com.tv					
Web site	http://www.asus	s.com.tw	1980			
	P.					
Technical	Support e : +86-21-3842	0044		2	100	
	21-58668722, e					
		port.asus.com/tec	hserwitechser	v.aspx	A colo	
	- North					
	COMPUTER IN					
	COMPUTER IN	C.(China) NATIONAL(Amerii				ALC: NOT
		(Germany & Austr				
	or art official	(000mmany 0.74030				A ALLER

This appendix includes additional information that you may refer to when configuring the motherboard.

Reference information

Appendix summary

A.1 KCMR-D12 block diagram

