

M2A-MX



Motherboard

E3416

First Edition
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Notices

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Safety information

Electrical safety

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- Before connecting or removing signal cables from the motherboard, ensure that all power cables are unplugged.
- Seek professional assistance before using an adapter or extension cord. These devices could interrupt the grounding circuit.
- Make sure that your power supply is set to the correct voltage in your area. If you are not sure about the voltage of the electrical outlet you are using, contact your local power company.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

Operation safety

- Before installing the motherboard and adding devices on it, carefully read all the manuals that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet.
- Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.



The symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment, Mercury-containing button cell battery) should not be placed in municipal waste. Please check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.

About this guide

This user guide contains the information you need when installing and configuring the motherboard.

How this guide is organized

This manual contains the following parts:

- **Chapter 1: Product introduction**

This chapter describes the features of the motherboard and the new technology it supports. This chapter also lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing system components. It includes description of the jumpers and connectors on the motherboard.

- **Chapter 2: BIOS setup**

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

- **Chapter 3: Software support**

This chapter describes the contents of the support CD/DVD that comes with the motherboard package.

Where to find more information

Refer to the following sources for additional information and for product and software updates.

1. **ASUS websites**

The ASUS website provides updated information on ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

2. **Optional documentation**

Your product package may include optional documentation, such as warranty flyers, that may have been added by your dealer. These documents are not part of the standard package.

Conventions used in this guide

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



DANGER/WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



IMPORTANT: Instructions that you **MUST** follow to complete a task.



NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

Typography

Bold text

Indicates a menu or an item to select.

Italics

Used to emphasize a word or a phrase.

<Key>

Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than sign means that you must press the enclosed key.

Example: <Enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key.

<Key1+Key2+Key3>

If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).

Example: <Ctrl+Alt+D>

Command

Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.

Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line:

format A:/S

M2A-MX specifications summary

CPU	Support AMD socket AM2 for AMD Athlon™ 64 FX / Athlon™ 64 X2 / Athlon™ 64 / Sempron / AM2+ processors AMD64 architecture enables simultaneous 32-bit and 64-bit computing Supports AMD Cool 'n' Quiet™ Technology AMD Live!™ Ready
Chipset	Northbridge: AMD 690V Southbridge: AMD SB600
System bus	2000 / 1600 MT/s
Memory	Dual-channel memory architecture 2 x 240-pin DIMM sockets support up to 4 GB of unbuffered non-ECC 800 / 667 / 533 MHz DDR2 memory modules
Expansion slots	1 x PCI Express™ x16 slot 1 x PCI Express™ x1 slot 2 x PCI slots
Graphics	Integrated ATI Radeon X1200 VPU graphics Note: Max. UMA memory is up to 256 MB.
Storage	AMD SB600 chipset supports: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1 x Ultra DMA 133 / 100 / 66 interface for two (2) hard disk drives - 4 x Serial ATA 3 Gb/s hard disk drives supporting RAID 0, RAID 1 and RAID 0+1 configurations
High Definition Audio	Realtek® ALC662 High Definition Audio 6-channel CODEC Supports Jack-detect and Anti Pop Function Supports S/PDIF out interface
LAN	PCIe Gigabit LAN
BIOS features	8 Mb Flash ROM, AMI BIOS, Green, PnP, DMI v2.0, WfM 2.0, ACPI v3.0, SM BIOS 2.5
Manageability	WfM2.0, DMI2.0, WOL by PME, WOR, PXE
Special features	ASUS Q-Fan ASUS C.P.R. (CPU Parameter Recall) ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 ASUS EZ Flash ASUS MyLogo™
USB	Supports up to 10 USB 2.0 / 1.1 ports (6 ports at mid-board, and 4 ports at back panel)

(continued on the next page)

M2A-MX specifications summary

Rear panel	1 x Parallel port 1 x LAN (RJ-45) port 4 x USB 2.0 ports 1 x VGA Out port 1 x COM port 1 x PS/2 keyboard port 1 x PS/2 mouse port 6-channel audio ports
Internal connectors	1 x Front panel audio connector 1 x CD audio in connector 1 x CPU fan connector 1 x Chassis fan connector 1 x Floppy disk drive connector 1 x Speaker connector 1 x IDE connector 1 x S/PDIF Out connector 1 x Chassis intrusion connector 4 x Serial ATA connectors 3 x USB 2.0 connectors for 6 additional USB 2.0 ports 24-pin ATX power connector 4-pin x ATX 12V power connector 1 x System panel connector
Power Requirement	ATX power supply (with 24-pin and 4-pin 12 V plugs) ATX 12 V 2.0 compliant
Accessories	1 x Serial ATA signal cable 1 x SATA power cable 1 x UltraDMA 133 / 100 / 66 1 x Floppy disk drive cable 1 x I/O Shield User guide
Form Factor	MicroATX: 9.6 in. x 7.6 in. (24.5 cm x 19.4 cm)
Support CD	Device drivers ASUS PC Probe II ASUS Live Update utility AMD Cool 'n' Quiet Utility Anti-virus software (OEM version)

*Specifications are subject to change without notice.

This chapter describes the motherboard features and the new technologies it supports.

1 **Product introduction**

1.1 Welcome!

Thank you for buying an ASUS® M2A-MX motherboard!

The motherboard delivers a host of new features and latest technologies, making it another standout in the long line of ASUS quality motherboards!

Before you start installing the motherboard, and hardware devices on it, check the items in your package with the list below.

1.2 Package contents

Check your motherboard package for the following items.

Motherboard	ASUS M2A-MX motherboard
Cables	1 x Serial ATA signal cable 1 x Serial ATA power cable 1 x Ultra DMA 133 / 100 / 66 cable 1 x Floppy disk drive cable
Accessories	I/O shield
Application CD	ASUS motherboard support CD
Documentation	User guide



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

1.3 Special features

1.3.1 Product highlights



Latest processor technology

The motherboard supports AMD socket AM2 / AM2+ single-core Athlon 64 / Sempron and dual-core Athlon 64 X2/Athlon 64 FX processors with 2 MB / 1 MB / 512 KB L2 cache, which is based on 64-bit architecture. It features 2000 / 1600 MT/s HyperTransport Bus, dual-channel un-buffered DDR2 800 memory support and AMD Cool 'n' Quiet Technology. See page 1-9 for details.

AMD Cool 'n' Quiet Technology

The motherboard supports the AMD Cool 'n' Quiet Technology, which monitors system operation and automatically adjusts CPU voltage and frequency for a cool and quiet operating environment. See page 2-21 for details.

AMD® 690V and ATI SB600 chipsets



The AMD® 690V Chipset delivers a Windows Vista™ Premium experience. This Northbridge is the latest AMD chipset designed to support AMD Sempron™, AMD Athlon™ 64, Athlon™ 64 FX, Athlon™ 64 FX x2 CPU. It boosts your gaming and multimedia experience with integrated ATI Radeon x1200 Graphics. It also features 800 / 1000MHz HyperTransport (HT) interface speeds, Microsoft DirectX 9.0, Pixel Shader V2.0 and dual VGA outputs. The AMD SB600 chipset build-in ATA 133 controller supports RAID 0, 1 and, 0+1. See page 1-30 and 2-17 for details.



DDR2 memory support

The motherboard supports DDR2 memory which features data transfer rates of 800 MHz / 667 MHz / 533 MHz to meet the higher bandwidth requirements of the latest 3D graphics, multimedia, and Internet applications. The dual-channel DDR2 architecture doubles the bandwidth of your system memory to boost system performance, eliminating bottlenecks with peak bandwidths of up to 12.8 GB/s. See page 1-13 for details.

PCI Express™ interface



The motherboard fully supports PCI Express, the latest I/O interconnect technology that speeds up the PCI bus. PCI Express features point-to-point serial interconnections between devices and allows higher clockspeeds by carrying data in packets. This high speed interface is software compatible with existing PCI specifications. See page 1-23 for details.

Serial ATA 3Gb/s technology



The motherboard supports next-generation SATA hard drives based on the new SATA 3Gb/s storage specification. The onboard AMD® SB600 allows RAID 0, RAID 1 and RAID 0+1 configurations for four SATA connectors. See pages 1-30 and 2-17 for details.

Gigabit LAN solution



PCI Express Gb LAN controller delivers transfer speeds up to ten times faster than conventional 10/100/1000 Ethernet connections. Gigabit LAN is the networking standard for the early future and is ideal for handling large amounts of data such as video, audio, and voice. See page 1-26 for details.

6-channel high definition audio



Onboard is the Realtek® ALC662 High Definition Audio 6-channel audio CODEC. This CODEC is fully-compliant with Intel® High Definition Audio standard (192 KHz, 24-bit audio). With the CODEC, 6-channel audio ports, and S/PDIF interfaces, you can connect your computer to home theater decoders to produce crystal-clear digital audio.

USB 2.0 technology



The motherboard implements the Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 specification, dramatically increasing the connection speed from the 12 Mbps bandwidth on USB 1.1 to a fast 480 Mbps on USB 2.0. USB 2.0 is backward compatible with USB 1.1. See pages 1-25, 1-27 and 1-32 for details.

1.3.2 Innovative ASUS features

ASUS Q-Fan technology



The ASUS Q-Fan technology smartly adjusts the CPU fan speeds according to the system loading to ensure quiet, cool, and efficient operation. See page 2-30 for details.

ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2



This feature allows you to restore the original BIOS data from the support CD in case when the BIOS codes and data are corrupted. This protection eliminates the need to buy a replacement BIOS chip. See page 2-9 for details.

ASUS EZ Flash



With the ASUS EZ Flash, you can easily update the system BIOS even before loading the operating system. No need to use a DOS-based utility or boot from a floppy disk. See page 2-6 for details.

ASUS MyLogo™



This new feature present in the motherboard allows you to personalize and add style to your system with customizable boot logos. See page 2-32 for details.

C.P.R. (CPU Parameter Recall)



The C.P.R. feature of the motherboard BIOS allows automatic re-setting to the BIOS default settings in case the system hangs due to overclocking. When the system hangs due to overclocking, C.P.R. eliminates the need to open the system chassis and clear the RTC data. Simply shut down and reboot the system, and the BIOS automatically restores the CPU default setting for each parameter. See page 1-24 for details.

1.4 Before you proceed

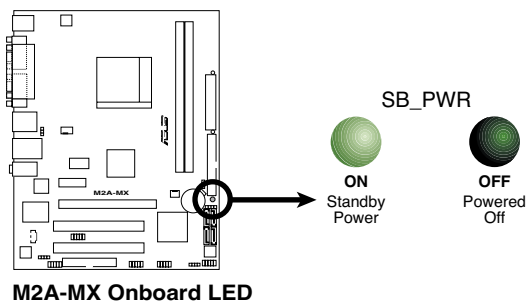
Take note of the following precautions before you install motherboard components or change any motherboard settings.



- Unplug the power cord from the wall socket before touching any component.
- Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity
- Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.
- Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.
- Before you install or remove any component, ensure that the ATX power supply is switched off or the power cord is detached from the power supply. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the motherboard, peripherals, and/or components.

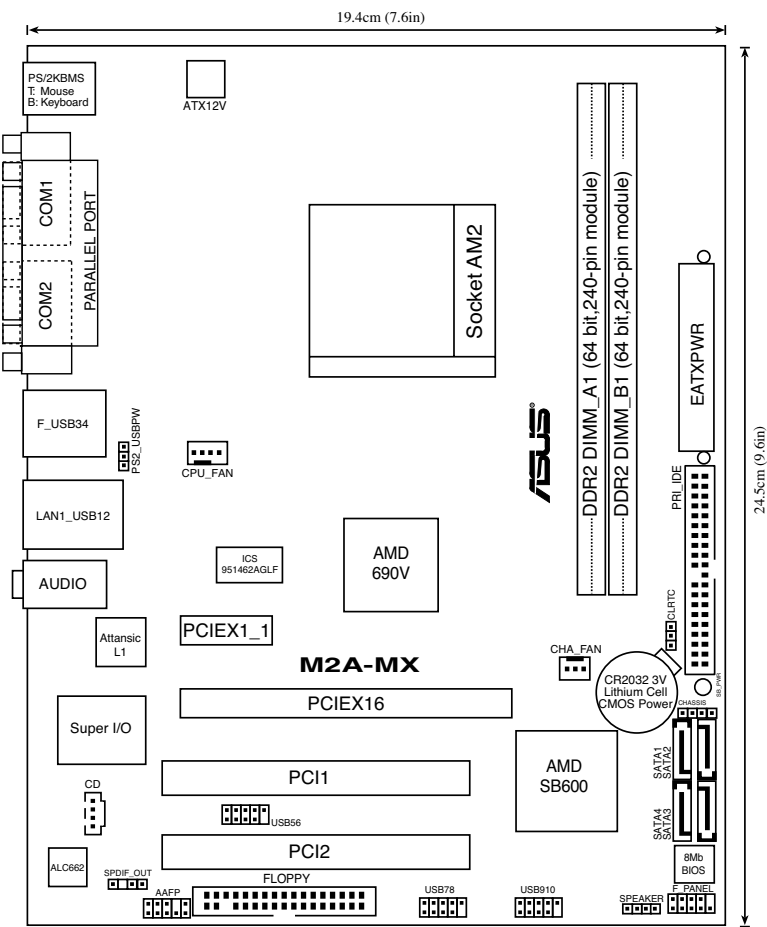
Onboard LED

The motherboard comes with a standby power LED that lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode, or in soft-off mode. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before removing or plugging in any motherboard component. The illustration below shows the location of the onboard LED.



1.5 Motherboard overview

1.5.1 Motherboard layout



1.5.2 Placement direction

When installing the motherboard, make sure that you place it into the chassis in the correct orientation. The edge with external ports goes to the rear part of the chassis as indicated in the image below.

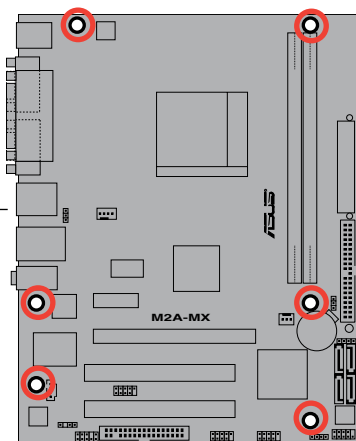
1.5.3 Screw holes

Place six (6) screws into the holes indicated by circles to secure the motherboard to the chassis.



Do not overtighten the screws! Doing so can damage the motherboard.

Place this side towards
the rear of the chassis



1.6 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with a 940-pin AM2 socket designed for the AMD Athlon™ 64 FX / Athlon™ 64 x2 / Athlon™ 64 / Sempron™ / AM2+ processor.

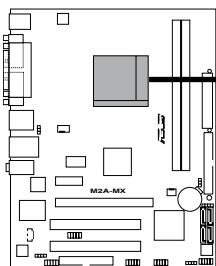


The AM2 socket has a different pinout from the 940-pin socket designed for the AMD Opteron™ processor. Make sure you use a CPU is designed for the AM2 socket. The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!

1.6.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU.

1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.

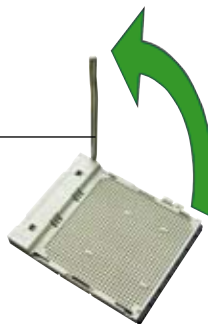


M2A-MX CPU Socket M2



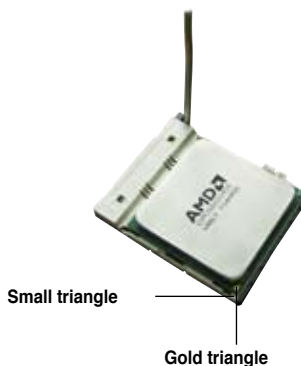
2. Unlock the socket by pressing the lever sideways, then lift it up to a 90°-100° angle.

Socket lever



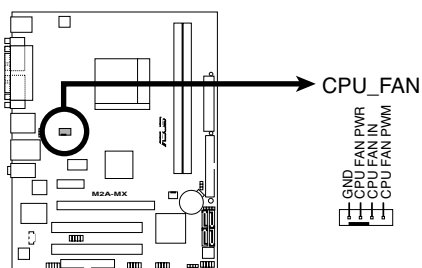
Make sure that the socket lever is lifted up to 90°-100° angle, otherwise the CPU does not fit in completely.

3. Position the CPU above the socket such that the CPU corner with the gold triangle matches the socket corner with a small triangle.
4. Carefully insert the CPU into the socket until it fits in place.



The CPU fits only in one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the pins and damaging the CPU!

5. When the CPU is in place, push down the socket lever to secure the CPU. The lever clicks on the side tab to indicate that it is locked.
6. Install a CPU heatsink and fan following the instructions that came with the heatsink package.
7. Connect the CPU fan cable to the CPU_FAN connector on the motherboard.



M2A-MX CPU Fan Connector



Do not forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.

1.6.2 Installing the heatsink and fan

The AMD Athlon™ 64 FX / Athlon™ 64 x2 / Athlon™ 64 / Sempron™ processor require a specially designed heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.



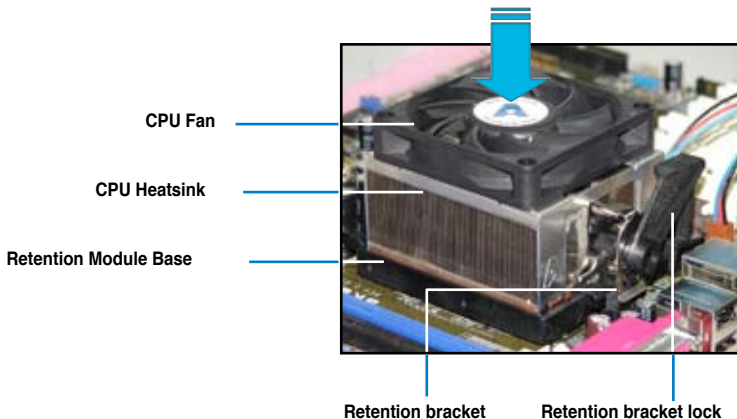
Make sure that you use only qualified heatsink and fan assembly.

Follow these steps to install the CPU heatsink and fan.

1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, making sure that the heatsink fits properly on the retention module base.

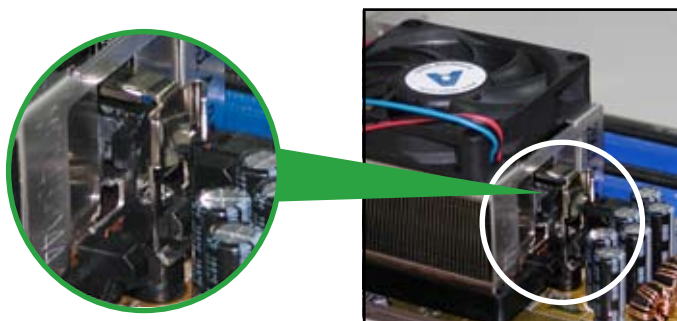


- The retention module base is already installed on the motherboard upon purchase.
- You do not have to remove the retention module base when installing the CPU or installing other motherboard components.
- If you purchased a separate CPU heatsink and fan assembly, make sure that a Thermal Interface Material is properly applied to the CPU heatsink or CPU before you install the heatsink and fan assembly.



Your boxed CPU heatsink and fan assembly should come with installation instructions for the CPU, heatsink, and the retention mechanism. If the instructions in this section do not match the CPU documentation, follow the latter.

2. Attach one end of the retention bracket to the retention module base.



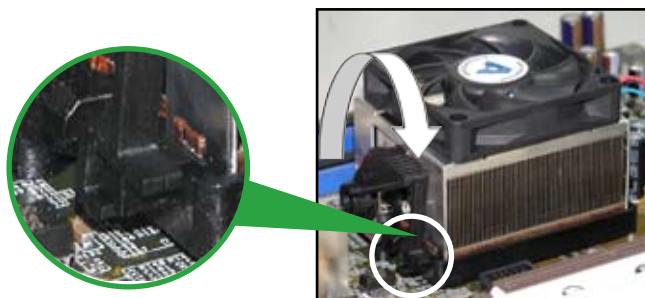
3. Align the other end of the retention bracket (near the retention bracket lock) to the retention module base. A clicking sound denotes that the retention bracket is in place.



Make sure that the fan and heatsink assembly perfectly fits the retention mechanism module base; otherwise, you cannot snap the retention bracket in place.



4. Push down the retention bracket lock on the retention mechanism to secure the heatsink and fan to the module base.



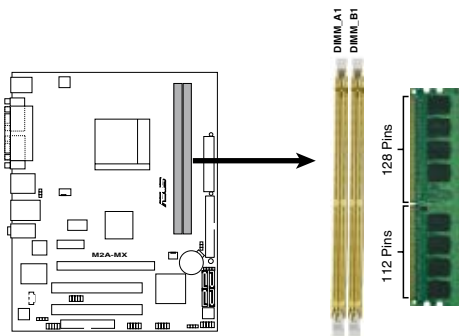
1.7 System memory

1.7.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with two Double Data Rate 2 (DDR2) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

A DDR2 module has the same physical dimensions as a DDR DIMM but has a 240-pin footprint compared to the 184-pin DDR DIMM. DDR2 DIMMs are notched differently to prevent installation on a DDR DIMM socket.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR2 DIMM sockets:



M2A-MX 240-pin DDR2 DIMM Sockets

Channel	Sockets
Channel A	DIMM_A1
Channel B	DIMM_B1

1.7.2 Memory configurations

You may install 256 MB, 512 MB, 1 GB, and 2 GB unbuffered non-ECC DDR2 DIMMs into the DIMM sockets.

Recommended memory configurations

Sockets		
Mode	DIMM_A1	DIMM_B1
Single-Channel	–	Populated
	Populated	–
Dual-channel	Populated	Populated



-
- When using only one memory module, start installing the DDR2 DIMM from slot DIMM_A1 or DIMM_B1 for better overclocking capability.
 - Always use identical DDR2 DIMM pairs for dual channel mode. For optimum compatibility, we recommend that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.
-



Important notice on installing Windows® Vista / XP 32-bit version

If you install Windows® Vista / XP 32-bit version Operating System (OS), the limitation of this OS version is that it may reserve a certain amount of memory space for system devices. We recommend that you install less than 3 GB system memory if you would like to work under Windows® Vista / XP 32-bit version OS. The excess memory installation will not cause any usage problem, but it will not give users the benefit of manipulating this excess memory space.



The motherboard can support 4 GB physical memory on the operating system listed below. You may install a maximum of 2 GB DIMMs on each slot.

64-bit
Windows® XP Professional x64 Edition
Windows® Vista x64 Edition

Qualified Vendors Lists (QVL)

DDR2-533 MHz capability

Size	Vendor	Model	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
					A	B
256MB	AENEON	AET560UD00-370A98Z	SS	AET94F370AWVV34635G0520	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A98Z	SS	AET93F370A.G.0513	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A98Z	SS	AET93F370A.3VV36328G.0522	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A98X	SS	AET93F370A.0518	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370A88S	DS	AET82F370A.0550	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-370B97X	SS	AET93R370B.0640	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-370A98Z	DS	AET93F370A.0551	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-370A98S	DS	AET92F370A.0606	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-370B97X	DS	AET93R370B.0640	•	•
2G	AENEON	AET860UD00-370A08X	DS	AET03F370AFVV26176G.0542	•	•
512MB	Corsair	VS512MB533D2	DS	MIII0052532M8CEC	•	
512MB	Elpida	EBE51UD8ABFA-5C-E	SS	E5108AB-5C-E	•	
256MB	HY	HYMP532U64CP6-C4 AB	SS	HY5PS121621CFP-C4	•	
1G	HY	HYMP512U64CP8-C4 AB	DS	HY5PS12821CFP-C4	•	
256MB	Kingmax	KLBB68F-36EP4	SS	E5116AB-5C-E	•	
512MB	Kingmax	KLBC28F-A8KB4	SS	KKEA88B4IAK-37	•	
512MB	Kingmax	KLBC28F-A8EB4	SS	E5108AE-5C-E	•	
256MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/256	SS	E5116AB-5C-E	•	
256MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/256	SS	E5116AF-5C-E	•	
512MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/512	DS	HY5PS56821F-C4	•	
512MB	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/512	SS	HYB18T512800AF3733336550	•	
1G	Kingston	KVR533D2N4/1G	DS	D6408TE7BL-37	•	
512MB	Micron	MT 16HTF6464AG-53EB2	DS	D9BOM	•	
512MB	Micron	MT 16HTF6464AG-53EB2	DS	Z9BQT	•	
1G	Micron	MT 16HTF12864AY-53EA1	DS	D9CRZ	•	
512MB	PQI	MEAB-323LA	SS	D2-E04180W025	•	
1G	PQI	MEAB-423LA	DS	D2-E04230W107	•	
256MB	Qimonda	HYS64T32000HU-3.7-A	SS	HYB18T512160AF-3.7AFSS31270	•	
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000GU-3.7-A	SS	HYB18T512800AC37SSS11511	•	
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000HU-3.7-A	SS	HYB18T512800AF37SSS12079	•	
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000HU-3.7-A	SS	HYB18T512800AF37FSS29334	•	
512MB	REMAXEL	RML1040EG38D6F-533	SS	E5108AG-5C-E	•	•
256MB	Samsung	M378T3253FG0-CD5	SS	K4T56083QF-GCD5	•	
512MB	Samsung	M378T6553BG0-CD5	SS	K4T51083QB-GCD5	•	
512MB	Transcend	512MB DDR2 533 ECC	SS	6ND22D9GCT(ECC)	•	
512MB	VERITECH	GTP512HLT46DG	SS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•
1G	VERITECH	GTP01GHLT56DG	DS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•

Qualified Vendors Lists (QVL)

DDR2-667 MHz capability

Size	Vendor	Model	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
					A	B
512MB	ADATA	M20EL5G3H3160B1C0Z	SS	E5108AE-6E-F		•
513MB	ADATA	M20AD5G3H31681C52	SS	AD29608A8A-3EG20648		•
1G	ADATA	M20AD5G3I41761C52	DS	AD29608A8A-3EG20645		•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-30DA98Z	SS	AET93F30DA 0552	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-30DB97X	SS	AET93R300B 0634	•	•
512MB	AENEON	AET660UD00-30DA98Z	SS	AET93F300A 0606	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-30DA98Z	DS	AET93F30DA8EE47414G 0540	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-30DA98Z	DS	AET93F30DA 0604	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-30DB97X	DS	AET93R300B 0639	•	•
512MB	Apacer	78.91092.420	SS	E5108AE-6E-F		•
512MB	Apacer	AU512E667C5KBGC	SS	AM4B5708MJS7E0627B		•
512MB	Apacer	AU512E667C5KBGC	SS	AM4B5708GQJS7E06332F		•
1G	Apacer	AU01GE667C5KBGC	DS	AM4B5708GQJS7E0636B		•
1G	Apacer	78.01092.420	DS	E5108AE-6E-F		•
1G	Apacer	AU01GE667C5KBGC	DS	AM4B5708MJS7E0627B		•
512MB	Century	CENTURY 512MB	SS	NT5U64M8AE-3C	•	•
512MB	Century	CENTURY 512MB	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5	•	•
1G	Century	CENTURY 1G	DS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5	•	•
1G	Century	CENTURY 1G	DS	NT5U64M8AE-3C	•	•
512MB	Corsair	VS512MB667D2	DS	MIII0052532M8CEC		•
512MB	Corsair	CM2X512-5400C4	SS	Heat-Sink Package	•	•
1G	Corsair	VS1GB667D2	DS	MID095D62864M8CEC		•
512MB	GEIL	GX21GB5300DC	SS	Heat-Sink Package	•	•
256MB	HY	HYMP532U64CP6-Y5 AB	SS	HY5PS121621CFP-Y5		•
512MB	HY	HYMP564U64AP8-Y4 AA	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y4		•
512MB	HY	HYMP564U64AP8-Y5 AA	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5		•
512MB	HY	HYMP564U72AP8-Y4	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y4(ECC)		•
512MB	HY	HYMP564U72AP8-Y5	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5(ECC)		•
1G	HY	HYMP512U72AP8-Y5	DS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5(ECC)		•
1G	HY	HYMP512U64AP8-Y5 AB	DS	HY5PS12821AFP-Y5		•
1G	HY	HYMP512U64CP8-Y5 AB	DS	HY5PS12521CFP-Y5		•
512MB	KINGBOX	512MB 667MHz	SS	EPD264082200-4	•	•
1G	KINGBOX	DDR11 1G 667MHz	DS	EPD264082200-4	•	•
512MB	Kingmax	KLCC28F-A8EB5	SS	E5108AE-6E-F		•
512MB	Kingmax	KLCC28F-A8KB5	SS	KKEA88B4LAUG-29DX		•
1G	Kingmax	KLCD48F-A8KB5	DS	KKEA88B4LAUG-29DX		•
256MB	Kingston	KVR667D2N5/256	SS	E2508AB-6E-F		•
512MB	Kingston	KVR667D2N5/512	SS	D6408TE8WL-27		•
512MB	Kingston	KVR667D2E5/512	SS	E5108AE-6E-F(ECC)		•
1G	Kingston	KVR667D2N5/1G	DS	D6408TE8WL-3		•
1G	Kingston	KVR667D2N5/1G	DS	D6408TEBGG13U		•
512MB	MDT	MDT 512MB	SS	18D51280D-30648	•	•
1G	MDT	MDT 1024MB	DS	18D51200D-30646	•	•
1G	MDT	MDT 1024MB	DS	18D51280D-30646E	•	•

Qualified Vendors Lists (QVL)

DDR2-667 MHz capability

Size	Vendor	Model	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
					A	B
256MB	Nanya	NT256T64UH4A1FY-3C	SS	NT5TU32M16AG-3C	•	•
256MB	Nanya	NT256T64UH4A1FY-3C	SS	NT5TU32M16AG-3C	•	
512MB	Nanya	NT512T64U88A1BY-3C	SS	NT5TU64M8AE-3C	•	•
512MB	Nanya	NT512T64U88A1BY-3C	SS	NT5TU64M8AE-3C	•	
1G	PQI	DDR2-667U 1G	DS	HY5PS12821BFP-E3 A	•	•
512MB	PSC	AL6E8E63B-6E1K	SS	A3R12E3GEF637BLC5N	•	•
512MB	PSC	AL6E8E63B-6E1K	SS	A3R12E3GEF637BLC5N	•	
1G	PSC	AL7E8E63B-6E1K	DS	A3R12E3GEF637BLC5N	•	•
1G	PSC	AL7E8E63B-6E1K	DS	A3R12E3GEF637BLC5N	•	
256MB	Qimonda	HYS64T32000HU-3S-A	SS	HYB18T512160AF-3SSSS17310	•	
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T32000HU-3S-A	SS	HYB18T5128000AF-3SSSS27416	•	
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64000HU-3S-A	SS	HYB18T512800AF3SFSS05346	•	
1G	Qimonda	HYS64T128020HU-3S-A	DS	HYB18T512800AF3SSSS28104	•	
512MB	Samsung	KR M378T6553CZ0-CE6	SS	K4T51083QC	•	
512MB	Samsung	KR M378T6453FZ0-CE6	DS	K4T56083QF-ZCE6	•	
512MB	Samsung	M378T6553CZ3-CE6	SS	K4T51083QC-ZCE6	•	
1G	Samsung	M378T2953CZ3-CE6	DS	K4T51083QC-ZCE6	•	
1G	Samsung	KR M378T2953CZ0-CE6	DS	K4T51083QC-ZCE6	•	
512MB	TEAM	TVDD512M667C5	SS	T2D648MT-6	•	•
1G	TEAM	TVDD1.02M667C4	DS	T2D648PT-6	•	•
512MB	VDATA	M2GVD5G3H31A411C52	SS	VD29608A8A-3EC20615	•	
512MB	VDATA	M2YVD5G3H31P411C52	SS	VD29608A8A-3EG20627	•	
512MB	VDATA	M2GVD5G3H16611C52	SS	VD29608A8A-3EG20637	•	
1G	VDATA	M2GVD5G3I41P611C52	DS	VD29608A8A-3EG20627	•	
1G	VDATA	M2GVD5G3I41C411C52	DS	VD29608A8A-3EC20620	•	
1G	VDATA	M2GVD5G3I417611C52	DS	VD29608A8A-3EG20641	•	
512MB	VERITECH	GTP512HMT45EG	SS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•
1G	VERITECH	GTP01GHLTM55EG	DS	VTD264M8PC6G01A164129621	•	•

Qualified Vendors Lists (QVL)

DDR2-800 MHz capability

Size	Vendor	Model	Side(s)	Component	DIMM support	
					A	B
512MB	AENEON	AET60UD00-25DB98X	SS	AET93F25DB 0621	•	•
1G	AENEON	AET760UD00-25DB97X	DS	AET93R25DB 0640	•	•
512MB	Corsair	CM2X512A-6400	SS	Heat-Sink Package	•	
1G	Corsair	CM2X1024-6400	DS	Heat-Sink Package	•	
512MB	HY	HYMP564U64AP8-S6 AA	SS	HY5PS12821AFP-S6	•	
512MB	HY	HYMP564U64BP8-S5 AB	SS	HY5PS12821BFP-S5	•	
512MB	HY	HYMP564U64CP8-S5 AB	SS	HY5PS12821CFP-S5	•	
1G	HY	HYMP512U64AP8-S6 AA	DS	HY5PS12821AFP-S6	•	
1G	HY	HYMP512U64BP8-S5 AB	DS	HY5PS12821BFP-S5	•	
1G	HY	HYMP512U64CP8-S5 AB	DS	HY5PS12821CFPS5	•	
512MB	Kingston	KVR800D2N5/512	SS	K4T51083QC-ZCF7	•	
512MB	Kingston	KVR800D2N5/512	SS	V59C1512804QBF25S0054707PEBPA	•	
1G	Kingston	KVR800D2N5/1G	DS	K4T51083QC-ZCF7	•	
1G	Kingston	KHX6400D2LL/1G	DS	Heat-Sink Package	•	
1G	Kingston	KVR800D2N5/1G	DS	NT5TU64M8BE-25C62321800CP	•	
512MB	Micron	MT9HTF6472AY-80ED4	SS	6ED22D9GKX(ECC)	•	
512MB	PSC	AL6E8E63B-8E1K	SS	A3R12E3HEF641B9A05	•	•
512MB	PSC	AL6E8E63B-8E1K	SS	A3R12E3HEF641B9A05	•	
1G	PSC	AL7E8E63B-8E1K	DS	A3R12E3HEF641B9A05	•	•
1G	PSC	AL7E8E63B-8E1K	DS	A3R12E3HEF641B9A05	•	
256MB	Qimonda	HYS64T32001HU-2.5-A	SS	HYB18T256800AF25 SSS49313		
512MB	Qimonda	HYS64T64020HU-2.5-A	DS	HYB18T256800AF25 SSS25063	•	
512MB	Samsung	KR M378T6553CZ3-CE7	SS	K4T51083QC-ZCF7	•	
512MB	Samsung	KR M391T6553CZ3-CE7	SS	K4T51083QC-ZCF7(ECC)	•	
1G	Samsung	KR M378T2953CZ3-CE7	DS	K4T51083QC-ZCF7	•	
1G	Samsung	KR M391T2953CZ3-CE7	DS	K4T51083QC-ZCF7(ECC)	•	
1G	UMAX	1GB,DDR2,PC6400	DS	U2S12D30TP-8E	•	•
512MB	VDATA	M2GVD6G3H31601E53	SS	VD29608A8A-25EG30648	•	
1G	VDATA	M2GVD6G3J41701E53	DS	VD29608A8A-25EG30647	•	
512MB	VERITECH	GTU512HLTX4EG	SS	VTD264M8PC4G03A169045648	•	•
1G	VERITECH	GTU01GHLTX4EG	DS	VTD264M8PC4G03A169045648	•	•

Side(s): **SS** - Single-sided **DS** - Double-sided

DIMM support:

- A** - Supports one module inserted in any slot as Single-channel memory configuration
- B** - Supports one pair of modules inserted into either the yellow slots as one pair of Dual-channel memory configuration



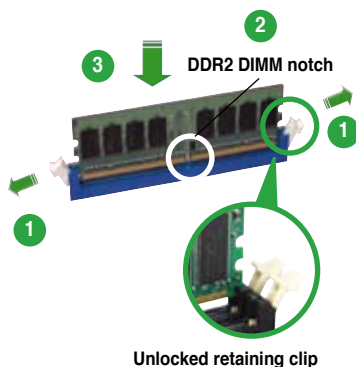
Visit the ASUS website for the latest DDR2 DIMM modules for this motherboard.

1.7.3 Installing a DIMM



Make sure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
2. Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.
3. Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



Unlocked retaining clip

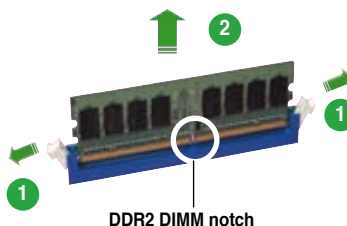


- A DDR2 DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.
- The DDR2 DIMM sockets do not support DDR DIMMs. Do not install DDR DIMMs to the DDR2 DIMM sockets.

1.7.4 Removing a DIMM

To remove a DIMM:

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.



Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

1.8 Expansion slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The following sub-sections describe the slots and the expansion cards that they support.



Make sure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

1.8.1 Installing an expansion card

To install an expansion card:

1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
2. Remove the system unit cover (if your motherboard is already installed in a chassis).
3. Remove the bracket opposite the slot that you intend to use. Keep the screw for later use.
4. Align the card connector with the slot and press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
5. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw you removed earlier.
6. Replace the system cover.

1.8.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 2 for information on BIOS setup.
2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the tables on the next page.
3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

Interrupt assignments

IRQ	Standard Function
0	System timer
1	Keyboard controller
2	Programmable interrupt controller
3	Standard OpenHCI USB Host Controller
4	Communications Port (COM1)
5	HD Audio Controller
6	Standard floppy disk controller
7	(free)
8	System CMOS/real time clock
9	(free)
10	Standard PCI Graphics Adapter (VGA)
11	Sata controller
12	PS/2 Port Mouse controller
13	Numeric data processor
14	Primary IDE controller
15	Secondary IDE controller

* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

IRQ assignments for this motherboard

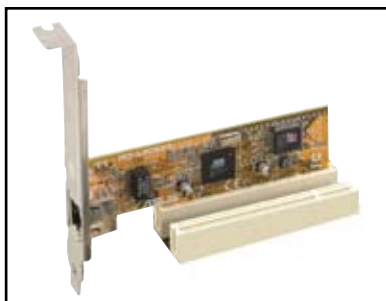
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
PCIe X1 SLOT			shared					
PCIe X16 SLOT			shared					
Onboard USB1.1 Controller 1	shared							
Onboard USB1.1 Controller 2		shared						
Onboard USB1.1 Controller 3			shared					
Onboard USB1.1 Controller 4		shared						
Onboard USB1.1 Controller 5			shared					
Onboard USB2.0 Controller				shared				
Onboard ATI RS690 AZALIA			shared					
Onboard IDE PORT	shared							
Onboard HD Audio	shared							
Onboard LAN				shared				
Onboard VGA			shared					
Onchip SATA							shared	
PCI Card1							shared	
PCI Card2								shared



When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support “Share IRQ” or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments; otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

1.8.3 PCI slots

The PCI slots support cards such as a LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other cards that comply with PCI specifications. The figure shows a LAN card installed on a PCI slot.



1.8.4 PCI Express x1 slot

This motherboard supports PCI Express x1 network cards, SCSI cards and other cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications. The following figure shows a network card installed on the PCI Express x1 slot.



1.8.5 PCI Express x16 slot

This motherboard has supports PCI Express x16 graphic cards that comply with PCI Express specifications. The figure shows a graphics card installed on the PCI Express x16 slot.



1.9 Jumpers

1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRRTC)

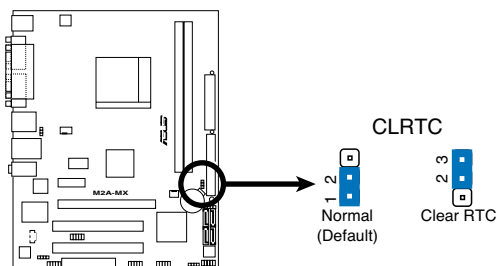
This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
2. Remove the onboard battery.
3. Move the jumper cap from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Keep the cap on pins 2-3 for about 5~10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1-2.
4. Reinstall the battery.
5. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
6. Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.



Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!



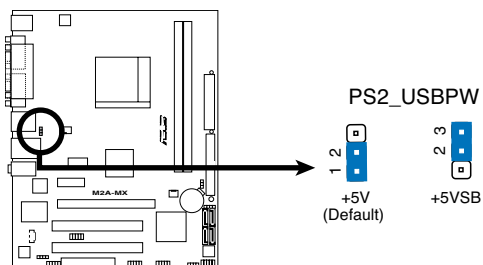
M2A-MX Clear RTC RAM



You do not need to clear the RTC when the system hangs due to overclocking. For system failure due to overclocking, use the C.P.R. (CPU Parameter Recall) feature. Shut down and reboot the system so the BIOS can automatically reset parameter settings to default values.

2. USB device wake-up (3-pin PS2_USBPW)

Set these jumpers to +5V to wake up the computer from S1 sleep mode (CPU stopped, DRAM refreshed, system running in low power mode) using the connected USB devices. Set to +5VSB to wake up from S3 and S4 sleep modes.



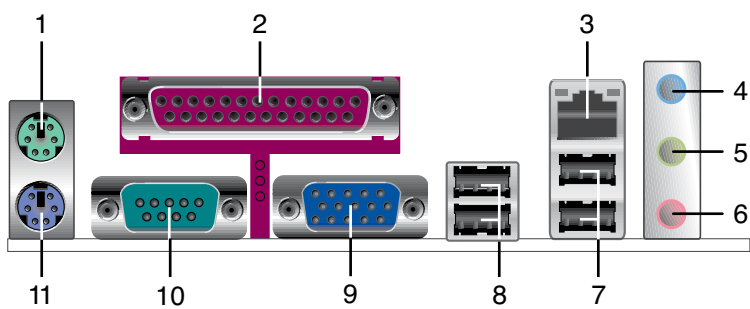
M2A-MX USB Device Wake Up



- The USB device wake-up feature requires a power supply that can provide 500mA on the +5VSB lead for each USB port; otherwise, the system will not power up.
- The total current consumed must NOT exceed the power supply capability (+5VSB) whether under normal condition or in sleep mode.

1.10 Connectors

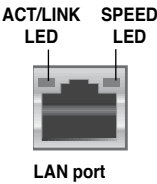
1.10.1 Rear panel connectors



- 1. **PS/2 mouse port (green).** This port is for a PS/2 mouse.
- 2. **Parallel port.** This 25-pin port connects a parallel printer, a scanner, or other devices.
- 3. **LAN (RJ-45) port.** This port allows Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub.

LAN port LED indications

Activity/Link LED		Speed LED	
Status	Description	Status	Description
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection
ORANGE	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection



- 4. **Line In port (light blue).** This port connects a tape, CD, DVD player, or other audio sources.
- 5. **Line Out port (lime).** This port connects a headphone or a speaker. In 4-channel/ 6-channel configuration, the function of this port becomes Front Speaker Out.
- 6. **Microphone port (pink).** This port connects a microphone.



Refer to the audio configuration table for the function of the audio ports in 2, 4, or 6,-channel configuration.

Audio 2, 4, or 6-channel configuration

Port	Headset 2-channel	4-channel	6-channel
Light Blue	Line In	Surround	Surround
Lime	Headphone/Front	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Center/Subwoofer

7. **USB 2.0 ports 1 and 2.** These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
8. **USB 2.0 ports 3 and 4.** These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
9. **Video Graphics Adapter (VGA) port.** This 15-pin port is for a VGA monitor or other VGA-compatible devices.
10. **Serial (COM1) port.** This port is for pointing devices or other serial devices.
11. **PS/2 keyboard port (purple).** This port is for a PS/2 keyboard.

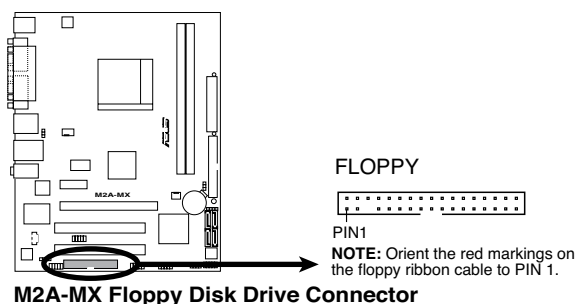
1.10.2 Internal connectors

1. Floppy disk drive connector (34-1 pin FLOPPY)

This connector is for the provided floppy disk drive (FDD) signal cable. Insert one end of the cable to this connector, then connect the other end to the signal connector at the back of the floppy disk drive.



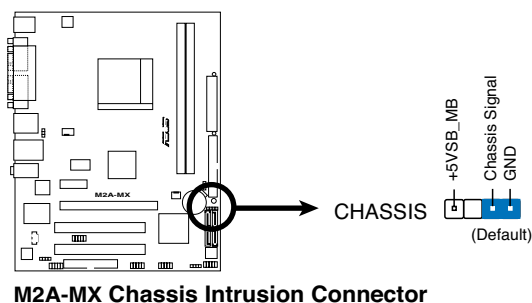
Pin 5 on the connector is removed to prevent incorrect cable connection when using an FDD cable with a covered Pin 5.



2. Chassis intrusion connector (4-1 pin CHASSIS)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted intrusion detection sensor or switch. Connect one end of the chassis intrusion sensor or switch cable to this connector. The chassis intrusion sensor or switch sends a high-level signal to this connector when a chassis component is removed or replaced. The signal is then generated as a chassis intrusion event.

By default, the pins labeled “Chassis Signal” and “Ground” are shorted with a jumper cap. Remove the jumper caps only when you intend to use the chassis intrusion detection feature.



3. IDE connector (40-1 pin PRI_IDE)

The onboard IDE connector is for an Ultra DMA 133 / 100 / 66 signal cable. There are three connectors on each Ultra DMA 133 / 100 / 66 signal cable: blue, black, and gray. Connect the blue connector to the motherboard's IDE connector, then select one of the following modes to configure your device(s).

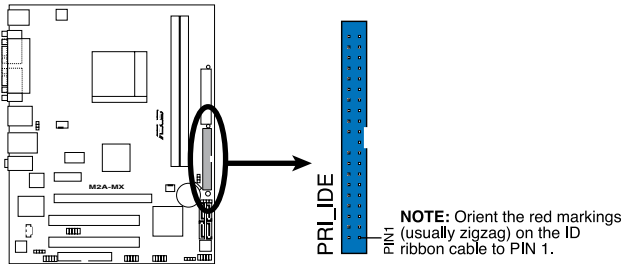
	Drive jumper setting	Mode of device(s)	Cable connector
Single device	Cable-Select or Master	-	Black
Two devices	Cable-Select	Master	Black
		Slave	Gray
	Master	Master	Black or gray
		Slave	



- Pin 20 on the IDE connector is removed to match the covered hole on the Ultra DMA cable connector. This prevents incorrect insertion when you connect the IDE cable.
- Use the 80-conductor IDE cable for Ultra DMA 133 / 100 / 66 IDE devices.



If any device jumper is set as “Cable-Select,” make sure all other device jumpers have the same setting.

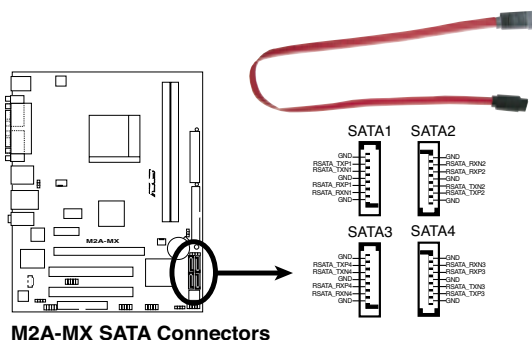


M2A-MX IDE Connectors

4. Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4)

These connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA 3.0 Gb/s hard disk and optical disk drives. The Serial ATA 3.0 Gb/s is backward compatible with Serial ATA 1.5Gb/s specification. The data transfer rate of the Serial ATA 3.0 Gb/s is faster than the standard parallel ATA with 133 MB/s (Ultra DMA133).

If you install Serial ATA hard disk drives, you can create a RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 0+1 configuration through the onboard SB600 controller.



M2A-MX SATA Connectors



Install the Windows® XP Service Pack 1 before using Serial ATA.



- For detailed instructions on how to configure RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 0+1, refer to the RAID manual in the support CD.
 - If you intend to create a Serial ATA RAID set using these connectors, set the **OnChip SATA Type** item in the BIOS to [RAID]. See the page 2-17 for details.
-

5. CPU and Chassis Fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN, 3-pin CHA_FAN)

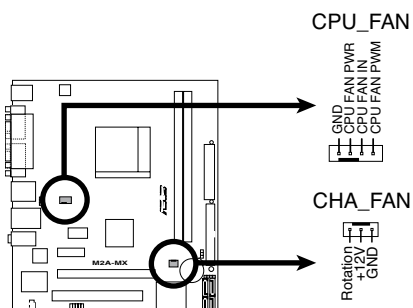
The fan connectors support cooling fans of 350mA~740mA (8.88W max.) or a total of 1A~2.22A (26.64W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, making sure that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.



Do not forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components. These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors.



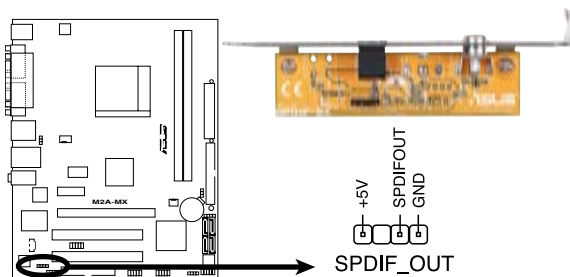
Only CPU Fan supports Q-Fan.



M2A-MX Fan Connectors

6. Digital audio connector (4-1 pin SPDIF_OUT)

This connector is for an additional Sony/Philips Digital Interface (S/PDIF) port(s). Connect the S/PDIF module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



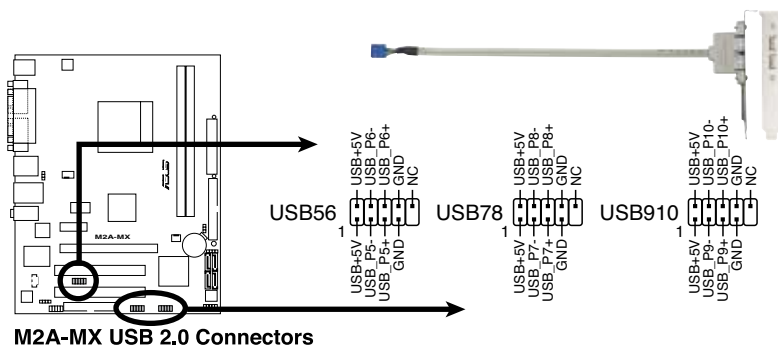
M2A-MX Digital Audio Connector



The S/PDIF module is purchased separately.

7. USB connectors (10-1 pin USB56, USB78, USB910)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cable to any of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



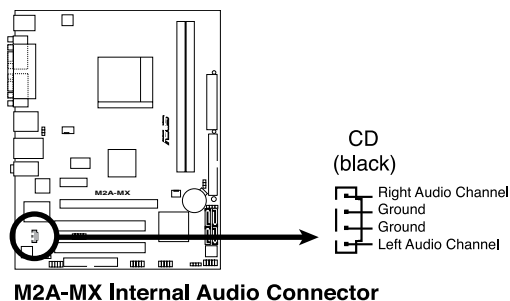
Never connect a 1394 cable to the USB connectors. Doing so will damage the motherboard!



The USB 2.0 module is purchased separately.

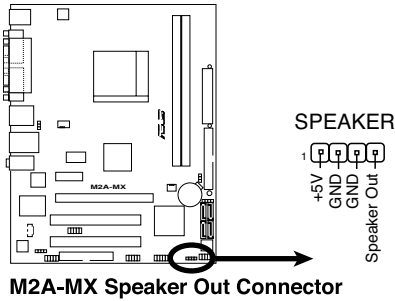
8. Optical drive audio in connector (4-pin CD)

These connectors allow you to receive stereo audio input from sound sources such as a CD-ROM, TV tuner, or MPEG card.



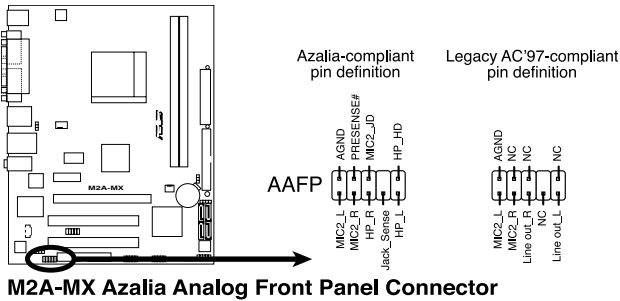
9. **Speaker connector (4-pin SPEAKER)**

This connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.



10. **Front panel audio connector (10-1 pin AAFP)**

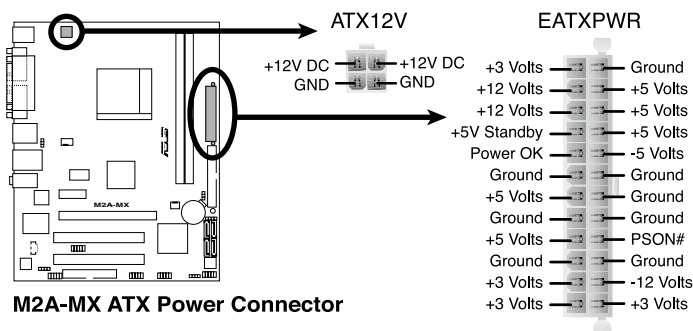
This connector is for a chassis-mounted front panel audio I/O module that supports either High Definition Audio or AC`97 audio standard. Connect one end of the front panel audio I/O module cable to this connector.



- We recommend that you connect a high-definition front panel audio module to this connector to avail of the motherboard high-definition audio capability.
- If you want to connect a high-definition front panel audio module to this connector, make sure that the **Front Panel Select** item in the BIOS is set to [HD Audio]; if you want to connect an AC`97 front panel audio module to this connector, set the item to [AC97]. See page 2-25 for details.

11. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR, 4-pin ATX12V)

These connectors are for an ATX power supply. The plugs from the power supply are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.



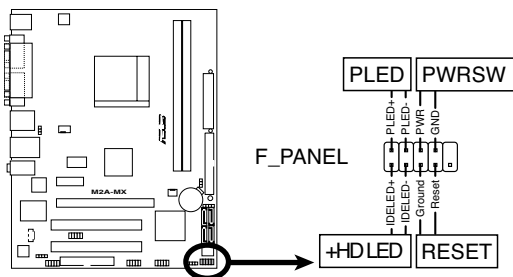
M2A-MX ATX Power Connector



- We recommend that you use an ATX 12 V Specification 2.0-compliant power supply unit (PSU) with a minimum of 300 W power rating. This PSU type has 24-pin and 4-pin power plugs.
- If you intend to use a PSU with 20-pin and 4-pin power plugs, make sure that the 20-pin power plug can provide at least 15 A on +12 V and that the PSU has a minimum power rating of 300 W. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- Do not forget to connect the 4-pin ATX +12 V power plug; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- We recommend that you use a PSU with higher power output when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- You must install a PSU with a higher power rating if you intend to install additional devices.

12. System panel connector (10-1 pin PANEL)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



M2A-MX System Panel Connector

- **System power LED (2-pin PWRLED)**

This 2-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

- **Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin +HDL)**

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

- **AXT Power/Soft-off button (2-pin PWRBTN)**

This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system ON or puts the system in SLEEP or SOFT-OFF mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

- **Reset button (2-pin RESET)**

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

BIOS setup 2

2.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup.

1. **ASUS Update:** Updates the BIOS in Windows® environment.
2. **ASUS EZ Flash:** Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a floppy disk or the motherboard support CD.
3. **ASUS AFUDOS:** Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable floppy disk.
4. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2:** Updates the BIOS using a bootable floppy disk, or the motherboard support CD when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the ASUS Update or AFUDOS utilities.

2.1.1 ASUS Update utility

The ASUS Update is a utility that allows you to manage, save, and update the motherboard BIOS in Windows® environment. The ASUS Update utility allows you to:

- Save the current BIOS file
- Download the latest BIOS file from the Internet
- Update the BIOS from an updated BIOS file
- Update the BIOS directly from the Internet, and
- View the BIOS version information.

This utility is available in the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.



ASUS Update requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Installing ASUS Update

To install ASUS Update:

1. Place the support CD in the optical drive. The Drivers menu appears.
2. Click the Utilities tab, then click Install ASUS Update VX.XX.XX. See page 3-4 for the Utilities screen menu.
3. The ASUS Update utility is copied to your system.

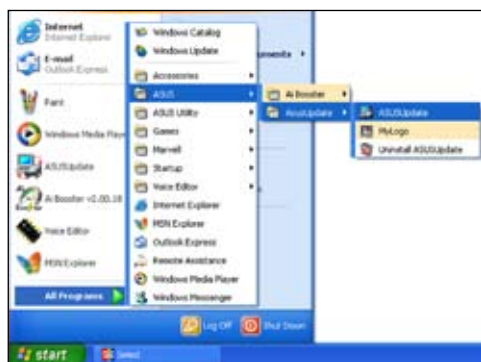


Quit all Windows® applications before you update the BIOS using this utility.

Updating the BIOS through the Internet

To update the BIOS through the Internet:

1. Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.



2. Select Update BIOS from the Internet option from the drop-down menu, then click Next.



3. Select the ASUS FTP site nearest you to avoid network traffic, or click Auto Select. Click Next.

4. From the FTP site, select the BIOS version that you wish to download. Click Next.
5. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



The ASUS Update utility is capable of updating itself through the Internet. Always update the utility to avail all its features.



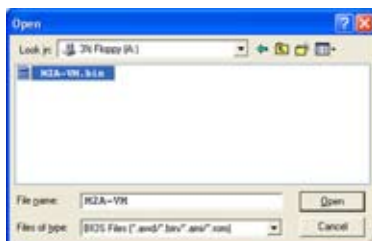
Updating the BIOS through a BIOS file

To update the BIOS through a BIOS file:

1. Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows® desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.
2. Select Update BIOS from a file option from the drop-down menu, then click Next.



3. Locate the BIOS file from the Open window, then click Open.
4. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



2.1.2 Creating a bootable floppy disk

1. Do either one of the following to create a bootable floppy disk.

DOS environment

- a. Insert a 1.44MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. At the DOS prompt, type **format A:/S** then press <Enter>.

Windows® XP environment


- a. Insert a 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- b. Click **Start** from the Windows® desktop, then select **My Computer**.
- c. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy Drive icon.
- d. Click **File** from the menu, then select **Format**. A Format 3 1/2 Floppy Disk window appears.
- e. Windows® XP users: Select **Create an MS-DOS startup disk** from the format options field, then click **Start**.

Windows® 2000 environment

To create a set of boot disks for Windows® 2000:

- a. Insert a formatted, high density 1.44 MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. Insert the Windows® 2000 CD to the optical drive.
- c. Click **Start**, then select **Run**.
- d. From the Open field, type
D:\bootdisk\makeboot a:
assuming that D: is your optical drive.
- e. Press <Enter>, then follow screen instructions to continue.

Windows® Vista environment

- a. Insert a formatted, high density 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
 - b. Click  from the Windows® desktop, then select **Computer**.
 - c. Right-click **Floppy Disk Drive** then click **Format** to display the **Format 3 1/2 Floppy** dialog box.
 - d. Select the **Create an MS-DOS startup disk** check box.
 - e. Click **Start**.
2. Copy the original or the latest motherboard BIOS file to the bootable floppy disk.

2.1.3 ASUS EZ Flash utility

The ASUS EZ Flash feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to go through the long process of booting from a floppy disk and using a DOS-based utility. The EZ Flash utility is built-in the BIOS chip so it is accessible by pressing <Alt> + <F2> during the Power-On Self Tests (POST).

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash:

1. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard and rename the same to M2A-MX.ROM.
2. Save the BIOS file to a floppy disk, then restart the system.
3. Press <Alt> + <F2> during POST to display the following.

```
EZFlash starting BIOS update
Checking for floppy...
```

4. Insert the floppy disk that contains the BIOS file to the floppy disk drive. When the correct BIOS file is found, EZ Flash performs the BIOS update process and automatically reboots the system when done.

```
EZFlash starting BIOS update
Checking for floppy...
Floppy found!
Reading file "M2A-MX.rom". Completed.
Start erasing.....|
Start programming...|
Flashed successfully. Rebooting.
```



- Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!
- A "Floppy not found!" error message appears if there is no floppy disk in the drive. A "M2A-MX.ROM not found!" error message appears if the correct BIOS file is not found in the floppy disk. Make sure that you rename the BIOS file to M2A-MX.ROM.

2.1.4 AFUDOS utility

The AFUDOS utility allows you to update the BIOS file in DOS environment using a bootable floppy disk with the updated BIOS file. This utility also allows you to copy the current BIOS file that you can use as backup when the BIOS fails or gets corrupted during the updating process.

Copying the current BIOS

To copy the current BIOS file using the AFUDOS utility:



- Make sure that the floppy disk is not write-protected and has at least 1024KB free space to save the file.
- The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be same as shown.

1. Copy the AFUDOS utility (afudos.exe) from the motherboard support CD to the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
2. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt type:

```
afudos /o[filename]
```

where the [filename] is any user-assigned filename not more than eight alphanumeric characters for the main filename and three alphanumeric characters for the extension name.

```
A:\>afudos /oOLD BIOS1.rom
```

Main filename Extension name

3. Press <Enter>. The utility copies the current BIOS file to the floppy disk.

```
A:\>afudos /oOLD BIOS1.rom
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.19 (ASUS V2.07 (03.11.24BB))
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.
Reading flash ..... done
Write to file..... ok
A:\>
```

The utility returns to the DOS prompt after copying the current BIOS file.

Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the AFUDOS utility:

1. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk.



Write the BIOS filename on a piece of paper. You need to type the exact BIOS filename at the DOS prompt.

2. Copy the AFUDOS utility (afudos.exe) from the motherboard support CD to the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt type:
afudos /i[filename]

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable floppy disk.

```
A:\>afudos /iM2AMX.ROM
```

4. The utility verifies the file and starts updating the BIOS.

```
A:\>afudos /iM2AMX.ROM
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.19(ASUS V2.07(03.11.24BB))
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.

WARNING!! Do not turn off power during flash BIOS
Reading file ..... done
Reading flash ..... done

Advance Check .....
Erasing flash ..... done
```



Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.

```
A:\>afudos /iM2AMX.ROM
AMI Firmware Update Utility - Version 1.19(ASUS V2.07(03.11.24BB))
Copyright (C) 2002 American Megatrends, Inc. All rights reserved.

WARNING!! Do not turn off power during flash BIOS
Reading file ..... done
Reading flash ..... done

Advance Check .....
Erasing flash ..... done
Writing flash ..... done
Verifying flash .... done

Please restart your computer

A:\>
```


2.1.5 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using the motherboard support CD or the floppy disk that contains the updated BIOS file.



- Prepare the motherboard support CD, or the floppy disk containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.
- Make sure that you rename the original or updated BIOS file in the floppy disk or the USB flash disk to **M2A-MX.ROM**.

Recovering the BIOS from a floppy disk

To recover the BIOS from a floppy disk:

1. Turn on the system.
2. Insert the floppy disk with the original or updated BIOS file to the floppy disk drive.
3. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the floppy disk for the original or updated BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...  
Checking for floppy...
```

When found, the utility reads the BIOS file and starts flashing the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...  
Checking for floppy...  
Floppy found!  
Reading file "M2A-MX.ROM". Completed.  
Start flashing...
```



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

4. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.

Recovering the BIOS from the support CD

To recover the BIOS from the support CD:

1. Remove any floppy disk from the floppy disk drive, then turn on the system.
2. Insert the support CD to the optical drive.
3. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the floppy disk for the original or updated BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...  
Checking for floppy...
```

When no floppy disk is found, the utility automatically checks the optical drive for the original or updated BIOS file. The utility then updates the corrupted BIOS file.

```
Bad BIOS checksum. Starting BIOS recovery...  
Checking for floppy...  
Floppy not found!  
Checking for CD-ROM...  
CD-ROM found!  
Reading file "M2A-MX.ROM". Completed.  
Start flashing...
```

4. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process.



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file.

2.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section “2.1 Managing and updating your BIOS.”

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to “Run Setup.” This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the SPI chip.

The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility. Otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, reboot the system by doing any of the following procedures:

- Restart using the OS standard shut-down procedure.
- Press <Ctrl>+<Alt>+ simultaneously.
- Press the reset button on the system chassis.
- Press the power button to turn the system off then back on.



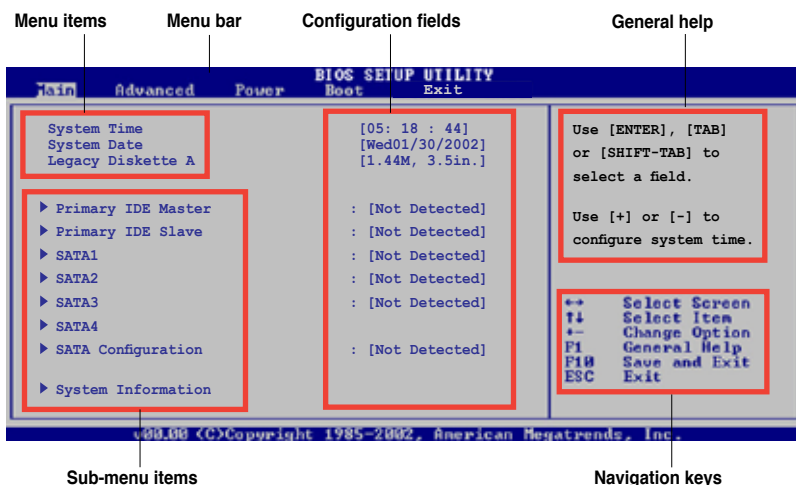
Using the **power button**, **reset button**, or the <Ctrl>+<Alt>+ keys to force reset from a running operating system can cause damage to your data or system. We recommend to always shut-down the system properly from the operating system.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the **Load Setup Defaults** item under the Exit Menu. See section “2.7 Exit Menu.”
 - The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
 - Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.
-

2.2.1 BIOS menu screen



2.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main	For changing the basic system configuration
Advanced	For changing the advanced system settings
Power	For changing the Advanced Power Management (APM) configuration
Boot	For changing the system boot configuration
Exit	For selecting the exit options and loading default settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

2.2.3 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for that particular menu. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

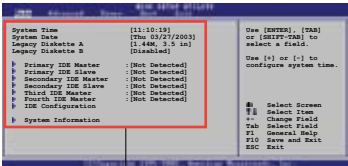


Some of the navigation keys differ from one screen to another.

2.2.4 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Advanced, Power, Boot, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.



Main menu items

2.2.5 Sub-menu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a sub-menu. To display the sub-menu, select the item and press <Enter>.

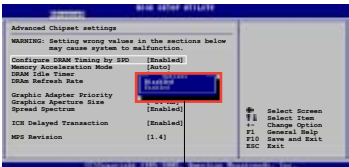
2.2.6 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it then press <Enter> to display a list of options. Refer to “2.2.7 Pop-up window.”

2.2.7 Pop-up window

Select a menu item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.



Pop-up window

2.2.8 General help

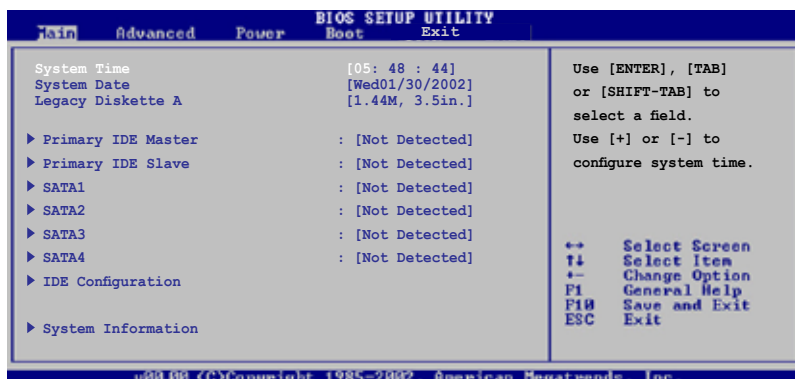
At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

2.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information.



Refer to section “2.2.1 BIOS menu screen” for information on the menu screen items and how to navigate through them.



2.3.1 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

2.3.2 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

2.3.3 Legacy Diskette A [1.44M, 3.5 in.]

Sets the type of floppy drive installed. Configuration options: [Disabled] [360K, 5.25 in.] [1.2M , 5.25 in.] [720K , 3.5 in.] [1.44M, 3.5 in.] [2.88M, 3.5 in.]

2.3.4 Primary IDE Master/Slave

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each IDE device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the IDE device information.



The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Device, Vendor, Size, LBA Mode, Block Mode, PIO Mode, Async DMA, Ultra DMA, and SMART monitoring). These values are not user-configurable. These items show N/A if no IDE device is installed in the system.

Type [Auto]

Selects the type of IDE drive. Setting to Auto allows automatic selection of the appropriate IDE device type. Select CDROM if you are specifically configuring a CD-ROM drive. Select ARMD (ATAPI Removable Media Device) if your device is either a ZIP, LS-120, or MO drive. Configuration options: [Not Installed] [Auto] [CDROM] [ARMD]

LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Enables or disables the LBA mode. Setting to Auto enables the LBA mode if the device supports this mode, and if the device was not previously formatted with LBA mode disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Block Mode [Auto]

Enables or disables data multi-sectors transfers. When set to Auto, the data transfer from and to the device occurs multiple sectors at a time if the device supports multi-sector transfer feature. When set to [Disabled], the data transfer from and to the device occurs one sector at a time. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

PIO Mode [Auto]

Selects the PIO mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [0] [1] [2] [3] [4]

DMA Mode [Auto]

Selects the DMA mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [SWDMA0] [SWDMA1] [SWDMA2] [MWDMA0] [MWDMA1] [MWDMA2] [UDMA0] [UDMA1] [UDMA2] [UDMA3] [UDMA4] [UDMA5]

SMART Monitoring [Auto]

Sets the Smart Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Enables or disables 32-bit data transfer. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.3.5 SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, and SATA4

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of SATA devices. There is a separate sub-menu for each SATA device. Select a device item then press <Enter> to display the SATA device information.



The BIOS automatically detects the values opposite the dimmed items (Device, Vendor, Size, LBA Mode, Block Mode, PIO Mode, Async DMA, Ultra DMA, and SMART monitoring). These values are not user-configurable. These items show N/A if no IDE device is installed in the system.

LBA/Large Mode [Auto]

Enables or disables the LBA mode. Setting to Auto enables the LBA mode if the device supports this mode, and if the device was not previously formatted with LBA mode disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Block Mode [Auto]

Enables or disables data multi-sectors transfers. When set to Auto, the data transfer from and to the device occurs multiple sectors at a time if the device supports multi-sector transfer feature. When set to [Disabled], the data transfer from and to the device occurs one sector at a time.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

PIO Mode [Auto]

Selects the PIO mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [0] [1] [2] [3] [4]

DMA Mode [Auto]

Selects the DMA mode. Configuration options: [Auto] [SWDMA0] [SWDMA1] [SWDMA2] [MWDMA0] [MWDMA1] [MWDMA2] [UDMA0] [UDMA1] [UDMA2] [UDMA3] [UDMA4] [UDMA5]

SMART Monitoring [Auto]

Sets the Smart Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

32Bit Data Transfer [Enabled]

Enables or disables 32-bit data transfer. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.3.6 IDE Configuration

The items in this menu allow you to set or change the configurations for the SATA devices installed in the system. Select an item then press <Enter> if you wish to configure the item.



Onboard SATA Channel [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the onboard SATA channel.

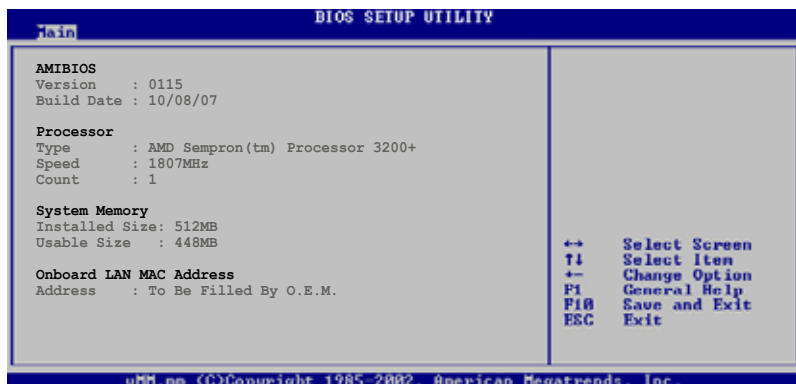
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

OnChip SATA Type [SATA]

Allows you to select the onchip SATA type. Configuration options: [SATA] [RAID] [AHCI]

2.3.7 System Information

This menu gives you an overview of the general system specifications. The BIOS automatically detects the items in this menu.



AMI BIOS

Displays the auto-detected BIOS information

Processor

Displays the auto-detected CPU specification

System Memory

Displays the auto-detected system memory

Onboard LAN MAC Address

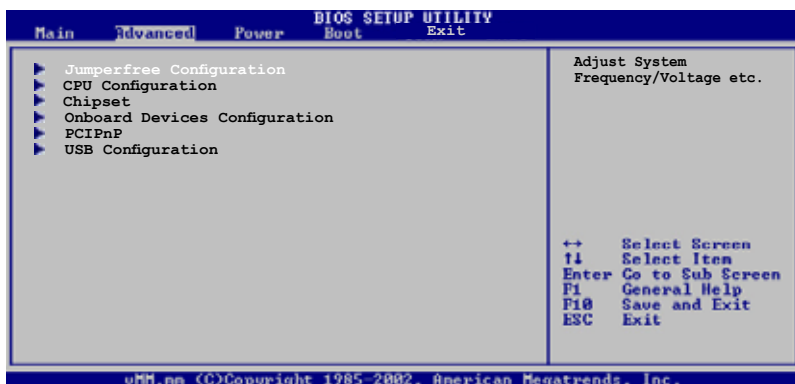
Displays the onboard LAN MAC address

2.4 Advanced menu

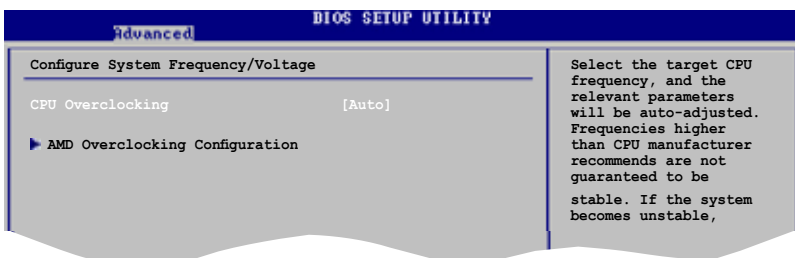
The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



2.4.1 JumperFree Configuration



CPU Overclocking [Auto]

Allows selection of CPU frequency and auto adjustment of relevant parameters. Frequencies higher than CPU manufacturer recommends are not guaranteed to be stable. If the system becomes unstable, return to the default.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual] [Standard]



The following item appears only when the AI Overclocking item is set to [MANUAL].

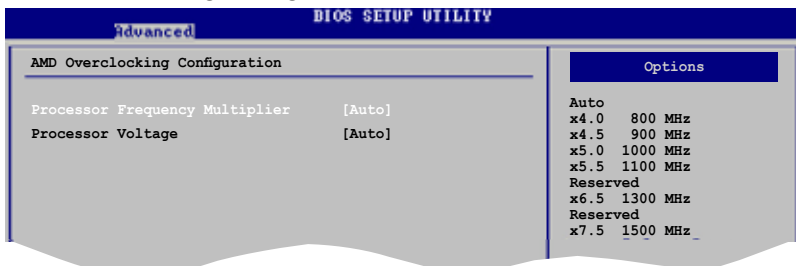
CPU/HT Reference Clock (MHz) [200]

Displays the frequency sent by the clock generator to the system bus and PCI bus. The value of this item is auto-detected by the BIOS. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the CPU frequency. You can also type the desired CPU frequency using the numeric keypad. The values range from 200 to 300.



Selecting a very high CPU frequency may cause the system to become unstable! If this happens, revert to the default setting.

AMD Overclocking Configuration



Processor Frequency Multiplier [Auto]

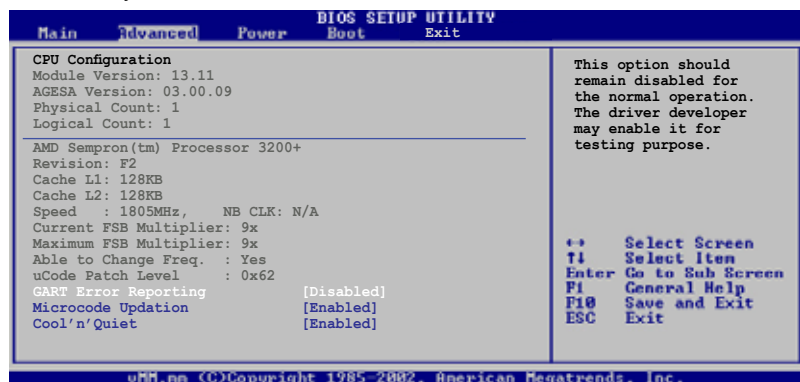
Allows you to select the processor frequency. The configuration options vary depending on the CPU installed. Configuration options: [Auto] [x4.0 800MHz] [x4.5 900 MHz] [x5.0 1000MHz] [x5.5 1100 MHz] [Reserved] [x6.5 1300 MHz] [Reserved] [x7.5 1500 MHz] [x8.0 1600 MHz] [x8.5 1700 MHz] [x9.0 1800 MHz]

Processor Voltage [Auto]

Allows you to select the processor voltage or set it to auto for safe mode. Configuration options: [1.400V] [1.375V] [1.350V]...[0.800V][Auto]

2.4.2 CPU Configuration

The items in this menu show the CPU-related information that the BIOS automatically detects.



GART Error Reporting [Disabled]

This option should remain disabled for the normal operation. The driver developer may enable it for testing purpose. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Microcode Updation [Enabled]

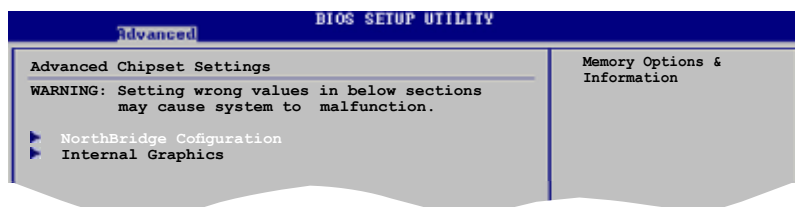
Enables or disables the microcode updation. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Cool 'n' Quiet [Enabled]

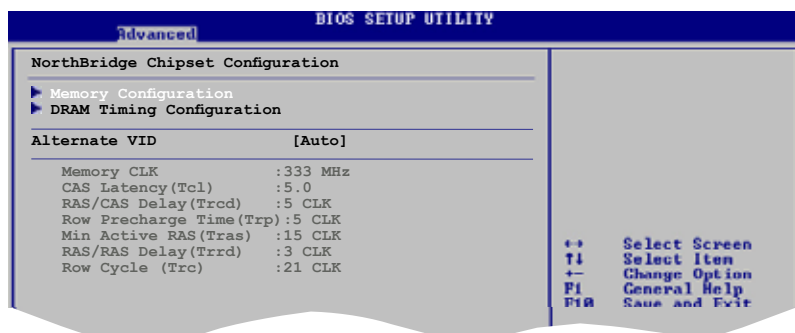
Enables or disables the AMD Cool 'n' Quiet function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.4.3 Chipset

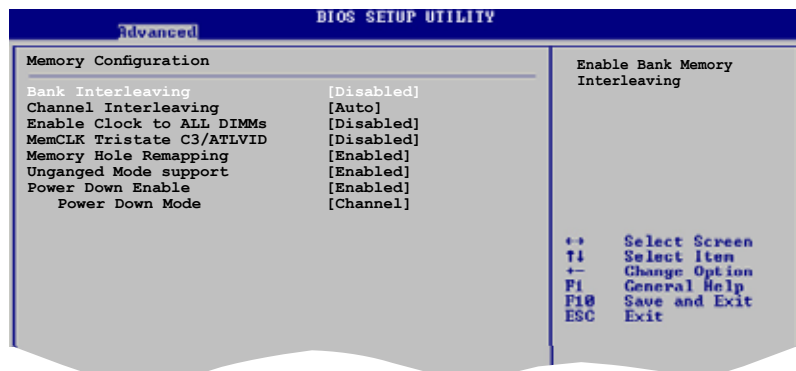
The Chipset menu allows you to change the advanced chipset settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



NorthBridge Configuration



Memory Configuration



Bank Interleaving [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Bank Memory Interleaving.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto]

Channel Interleaving [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable channel memory interleaving.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Auto] [Reserved] [Reserved] [Reserved]

Enable Clock to All DIMMs [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Unused Clocks to DIMMs Even Memory Slots are not populated. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

MemCLK Tristate C3/ATLVID [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the MemCLK Tri-Stating during C3 and Alt VID.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Memory Hole Remapping [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Memory Remapping Around Memory Hole. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Unganged Mode support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Force Unganged mode.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power Down Enable [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the DDR power down mode.

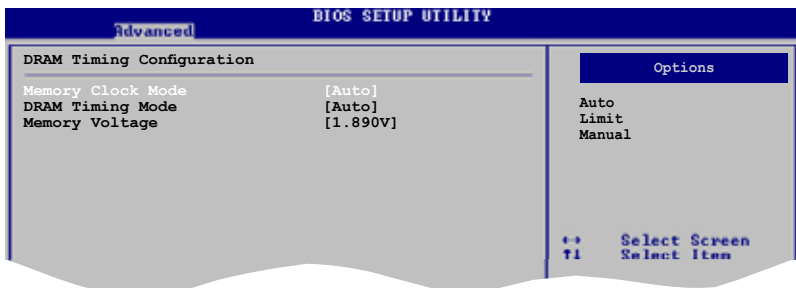
Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power Down Mode [Channel]

Allows you to set the DDR power down mode.

Configuration options: [Channel] [Chip Select]

DRAM Timing Configuration



Memory Clock Mode [Auto]

Allows you to select the memory clock mode.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Limit] [Manual]

DRAM Timing Mode [Auto]

Allows you to select the DRAM timing mode.

Configuration options: [Auto] [DCT 0]

Memory Voltage [Auto]

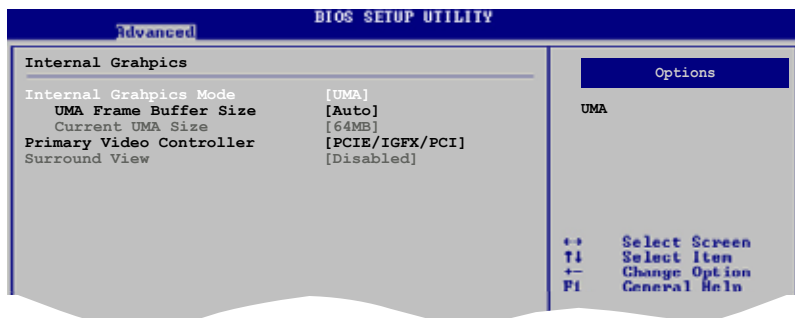
Allows you to set the memory voltage. Configuration options: [1.890V] [1.940V] [1.990V] [2.040V] [2.090V] [2.140V] [2.190V] [2.240V]

Alternate VID [Auto]

Allows you to specify the alternate VID while in low power states.

Configuration options: [1.000V] [0.975V] [0.950V] [0.925V] [0.900V] [0.875V] [0.850V] [0.825V] [0.800V] [Auto]

Internal Graphics



Internal Graphics Mode [UMA]

Allows you to set the internal graphics mode. Configuration options: [UMA]

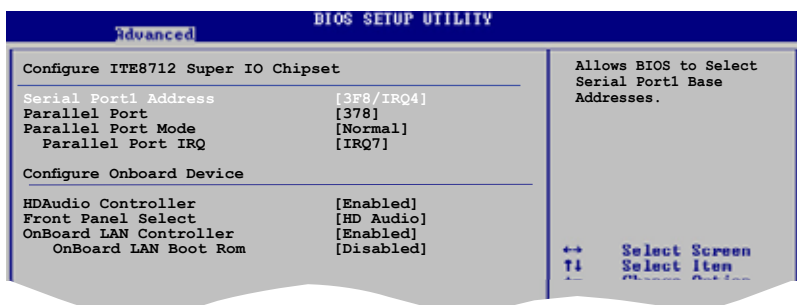
UMA Frame Buffer Size [Auto]

Allows you to select the UMA frame buffer size. Configuration options: [Auto] [32MB] [64MB] [128MB] [256MB]

Primary Video Controller [PCIE/IGFX/PCI]

Allows you to set the primary video. Configuration options: [PCIE/IGFX/PCI] [PCI/PCIE/IGFX] [IGFX/PCIE/PCI]

2.4.4 Onboard Devices Configuration



Configure ITE8712 Super IO Chipset

Serial Port1 Address [3F8/IRQ4]

Allows you to select the Serial Port1 base address.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [3F8/IRQ4] [2F8/IRQ3] [3E8/IRQ4] [2E8/IRQ3]

Parallel Port [378]

Allows you to select the Parallel Port base addresses.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [378] [278] [3BC]

Parallel Port Mode [Normal]

Allows you to select the Parallel Port mode.

Configuration options: [Normal] [EPP] [ECP] [EPP+ECP]

Parallel Port IRQ [IRQ7]

Allows you to select parallel port IRQ. Configuration options: [IRQ5] [IRQ7]

Configure Onboard Device

HDAudio Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the HD audio. Configuration options: [Disabled]
[Enabled]

Front Panel Select [HD Audio]

Allows you to select front panel . If High Definition Audio is used, set to HD Audio mode. Configuration options: [AC97] [HD Audio]

OnBoard LAN Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable onboard LAN. Configuration options: [Disabled]
[Enabled]

OnBoard LAN Boot ROM [Disabled]

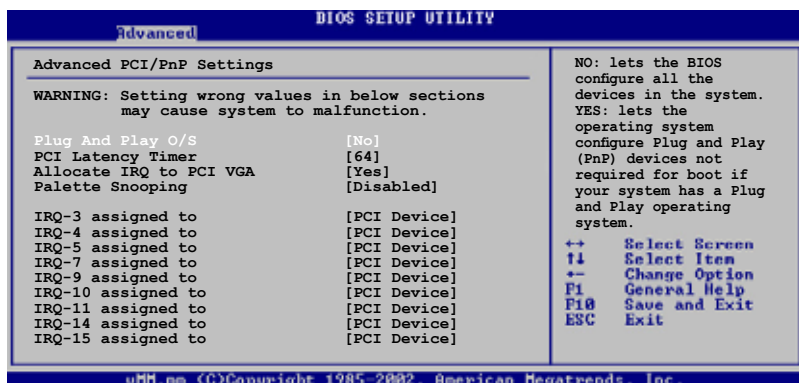
Allows you to configure LAN boot ROM. Configuration options: [Disabled]
[Enabled]

2.4.5 PCI PnP

The PCI PnP menu items allow you to change the advanced settings for PCI/PnP devices. The menu includes setting IRQ and DMA channel resources for either PCI/PnP or legacy ISA devices, and setting the memory size block for legacy ISA devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the PCI PnP menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.



Plug and Play O/S [No]

When set to [No], BIOS configures all the devices in the system. When set to [Yes] and if you install a Plug and Play operating system, the operating system configures the Plug and Play devices not required for boot. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

PCI Latency Timer [64]

Allows you to select the value in units of PCI clocks for the PCI device latency timer register. Configuration options: [32] [64] [96] [128] [160] [192] [224] [248]

Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA [Yes]

When set to [Yes], BIOS assigns an IRQ to PCI VGA card if the card requests for an IRQ. When set to [No], BIOS does not assign an IRQ to the PCI VGA card even if requested. Configuration options: [Yes] [No]

Palette Snooping [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], the palette snooping feature informs the PCI devices that an ISA graphics device is installed in the system so that the latter can function correctly. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

IRQ-xx assigned to [PCI Device]

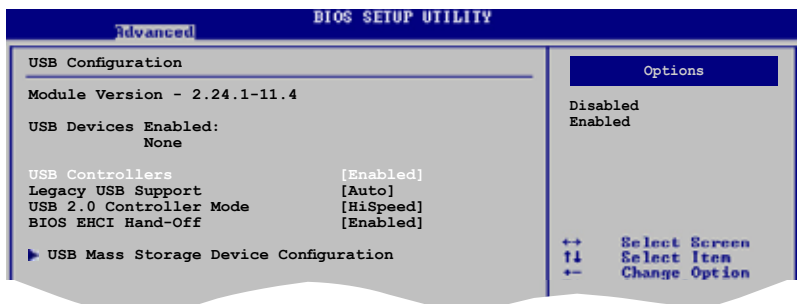
When set to [PCI Device], the specific IRQ is free for use of PCI/PnP devices.

When set to [Reserved], the IRQ is reserved for legacy ISA devices.

Configuration options: [PCI Device] [Reserved]

2.4.6 USB Configuration

The items in this menu allows you to change the USB-related features. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



The Module Version and USB Devices Enabled items show the auto-detected values. If no USB device is detected, the item shows None.

USB Controllers [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the USB Controllers.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Legacy USB Support [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable support for USB devices on legacy operating systems (OS). Setting to Auto allows the system to detect the presence of USB devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller legacy mode is enabled. If no USB device is detected, the legacy USB support is disabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

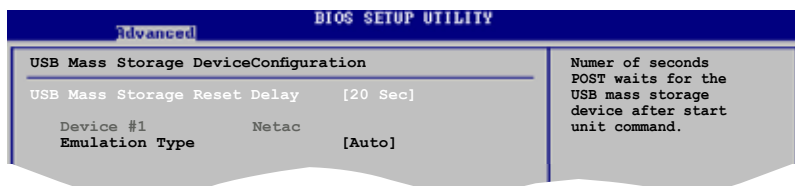
USB 2.0 Controller Mode [HiSpeed]

Allows you to configure the USB 2.0 controller in HiSpeed (480 Mbps) or Full Speed (12 Mbps). Configuration options: [FullSpeed] [HiSpeed]

BIOS EHCI Hand-Off [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable BIOS EHCI Hand-Off. This is a workaround for OS without EHCI hand-off support. The EHCI ownership change should be claimed by EHCI driver. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB Mass Storage Device Configuration



USB Mass Storage Reset Delay [20 Sec]

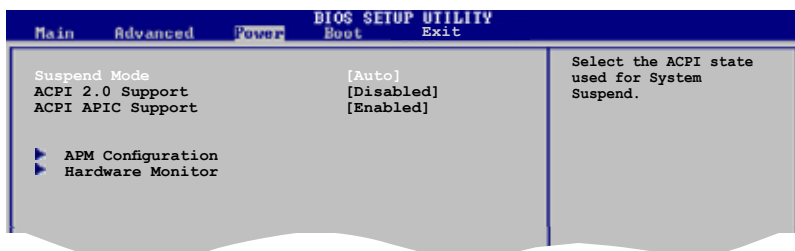
Allows you to select the USB mass storage reset delay time. Configuration options: [10 Sec] [20 Sec] [30 Sec] [40 Sec]

Emulation Type [Auto]

Allows you to select the emulation type. Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CDROM]

2.5 Power menu

The Power menu items allow you to change the settings for the Advanced Power Management (APM). Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



2.5.1 Suspend Mode [Auto]

Allows you to select the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) state to be used for system suspend. Configuration options: [S1 (POS) Only] [S3 only] [Auto]

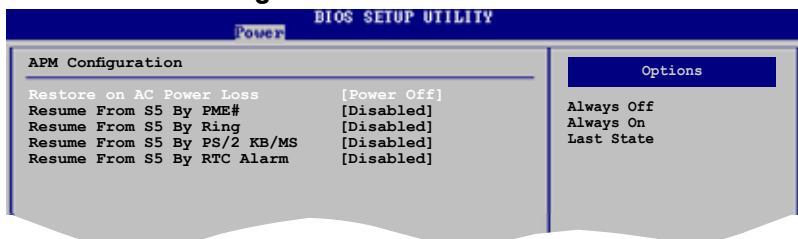
2.5.2 ACPI 2.0 Support [Disabled]

Allows you to add additional tables as per ACPI 2.0 specifications. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.5.3 ACPI APIC Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) support in the Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC). When set to Enabled, the ACPI APIC table pointer is included in the RSDT pointer list. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.5.4 APM Configuration



Restore on AC Power Loss [Power Off]

When set to Power Off, the system goes into off state after an AC power loss.

When set to Power On, the system goes on after an AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

Resume From S5 By PME# [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable PME wake from sleep states.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Resume From S5 By Ring [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Ring to generate a wake event.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Resume From S5 By PS/2 KB/MS [Disabled]

Enable or disable PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse to generate a wake event.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Resume From S5 By RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RTC to generate a wake event. When this item is set to Enabled, the items RTC Alarm Date, RTC Alarm Hour, RTC Alarm Minute, and RTC Alarm Second appear with set values. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.5.5 Hardware Monitor



CPU Temperature [xxx°C/xxx°F] [Ignored]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the motherboard and CPU temperatures. Select Ignored if you do not wish to display the detected temperatures.

CPU Fan Speed (RPM) [xxxxRPM] or [N/A] or [Ignored]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU fan speed in Rotations Per Minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows N/A. Select Ignored if you do not wish to display the detected speed.

Chassis Fan Speed [xxxxRPM] or [N/A] or [Ignored]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the chassis fan speed in Rotations Per Minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the chassis, the specific field shows N/A. Select Ignored if you do not wish to display the detected speed.

VCore Voltage, 3.3V Voltage, 5V Voltage, 12V Voltage [xxxxV] or [Ignored]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators.

Smart Q-FAN Function [Disabled]

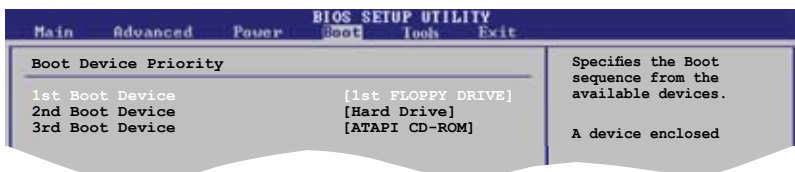
Allows you to enable or disable the Q-Fan function that monitors the CPU/System temperature and smartly adjust the fan speed. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.6 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the sub-menu.



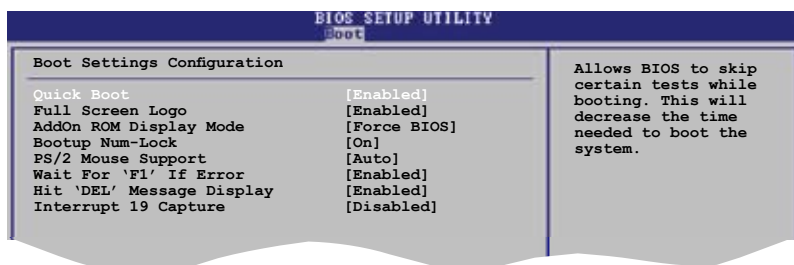
2.6.1 Boot Device Priority



1st ~ xxth Boot Device [1st Floppy Drive]

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Configuration options: [xxxxx Drive] [Disabled]

2.6.2 Boot Settings Configuration



Quick Boot [Enabled]

Enabling this item allows the BIOS to skip some Power On Self Tests (POST) while booting to decrease the time needed to boot the system. When set to [Disabled], BIOS performs all the POST items. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Full Screen Logo [Enabled]

This allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



Set this item to [Enabled] to use the ASUS MyLogo™ feature.

Add On ROM Display Mode [Force BIOS]

Sets the display mode for option ROM. Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

PS/2 Mouse Support [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable support for PS/2 mouse. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

Wait for 'F1' If Error [Enabled]

When set to Enabled, the system waits for the F1 key to be pressed when error occurs. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Hit 'DEL' Message Display [Enabled]

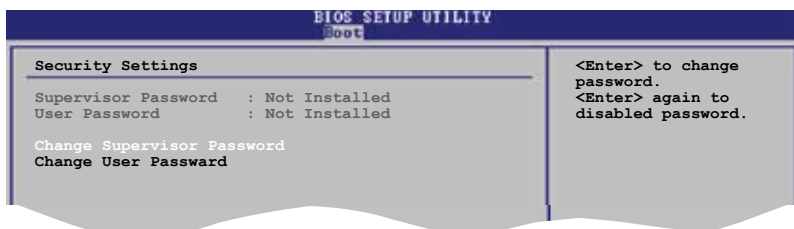
When set to Enabled, the system displays the message "Press DEL to run Setup" during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Interrupt 19 Capture [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], this function allows the option ROMs to trap Interrupt 19. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

2.6.3 Security

The Security menu items allow you to change the system security settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



Change Supervisor Password

Select this item to set or change the supervisor password. The Supervisor Password item on top of the screen shows the default Not Installed. After you set a password, this item shows Installed.

To set a Supervisor Password:

1. Select the Change Supervisor Password item and press <Enter>.
2. From the password box, type a password composed of at least six letters or numbers, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you successfully set your password.

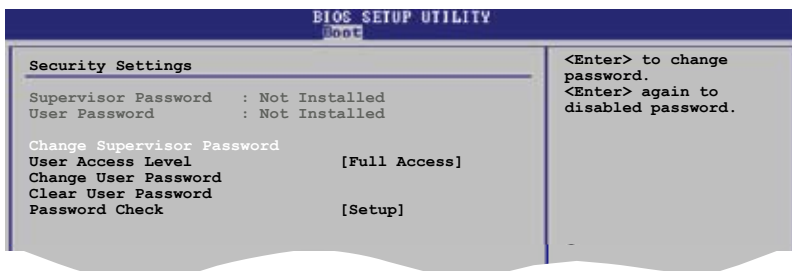
To change the supervisor password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

To clear the supervisor password, select the Change Supervisor Password then press <Enter>. The message "Password Uninstalled" appears.



If you forgot your BIOS password, you can clear it by erasing the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM. See section "1.9 Jumpers" for information on how to erase the RTC RAM.

After you have set a supervisor password, the other items appear to allow you to change other security settings.



User Access Level [Full Access]

This item allows you to select the access restriction to the Setup items.

Configuration options: [No Access] [View Only] [Limited] [Full Access]

No Access prevents user access to the Setup utility.

View Only allows access but does not allow change to any field.

Limited allows changes only to selected fields, such as Date and Time.

Full Access allows viewing and changing all the fields in the Setup utility.

Change User Password

Select this item to set or change the user password. The User Password item on top of the screen shows the default Not Installed. After you set a password, this item shows Installed.

To set a User Password:

1. Select the Change User Password item and press <Enter>.
2. On the password box that appears, type a password composed of at least six letters or numbers, then press <Enter>.
3. Confirm the password when prompted.

The message "Password Installed" appears after you set your password successfully.

To change the user password, follow the same steps as in setting a user password.

Clear User Password

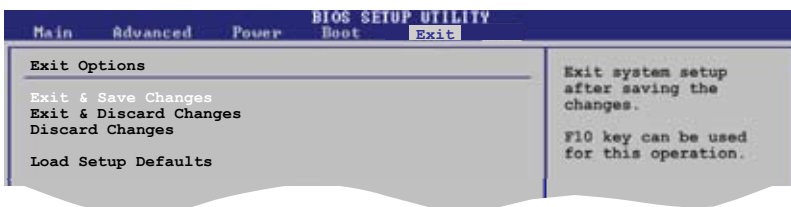
Select this item to clear the user password.

Password Check [Setup]

When set to [Setup], BIOS checks for user password when accessing the Setup utility. When set to [Always], BIOS checks for user password both when accessing Setup and booting the system. Configuration options: [Setup] [Always]

2.7 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to load the optimal or failsafe default values for the BIOS items, and save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.



Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

Exit & Save Changes

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved to the CMOS RAM. An onboard backup battery sustains the CMOS RAM so it stays on even when the PC is turned off. When you select this option, a confirmation window appears. Select **OK** to save changes and exit.



If you attempt to exit the Setup program without saving your changes, the program prompts you with a message asking if you want to save your changes before exiting. Press <Enter> to save the changes while exiting.

Exit & Discard Changes

Select this option only if you do not want to save the changes that you made to the Setup program. If you made changes to fields other than System Date, System Time, and Password, the BIOS asks for a confirmation before exiting.

Discard Changes

This option allows you to discard the selections you made and restore the previously saved values. After selecting this option, a confirmation appears. Select **OK** to discard any changes and load the previously saved values.

Load Setup Defaults

This option allows you to load the default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. When you select this option or if you press <F5>, a confirmation window appears. Select **OK** to load default values. Select **Exit & Save Changes** or make other changes before saving the values to the non-volatile RAM.

This chapter describes the contents of the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.

3 Software support

3.1 Installing an operating system

This motherboard supports Windows® 32-bit 2000 / 32-bit 2000 Server / 32-bit 2003 Server / 64-bit 2003 Server / 32-bit XP / 32-bit Vista / 64-bit XP / 64-bit Vista operating systems (OS). Always install the latest OS version and corresponding updates to maximize the features of your hardware.



- Motherboard settings and hardware options vary. Use the setup procedures presented in this chapter for reference only. Refer to your OS documentation for detailed information.
- Make sure that you install the Windows® XP Service Pack 1 or later versions before installing the drivers for better compatibility and system stability.

3.2 Support CD information

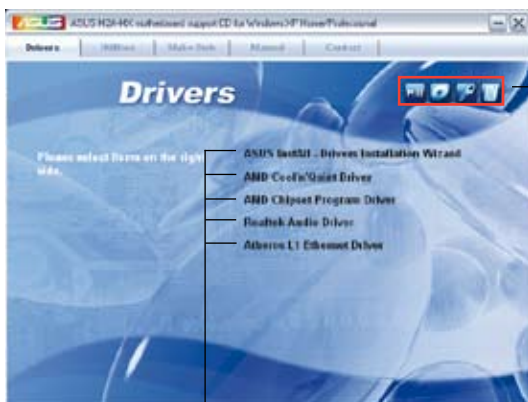
The support CD that came with the motherboard package contains the drivers, software applications, and utilities that you can install to avail all motherboard features.



The contents of the support CD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website(www.asus.com) for updates.

3.2.1 Running the support CD

Place the support CD to the optical drive. The CD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



Click an icon to display support CD / motherboard information

Click an item to install



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Double-click the ASSETUP.EXE to run the CD.

3.2.2 Drivers menu

The drivers menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



ASUS InstAll - Drivers Installation Wizard

Launches the ASUS InstAll driver installation wizard.

AMD Cool 'n' Quiet Driver

Installs the AMD Cool 'n' Quiet driver.

AMD Chipset Program Driver

Installs the AMD chipset program driver.

Realtek Audio Driver

Installs the Realtek® ALC662 audio driver and application.

Atheros L1 Ethernet Driver

Installs the L1 Ethernet.



The screen display and drivers option may not be the same for different operating system versions.

3.2.3 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu shows the applications and other software that the motherboard supports.



ASUS InstAll - Installation Wizard for Utilities

Launches the ASUS InstAll utilities installation wizard.

ASUS Update

The ASUS Update utility allows you to update the motherboard BIOS in a Windows® environment. This utility requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

ASUS Cool 'n' Quiet Utility

Installs the ASUS Cool 'n' Quiet utility.

Atheros L1 utility

Installs the Atheros L1 utility.

ASUS PC Probe II

This smart utility monitors the fan speed, CPU temperature, and system voltages, and alerts you of any detected problems. This utility helps you keep your computer in healthy operating condition.



The screen display and utilities option may not be the same for different operating system versions.

3.2.4 Make Disk menu

The Make Disk menu allows you to make a RAID driver disk.



Make ATI RAID/AHCI x86_x64_WinXP Driver

Allows you to create an ATI® Serial ATA (SATA) RAID/AHCI x86_x64_WinXP driver disk.

Make ATI RAID/AHCI Vista32/64 Driver

Allows you to create an ATI® Serial ATA (SATA) RAID/AHCI driver disk for Windows® 32/64-bit Vista Operating System (OS).

3.2.5 Manual menu

The Manual menu contains a list of supplementary user manuals. Click an item to open the folder of the user manual.



Most user manual files are in Portable Document Format (PDF). Install the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader from the Utilities menu before opening a user manual file.



3.2.6 ASUS Contact information

Click the Contact tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.

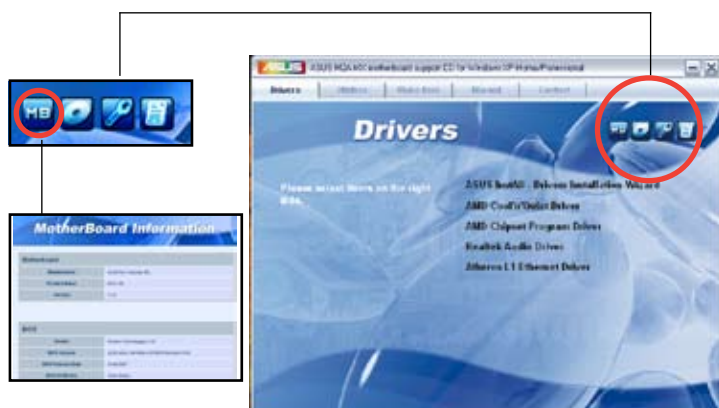


3.2.7 Other information

The icons on the top right corner of the screen give additional information on the motherboard and the contents of the support CD. Click an icon to display the specified information.

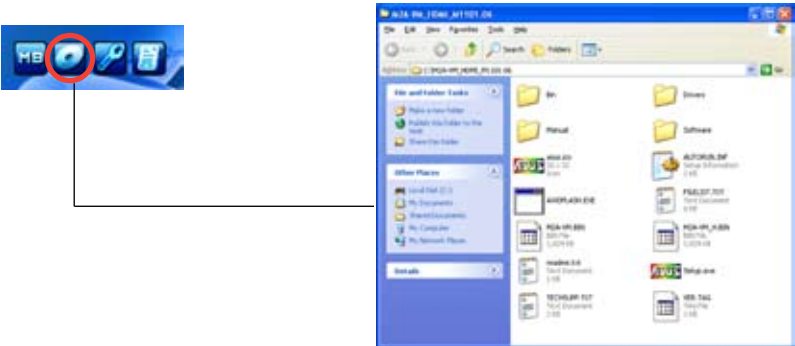
Motherboard Info

Displays the general specifications of the motherboard.



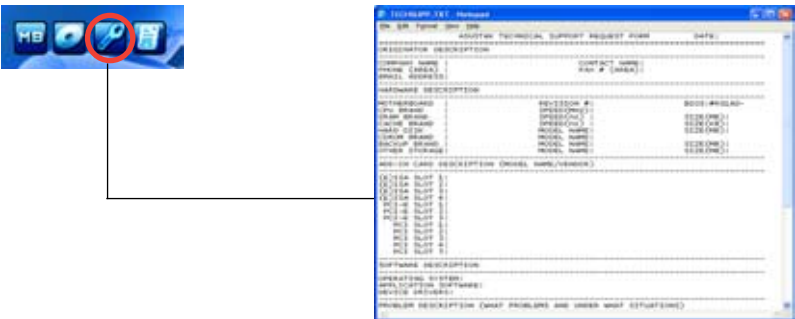
Browse this CD

Displays the support CD contents in graphical format.



Technical support Form

Displays the ASUS Technical Support Request Form that you have to fill out when requesting technical support.



Filelist

Displays the contents of the support CD and a brief description of each in text format.



