

**P5GPL-X**

**Motherboard**



**E2193**

**First Edition  
July 2005**

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## Notices

### Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



---

The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

---

### Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

**This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.**

## **Safety information**

### **Electrical safety**

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- Before connecting or removing signal cables from the motherboard, ensure that all power cables are unplugged.
- Seek professional assistance before using an adapter or extension cord. These devices could interrupt the grounding circuit.
- Make sure that your power supply is set to the correct voltage in your area. If you are not sure about the voltage of the electrical outlet you are using, contact your local power company.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

### **Operation safety**

- Before installing the motherboard and adding devices on it, carefully read all the manuals that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet.
- Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

## About this guide

This user guide contains the information you need when installing and configuring the motherboard.

## How this guide is organized

This manual contains the following parts:

- **Chapter 1: Product introduction**  
This chapter describes the features of the motherboard and the new technology it supports. This chapter also lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing system components. It includes description of the jumpers and connectors on the motherboard.
- **Chapter 2: BIOS setup**  
This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.
- **Chapter 3: Software support**  
This chapter describes the contents of the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.

## Where to find more information

Refer to the following sources for additional information and for product and software updates.

1. **ASUS websites**  
The ASUS website provides updated information on ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.
2. **Optional documentation**  
Your product package may include optional documentation, such as warranty flyers, that may have been added by your dealer. These documents are not part of the standard package.



## Conventions used in this guide

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



**DANGER/WARNING:** Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



**CAUTION:** Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



**IMPORTANT:** Instructions that you **MUST** follow to complete a task.



**NOTE:** Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

## Typography

### **Bold text**

Indicates a menu or an item to select

### *Italics*

Used to emphasize a word or a phrase

### <Key>

Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than sign means that you must press the enclosed key

Example: <Enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key

### <Key1+Key2+Key3>

If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+)

Example: <Ctrl+Alt+D>

### **Command**

Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets

Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line:

```
afudos /i[filename]  
afudos /iP5GPLX.ROM
```

## P5GPL-X specifications summary

<b>CPU</b>	LGA775 socket for Intel® Pentium® 4/Celeron® processor Compatible with the Intel® PCG 04A and 04B processors Supports Intel® Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST) Supports Intel® Enhanced Memory 64 Technology (EM64T) Supports Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology
<b>Chipset</b>	Intel® 915PL Intel® ICH6
<b>Front Side Bus</b>	800/533 MHz
<b>Memory</b>	Dual-channel memory architecture 2 x 184-pin DIMM sockets support up to 2GB of unbuffered non-ECC 400/333 MHz DDR DIMMs ASUS Hyper Path2
<b>Expansion slots</b>	1 x PCI Express x16 slot 1 x PCI Express x1 slot 3 x PCI slots
<b>Storage</b>	1 x Ultra DMA 100/66/33 4 x Serial ATA
<b>Audio</b>	ADI AD1986A SoundMAX 6-channel audio Support Jack Sensing and Enumeration Technology S/PDIF out interface
<b>LAN</b>	Intel® 82540EM Gigabit LAN controller
<b>USB</b>	Supports up to 8 USB 2.0 ports
<b>Special features</b>	ASUS C.P.R. (CPU Parameter Recall) ASUS CPU Lock Free ASUS EZ Flash ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 ASUS MyLogo™
<b>BIOS features</b>	4 Mb Flash ROM, AMI BIOS, PnP, DMI2.0, SM BIOS 2.3, WfM2.0
<b>Rear Panel</b>	1 x Parallel port 1 x LAN (RJ-45) port 4 x USB 2.0 ports 1 x Serial port (COM) 1 x coaxial S/PDIF out 1 x PS/2 keyboard port 1 x PS/2 mouse port 6-channel audio ports

*(continued on the next page)*

## P5GPL-X specifications summary

<b>Overclocking</b>	ASUS CPU Lock Free Technology ASUS AI Overclocking (Intelligent CPU frequency tuner) CPU and Memory voltage adjustable SFS (Stepless Frequency Selection) from 100MHz up to 400MHz at 1MHz increment Adjustable FSB/DDR ratio. Fixed PCI/PCIe frequencies. ASUS C.P.R.(CPU Parameter Recall)
<b>Internal connectors</b>	1 x IDE connector 4 x SATA connector 1 x floppy disk drive connector 1 x CPU fan connector 1 x Chassis fan connector 1 x 24-pin ATX power connector 1 x 4-pin ATX 12 V power connector 2 x USB 2.0 connectors for 4 additional USB 2.0 ports 1 x Optical drive audio connector 1 x Front panel high-definition audio connector 1 x S/PDIF out connector 1 x GAME/MIDI connector System panel connector
<b>Hardware monitoring</b>	Super I/O integrated monitoring of CPU/chassis fan and CPU/MB temperature
<b>Power Requirement</b>	ATX power supply (with 24-pin and 4-pin 12 V plugs) ATX 12 V 2.0 compliant
<b>Form Factor</b>	ATX form factor: 12 in x 7.2 in
<b>Support CD contents</b>	Device drivers ASUS PC Probe ASUS Live Update utility Anti-virus utility (OEM version)

*\*Specifications are subject to change without notice.*



This chapter describes the motherboard features and the new technologies it supports.

# 1 Product introduction

## 1.1 Welcome!

### Thank you for buying an ASUS® P5GPL-X motherboard!

The motherboard delivers a host of new features and latest technologies, making it another standout in the long line of ASUS quality motherboards!

Before you start installing the motherboard, and hardware devices on it, check the items in your package with the list below.

## 1.2 Package contents

Check your motherboard package for the following items.

<b>Motherboard</b>	ASUS P5GPL-X motherboard
<b>Cables</b>	1 x Serial ATA signal cables 1 x Serial ATA power cables 1 x Ultra DMA cables 1 x Floppy disk drive cable
<b>Accessories</b>	I/O shield
<b>Application CDs</b>	ASUS motherboard support CD
<b>Documentation</b>	User guide



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

## 1.3 Special features

### 1.3.1 Product highlights

#### Latest processor technology

The motherboard comes with a 775-pin surface mount Land Grid Array (LGA) socket designed for the Intel® Pentium® 4 or Intel® Celeron® processor in the 775-land package. The motherboard supports the Intel® Pentium® 4 processor with 800/533 MHz Front Side Bus (FSB). The motherboard also supports the Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology and is fully compatible with Intel® 04B and 04A processors. See page 1-9 for details.

#### Intel® 915PL

The Intel® 915PL chipset provides the interface for a processor in the 775-land package with 533/800MHz front side bus (FSB), dual channel DDR at speeds of up to 400MHz, and PCI Express x1 6-lane port for graphics card. The Intel® 915PL GMCH platform is compliant to the Direct Media Interface (DMI) and supports the sixth generation I/O Controller Hub (ICH6).

#### Intel® EM64T

The motherboard supports Intel® Pentium® 4 processors with the Intel® EM64T (Extended Memory 64 Technology). The Intel® EM64T feature allows your computer to run on 64-bit operating systems and access larger amounts of system memory for faster and more efficient computing. See the Appendix for details.

#### Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST)

The Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST) intelligently manages the CPU resources by automatically adjusting the CPU voltage and core frequency depending on the CPU loading and system speed or power requirement. See Appendix for details.

#### S/PDIF digital sound ready

The motherboard supports the S/PDIF Out function through the midboard S/PDIF interface. The S/PDIF technology turns your computer into a high-end entertainment system with digital connectivity to powerful audio and speaker systems. See pages 1-33 for details.

## Dual-channel DDR memory support

Employing the Double Data Rate (DDR) memory technology, the motherboard supports up to 2GB of system memory using DDR400/333 DIMMs. The ultra-fast 400MHz memory bus delivers the required bandwidth for the latest 3D graphics, multimedia, and Internet applications. See page 1-16 for details.

## PCI Express™ interface

The motherboard fully supports PCI Express, the latest I/O interconnect technology that speeds up the PCI bus. PCI Express features point-to-point serial interconnections between devices and allows higher clockspeeds by carrying data in packets. This high speed interface is software compatible with existing PCI specifications. See page 1-22 for details.

## Serial ATA technology

The motherboard supports the Serial ATA technology through the Serial ATA interfaces and the Intel® ICH6. The SATA specification allows for thinner, more flexible cables with lower pin count, reduced voltage requirement, and up to 150 MB/s data transfer rate.

## Gigabit LAN support

This motherboard comes with a Gigabit LAN controller to meet your growing networking needs. The controller provides faster data bandwidth for your Internet, LAN, and file sharing requirements. See pages 1-26.

## 6-channel audio

The motherboard comes with the ADI AD1986A audio CODEC that provides 6-channel audio, audio jack-sensing and enumeration technology, and S/PDIF out support. See page 1-26 for details.

## USB 2.0 technology

The motherboard implements the Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 specification, dramatically increasing the connection speed from the 12 Mbps bandwidth on USB 1.1 to a fast 480 Mbps on USB 2.0. USB 2.0 is backward compatible with USB 1.1. See pages 1-24, 1-27, 1-30 and 2-21 for details.



## Temperature, fan, and voltage monitoring

The CPU temperature is monitored by the Winbond Super I/O to prevent overheating and damage. The system fan rotation per minute (RPM) is monitored for timely failure detection. The Winbond Super I/O monitors the voltage levels to ensure stable supply of current for critical components.

### 1.3.2 Innovative ASUS features

#### CPU Lock Free



This feature allows you to adjust the CPU multiplier to 14x. Setting the appropriate BIOS setting automatically reduces the CPU multiplier value for more flexibility when increasing external FSB. See page 2-22 for details.

#### ASUS Hyper Path 2 technology

The ASUS Hyper Path 2 technology optimizes the full potential of the Intel® chipset by shortening the latency time between the CPU and the system memory. See page 2-24 for details.

#### CrashFree BIOS 2

This feature allows you to restore the original BIOS data from the support CD in case when the BIOS codes and data are corrupted. This protection eliminates the need to buy a replacement ROM chip. See details on page 2-6.

#### ASUS Q-Fan technology



The ASUS Q-Fan technology smartly adjusts the CPU fan speed according to the system loading to ensure quiet, cool, and efficient operation. See page 2-30 for details.

#### ASUS MyLogo™

This new feature present in the motherboard allows you to personalize and add style to your system with customizable boot logos. See page 2-33.

#### C.P.R. (CPU Parameter Recall)

The C.P.R. feature of the motherboard BIOS allows automatic re-setting to the BIOS default settings in case the system hangs due to overclocking. When the system hangs due to overclocking, C.P.R. eliminates the need to open the system chassis and clear the RTC data. Simply shut down and reboot the system, and the BIOS automatically restores the CPU default setting for each parameter.

## 1.4 Before you proceed

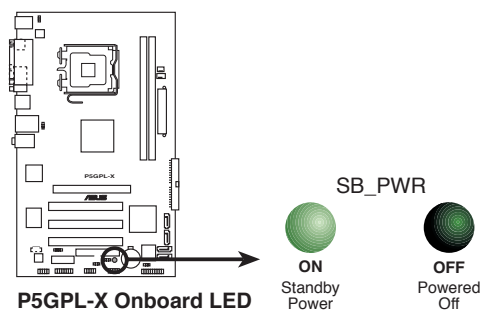
Take note of the following precautions before you install motherboard components or change any motherboard settings.



- Unplug the power cord from the wall socket before touching any component.
- Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or to a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity
- Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.
- Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.
- **Before you install or remove any component, ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off or the power cord is detached from the power supply.** Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the motherboard, peripherals, and/or components.

### Onboard LED

The motherboard comes with a standby power LED that lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode, or in soft-off mode. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before removing or plugging in any motherboard component. The illustration below shows the location of the onboard LED.



## 1.5 Motherboard overview

Before you install the motherboard, study the configuration of your chassis to ensure that the motherboard fits into it.



Make sure to unplug the power cord before installing or removing the motherboard. Failure to do so can cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

### 1.5.1 Placement direction

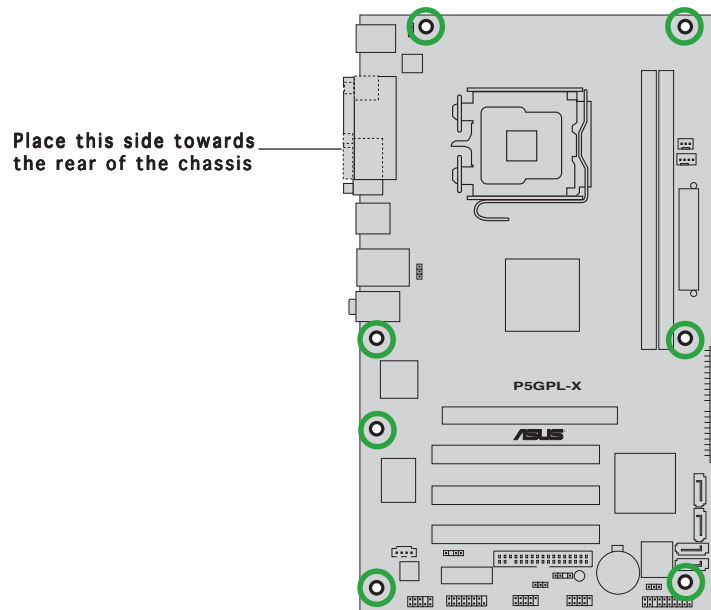
When installing the motherboard, make sure that you place it into the chassis in the correct orientation. The edge with external ports goes to the rear part of the chassis as indicated in the image below.

### 1.5.2 Screw holes

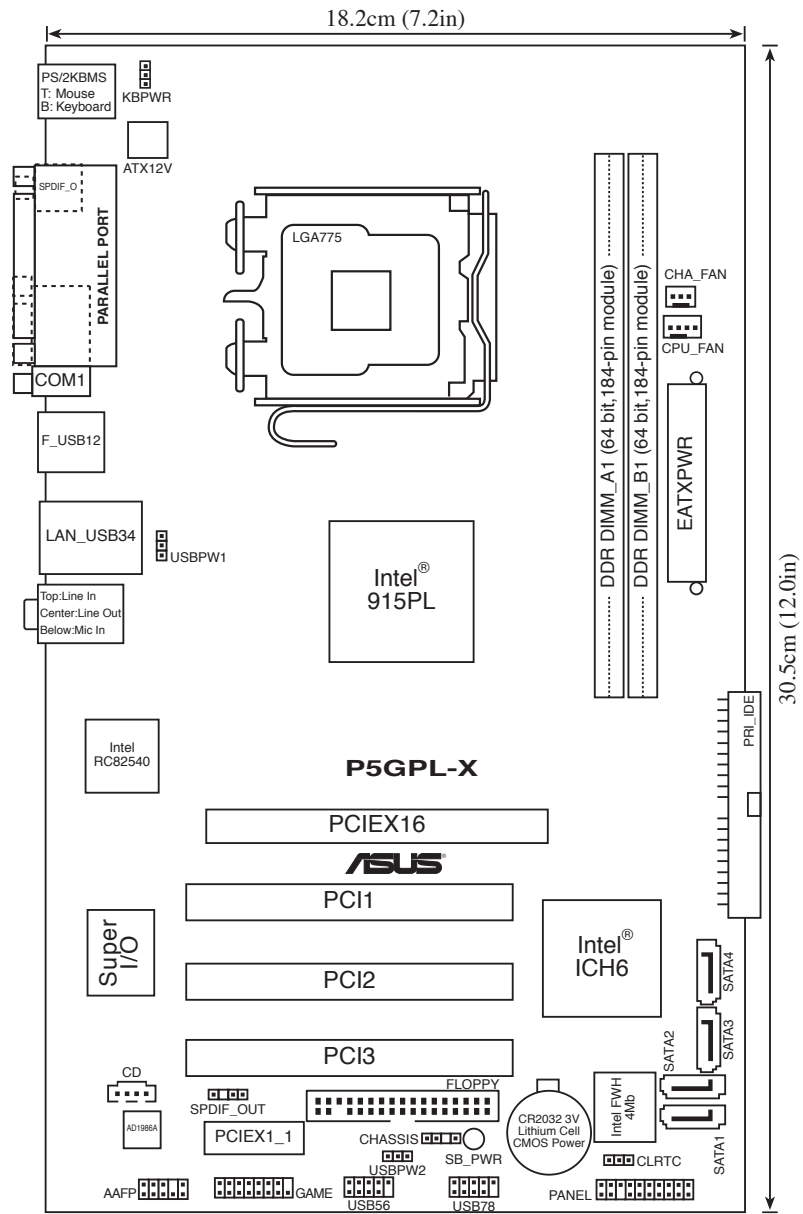
Place seven (7) screws into the holes indicated by circles to secure the motherboard to the chassis.



Do not overtighten the screws! Doing so can damage the motherboard.



### 1.5.3 Motherboard layout



## 1.6 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA775 socket designed for the Intel® Pentium® 4 processor in the 775-land package.

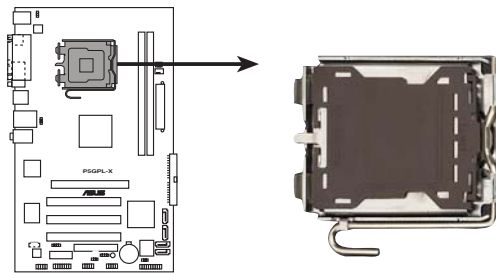


- Your boxed Intel® Pentium® 4 LGA775 processor package should come with installation instructions for the CPU, fan and heatsink assembly. If the instructions in this section do not match the CPU documentation, follow the latter.
- Upon purchase of the motherboard, make sure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket pins are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket pins/motherboard components. ASUS will shoulder the cost of repair only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.
- Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the LGA775 socket.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket pins resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

### 1.6.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU:

1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.

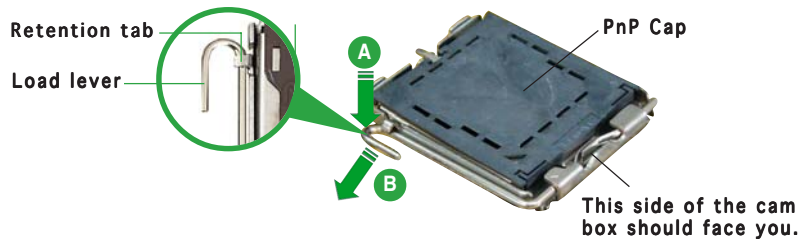


**P5GPL-X CPU Socket 775**



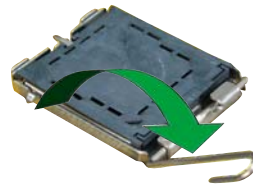
Before installing the CPU, make sure that the socket box is facing towards you and the load lever is on your left.

2. Press the load lever with your thumb (A) and move it to the left (B) until it is released from the retention tab.

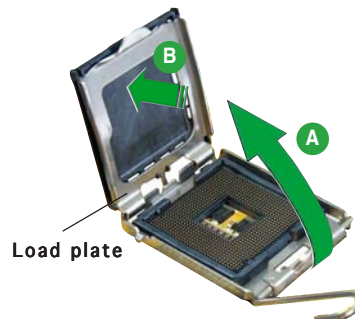


To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.

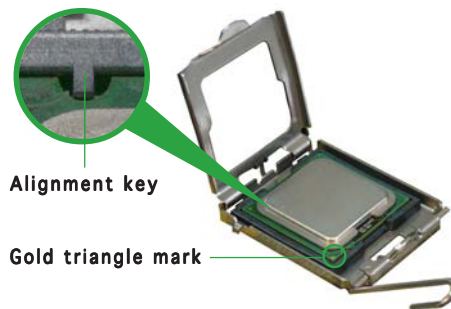
3. Lift the load lever in the direction of the arrow to a 135° angle.



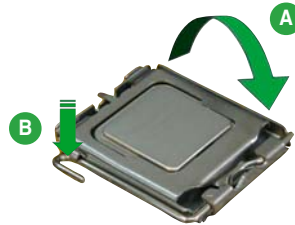
4. Lift the load plate with your thumb and forefinger to a 100° angle (A), then push the PnP cap from the load plate window to remove (B).



5. Position the CPU over the socket, making sure that the gold triangle is on the bottom-left corner of the socket. The socket alignment key should fit into the CPU notch.



6. Close the load plate (A), then push the load lever (B) until it snaps into the retention tab.



---

The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!

---

## 1.6.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and fan

The Intel® Pentium® 4 LGA775 processor requires a specially designed heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.



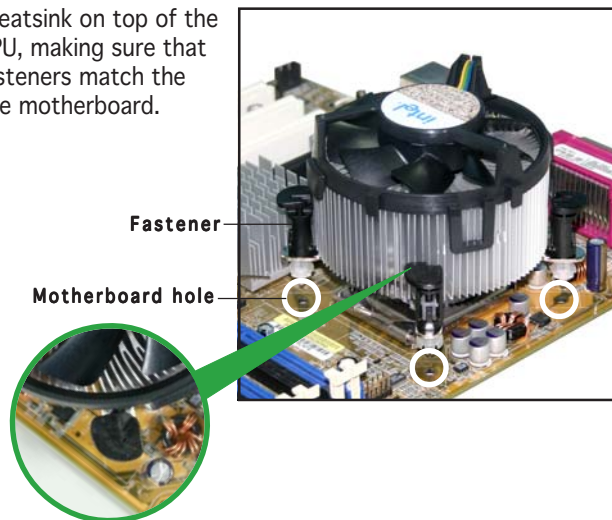
- Install the motherboard to the chassis before you install the CPU fan and heatsink assembly
- When you buy a boxed Intel® Pentium® 4 processor, the package includes the CPU fan and heatsink assembly. If you buy a CPU separately, make sure that you use only Intel®-certified multi-directional heatsink and fan.
- Your Intel® Pentium® 4 LGA775 heatsink and fan assembly comes in a push-pin design and requires no tool to install.



If you purchased a separate CPU heatsink and fan assembly, make sure that a Thermal Interface Material is properly applied to the CPU heatsink or CPU before you install the heatsink and fan assembly.

To install the CPU heatsink and fan:

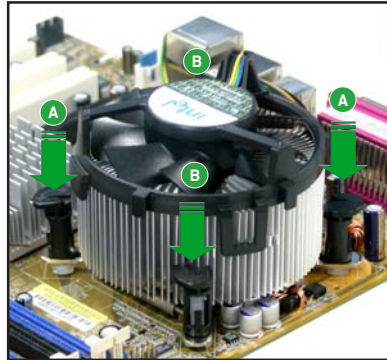
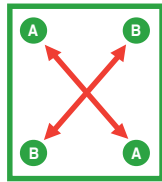
1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, making sure that the four fasteners match the holes on the motherboard.



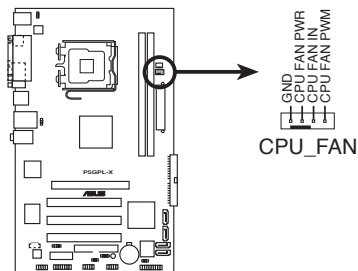
Make sure each fastener is oriented as shown, with the narrow groove directed outward.



2. Push down two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to secure the heatsink and fan assembly in place.



3. When the fan and heatsink assembly is in place, connect the CPU fan cable to the connector on the motherboard labeled CPU\_FAN.



**P5GPL-X CPU fan connector**



Do not forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.

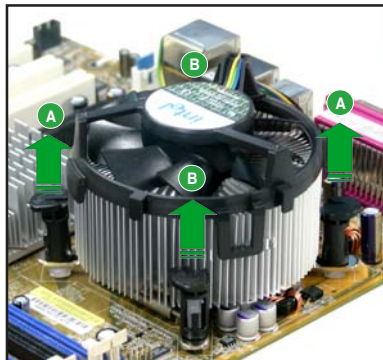
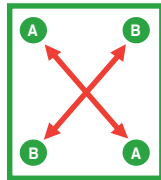
### 1.6.3 Uninstalling the CPU heatsink and fan

To uninstall the CPU heatsink and fan:

1. Disconnect the CPU fan cable from the connector on the motherboard.
2. Rotate each fastener counterclockwise.



3. Pull up two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to disengage the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.



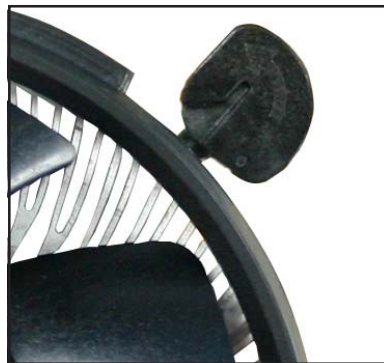
4. Remove the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.



5. Rotate each fastener clockwise to reset the orientation.



When reset, each fastener should be oriented as shown, with the narrow groove directed outward.

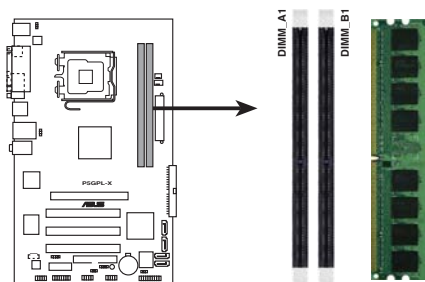


## 1.7 System memory

### 1.7.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with two 184-pin Double Data Rate (DDR) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

The following figure illustrates the location of the sockets:



P5GPL-X 184-pin DDR DIMM sockets

### 1.7.2 Memory Configurations

You may install 256 MB, 512 MB and 1 GB unbuffered non-ECC DDR DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.



- Installing DDR DIMMs other than the recommended configurations may cause memory sizing error or system boot failure. Use any of the recommended configurations in Table 1.
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor. See Table 2 for qualified DDR DIMMs.
- Due to chipset limitation, DIMM modules with 128 Mb memory chips or double-sided x16 memory chips are not supported in this motherboard.

## Recommended memory configurations

For dual-channel configuration, the total size of memory module(s) installed per channel must be the same to ensure optimum performance. [DDR\_A1(Channel A)= DDR\_B1(Channel B)]

### DDR400 Qualified Vendors List

Size	Vendor	Model	Brand	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
						A	B
257MB	Hynix	HYMD232646B8J-D43	Hynix	SS	N/A	V	V
258MB	Hynix	HYMD232646D8J-D43 AA	Hynix	SS	HY5DU56822DT-D43	V	V
256MB	Hynix	HYMD232646D8J-D43 DDR400	N/A	SS	HY5DU56822DT-D43	V	V
512MB	Hynix	HYMD264646D8J-D43 AA	Hynix	DS	HY5DU56822DT-D43	V	V
512MB	Hynix	HYMD264646D8J-D43 DDR400	N/A	DS	HY5DU56822DT-D43	V	V
1024MB	Infineon	HYS64D128320HU-5-C	Infineon	DS	HYB25D512800CE-5B	V	V
1024MB	Infineon	HYS64D128320HU-5-C	Infineon	DS	HYB25D512800CE-5B	V	V
256MB	Infineon	HYS64D32300GU-5-C	Infineon	SS	HYB25D256800CE-5-C	V	V
256MB	Infineon	HYS64D32300HU-5-C	Infineon	SS	HYB25D256800CE-5-C	V	V
256MB	Infineon	HYS64D32300HU-5-C	Infineon	SS	HYB25D256800CE-5C	V	V
256MB	Infineon	HYS64D32301HU-5-C	Infineon	SS	HYB25D512160CE-5C	V	V
512MB	Infineon	HYS64D64300HU-5-C	Infineon	SS	HYB25D512800CE-5C	V	V
512MB	Infineon	HYS64D64320HU-5-C	Infineon	DS	HYB25D256800CE-5C	V	V
512MB	Infineon	HYS64D64320HU-5-C	Infineon	DS	HYB25D256800CE-5C	V	V
1024MB	CORSAIR	CMX1024-3200C2	N/A	DS	N/A	V	V
256MB	CORSAIR	CMX256A-3200C2PT DDR400	WINBOND	SS	W942508BH-5	V	V
256MB	CORSAIR	CMX256A-3200LL DDR400	N/A	SS	N/A	V	V
512MB	CORSAIR	CMX512-3200C2 DDR400	WINBOND	DS	N/A	V	V
512MB	CORSAIR	CMX512-3200LL	N/A	SS	N/A	V	V
1024MB	CORSAIR	TWINX2048-3200C2 DDR400	N/A	DS	N/A	V	V
256MB	CORSAIR	VS256MB400	N/A	SS	VS32M8-5 2B0409	V	V
512MB	CORSAIR	VS512MB400	N/A	DS	VS32M8-5 2B0412	V	V
512MB	CORSAIR	VS512MB400 DDR400	Value Select	DS	VS32M8-5	V	V
512MB	KINGSTON	KHX3200A/512 DDR400	N/A	DS	N/A	V	V
1024MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/1G	Infineon	DS	HYB25D512800BE-5B	V	V
1024MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/1G DDR400	N/A	DS	HYB25D512800BE-5B	V	V
256MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/256	KINGSTON	SS	D3208DL3T-5A	V	V
256MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/256	PSC	SS	A2556D30BTP	V	V
257MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/256 DDR400	N/A	SS	A2556D30BTP511ALM09	V	V
256MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/256 DDR400	N/A	SS	D3208DL3T-5A	V	V
512MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/512	Hynix	DS	HY5DU12822BT-D43	V	V
512MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/512	KINGSTON	DS	D3208DHT-5	V	V
512MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/512 DDR400	N/A	DS	V58C2256804SAT5	V	V
512MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X64C3A/512 DDR400	N/A	SS	HY5DU12822BT-D43	V	V
256MB	KINGSTON	KVR400X72C3A/256	MOSEL	SS	V58C2256804SAT5	V	V
512MB	KINGSTON	VALUE RAM KVR400X64C3A/512 DDR	Hynix	DS	HY5DU56822BT-D43	V	V
256MB	KINGSTON	VALLUERAM KVR400X64C3A/256	KINGSTON	SS	D3208DHT-5	V	V
512MB	MICRON	MT16VDDT6464AG-40BC4	N/A	DS	N/A	V	V
512MB	MICRON	MT16VDDT6464AG-40BCB	MICRON	DS	MT46V32M8TG-5BC	V	V
512MB	MICRON	MT16VDDT6464AG-40BCB		DS	MT46V32M8TG-5BC	V	V
512MB	MICRON	MT16VDDT6464AG-40BGB		DS	MT46V32M8TG-5BG	V	V
256MB	MICRON	MT8VDDT3264AG-40BCB	N/A	SS	MT46V32M8TG-5BG	V	V
256MB	MICRON	MT8VDDT3264AG-40BCB	MICRON	SS	MT46V32M8TG-5BC	V	V
256MB	SAMSUNG	M368L3223ETM-CCC	SAMSUNG	SS	K4H560838E-TCCC	V	V
256MB	SAMSUNG	M368L3223ETM-CCC	SAMSUNG	SS	K4H560838E-TCCC	V	V
256MB	SAMSUNG	M368L3223FTN-CCC	SAMSUNG	SS	K4H560838F-TCCC	V	V
512MB	SAMSUNG	M368L6423FTN-CCC	SAMSUNG	DS	K4H560838F-TCCC	V	V
512MB	SAMSUNG	M368L6423FTM-CCC	SAMSUNG	DS	K4H560838F-TCCC	V	V
512MB	SAMSUNG	M368L6523B8M-CCC	SAMSUNG	SS	K4H510838B-TCCC	V	V
1024MB	Transcend	TS128MLD64V4FJ DDR400	SAMSUNG	DS	K4H510838B-TCCC	V	V
256MB	Transcend	TS32MLD64V4F3	MOSEL	SS	V58C2256804SAT5B	V	V
256MB	Transcend	TS32MLD64V4F3 DDR400	SAMSUNG	SS	K4H560838F-TCCC	V	V
512MB	Transcend	TS64MLD64V4F3 DDR400	SAMSUNG	DS	K4H560838F-TCCC	V	V
1024MB	NANYA	NT1GD64S8H80G-5T DDR400	N/A	DS	NT5DS64M8BT-5T	V	V
256MB	NANYA	NT256D64S88COG-5T DDR400	N/A	SS	NT5DS32M8CT-5T	V	V
256MB	NANYA	NT256D64S88COG-5T DDR400	N/A	SS	NT5DS32M16BT-5T	V	V
512MB	NANYA	NT512D64S88BOG-5T DDR400	N/A	SS	NT5DS64M8BT-5T	V	V
512MB	NANYA	NT512D64S88B1G-5T	NANYA	DS	NT5DS3232M8BT-5T	V	V
512MB	NANYA	NT512D64S88COG-5T DDR400	N/A	DS	NT5DS32M8CT-5T	V	V

(Continued on the next page)

## DDR400 Qualified Vendors List

Size	Vendor	Model	Brand	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
						A	B
256MB	A DATA	MDOAD5F3G31YOD1E02	DDR400	N/A	SS	ADD8608A8A-5B	V V
512MB	A DATA	MDOAD5F3H41YOD1E02	DDR400	N/A	DS	ADD8608A8A-5B	V V
256MB	A DATA	MDOHY6F3G31YON1E0Z	DDR400	Hynix	SS	HY5DU56822CT-D43	V V
512MB	A DATA	MDOHY6F3H41YON1E0Z	DDR400	Hynix	DS	HY5DU56822CT-D43	V V
256MB	A DATA	MDOSS6F3G31YOK1E0Z	DDR400	SAMSUNG	SS	K4H560838E-TCCC	V V
512MB	A DATA	MDOSS6F3H41YON1E0Z	DDR400	SAMSUNG	DS	K4H560838E-TCCC	V
256MB	Aeneon	AED560UD00-500C88X	DDR400	Aeneon	SS	AED83T500	V V
256MB	APACER	77.10636.115	DDR400	Infineon	SS	HYB25D256800BT-5B	V
256MB	APACER	77.10636.11G	DDR400	Infineon	SS	HYB25D256800BT-5B	V
256MB	BRAIN POWER	N/A		N/A	SS	K4H560838D-TCC4	V V
512MB	CENTURY	DXV2S8EL5B	DDR400	N/A	DS	DD2508AMTA	V V
512MB	CENTURY	DXV2S8EL5B/HP	DDR400	N/A	DS	DD2508AKTA-5B-E	V V
512MB	CENTURY	DXV2S8EL5B3T27C	DDR400	N/A	DS	DD2508AMTA	V V
512MB	CENTURY	DXV2S8HXD43B	DDR400	N/A	DS	HY5DU56822BT-D43	V V
512MB	CENTURY	DXV2S8HXD43D	DDR400	N/A	DS	HY5DU56822DT-D43	V V
512MB	CENTURY	DXV2S8MCSB	DDR400	N/A	DS	MT46V32M8TG-5BG	V V
512MB	CENTURY	DXV2S8SCCE3K27E	DDR400	SAMSUNG	DS	K4H560838E-TCCC	V V
256MB	CENTURY	DXV6S8EL5B	DDR400	N/A	SS	DD2508AMTA	V V
256MB	CENTURY	DXV6S8EL5B/HP	DDR400	N/A	SS	DD2508AKTA-5B-E	V V
256MB	CENTURY	DXV6S8EL5B3T27C	DDR400	N/A	SS	DD2508AMTA	V V
256MB	CENTURY	DXV6S8HXD43B	DDR400	N/A	SS	HY5DU56822BT-D43	V V
256MB	CENTURY	DXV6S8HXD43D	DDR400	N/A	SS	HY5DU56822DT-D43	V V
256MB	CENTURY	DXV6S8MCSB	DDR400	N/A	SS	MT46V32M8TG-5BG	V V
256MB	CENTURY	DXV6S8SCCE3K27E	DDR400	SAMSUNG	SS	K4H560838E-TCCC	V V
256MB	Deutron	AL5D8C53T-5B1T	DDR400	PSC	SS	A2S56D30CTP	V V
512MB	Deutron	AL6D8C53T-5B1T	DDR400	PSC	DS	A2S56D30CTP	V V
256MB	elixir	M2U25664DS88C3G-5T	DDR400	elixir	SS	N2DS25680CT-5T	V V
512MB	elixir	M2U51264DS88C1G-5T	DDR400	elixir	DS	N2DS25680CT-5T	V V
256MB	GELIL	GD3200-512DC	DDR400	N/A	SS	WLCSP Package	V V
512MB	GELIL	GL1GB3200DC	DDR400	N/A	DS	GL3LC32G88TG-35	V
256MB	GELIL	GL5123200DC	DDR400	N/A	SS	GL3LC32G88TG-35	V V
256MB	GELIL	GLX2563200UP	DDR400	N/A	SS	GL3LC32G88TG-5A	V V
256MB	GELIL	N/A		GELIL	SS	GL3LC32G88TG-5A	V V
256MB	KINGMAX	20-T003C1128		MOSEL	SS	V58C2256804SAT5B	V V
256MB	KINGMAX	MPXB62D-38KT3R	DDR400	KINGMAX	SS	KDL388P4EA-50	V V
512MB	KINGMAX	MPXC22D-38KT3R		KINGMAX	DS	KDL388P4LA-50	V V
512MB	KINGMAX	MPXC22D-38KT3R	DDR400	KINGMAX	DS	KDL388P4EA-50	V
256MB	Kreton	N/A		VT	SS	VT3225804T-5	V
512MB	Kreton	N/A		VT	DS	VT3225804T-5	V V
256MB	Novax	96M425653CE-40TB6	DDR400	CEON	SS	C2S56D30TP-5	V V
512MB	Novax	96M451253CE-40TB6	DDR400	CEON	DS	C2S56D30TP-5	V V
256MB	Pmi	MD44256VIT3208GMHA01	DDR400	Mosel	SS	V58C2256804SAT5B	V V
512MB	Pmi	MD44512VIT3208GATA03	DDR400	Mosel	DS	V58C2256804SAT5B	V
256MB	ProMOS	V826632K24SCTG-D0			SS	V58C2256804SCT5B	V V
256MB	ProMOS	V826632K24SCTG-D0	DDR400	N/A	SS	V58C2256804SCT5B	V V
512MB	ProMOS	V826664K24SCTG-D0	DDR400	N/A	DS	V58C2256804SCT5B	V V
512MB	PSC	AL6D8B53T-5B1K	DDR400	PSC	DS	A2S56D30BTP	V V
256MB	TwinMos	M2G9I08A8ATT9F081AADT	DDR400	TwinMos	SS	TMD7608F8E51D	V V
256MB	TwinMos	M2G9I08A8ATT9F081AADT	DDR400	TwinMos	SS	TMD7608F8E50D	V V
512MB	TwinMos	M2G9J16A8ATT9F081AADT	DDR400	TwinMos	DS	TMD7608F8E52D	V V
512MB	TwinMos	M2G9J16AJATT9F081AADT	DDR400	TwinMos	DS	TMD7608F8E50D	V V
256MB	V-DATA	MDYVD6F4G2880B1E0H	DDR400	N/A	SS	VDD9616A8A-5C	V
256MB	Veritech	VU256FLM25C	DDR400	VT	SS	VT56DD32M8PC-5	V V
512MB	Veritech	VU512FLM25C	DDR400	VT	DS	VT56DD32M8PC-5	V V
512MB	Winbond	U24512ADWBG6H20			DS		V V
256MB	Winbond	W9425GADB-5	DDR400	Winbond	SS	W942508CH-5	V V
512MB	Winbond	W9451GCDB-5	DDR400	Winbond	DS	W942508CH-5	V V

### Legend:

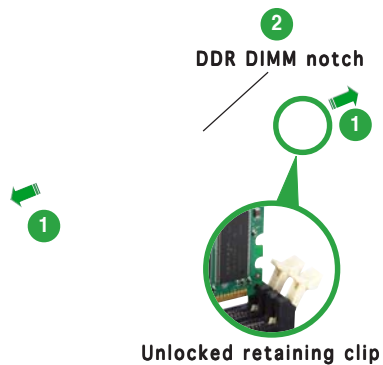
- A** - supports one module inserted into either slot, in a Single-channel memory configuration.
- B** - supports one pair of modules inserted into two slots as one pair of Dual-channel memory configuration.
- SS** - Single-sided
- DS** - Double-sided

### 1.7.3 Installing a DIMM



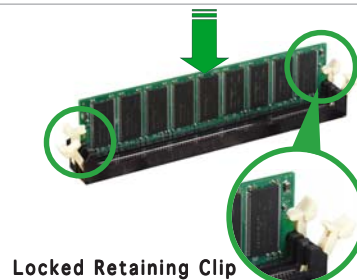
Make sure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
2. Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.



A DDR DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.

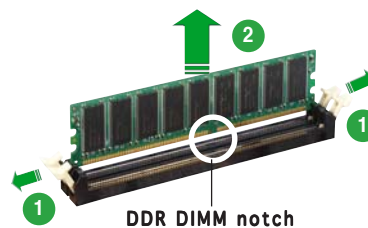
3. Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



### 1.7.4 Removing a DIMM

Follow these steps to remove a DIMM.

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.



Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

## 1.8 Expansion slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The following sub-sections describe the slots and the expansion cards that they support.



---

Make sure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

---

### 1.8.1 Installing an expansion card

To install an expansion card:

1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
2. Remove the system unit cover (if your motherboard is already installed in a chassis).
3. Remove the bracket opposite the slot that you intend to use. Keep the screw for later use.
4. Align the card connector with the slot and press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
5. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw you removed earlier.
6. Replace the system cover.

### 1.8.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 2 for information on BIOS setup.
2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the tables on the next page.
3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.



### 1.8.3 Interrupt assignments

#### Standard interrupt assignments

IRQ	Priority	Standard Function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	•	Re-direct to IRQ#9
3	12	Communications Port (COM1)*
5	13	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7	15	Printer Port (LPT1)*
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9	4	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
10	5	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
11	6	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
12	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port*
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14	9	Primary IDE Channel
15	10	Secondary IDE Channel

\* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

#### IRQ assignments for this motherboard

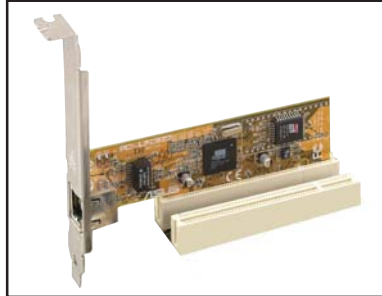
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
PCI slot 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	used	—
PCI slot 2	—	—	—	—	—	used	—	—
PCI slot 3	—	used	—	—	—	—	—	—
Onboard LAN	—	—	—	used	—	—	—	—



When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support “Share IRQ” or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

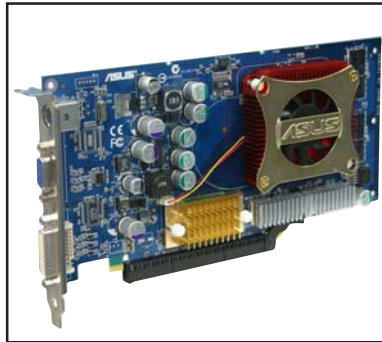
### 1.8.4 PCI slots

The PCI slots support cards such as a LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other cards that comply with PCI specifications. The figure shows a LAN card installed on a PCI slot.



### 1.8.5 PCI Express x16 slot

This motherboard supports PCI Express x16 graphic cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications. The figure shows a graphics card installed on the PCI Express x16 slot.



### 1.8.6 PCI Express x1 slot

This motherboard supports PCI Express x1 network cards, SCSI cards and other cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications. The figure shows a network card installed on the PCI Express x1 slot.



## 1.9 Jumpers

### 1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRRTC)

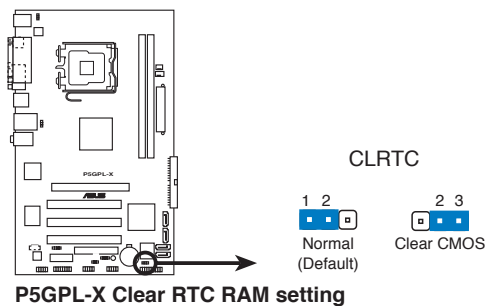
This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
2. Remove the onboard battery.
3. Move the jumper cap from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Keep the cap on pins 2-3 for about 5~10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1-2.
4. Re-install the battery.
5. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
6. Hold down the <Del> key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.



Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!



**P5GPL-X Clear RTC RAM setting**

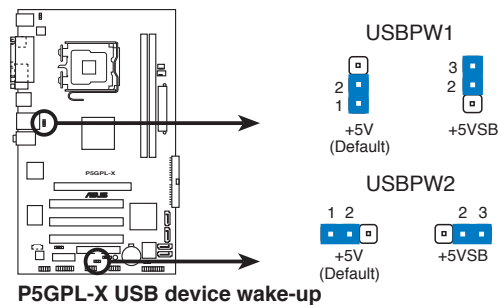


You do not need to clear the RTC when the system hangs due to overclocking. For system failure due to overclocking, use the C.P.R. (CPU Parameter Recall) feature. Shut down and reboot the system so the BIOS can automatically reset parameter settings to default values.

## 2. USB device wake-up (3-pin USBPW12, USBPW34, USBPW56, USBPW78)

Set these jumpers to +5V to wake up the computer from S1 sleep mode (CPU stopped, DRAM refreshed, system running in low power mode) using the connected USB devices. Set to +5VSB to wake up from S3 and S4 sleep modes (no power to CPU, DRAM in slow refresh, power supply in reduced power mode).

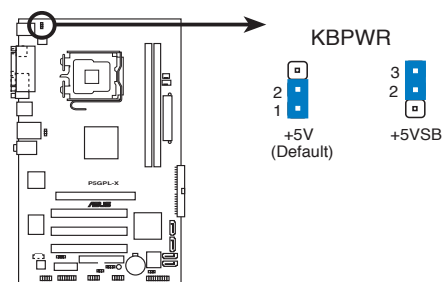
The USBPW1 jumpers are for the rear USB ports. The USBPW2 jumper is for the internal USB connectors that you can connect to additional USB ports.



- The USB device wake-up feature requires a power supply that can provide 500mA on the +5VSB lead for each USB port; otherwise, the system would not power up.
- The total current consumed must NOT exceed the power supply capability (+5VSB) whether under normal condition or in sleep mode.

### 3. Keyboard power (3-pin KBPWR)

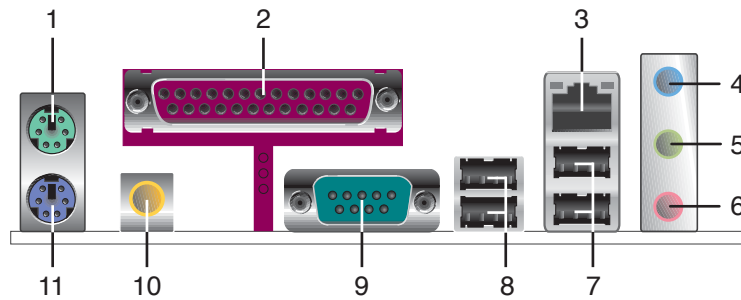
This jumper allows you to enable or disable the keyboard wake-up feature. Set this jumper to pins 2-3 (+5VSB) to wake up the computer when you press a key on the keyboard (the default is the Space Bar). This feature requires an ATX power supply that can supply at least 1A on the +5VSB lead, and a corresponding setting in the BIOS.



**P5GPL-X Keyboard power setting**

## 1.10 Connectors

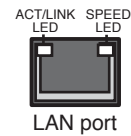
### 1.10.1 Rear panel connectors



1. **PS/2 mouse port (green).** This port is for a PS/2 mouse.
2. **Parallel port.** This 25-pin port connects a parallel printer, a scanner, or other devices.
3. **LAN (RJ-45) port.** This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub. Refer to the table below for the LAN port LED indications.

#### LAN port LED indications

ACT/LINK LED		SPEED LED	
Status	Description	Status	Description
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection



4. **Line In port (light blue).** This port connects a tape, CD, DVD player, or other audio sources.
5. **Line Out port (lime).** This port connects a headphone or a speaker. In 4-channel and 6-channel configuration, the function of this port becomes Front Speaker Out.
6. **Microphone port (pink).** This port connects a microphone.



Refer to the audio configuration table for the function of the audio ports in 2, 4, or 6-channel configuration.

#### Audio 2, 4, or 6-channel configuration

Port	Headset 2-channel	4-channel	6-channel
Light Blue	Line In	Surround Speaker Out	Surround Speaker Out
Lime	Line Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Bass/Center

7. **USB 2.0 ports 3 and 4.** These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
8. **USB 2.0 ports 1 and 2.** These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
9. **Coaxial S/PDIF Out port.** This port connects an external audio output device via a coaxial S/PDIF cable.
10. **Serial connector.** This 9-pin COM1 port is for serial devices.
11. **PS/2 keyboard port (purple).** This port is for a PS/2 keyboard.

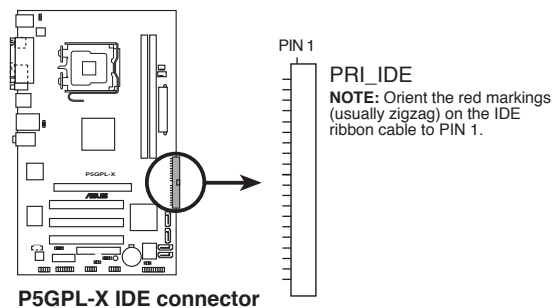
## 1.10.2 Internal connectors

### 1. Primary IDE connector (40-pin PRI\_IDE)

This connector is for an Ultra DMA 100/66 signal cable. The Ultra DMA 100/66 signal cable has three connectors: a blue connector for the primary IDE connector on the motherboard, a black connector for an Ultra DMA 100/66 IDE slave device (optical drive/hard disk drive), and a gray connector for an Ultra DMA 100/66 IDE master device (hard disk drive). If you install two hard disk drives, you must configure the second drive as a slave device by setting its jumper accordingly. Refer to the hard disk documentation for the jumper settings.



- Pin 20 on the IDE connector is removed to match the covered hole on the Ultra DMA cable connector. This prevents incorrect insertion when you connect the IDE cable.
- Use the 80-conductor IDE cable for Ultra DMA 100/66 IDE devices.

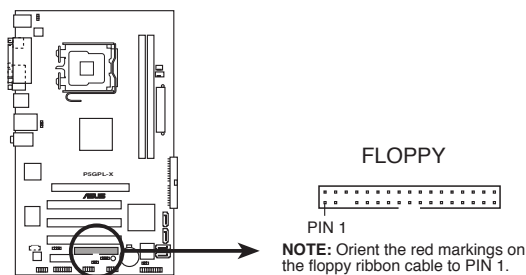


## 2. Floppy disk drive connector (34-1 pin FLOPPY)

This connector is for the provided floppy disk drive (FDD) signal cable. Insert one end of the cable to this connector, then connect the other end to the signal connector at the back of the floppy disk drive.



Pin 5 on the connector is removed to prevent incorrect cable connection when using an FDD cable with a covered Pin 5.



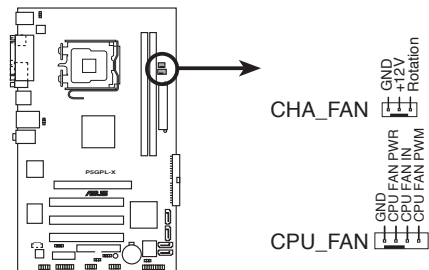
P5GPL-X Floppy disk drive connector

## 3. CPU and chassis fan connectors (4-pin CPU\_FAN, 3-pin CHA\_FAN)

The fan connectors support cooling fans of 350mA~2000mA (24W max.) or a total of 1A~3.48A (41.36W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, making sure that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.



Do not forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components. These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors.

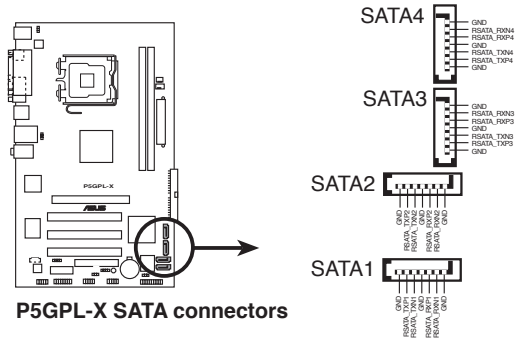


P5GPL-X Fan connectors



#### 4. Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4)

These connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives.



P5GPL-X SATA connectors



#### Important notes on Serial ATA

- Install the Windows® 2000 Service Pack 4 or the Windows® XP Service Pack1 before using Serial ATA.
- Plug your Serial ATA boot disk on the master port (SATA1 and SATA2) to support S3 function. Refer to the table below for details.

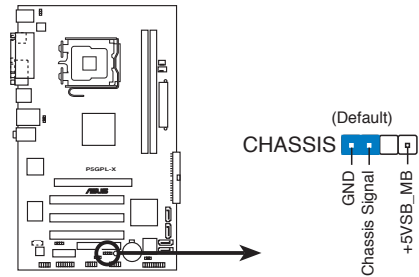
#### Serial ATA Master/Slave connectors

Connector	Setting	Use
SATA1, SATA2	Master	Boot disk
SATA3, SATA4	Slave	Data disk

## 5. Chassis intrusion connector (4-1 pin CHASSIS)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted intrusion detection sensor or switch. Connect one end of the chassis intrusion sensor or switch cable to this connector. The chassis intrusion sensor or switch sends a high-level signal to this connector when a chassis component is removed or replaced. The signal is then generated as a chassis intrusion event.

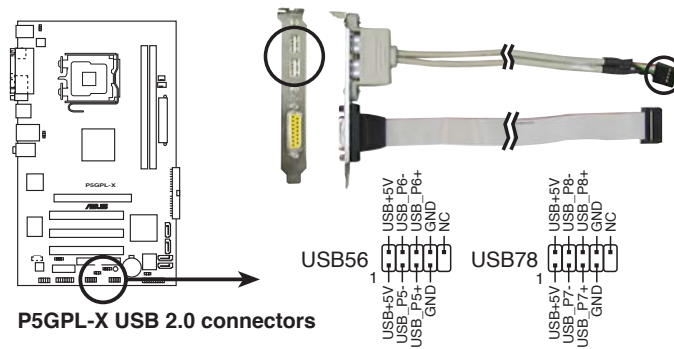
By default, the pins labeled “Chassis Signal” and “Ground” are shorted with a jumper cap. Remove the jumper caps only when you intend to use the chassis intrusion detection feature.



P5GPL-X Chassis intrusion connector

## 6. USB connectors (10-1 pin USB56, USB78)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB/GAME module cable to any of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



P5GPL-X USB 2.0 connectors



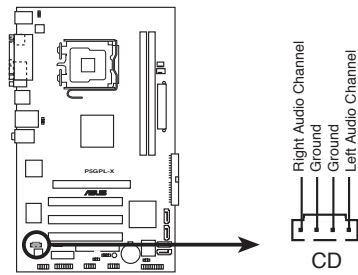
Never connect a **1394** cable to the USB connectors. Doing so will damage the motherboard!



Game/MIDI module is purchased separately.

## 7. Optical drive audio connector (4-pin CD)

This connector is for the 4-pin audio cable that connects to the audio connector at the back of the optical drive.



**P5GPL-X CD audio connector**

## 8. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR, 4-pin ATX12V)

These connectors are for an ATX power supply. The plugs from the power supply are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.

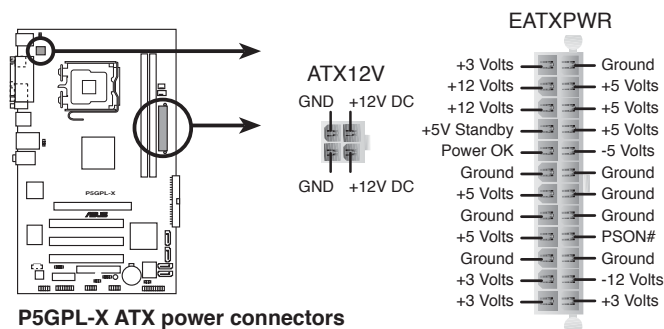


- It is recommended that you use an ATX 12 V Specification 2.0-compliant power supply unit (PSU) with a minimum of 350 W power rating. This PSU type has 24-pin and 4-pin power plugs.
- If you intent to use a PSU with 20-pin and 4-pin power plugs, make sure that the 20-pin power plug can provide at least 15A on +12V and that the PSU has a minimum power rating of 350 W. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- Do not forget to connect the 4-pin ATX +12 V power plug; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.

- The ATX 12 V Specification 2.0-compliant PSU passed the motherboard power requirement test with the following configuration:

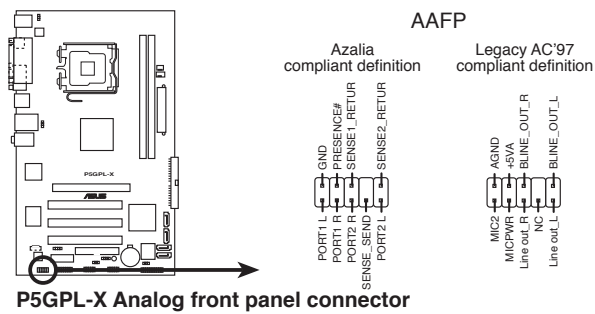
CPU	:	Intel® Pentium® 4 3.6 GHz
Memory	:	512 MB DDR (x 4)
Graphics card	:	PCI Express x16 Nvidia EN5900
Parallel ATA devices:	:	IDE hard disk drive (x 2)
Serial ATA device	:	SATA hard disk drive
Optical drive	:	CD-ROM

- You must install a PSU with a higher power rating if you intend to install additional devices.



## 9. Front panel audio connector (10-1 pin AAFP)

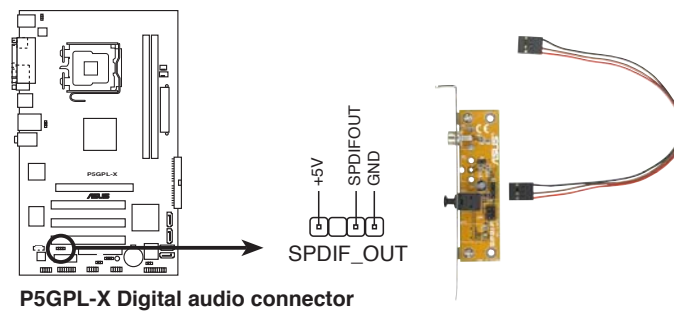
This connector is for a chassis-mounted front panel audio I/O module that supports either HD Audio or legacy AC '97 audio standard. Connect one end of the front panel audio I/O module cable to this connector.



- Connect a high-definition front panel audio module to this connector to avail the high-definition audio features of the motherboard.

## 10. Digital Audio connector (4-1 pin SPDIF\_OUT)

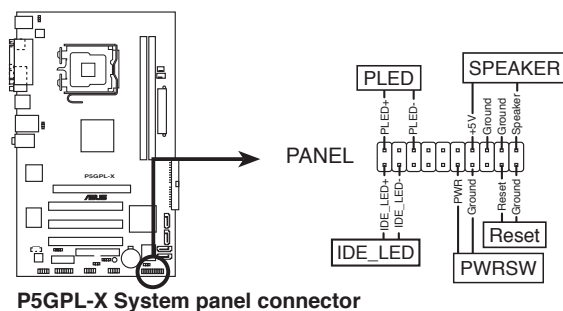
This connector is for the S/PDIF audio module to allow digital sound output. Connect one end of the S/PDIF audio cable to this connector and the other end to the S/PDIF module.



The S/PDIF module is purchased separately.

## 11. System panel connector (20-pin PANEL)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



The system panel connector is color-coded for easy connection. Refer to the connector description below for details.

- **System power LED (Green 3-pin PLED)**  
This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.
- **Hard disk drive activity (Red 2-pin IDE\_LED)**  
This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.
- **System warning speaker (Orange 4-pin SPEAKER)**  
This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.
- **Power/Soft-off button (Yellow 2-pin PWR SW)**  
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system ON or puts the system in SLEEP or SOFT-OFF mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.
- **Reset button (Blue 2-pin RESET)**  
This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

# BIOS setup

## 2.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup.

1. **ASUS AFUDOS** (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable floppy disk.)
2. **ASUS EZ Flash** (Updates the BIOS using a floppy disk during POST.)
3. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2** (Updates the BIOS using a bootable floppy disk or the motherboard support CD when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)
4. **ASUS Update** (Updates the BIOS in Windows® environment.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



---

Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the ASUS Update or AFUDOS utilities.

---

### 2.1.1 Creating a bootable floppy disk

1. Do either one of the following to create a bootable floppy disk.

#### DOS environment

- a. Insert a 1.44MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. At the DOS prompt, type `format A:/s` then press <Enter>.

#### Windows® XP environment

- a. Insert a 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- b. Click **Start** from the Windows® desktop, then select **My Computer**.
- c. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy Drive icon.
- d. Click **File** from the menu, then select **Format**. A **Format 3 1/2 Floppy Disk** window appears.
- e. Select **Create an MS-DOS startup disk** from the format options field, then click **Start**.

#### Windows® 2000 environment

To create a set of boot disks for Windows® 2000:

- a. Insert a formatted, high density 1.44 MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. Insert the Windows® 2000 CD to the optical drive.
- c. Click **Start**, then select **Run**.



- d. From the Open field, type  
`D:\bootdisk\makeboot a:`  
 assuming that D: is your optical drive.
  - e. Press <Enter>, then follow screen instructions to continue.
2. Copy the original or the latest motherboard BIOS file to the bootable floppy disk.

### 2.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash utility

The ASUS EZ Flash feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to go through the long process of booting from a floppy disk and using a DOS-based utility. The EZ Flash utility is built-in the BIOS chip so it is accessible by pressing <Alt> + <F2> during the Power-On Self Tests (POST).

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash:

1. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) to download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard and rename the same to **P5GPLX.ROM**.
2. Save the BIOS file to a floppy disk, then restart the system.
3. Press <Alt> + <F2> during POST to display the following.

```
EZFlash starting BIOS update
Checking for floppy...
```

4. Insert the floppy disk that contains the BIOS file to the floppy disk drive. When the correct BIOS file is found, EZ Flash performs the BIOS update process and automatically reboots the system when done.

```
EZFlash starting BIOS update
Checking for floppy...
Floppy found!
Reading file "P5GPLX.ROM". Completed.
Start erasing.....|
Start programming...|
Flashed successfully. Rebooting.
```



- Do not shutdown or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!
- A "Floppy not found!" error message appears if there is no floppy disk in the drive. A "P5GPLX.ROM not found!" error message appears if the correct BIOS file is not found in the floppy disk. Make sure that you rename the BIOS file to P5GPLX.ROM.

### 2.1.3 AFUDOS utility

The AFUDOS utility allows you to update the BIOS file in DOS environment using a bootable floppy disk with the updated BIOS file. This utility also allows you to copy the current BIOS file that you can use as backup when the BIOS fails or gets corrupted during the updating process.

#### Copying the current BIOS

To copy the current BIOS file using the AFUDOS utility:



- Make sure that the floppy disk is not write-protected and has at least 600 KB free space to save the file.
- The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be exactly the same as shown.

1. Copy the AFUDOS utility (afudos.exe) from the motherboard support CD to the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
2. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt type:

```
afudos /o[filename]
```

where the [filename] is any user-assigned filename not more than eight alphanumeric characters for the main filename and three alphanumeric characters for the extension name.

```
A:\>afudos /oOLDBIOS1.ROM
```

Main filename    Extension name

3. Press <Enter>. The utility copies the current BIOS file to the floppy disk.

```
A:\>afudos /oOLDBIOS1.ROM
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.10
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.
Reading flash ..... done
A:\>
```

The utility returns to the DOS prompt after copying the current BIOS file.

## Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the AFUDOS utility:

1. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk.



---

Write the BIOS filename on a piece of paper. You need to type the exact BIOS filename at the DOS prompt.

---

2. Copy the AFUDOS utility (afudos.exe) from the motherboard support CD to the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt type:

```
afudos /i[filename]
```

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable floppy disk.

```
A:\>afudos /iP5GPLX.ROM
```

4. The utility verifies the file and starts updating the BIOS.

```
A:\>afudos /iP5GPLX.ROM
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.10
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.
Reading file ..... done
Erasing flash .... done
Writing flash .... 0x0008CC00 (9%)
```



---

Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

---

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.

```
A:\>afudos /iP5GPLX.ROM
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.10
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.
Reading file ..... done
Erasing flash .... done
Writing flash .... 0x0008CC00 (9%)
Verifying flash .. done
A:\>
```

## 2.1.4 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using the motherboard support CD or the floppy disk that contains the updated BIOS file.



- Prepare the motherboard support CD or the floppy disk containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.
- Make sure that you rename the original or updated BIOS file in the floppy disk to **P5GPLX.ROM**.

### Recovering the BIOS from a floppy disk

To recover the BIOS from a floppy disk:

1. Turn on the system.
2. Insert the floppy disk with the original or updated BIOS file to the floppy disk drive.
3. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the floppy disk for the original or updated BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
```

When found, the utility reads the BIOS file and starts flashing the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
Floppy found!
Reading file "P5GPLX.ROM". Completed.
Start flashing...
```



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

4. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.

## Recovering the BIOS from the support CD

To recover the BIOS from the support CD:

1. Remove any floppy disk from the floppy disk drive, then turn on the system.
2. Insert the support CD to the optical drive.
3. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the floppy disk for the original or updated BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
```

When no floppy disk is found, the utility automatically checks the optical drive for the original or updated BIOS file. The utility then updates the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...
Checking for floppy...
Floppy not found!
Checking for CD-ROM...
CD-ROM found!
Reading file "P5GPLX.ROM". Completed.
Start flashing...
```



---

DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

---

4. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.



---

The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) to download the latest BIOS file.

---

### 2.1.5 ASUS Update utility

The ASUS Update is a utility that allows you to manage, save, and update the motherboard BIOS in Windows® environment. The ASUS Update utility allows you to:

- Save the current BIOS file
- Download the latest BIOS file from the Internet
- Update the BIOS from an updated BIOS file
- Update the BIOS directly from the Internet, and
- View the BIOS version information.

This utility is available in the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.



---

ASUS Update requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

---

### Installing ASUS Update

To install ASUS Update:

1. Place the support CD in the optical drive. The **Drivers** menu appears.
2. Click the **Utilities** tab, then click **Install ASUS Update VX.XX.XX**. See page 3-4 for the **Utilities** screen menu.
3. The ASUS Update utility is copied to your system.



---

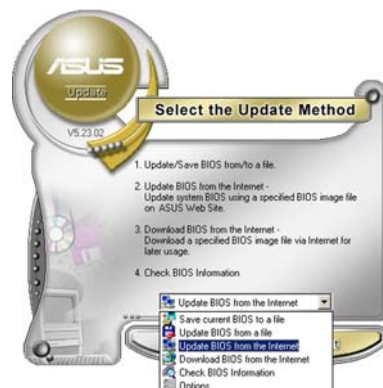
Quit all Windows® applications before you update the BIOS using this utility.

---

## Updating the BIOS through the Internet

To update the BIOS through the Internet:

1. Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking **Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate**. The ASUS Update main window appears.



2. Select **Update BIOS from the Internet** option from the drop-down menu, then click **Next**.



3. Select the ASUS FTP site nearest you to avoid network traffic, or click **Auto Select**. Click **Next**.

4. From the FTP site, select the BIOS version that you wish to download. Click **Next**.
5. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



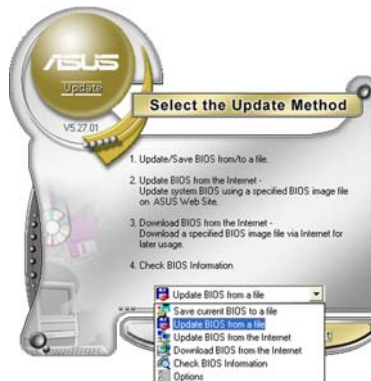
The ASUS Update utility is capable of updating itself through the Internet. Always update the utility to avail all its features.



### Updating the BIOS through a BIOS file

To update the BIOS through a BIOS file:

1. Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking **Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate**. The ASUS Update main window appears.
2. Select **Update BIOS from a file** option from the drop-down menu, then click **Next**.



3. Locate the BIOS file from the **Open** window, then click **Save**.
4. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.





## 2.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section “2.1 Managing and updating your BIOS.”

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to “Run Setup”. This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware hub.

The firmware hub on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press <Del> during the Power-On-Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

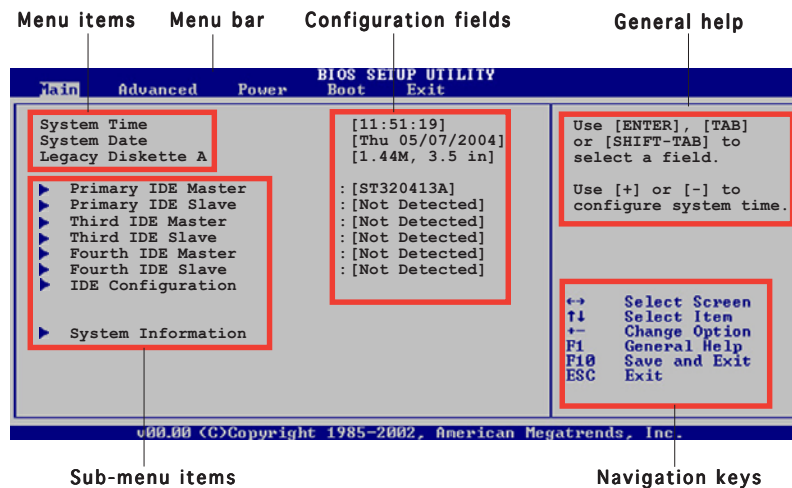
If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- 
- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the **Load Default Settings** item under the Exit Menu. See section “2.7 Exit Menu.”
  - The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
  - Visit the ASUS website ([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard and .
-

## 2.2.1 BIOS menu screen



## 2.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

- Main**            For changing the basic system configuration
- Advanced**      For changing the advanced system settings
- Power**           For changing the advanced power management (APM) configuration
- Boot**            For changing the system boot configuration
- Exit**            For selecting the exit options and loading default settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

## 2.2.3 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for that particular menu. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

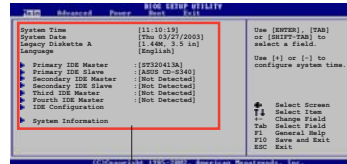


Some of the navigation keys differ from one screen to another.

## 2.2.4 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting **Main** shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Advanced, Power, Boot, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.



Main menu items

## 2.2.5 Sub-menu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a sub-menu. To display the sub-menu, select the item and press <Enter>.

## 2.2.6 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it then press <Enter> to display a list of options. Refer to “2.2.7 Pop-up window.”

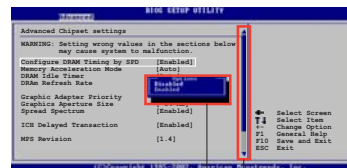
## 2.2.7 Pop-up window

Select a menu item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

## 2.2.8 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen.

Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> / <Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.



Pop-up window

Scroll bar

## 2.2.9 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

## 2.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information.



Refer to section “2.2.1 BIOS menu screen” for information on the menu screen items and how to navigate through them.

```
BIOS SETUP UTILITY
Main  Advanced  Power  Boot  Exit
-----
System Time           [11:51:19]
System Date           [Thu 05/07/2004]
Legacy Diskette A     [1.44M, 3.5 in]

▶ Primary IDE Master   : [ST320413A]
▶ Primary IDE Slave    : [Not Detected]
▶ Third IDE Master     : [Not Detected]
▶ Third IDE Slave      : [Not Detected]
▶ Fourth IDE Master    : [Not Detected]
▶ Fourth IDE Slave     : [Not Detected]
▶ IDE Configuration

▶ System Information

Use [ENTER], [TAB]
or [SHIFT-TAB] to
select a field.

Use [+] or [-] to
configure system time.

↔ Select Screen
↑↓ Select Item
+ - Change Option
F1 General Help
F10 Save and Exit
ESC Exit

v00.00 (C)Copyright 1985-2002, American Megatrends, Inc.
```

### 2.3.1 System Time [xx:xx:xxxx]

Allows you to set the system time.

### 2.3.2 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

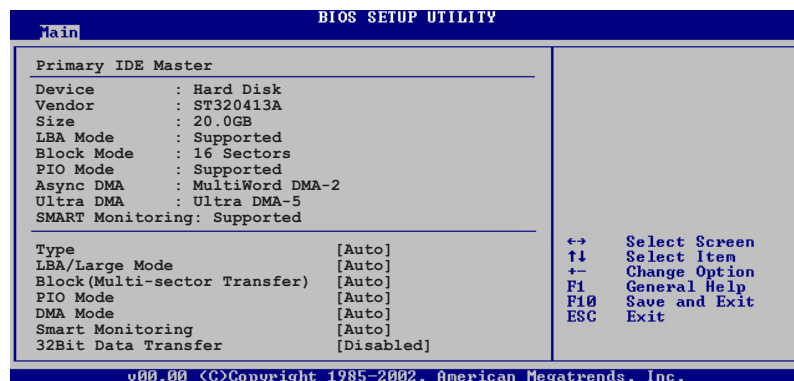
Allows you to set the system date.

### 2.3.3 Legacy Diskette A [1.44M, 3.5 in.]

Sets the type of floppy drive installed. Configuration options: [Disabled]  
[360K, 5.25 in.] [1.2M, 5.25 in.] [720K, 3.5 in.] [1.44M, 3.5 in.]  
[2.88M, 3.5 in.]

### 2.3.4 Primary, Third and Fourth IDE Master/Slave

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each IDE device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the IDE device information.



The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Device, Vendor, Size, LBA Mode, Block Mode, PIO Mode, Async DMA, Ultra DMA, and SMART monitoring). These values are not user-configurable. These items show N/A if no IDE device is installed in the system.

#### Type [Auto]

Selects the type of IDE drive. Setting to Auto allows automatic selection of the appropriate IDE device type. Select CDROM if you are specifically configuring a CD-ROM drive. Select ARMD (ATAPI Removable Media Device) if your device is either a ZIP, LS-120, or MO drive.

Configuration options: [Not Installed] [Auto] [CDROM] [ARMD]

#### LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Enables or disables the LBA mode. Setting to Auto enables the LBA mode if the device supports this mode, and if the device was not previously formatted with LBA mode disabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

#### Block (Multi-sector Transfer) [Auto]

Enables or disables data multi-sectors transfers. When set to Auto, the data transfer from and to the device occurs multiple sectors at a time if the device supports multi-sector transfer feature. When set to [Disabled], the data transfer from and to the device occurs one sector at a time.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

### PIO Mode [Auto]

Selects the PIO mode.

Configuration options: [Auto] [0] [1] [2] [3] [4]

### DMA Mode [Auto]

Selects the DMA mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [SWDMA0]

[SWDMA1] [SWDMA2] [MWDMA0] [MWDMA1] [MWDMA2] [UDMA0]

[UDMA1] [UDMA2] [UDMA3] [UDMA4] [UDMA5] [UDMA6]

### SMART Monitoring [Auto]

Sets the Smart Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

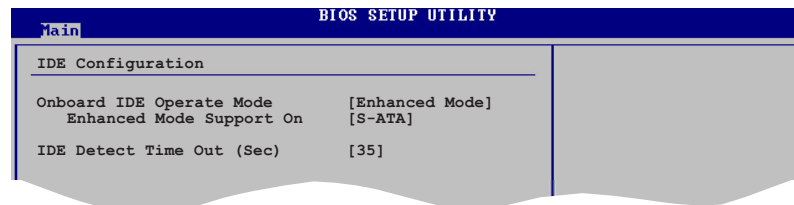
### 32Bit Data Transfer [Disabled]

Enables or disables 32-bit data transfer.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.3.5 IDE Configuration

The items in this menu allow you to set or change the configurations for the IDE devices installed in the system. Select an item then press <Enter> if you wish to configure the item.



## Onboard IDE Operate Mode [Enhanced Mode]

Disables or allows selection of the IDE operation mode depending on the installed operating system (OS). Set to [Enhanced Mode] if you are using native OS including Windows® 2000/XP. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Compatible Mode] [Enhanced Mode]

### Enhanced Mode Support On [S-ATA]

Allows you to use native OS on Serial ATA and Parallel ATA ports. It is recommend that you do not change the default setting for better OS compatibility. In this setting, you may use legacy OS on the Parallel ATA ports only if you do not install any Serial ATA device.

The P-ATA+S-ATA and P-ATA options are for advanced users only. If you set to any of these options and encountered problems, revert to the default setting **S-ATA**. Configuration options: [S-ATA+P-ATA] [S-ATA] [P-ATA]

### Combined Mode Option [Primary P-ATA +S-ATA]

Allows you to choose the IDE ports to be used. Configuration options: [Primary P-ATA +S-ATA] [S-ATA only] [P-ATA only]

The S-ATA and P-ATA options are for advanced users only. If you set to any of these options and encounter problems, revert to the default setting [Secondary P-ATA+S-ATA]. Configuration options: [S-ATA only] [P-ATA only] [P-ATA+S-ATA]



---

The **Combined Mode Option** item appears only when the **Onboard IDE Operate Mode** item is set to [Compatible Mode].

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The **Onboard IDE Operate Mode** and its sub-menu items appear only when the **Configure SATA As** item is set to [Standard IDE].

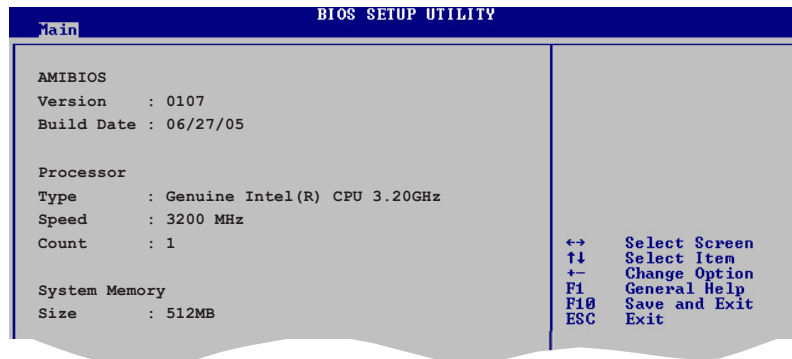
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## IDE Detect Time Out [35]

Selects the time out value for detecting ATA/ATAPI devices.  
Configuration options: [0] [5] [10] [15] [20] [25] [30] [35]

## 2.3.6 System Information

This menu gives you an overview of the general system specifications. The BIOS automatically detects the items in this menu.



### AMI BIOS

Displays the auto-detected BIOS information

### Processor

Displays the auto-detected CPU specification

### System Memory

Displays the auto-detected system memory

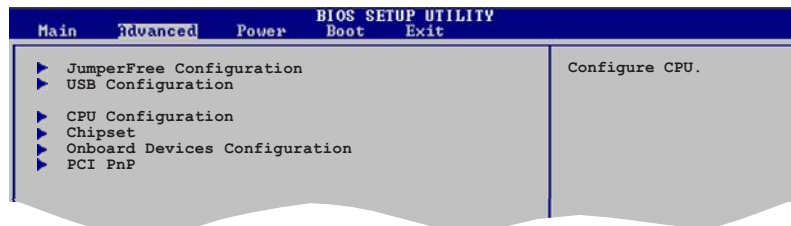


## 2.4 Advanced menu

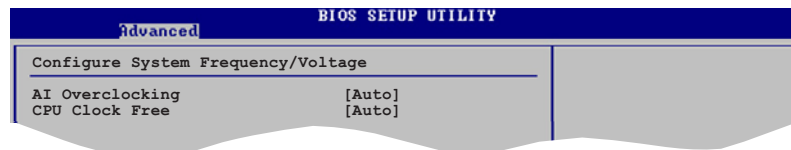
The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



### 2.4.1 JumperFree Configuration



#### AI Overclocking [Auto]

Allows selection of CPU overclocking options to achieve desired CPU internal frequency. Select either one of the preset overclocking configuration options:

**Manual** - allows you to individually set overclocking parameters.

**Standard** - loads the standard settings for the system.

**Auto** - loads the optimal settings for the system.

**Overclock Profile** - loads overclocking profiles with optimal parameters for stability when overclocking.



The following items also appear when the AI Overclocking item is set to [Overclock Profile].

#### Overclock Options [Overclock 5%]

Allows you to set the overlocking options. Configuration options:  
[Overclock 5%] [Overclock 10%] [Overclock 15%] [Overclock 20%]  
[Overclock 30%] [FSB900/DDR1-450] [FSB1000/DDR1-500]

### CPU Frequency [XXX]

Displays the frequency sent by the clock generator to the system bus and PCI bus. The value of this item is auto-detected by the BIOS. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the CPU frequency. You can also type the desired CPU frequency using the numeric keypad. The values range from 100 to 450. Refer to the table below for the correct Front Side Bus and CPU External Frequency settings.

#### FSB/CPU External Frequency Synchronization

Front Side Bus	CPU External Frequency
FSB 800	200 MHz
FSB 533	133 MHz

### DRAM Frequency [Auto]

Allows you to set the DDR operating frequency.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [333MHz] [400MHz]



Selecting a very high DRAM frequency may cause the system to become unstable! If this happens, revert to the default setting.



The following item appears only when you install a CPU that supports the lock free feature. Only some latest CPUs support this feature.

### CPU Lock Free [Auto]

Allows you to adjust the CPU multiplier to 14x. Setting this item to [Auto] allows the motherboard to automatically reduce the CPU multiplier value for more flexibility when increasing the external FSB.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

### PCI Clock Synchronization Mode [Auto]

Selects the PCI Clock Synchronization mode.  
Configuration options: [Auto] [33.33MHz] [To CPU]

### CPU VCore Voltage [Auto]

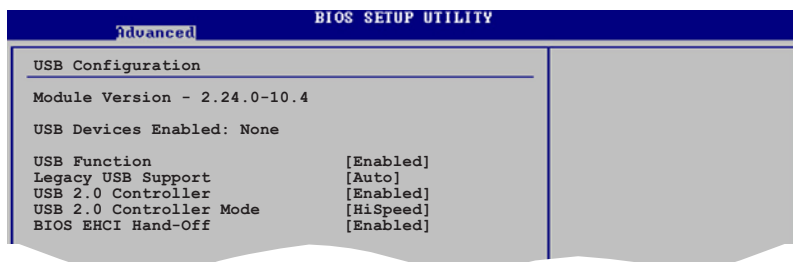
Allows selection of the CPU VCore voltage. The configuration options vary depending on the CPU installed. Setting to Auto allows the BIOS to detect the VCore voltage of the CPU installed.



Refer to the CPU documentation before setting the CPU VCore voltage. A very high Vcore voltage can severely damage the CPU!

## 2.4.2 USB Configuration

The items in this menu allows you to change the USB-related features. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



The Module Version and USB Devices Enabled items show the auto-detected values. If no USB device is detected, the item shows None.

### USB Function [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the USB function.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Legacy USB Support [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable support for USB devices on legacy operating systems (OS). Setting to Auto allows the system to detect the presence of USB devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller legacy mode is enabled. If no USB device is detected, the legacy USB support is disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

### USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### USB 2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]

Allows you to configure the USB 2.0 controller in HiSpeed (480 Mbps) or Full Speed (12 Mbps). Configuration options: [HiSpeed] [Full Speed]

### BIOS EHCI Hand-off [Disabled]

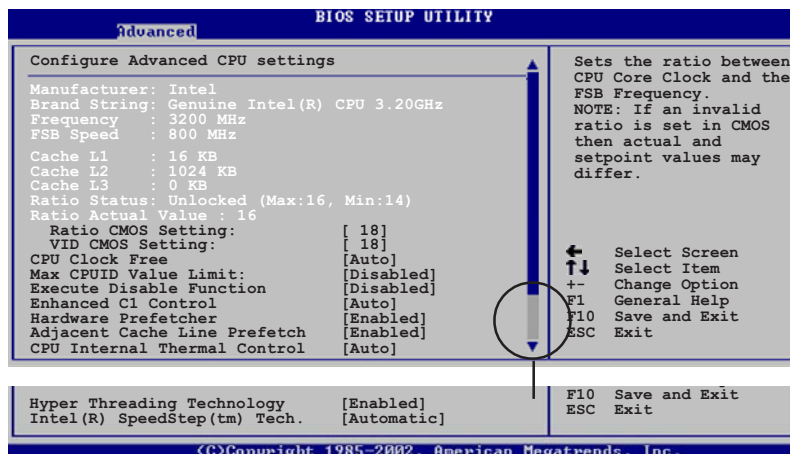
Allows you to enable support for operating systems without an EHCI hand-off feature. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]



Do not disable the BIOS EHCI Hand-Off option if you are running a Windows® operating system with USB device.

### 2.4.3 CPU Configuration

The items in this menu show the CPU-related information that the BIOS automatically detects.



#### Ratio CMOS Setting [ 18]

Sets the ratio between the CPU Core Clock and the Front Side Bus frequency. The default value of this item is auto-detected by BIOS. Use the <+> or <-> keys to adjust the values.

#### VID CMOS Setting [ 62]

Allows you to set the VID CMOS setting at which the processor is to run. The BIOS auto-detects the default value of this item. Use the <+> or <-> keys to adjust the values.

#### CPU Lock Free [Auto]

Allows you to adjust the CPU multiplier to 14x. Setting this item to [Auto] allows the motherboard to automatically reduce the CPU multiplier value for more flexibility when increasing the external FSB. This item appears only when you install a processor with CPU Lock Free feature. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Max CPUID Value Limit [Disabled]

Enable this item to boot legacy operating systems that cannot support CPUs with extended CPUID functions. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Execute Disable Function [Disabled]

Enables or disables the Execute Disable function. This item appears only when you install a processor with the Execute Disable function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Enhanced C1 Control [Auto]

When set to [Auto], the BIOS will automatically check the CPU's capability to enable the C1E support. In C1E mode, the CPU power consumption is lower when idle. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled]

### Hardware Prefetcher [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Hardware Prefetcher feature.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch feature.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### CPU Internal Thermal Control [Auto]

Disables or sets the CPU internal thermal control.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

### Hyper-Threading Technology [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the processor Hyper-Threading Technology.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The following item appears only when you installed an Intel® Pentium® 4 CPU that supports the Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST).

---

### Intel(R) SpeedStep Technology [Automatic]

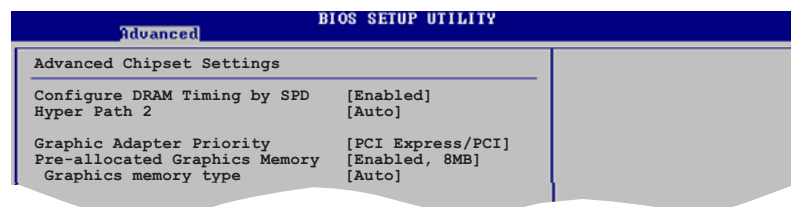
Allows you to use the Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep® Technology. When set to [Automatic], you can adjust the system power settings in the operating system to use the EIST feature. Set this item to [Disabled] if you do not want to use the EIST. Configuration options: [Automatic] [Disabled]



- Refer to the Appendix for details on how to use the EIST feature.
  - The motherboard comes with a BIOS file that supports EIST.
- 

## 2.4.4 Chipset

The Chipset menu allows you to change the advanced chipset settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



## **Advanced Chipset Settings**

### **Configure DRAM Timing by SPD [Enabled]**

When this item is enabled, the DRAM timing parameters are set according to the DRAM SPD (Serial Presence Detect). When disabled, you can manually set the DRAM timing parameters through the DRAM sub-items. The following sub-items appear when this item is Disabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### *DRAM CAS# Latency [3 Clocks]*

Controls the latency between the SDRAM read command and the time the data actually becomes available.

Configuration options: [3 Clocks] [2.5 Clocks] [2 Clocks]

#### *DRAM RAS# Precharge [4 Clocks]*

Controls the idle clocks after issuing a precharge command to the DDR SDRAM. Configuration options: [2 Clocks] [3 Clocks] [4 Clocks]

[5 Clocks]

#### *DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay [4 Clocks]*

Controls the latency between the DDR SDRAM active command and the read/write command. Configuration options: [2 Clocks] [3 Clocks]

[4 Clocks] [5 Clocks]

#### *DRAM RAS# Activate to Precharge [15 Clocks]*

Sets the RAS Activate timing to Precharge timing.

Configuration options: [4 Clocks] ~ [15 Clocks]

### **Hyper Path 2 [Auto]**

Enables or disables the memory acceleration mode feature.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

### **Graphic Adapter Priority [PCI Express/PCI]**

Allows selection of the graphics controller to use as primary boot device.

Configuration options: [PCI Express/PCI] [PCI/PCI Express]

### **PEG Buffer Length [Auto]**

Sets the PCI Express Graphics card buffer length.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Long] [Short]

### **Link Latency [Auto]**

Sets the link latency. Configuration options: [Auto] [Slow] [Normal]

### **PEG Link Mode [Auto]**

Sets the PCI Express Graphics link mode.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Slow] [Normal] [Fast] [Faster]

### **PEG Root Control [Auto]**

Enables or disables the PCI Express Graphics root control.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Slot Power [Auto]**

Sets the slot operating power.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Light] [Normal] [Heavy] [Heavier]

## 2.4.5 Onboard Devices Configuration

Advanced		BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Configure Win627EHF Super IO Chipset		Enable or Disable High Definition Audio Controller	
HD Audio Controller	[Enabled]		
Onboard LAN	[Enabled]		
LAN Option ROM	[Disabled]		
Serial Port1 Address	[3F8/IRQ4]		
Parallel Port Address	[378]		
Parallel Port Mode	[ECP]		
ECP Mode DMA Channel	[DMA3]		
Parallel Port IRQ	[IRQ7]		

### HD Audio Controller [Enabled]

Enables or disables the High Definition/AC'97 CODEC.  
Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

### OnBoard LAN [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the onboard PCI Express Gigabit LAN controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### LAN Option ROM [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable the option ROM in the onboard LAN controller. This item appears only when the Onboard LAN item is set to Enabled. Configuration options:[Disabled] [Enabled]

### Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]

Allows you to select the Serial Port1 base address.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [3F8/IRQ4] [2F8/IRQ3] [3E8/IRQ4] [2E8/IRQ3]

### Parallel Port Address [378]

Allows you to select the Parallel Port base addresses.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [378] [278] [3BC]

### Parallel Port Mode [ECP]

Allows you to select the Parallel Port mode.  
Configuration options: [Normal] [Bi-directional] [EPP] [ECP]

#### ECP Mode DMA Channel [DMA3]

Appears only when the Parallel Port Mode is set to [ECP]. This item allows you to set the Parallel Port ECP DMA.

Configuration options: [DMA0] [DMA1] [DMA3]

#### Parallel Port IRQ [IRQ7]

Configuration options: [IRQ5] [IRQ7]

### Onboard Game/MIDI Port [Disabled]

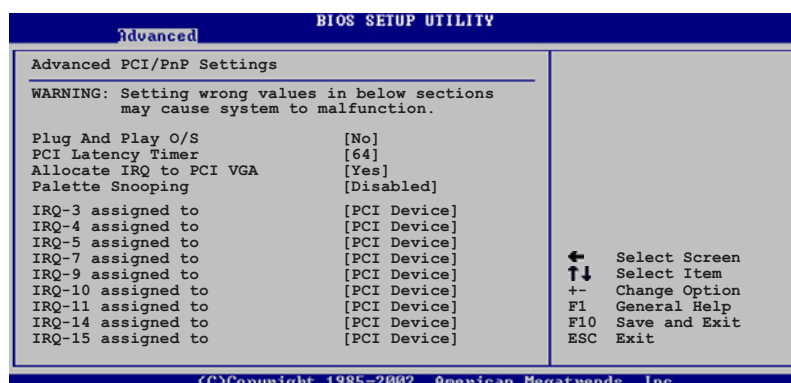
Allows you to select the Game Port address or to disable the port.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [200/300] [200/330] [208/300] [208/330]

## 2.4.6 PCI PnP

The PCI PnP menu items allow you to change the advanced settings for PCI/PnP devices. The menu includes setting IRQ and DMA channel resources for either PCI/PnP or legacy ISA devices, and setting the memory size block for legacy ISA devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the PCI PnP menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



### Plug and Play O/S [No]

When set to [No], BIOS configures all the devices in the system. When set to [Yes] and if you install a Plug and Play operating system, the operating system configures the Plug and Play devices not required for boot. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

### PCI Latency Timer [64]

Allows you to select the value in units of PCI clocks for the PCI device latency timer register. Configuration options: [32] [64] [96] [128] [160] [192] [224] [248]

### Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA [Yes]

When set to [Yes], BIOS assigns an IRQ to PCI VGA card if the card requests for an IRQ. When set to [No], BIOS does not assign an IRQ to the PCI VGA card even if requested. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

### Palette Snooping [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], the palette snooping feature informs the PCI devices that an ISA graphics device is installed in the system so that the latter can function correctly. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

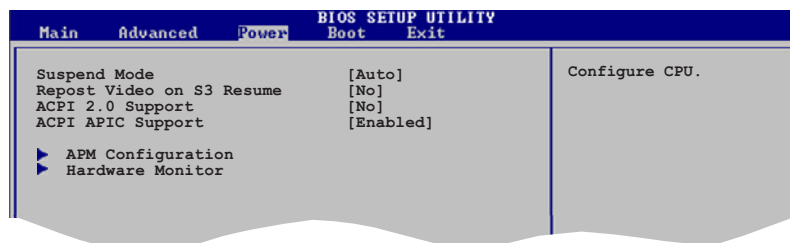


### IRQ-xx assigned to [PCI Device]

When set to [PCI Device], the specific IRQ is free for use of PCI/PnP devices. When set to [Reserved], the IRQ is reserved for legacy ISA devices. Configuration options: [PCI Device] [Reserved]

## 2.5 Power menu

The Power menu items allow you to change the settings for the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) and the Advanced Power Management (APM). Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



### 2.5.1 Suspend Mode [Auto]

Allows you to select the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) state to be used for system suspend. Configuration options: [S1 (POS) Only] [S3 Only] [Auto]

### 2.5.2 Repost Video on S3 Resume [No]

Determines whether to invoke VGA BIOS POST on S3/STR resume. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

### 2.5.3 ACPI 2.0 Support [No]

Allows you to add more tables for Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) 2.0 specifications. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

### 2.5.4 ACPI APIC Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) support in the Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). When set to Enabled, the ACPI APIC table pointer is included in the RSDT pointer list. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.5.5 APM Configuration

BIOS SETUP UTILITY	
Power	
APM Configuration	Enabled or disable APM.
Power button Mode	[On/Off]
Restore on AC Power Loss	[Power Off]
Resume On RTC Alarm	[Disabled]
Resume On By External Modems	[Disabled]
Resume On By PCI/PCIE X Devices	[Disabled]
Power On By PS/2 Keyboard	[Disabled]
Keyboard Wakeup Password : Not Installed	
Power On By PS/2 Mouse	[Disabled]

### Power Button Mode [On/Off]

Allows the system to go into On/Off mode or suspend mode when the power button is pressed. Configuration options: [On/Off] [Suspend]

### Restore on AC Power Loss [Power Off]

When set to Power Off, the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to Power On, the system goes on after an AC power loss. When set to Last State, the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss. Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

### Resume On RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RTC to generate a wake event. When this item is set to Enabled, the items RTC Alarm Date, RTC Alarm Hour, RTC Alarm Minute, and RTC Alarm Second appear with set values. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### RTC Alarm Date [15]

Sets the RTC alarm date. Use the plus (+) or minus (-) keys to adjust the values. Configuration options: [Everyday] [01] [02] ~ [31]

#### RTC Alarm Hour [12]

Sets the RTC alarm hour. Use the plus (+) or minus (-) keys to adjust the values. Configuration options: [00] [01] ~ [23]

#### RTC Alarm Minute [30]

Sets the RTC alarm minute. Use the plus (+) or minus (-) keys to adjust the values. Configuration options: [00] [01] ~ [59]

#### RTC Alarm Second [30]

Sets the RTC alarm second. Use the plus (+) or minus (-) keys to adjust the values. Configuration options: [00] [01] ~ [59]

### Resume On By External Modems [Disabled]

This allows either settings of [Enabled] or [Disabled] for powering up the computer when the external modem receives a call while the computer is in Soft-off mode. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

The computer cannot receive or transmit data until the computer and applications are fully running. Thus, connection cannot be made on the first try. Turning an external modem off and then back on while the computer is off causes an initialization string that turns the system power on.

---

### **Resume On By PCI/PCIEX Devices [Disabled]**

When set to [Enabled], this parameter allows you to turn on the system through a PME# device. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Power On By PS/2 Keyboard [Disabled]**

Allows you to use specific keys on the keyboard to turn on the system.

This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Wakeup Password**

This item appears only when the Power On By PS/2 Keyboard is set to Enabled. Select this item to set or change the keyboard wakeup password.

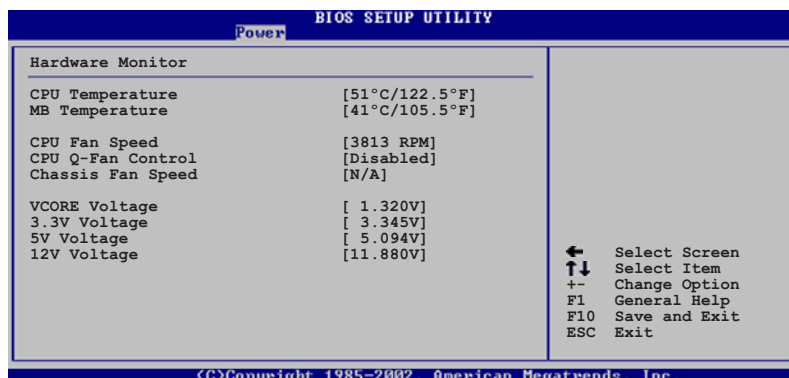
The **Keyboard Wakeup Password** item that appears below shows the default **Not Installed**. After you have set a password, this item shows **Installed**.

### **Power On By PS/2 Mouse [Disabled]**

When set to [Enabled], this parameter allows you to use the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.5.6 Hardware Monitor



### CPU Temperature [xxx°C/xxx°F]

### MB Temperature [xxx°C/xxx°F]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the motherboard and CPU temperatures. Select [Ignored] if you do not wish to display the detected temperatures.

Configuration options: [Ignored] [xxx°C/xxx°F] [N/A]

### CPU Fan Speed [xxxxRPM] or [N/A]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU fan speed in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows N/A.

Configuration options: [Ignored] [xxx°C/xxx°F] [N/A]

### CPU Q-Fan Control [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the ASUS Q-Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The **CPU Fan Ratio** and **CPU Target Temperature** items appear when you enable the **CPU Q-Fan Control** feature.

### CPU Fan Ratio [Auto]

Allows you to select the appropriate CPU fan speed ratio for the system. The default [Auto] automatically selects the fan speed ratio when operating a low CPU temperature. Select a higher ratio if you installed additional devices and the system requires more ventilation. This item appears only when the CPU Q-Fan Control item is Enabled.

Configuration options: [Auto] [90%] [80%] [70%] [60%] ~[20%]

### CPU Target Temperature [xxx°C]

Allows you to set the CPU temperature threshold when the CPU fan speed is increased to lower the CPU temperature. This item appears only when the CPU Q-Fan Control item is Enabled. The configuration options vary depending on the CPU installed.

### Chassis Fan Speed [xxxxRPM] or [N/A]

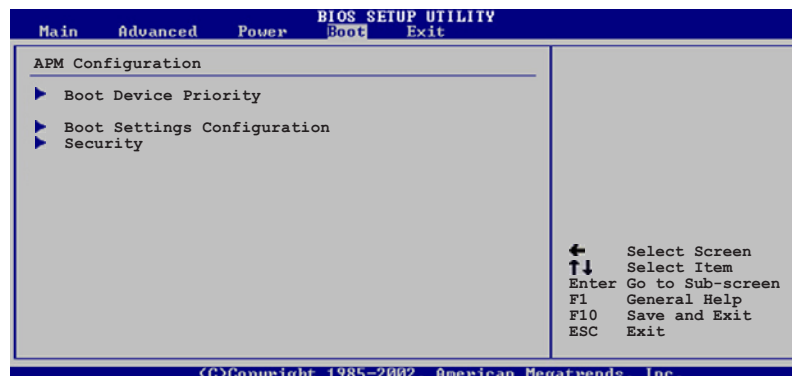
The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the chassis fan speed in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the chassis, the specific field shows N/A.  
Configuration options: [Ignored] [N/A]

### VCORE Voltage, 3.3V Voltage, 5V Voltage, 12V Voltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators.  
Configuration options: [Ignored] [X.XXXV]

## 2.6 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



## 2.6.1 Boot Device Priority

BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
Main	Advanced	Power
Boot Exit		
Boot Device Priority		
1st Boot Device		[1st FLOPPY DRIVE]
2nd Boot Device		[PM-ST330620A]
3rd Boot Device		[PS-ASUS CD-S360]

### 1st ~ xxth Boot Device [1st Floppy Drive]

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system.  
Configuration options: [xxxxx Drive] [Disabled]

## 2.6.2 Hard Disk Drives

BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
Main	Advanced	Power
Boot Exit		
Hard Disk Drives		
1st Drive		[XXXXXXXXXX]
2nd Drive		[XXXXXXXXXX]

### 1st ~ xxth Drive [XXXXXX]

These items specify the boot device sequence of available disk drives. The number of disk drives that appear on the screen depends on the number of drives installed in the system. Configuration options: [XXXXXX] [Disabled]

## 2.6.3 Boot Settings Configuration

BIOS SETUP UTILITY		
Boot		
Boot Settings Configuration		
Quick Boot		[Enabled]
Full Screen Logo		[Enabled]
AddOn ROM Display Mode		[Force BIOS]
Bootup Num-Lock		[On]
PS/2 Mouse Support		[Auto]
Wait For 'F1' If Error		[Enabled]
Hit 'DEL' Message Display		[Enabled]
Interrupt 19 Capture		[Disabled]
		Allows BIOS to skip certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system.

### Quick Boot [Enabled]

Enabling this item allows the BIOS to skip some power on self tests (POST) while booting to decrease the time needed to boot the system. When set to [Disabled], BIOS performs all the POST items.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Full Screen Logo [Enabled]**

This allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



---

Set this item to [Enabled] to use the ASUS MyLogo™ feature.

---

### **Add On ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]**

Sets the display mode for option ROM.  
Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

### **Bootup Num-Lock [On]**

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock.  
Configuration options: [Off] [On]

### **PS/2 Mouse Support [Auto]**

Allows you to enable or disable support for PS/2 mouse.  
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

### **Wait for 'F1' If Error [Enabled]**

When set to Enabled, the system waits for the F1 key to be pressed when error occurs. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Hit 'DEL' Message Display [Enabled]**

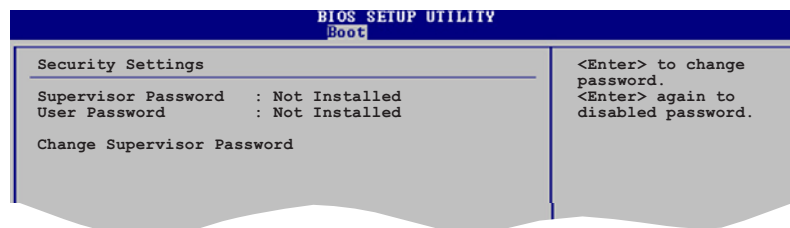
When set to Enabled, the system displays the message "Press DEL to run Setup" during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Interrupt 19 Capture [Disabled]**

When set to [Enabled], this function allows the option ROMs to trap Interrupt 19. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 2.6.4 Security

The Security menu items allow you to change the system security settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



### Change Supervisor Password

Select this item to set or change the supervisor password. The Supervisor Password item on top of the screen shows the default **Not Installed**. After you set a password, this item shows **Installed**.

To set a Supervisor Password:

1. Select the Change Supervisor Password item and press <Enter>.
2. From the password box, type a password composed of at least six letters and/or numbers, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you successfully set your password.

To change the supervisor password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

To clear the supervisor password, select the Change Supervisor Password then press <Enter>. The message "Password Uninstalled" appears.



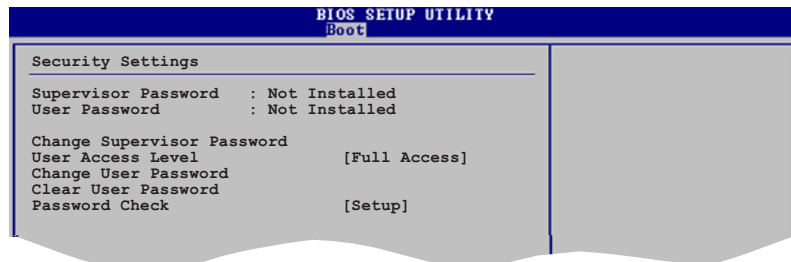
---

If you forget your BIOS password, you can clear it by erasing the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM. See section "1.9 Jumpers" for information on how to erase the RTC RAM.

---



After you have set a supervisor password, the other items appear to allow you to change other security settings.



### User Access Level (Full Access]

This item allows you to select the access restriction to the Setup items. Configuration options: [No Access] [View Only] [Limited] [Full Access]

**No Access** prevents user access to the Setup utility.

**View Only** allows access but does not allow change to any field.

**Limited** allows changes only to selected fields, such as Date and Time.

**Full Access** allows viewing and changing all the fields in the Setup utility.

### Change User Password

Select this item to set or change the user password. The User Password item on top of the screen shows the default **Not Installed**. After you set a password, this item shows **Installed**.

To set a User Password:

1. Select the Change User Password item and press <Enter>.
2. On the password box that appears, type a password composed of at least six letters and/or numbers, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you set your password successfully.

To change the user password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

## Clear User Password

Select this item to clear the user password.

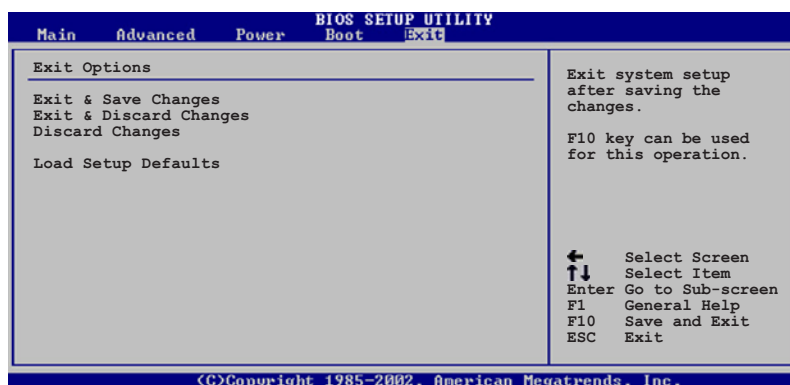
## Password Check [Setup]

When set to [Setup], BIOS checks for user password when accessing the Setup utility. When set to [Always], BIOS checks for user password both when accessing Setup and booting the system.

Configuration options: [Setup] [Always]

## 2.7 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to load the optimal or failsafe default values for the BIOS items, and save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.



Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

## Exit & Save Changes

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved to the CMOS RAM. An onboard backup battery sustains the CMOS RAM so it stays on even when the PC is turned off. When you select this option, a confirmation window appears. Select **Ok** to save changes and exit.



If you attempt to exit the Setup program without saving your changes, the program prompts you with a message asking if you want to save your changes before exiting. Press <Enter> to save the changes while exiting.

### **Exit & Discard Changes**

Select this option only if you do not want to save the changes that you made to the Setup program. If you made changes to fields other than System Date, System Time, and Password, the BIOS asks for a confirmation before exiting.

### **Discard Changes**

This option allows you to discard the selections you made and restore the previously saved values. After selecting this option, a confirmation appears. Select **Ok** to discard any changes and load the previously saved values.

### **Load Setup Defaults**

This option allows you to load the default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. When you select this option or if you press <F5>, a confirmation window appears. Select **Ok** to load default values. Select **Exit & Save Changes** or make other changes before saving the values to the non-volatile RAM.



This chapter describes the contents of the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.

# Software support



## 3.1 Installing an operating system

This motherboard supports Windows® 2000/2003 Server/XP operating systems (OS). Always install the latest OS version and corresponding updates to maximize the features of your hardware.



- Motherboard settings and hardware options vary. Use the setup procedures presented in this chapter for reference only. Refer to your OS documentation for detailed information.
- Make sure that you install Windows® 2000 Service Pack 4 or the Windows® XP Service Pack 1 or later versions before installing the drivers for better compatibility and system stability.

## 3.2 Support CD information

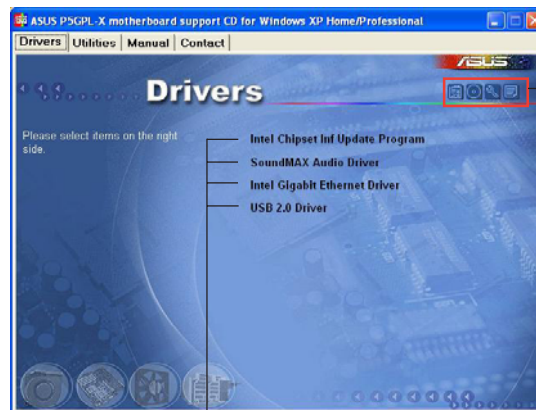
The support CD that came with the motherboard package contains the drivers, software applications, and utilities that you can install to avail all motherboard features.



The contents of the support CD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website([www.asus.com](http://www.asus.com)) for updates.

### 3.2.1 Running the support CD

Place the support CD to the optical drive. The CD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



Click an icon to display support CD/motherboard information

Click an item to install



If **Autorun** is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the BIN folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the CD.

### 3.2.2 Drivers menu

The drivers menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



#### Intel Chipset Inf Update Program

This item installs the Intel® Chipset INF Update Program. This driver enables Plug-n-Play INF support for the Intel® chipset components on the motherboard. When installed to the target system, this driver provides the method for configuring the chipset components.

You can install this utility using three different modes: interactive, silent, or unattended preload. Installing the driver in interactive mode requires user input during installation. User input is not required when installing the driver in silent or unattended preload modes. Refer to the online help or readme file that came with the utility for details.

#### SoundMAX Audio Driver

Executes the wizard to install the ADI AD1986A SoundMAX audio driver and application.

#### Intel® Graphics Ethernet Driver

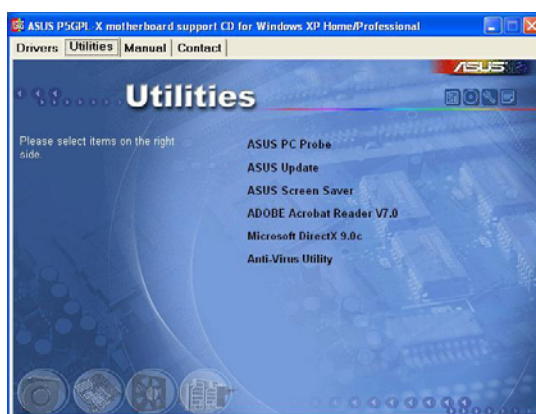
Installs the Intel® graphics Ethernet driver.

#### USB 2.0 Driver

Installs the USB 2.0 driver.

### 3.2.3 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu shows the applications and other software that the motherboard supports.



#### **ASUS PC Probe**

This smart utility monitors the fan speed, CPU temperature, and system voltages, and alerts you of any detected problems. This utility helps you keep your computer in healthy operating condition.

#### **ASUS Update**

The ASUS Update utility allows you to update the motherboard BIOS in a Windows® environment. This utility requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP). See page 2-8 for details.

#### **ASUS Screen Saver**

Installs the ASUS screen saver.

#### **ADOBE Acrobat Reader V7.0**

Installs the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader V7.0.

#### **Microsoft DirectX 9.0c**

Installs the Microsoft® DirectX 9.0c driver.

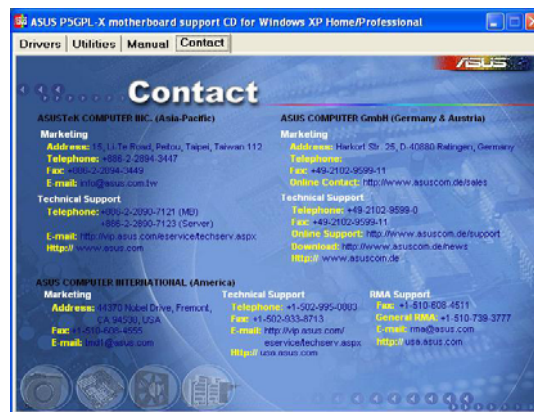
#### **Anti-Virus utility**

The anti-virus application scans, identifies, and removes computer viruses. View the online help for detailed information.



### 3.2.4 ASUS Contact information

Click the **Contact** tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.





The Appendix describes the CPU features that the motherboard supports.

# CPU features **A**

## A.1 Intel® EM64T



- The motherboard is fully compatible with Intel® Pentium® 4 LGA775 processors running on 32-bit operating systems.
- The motherboard comes with a BIOS file that supports EM64T. You can download the latest BIOS file from the ASUS website ([www.asus.com/support/download/](http://www.asus.com/support/download/)) if you need to update the BIOS file. See Chapter 2 for details.
- Visit [www.intel.com](http://www.intel.com) for more information on the EM64T feature.
- Visit [www.microsoft.com](http://www.microsoft.com) for more information on Windows® 64-bit OS.

### Using the Intel® EM64T feature

To use the Intel® EM64T feature:

1. Install an Intel® Pentium® 4 CPU that supports the Intel® EM64T.
2. Install a 64-bit operating system (Windows® XP Professional x64 Edition or Windows® Server 2003 x64 Edition).
3. Install the 64-bit drivers for the motherboard components and devices from the support CD.
4. Install the 64-bit drivers for expansion cards or add-on devices, if any.



Refer to the expansion card or add-on device(s) documentation, or visit the related website, to verify if the card/device supports a 64-bit system.

## A.2 Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST)



- The motherboard comes with a BIOS file that supports EIST. You can download the latest BIOS file from the ASUS website ([www.asus.com/support/download/](http://www.asus.com/support/download/)) if you need to update the BIOS. See Chapter 2 for details.
- Visit [www.intel.com](http://www.intel.com) for more information on the EIST feature.

### A.2.1 System requirements

Before using EIST, check your system if it meets the following requirements:

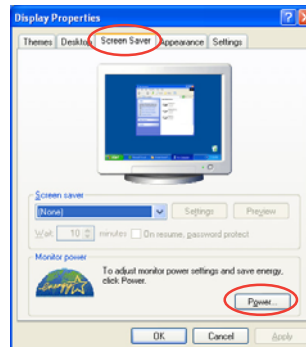
- Intel® Pentium® 4 processor with EIST support
- BIOS file with EIST support
- Operating system with EIST support (Windows® XP SP2/Windows® Server 2003 SP1/Linux 2.6 kernel or later versions)


## A.2.2 Using the EIST

To use the EIST feature:

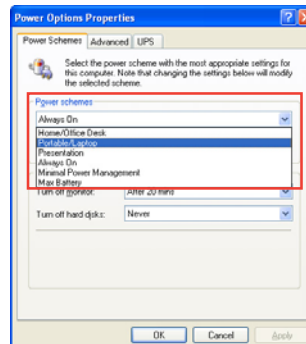
1. Turn on the computer, then enter the BIOS Setup.
2. Go to the **Advanced Menu**, highlight **CPU Configuration**, then press <Enter>.
3. Set the **Intel(R) SpeedStep Technology** item to [Automatic], then press <Enter>.
4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS setup.
5. After the computer restarts, right click on a blank space on the desktop, then select **Properties** from the pop-up menu.

6. When the **Display Properties** window appears, click the **Screen Saver** tab.
7. Click the **Power** button on the Monitor power section to open the **Power Options Properties** window.



8. On the **Power schemes** section, click , then select any option **except Home/Office Desktop or Always On**.
9. Click **Apply**, then click **OK**.
10. Close the **Display Properties** window.

After you adjust the power scheme, the CPU internal frequency slightly decreases when the CPU loading is low.



The screen displays and procedures may vary depending on the operating system.

## A.3 Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology



- The motherboard supports Intel® Pentium® 4 LGA775 processors with Hyper-Threading Technology.
- Hyper-Threading Technology is supported under Windows® XP/2003 Server and Linux 2.4.x (kernel) and later versions only. Under Linux, use the Hyper-Threading compiler to compile the code. If you are using any other operating systems, disable the Hyper-Threading Technology item in the BIOS to ensure system stability and performance.
- Installing Windows® XP Service Pack 1 or later version is recommended.
- Make sure to enable the Hyper-Threading Technology item in BIOS before installing a supported operating system.
- For more information on Hyper-Threading Technology, visit [www.intel.com/info/hyperthreading](http://www.intel.com/info/hyperthreading).

### Using the Hyper-Threading Technology

To use the Hyper-Threading Technology:

1. Install an Intel® Pentium® 4 CPU that supports Hyper-Threading Technology.
2. Power up the system and enter the BIOS Setup. Under the **Advanced Menu**, make sure that the item **Hyper-Threading Technology** is set to **Enabled**.  
The BIOS item appears only if you installed a CPU that supports Hyper-Threading Technology.
3. Restart the computer.