

Notebook PC User's Manual

Product Name: **Notebook PC Hardware**
Manual Revision: **1.00 E1130**
Release Date: **Aug 2002**

Safety Statements

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



WARNING! The use of a shielded-type power cord is required in order to meet FCC emission limits and to prevent interference to the nearby radio and television reception. It is essential that only the supplied power cord be used. Use only shielded cables to connect I/O devices to this equipment. You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.

Reprinted from the Code of Federal Regulations #47, part 15.193, 1993. Washington DC: Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Administration, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

For use with AC Adaptor Model ADP-45GB (Pour Utiliser Avec Modele ADP-45GB)

Power Safety Requirement

Products with electrical current ratings up to 6A and weighing more than 3Kg must use approved power cords greater than or equal to: H05VV-F, 3G, 0.75mm² or H05VV-F, 2G, 0.75mm².

Nordic Cautions (for Notebook PC with Lithium-Ion Battery)



CAUTION! Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions. (English)

VORSICHT! Explosionsgefahr bei unsachgemäßen Austausch der Batterie. Ersatz nur durch denselben oder einem vom Hersteller empfohlenem ähnlichen Typ. Entsorgung gebrauchter Batterien nach Angaben des Herstellers. (German)

ADVARSEL! Lithiumbatteri - Eksplosionsfare ved fejlagtig håndtering. Udskiftning må kun ske med batteri af samme fabrikat og type. Levér det brugte batteri tilbage til leverandøren. (Danish)

VARNING! Explosionsfara vid felaktigt batteribyte. Använd samma batterityp eller en ekvivalent typ som rekommenderas av apparattillverkaren. Kassera använt batteri enligt fabrikantens instruktion. (Swedish)

VAROITUS! Paristo voi räjähtää, jos se on virheellisesti asennettu. Vaihda paristo ainoastaan laitevalmistajan suosittelemaan tyyppiin. Hävitä käytetty paristo valmistajan ohjeiden mukaisesti. (Finnish)

ATTENTION! Il y a danger d'explosion s'il y a remplacement incorrect de la batterie. Remplacer uniquement avec une batterie du même type ou d'un type équivalent recommandé par le constructeur. Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant. (French)

ADVARSEL! Eksplosjonsfare ved feilaktig skifte av batteri. Benytt samme batteritype eller en tilsvarende type anbefalt av apparatfabrikanten. Brukte batterier kasseres i henhold til fabrikantens instruksjoner. (Norwegian)

注意！この装置は、現在設置されている場所で妨害波の測定がされた情報技術装置です。この場所以外で使用する場合は、その場所で、再び妨害波の測定が必要となります。(Japanese)

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CDRH Regulations

The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration implemented regulations for laser products on August 2, 1976. These regulations apply to laser products manufactured from August 1, 1976. Compliance is mandatory for products marketed in the United States.



WARNING: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein or in the laser product installation guide may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Safety Statements

Safety Statements

WARNING! The following safety precautions will increase the life of the Notebook PC. Follow all precautions and instructions. Except as described in this manual, refer all servicing to qualified personnel. Do not use damaged power cords, accessories, or other peripherals. Do not use strong solvents such as thinners, benzene, or other chemicals on or near the surface.

Disconnect the AC power and remove the battery pack(s) before cleaning. Wipe the Notebook PC using a clean cellulose sponge or chamois cloth dampened with a solution of nonabrasive detergent and a few drops of warm water and remove any extra moisture with a dry cloth.



DO NOT place on uneven or unstable work surfaces. Seek servicing if the casing has been damaged.



DO NOT place or drop objects on top and do not shove any foreign objects into the Notebook PC.



DO NOT press or touch the display panel. Do not place together with small items that may scratch or enter the Notebook PC.



DO NOT expose to strong magnetic or electrical fields.



DO NOT leave the base of the Notebook PC on the lap or any part of the body for an extended period while the Notebook PC is turned ON or is charging in order to prevent discomfort or injury from heat exposure.



DO NOT expose to or use near liquids, rain, or moisture. **DO NOT** use the modem during an electrical storm.



DO NOT expose to dirty or dusty environments. **DO NOT** operate during a gas leak.



DO NOT expose to extreme temperatures above 50°C (122°F) or to direct sunlight. Do not block the fan vents!



DO NOT expose to extreme temperatures (below 0°C (32°F), otherwise the Notebook PC may not boot.



DO NOT throw batteries in fires as they may explode. Check local codes for special battery disposal instructions.

Transportation Precautions

To prepare the Notebook PC for transport, you should turn it OFF and **disconnect all external peripherals to prevent damage to the connectors**. The hard disk drive's head retracts when the power is turned OFF to prevent scratching of the hard disk surface during transport. Therefore, you should not transport the Notebook PC while the power is still ON. Close the display panel and check that it is latched securely in the closed position to protect the keyboard and display panel.

Remove Floppy Disks

Whether you have an internal or external 1.44MB floppy disk drive, make sure it does not contain a diskette when transporting the floppy disk drive. When a diskette is inserted into the floppy disk drive, the eject button protrudes out. If you attempt to transport the floppy disk drive with a diskette in the drive, you risk damaging the eject button and also risk scratching the surface of the diskette when the floppy disk drive is jolted.

Cover Your Notebook PC

Use a carrying case such as the one supplied with your Notebook PC to protect it from dirt, water, shock, and scratches.



NOTE: The surface glaze is easily dulled if not properly cared for. Be careful not to rub or scrap the Notebook PC surfaces when transporting your Notebook PC.

Charge Your Batteries

If you intend to use battery power, be sure to fully charge your battery pack and any optional battery packs before going on long trips. Remember that the power adapter charges the battery pack as long as it is plugged into the computer and an AC power source. Be aware that it takes much longer to charge the battery pack when the Notebook PC is in use.

Airplane Precautions

Contact your airline if you want to use the Notebook PC on the airplane. Most airlines will have restrictions for using electronic devices. Most airlines will allow electronic use only between and not during takeoffs and landings.



CAUTION! There are three main types of airport security devices: X-ray machines (used on items placed on conveyor belts), magnetic detectors (used on people walking through security checks), and magnetic wands (hand-held devices used on people or individual items). You can send your Notebook PC and diskettes through airport X-ray machines. However, it is recommended that you do not send your Notebook PC or diskettes through airport magnetic detectors or expose them to magnetic wands.

Safety Statements

CTR 21 Approval (for Notebook PC with built-in Modem)

Danish

•Udstyret er i henhold til Rådets beslutning 98/482/EF EU-godkendt til at blive opkoblet på de offentlige telefonnet som enkeltforbundet terminal. På grund af forskelle mellem de offentlige telefonnet i de forskellige lande giver godkendelsen dog ikke i sig selv ubetinget garanti for, at udstyret kan fungere korrekt på samtlige nettermineringspunkter på de offentlige telefonnet.

I tilfælde af problemer bør De i første omgang henvende Dem til leverandøren af udstyret.•

Dutch

„Dit apparaat is goedgekeurd volgens Beschikking 98/482/EG van de Raad voor de pan-Europese aansluiting van enkelvoudige eindapparatuur op het openbare geschakelde telefoonnetwerk (PSTN). Gezien de verschillen tussen de individuele PSTN's in de verschillende landen, biedt deze goedkeuring op zichzelf geen onvoorwaardelijke garantie voor een succesvolle werking op elk PSTN-netwerkaansluitpunt.

Neem bij problemen in eerste instantie contact op met de leverancier van het apparaat.“.

English

‘The equipment has been approved in accordance with Council Decision 98/482/EC for pan-European single terminal connection to the public switched telephone network (PSTN). However, due to differences between the individual PSTNs provided in different countries, the approval does not, of itself, give an unconditional assurance of successful operation on every PSTN network termination point.

In the event of problems, you should contact your equipment supplier in the first instance.’

Finnish

”Tämä laite on hyväksytty neuvoston päätöksen 98/482/EY mukaisesti liitettäväksi yksittäisenä laitteena yleiseen kytkentäiseen puhelinverkkoon (PSTN) EU:n jäsenvaltioissa. Eri maiden yleisten kytkentäisten puhelinverkkojen välillä on kuitenkin eroja, joten hyväksyntä ei sellaisenaan takaa häiriötöntä toimintaa kaikkien yleisten kytkentäisten puhelinverkkojen liityntäpisteissä.

Ongelmien ilmetessä ottaa viipymättä yhteyttä laitteen toimittajaan.”

French

•Cet équipement a reçu l'agrément, conformément à la décision 98/482/CE du Conseil, concernant la connexion paneuropéenne de terminal unique aux réseaux téléphoniques publics commutés (RTPC). Toutefois, comme il existe des différences d'un pays à l'autre entre les RTPC, l'agrément en soi ne constitue pas une garantie absolue de fonctionnement optimal à chaque point de terminaison du réseau RTPC.

En cas de problème, vous devez contacter en premier lieu votre fournisseur.•

German

„Dieses Gerät wurde gemäß der Entscheidung 98/482/EG des Rates europaweit zur Anschaltung als einzelne Endeinrichtung an das öffentliche Fernsprechnet zugelassen. Aufgrund der zwischen den öffentlichen Fernsprechnetzen verschiedener Staaten bestehenden Unterschiede stellt diese Zulassung an sich jedoch keine unbedingte Gewähr für einen erfolgreichen Betrieb des Geräts an jedem Netzabschlußpunkt dar.

Falls beim Betrieb Probleme auftreten, sollten Sie sich zunächst an ihren Fachhändler wenden.“

Greek

«Ο εξοπλισμός έχει εγκριθεί για πανευρωπαϊκή σύνδεση μεμονωμένου τερματικού με το δημόσιο τηλεφωνικό δίκτυο μεταγωγής (PSTN), σύμφωνα με την απόφαση 98/482/ΕΚ του Συμβουλίου· ωστόσο, επειδή υπάρχουν διαφορές μεταξύ των επιμέρους PSTN που παρέχονται σε διάφορες χώρες, η έγκριση δεν παρέχει απ' αυτής ανεπιφύλακτη εξασφάλιση επιτυχούς λειτουργίας σε κάθε σημείο απόληξης του δικτύου PSTN.

Εάν ανακύψουν προβλήματα, θα πρέπει κατ' αρχάς να απευθύνεστε στον προμηθευτή του εξοπλισμού σας.»

Italian

•La presente apparecchiatura terminale è stata approvata in conformità della decisione 98/482/CE del Consiglio per la connessione paneuropea come terminale singolo ad una rete analogica PSTN. A causa delle differenze tra le reti dei differenti paesi, l'approvazione non garantisce però di per sé il funzionamento corretto in tutti i punti di terminazione di rete PSTN.

In caso di problemi contattare in primo luogo il fornitore del prodotto.•

Portuguese

•Este equipamento foi aprovado para ligação pan-europeia de um único terminal à rede telefónica pública comutada (RTPC) nos termos da Decisão 98/482/CE. No entanto, devido às diferenças existentes entre as RTPC dos diversos países, a aprovação não garante incondicionalmente, por si só, um funcionamento correcto em todos os pontos terminais da rede da RTPC.

Em caso de problemas, deve entrar-se em contacto, em primeiro lugar, com o fornecedor do equipamento.•

Spanish

•Este equipo ha sido homologado de conformidad con la Decisión 98/482/CE del Consejo para la conexión paneuropea de un terminal simple a la red telefónica pública comutada (RTPC). No obstante, a la vista de las diferencias que existen entre las RTPC que se ofrecen en diferentes países, la homologación no constituye por sí sola una garantía incondicional de funcionamiento satisfactorio en todos los puntos de terminación de la red de una RTPC.

En caso de surgir algún problema, procede ponerse en contacto en primer lugar con el proveedor del equipo.•

Swedish

”Utrustningen har godkänts i enlighet med rådets beslut 98/482/EG för alleuropeisk anslutning som enskild terminal till det allmänt tillgängliga kopplade telenätet (PSTN). På grund av de skillnader som finns mellan telenätet i olika länder utgör godkännandet emellertid inte i sig självt en absolut garanti för att utrustningen kommer att fungera tillfredsställande vid varje telenätsanslutningspunkt.

Om problem uppstår bör ni i första hand kontakta leverantören av utrustningen.”

UL Safety Notices

Required for UL 1459 covering telecommunications (telephone) equipment intended to be electrically connected to a telecommunication network that has an operating voltage to ground that does not exceed 200V peak, 300V peak-to-peak, and 105V rms, and installed or used in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70).

When using the Notebook PC modem, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, and injury to persons, including the following:

- **Do not use** the Notebook PC near water, for example, near a bath tub, wash bowl, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
- **Do not use** the Notebook PC during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- **Do not use** the Notebook PC in the vicinity of a gas leak.

Required for UL 1642 covering primary (nonrechargeable) and secondary (rechargeable) lithium batteries for use as power sources in products. These batteries contain metallic lithium, or a lithium alloy, or a lithium ion, and may consist of a single electrochemical cell or two or more cells connected in series, parallel, or both, that convert chemical energy into electrical energy by an irreversible or reversible chemical reaction.

- **Do not** dispose the Notebook PC battery pack in a fire, as they may explode. Check with local codes for possible special disposal instructions to reduce the risk of injury to persons due to fire or explosion.
- **Do not** use power adapters or batteries from other devices to reduce the risk of injury to persons due to fire or explosion. Use only UL certified power adapters or batteries supplied by the manufacturer or authorized retailers.

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1. Introducing the Notebook PC

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About This User's Manual
Notes For This Manual

Chapter

1

About This User's Manual

You are reading the Notebook PC User's Manual. This User's Manual provides information on the various components in the Notebook PC and how to use them. The following are major sections of this User's Manuals:

1. Introducing the Notebook PC

Introduces you to the Notebook PC and this User's Manual.

2. Knowing the Parts

Gives you information on the Notebook PC's components.

3. Getting Started

Gives you information on getting started with the Notebook PC.

4. Using the Notebook PC

Gives you information on using the Notebook PC's components.

5. Configuring the BIOS

Gives you information on configuring the BIOS software.

6. Appendix

Introduces you to optional accessories and gives additional information.

Notes For This Manual

This User's Manual was created using Macintosh versions of Adobe® PageMaker™ 6.52, Adobe® Photoshop™ 5.5, Adobe® Illustrator® 8.0, and Macromedia® Freehand™ 8.0.1. The body text type used in this manual is “Times” (MAC) or “Times New Roman” (Windows™) and headings are “Helvetica” (MAC) or “Arial” (Windows™). A few notes and warnings in bold are used throughout this guide that you should be aware of in order to complete certain tasks safely and completely. These notes have different degrees of importance as described below:



WARNING! Information to prevent damage to components, damage to data, or personal injury.



TIP: Tips and useful information for power (advanced) computer users.



CAUTION! Information on actions that must be avoided to prevent damage to components, damage to data, or personal injury.



NOTE: Tips and information to aid in completing a task.



Text enclosed in < > or [] represents a key on the keyboard; do not actually type the < > or [] and the enclosed letters.

2. Knowing The Parts

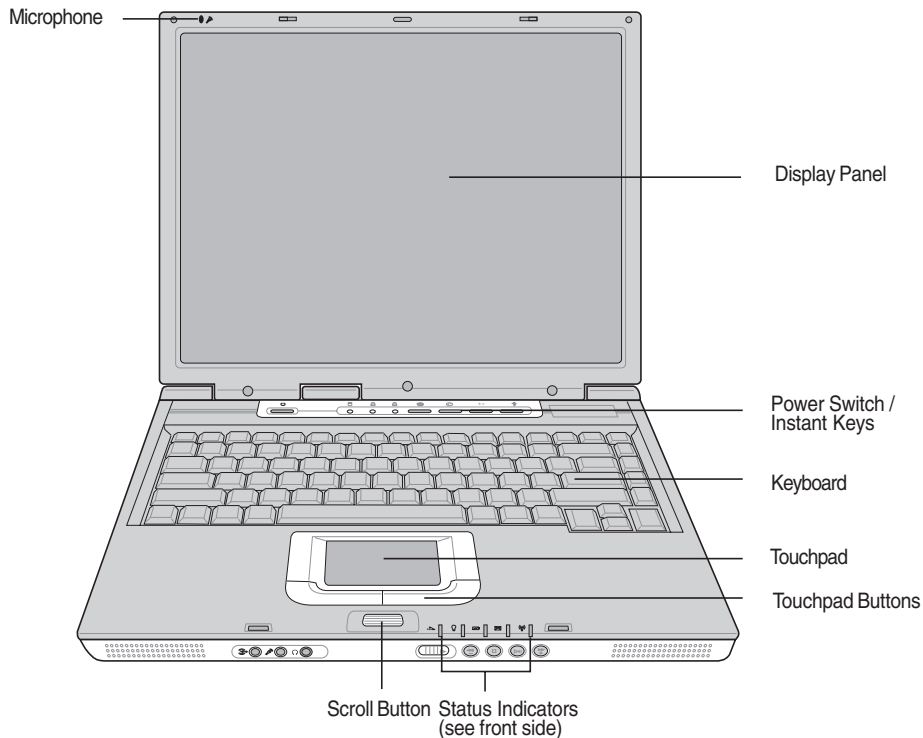
Top Side
Bottom Side
Left Side
Right Side
Rear Side
Front Side

Chapter

2

Top Side

Refer to the diagram below to identify the components on the top side of the Notebook PC.



Opening the Display Panel

One spring-loaded latch on the front of the Notebook PC locks the display panel in the closed position when the Notebook PC is not in use. To open the display panel, **slide the latch to the right** with your thumb and lift up on the display panel at the same time. This design allows a single hand to be used when opening the display panel. Slowly tilt the display panel forward or backward to a comfortable viewing angle.



WARNING! When opening, do not force the display panel down to the table or else the hinges may break! Never lift the Notebook PC by the display panel!

Display Panel

The display panel functions the same as a desktop monitor. The Notebook PC uses an active matrix TFT LCD, which provides excellent viewing like that of desktop monitors. Unlike desktop monitors, the LCD panel does not produce any radiation or flickering, so it is easier on the eyes.

Display Panel Care

The LCD screen is very delicate and requires careful handling. Pay attention to the following precautions:

- When not in use, keep the display panel closed to prevent dust accumulation.
- Do not use chemical cleaners on the screen. Wipe only with a dry cloth or tissue.
- Do not put your fingers or any objects directly on the screen.
- Do not press or lay any objects on the machine when it is closed.
- Do not carry the Notebook PC with small or sharp objects (e.g. paper clips or staples) that may enter the Notebook PC and scratch the display panel.



Microphone

The built-in microphone provides a source for general note taking, voicemail recording, or for use with Internet phone software. An external microphone connection is also provided for use with your own audio input device.



Power Switch

The power switch allows powering ON and OFF the Notebook PC and recovering from STD. **Push** the switch once to turn ON and once to turn OFF the Notebook PC.



Instant Keys

Allows you turn ON your Notebook PC (if necessary) and launch an application with one button. This is similar to those on PDAQs. Details provided in this manual.



Keyboard

The keyboard provides full-sized keys with comfortable travel (depth at which the keys can be depressed) and palm rest for both hands. Two Windows™ function keys are provided to help ease navigation in the Windows™ operating system. The keyboard (except Fn) is also used to recover from STR.



Touchpad and Buttons

The touchpad with its buttons is a pointing device that provides the same functions as a desktop mouse. A software-controlled scrolling function is available after setting up the included touchpad utility to allow easy Windows or Web navigation. Scroll button is easy to work with the touchpad when you need to scroll the contents of a window. Press the touchpad button and roll down the scroll button. The contents of the window then scroll in that direction.

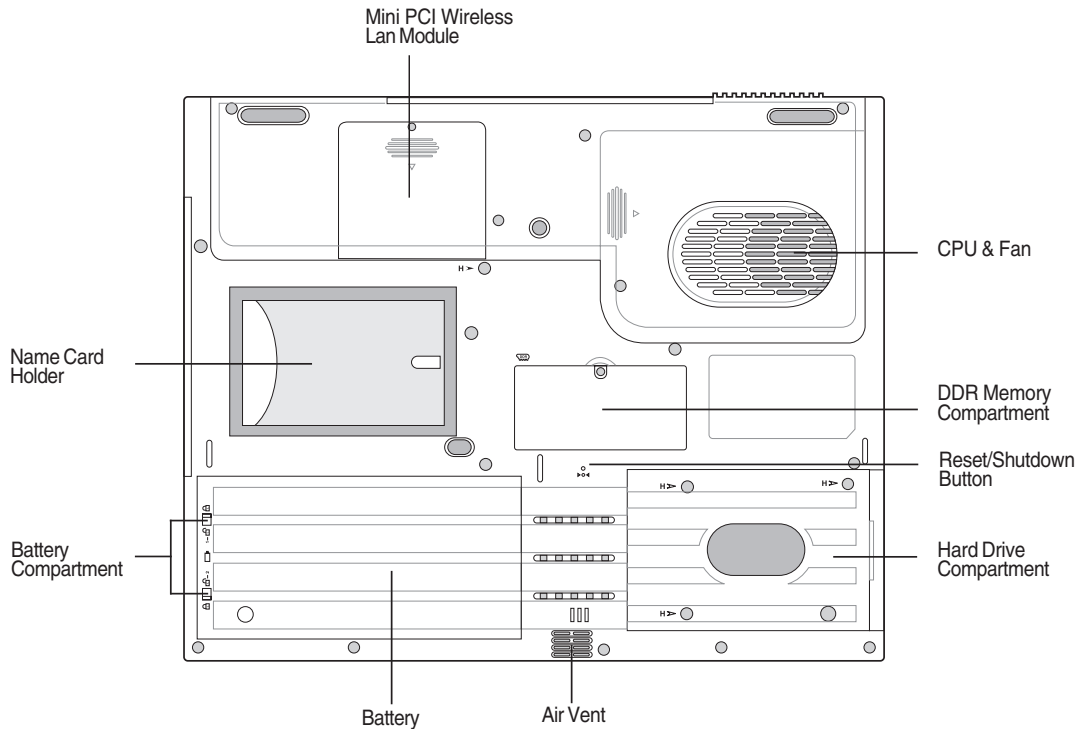


Status Indicators

Status indicator details are described in section 3.

Bottom Side

Refer to the diagram below to identify the components on the bottom side of the Notebook PC.



WARNING! The bottom of the Notebook PC can get very hot. Be careful when handling the Notebook PC while it is in operation or recently been in operation. High temperatures are normal during charging or operation. **DO NOT PUT THE NOTEBOOK PC ON THE LAP OR OTHER PARTS OF THE BODY TO AVOID INJURY FROM THE HEAT.**

The following describes the components on the bottom side of the Notebook PC as shown by the illustration on the previous page.

Battery Compartment

The battery compartment's surface is actually combined with the battery pack in order to reduce thickness. When the battery is released, the compartment cover and battery pack will be seen as a single unit. The battery pack cannot be further disassembled and must be replaced as a single unit.

Cooling Fan and CPU Compartment

The cooling fan turns ON when the temperature rises past a set threshold. The cooling fan is an extra feature needed for upgrading to faster processors in the future.

The CPU compartment contains a socket for mounting a central processing unit. CPU installation/upgrades must be done by an authorized retailer or else warranty will be void.

DDR Memory Compartment

The memory compartment contains DDR-DIMM slot for additional memory installation. Behind the slot is the permanent onboard memory. Memory installation/upgrades must be done by an authorized retailer or else warranty will be void.

Reset/Shutdown Button

The reset button is used for shutting down the Notebook PC if <CTRL><ALT> or turning OFF the power does not respond. To use this function, momentarily depress the button within the hole with a pen and the Notebook PC will shut down. Do not use a pencil since the tip may break off in the hole.

Hard Drive Compartment

The hard drive tray is secured by screws on the bottom side. This design allows easy hard disk drive swapping or upgrading. Hard disk installation/upgrades must be done by an authorized retailer or else warranty will be void.

Mini PCI Wireless LAN Module

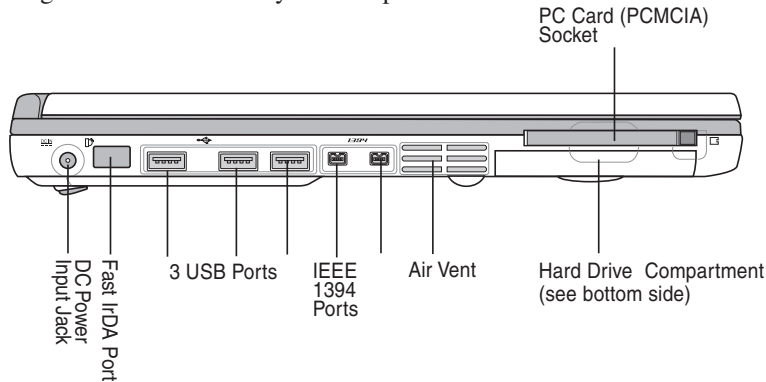
Mini PCI wireless components enables you to stay connected to your LAN while “roaming” to meeting, conference rooms or other office locations. Full-time, real-time access to e-mail, Internet and network resources means not only an effectively expanded office space, but maximized productivity.

Air Vent

The air vents allow cool air to enter and warm air to exit the Notebook PC. Do not block the air vents or else overheating may occur!

Left Side

Refer to the diagram below to identify the components on the left side of the Notebook PC.



DC Power Input Jack

The supplied power adapter converts AC power to DC power for use with this jack. Power supplied through this jack supplies power to the Notebook PC and charges the internal battery pack. To prevent damage to the Notebook PC and battery pack, always use the supplied power adapter.

Fast Infrared Port (IrDA)

The fast infrared (IrDA) communication port allows convenient wireless data communication with infrared-equipped devices or computers up to 4 Mbits/sec. This allows easy wireless synchronization with PDAs or mobile phones and even wireless printing to printers. If your office supports IrDA networking, you can have wireless connection to a network anywhere provided there is a direct line of sight to an IrDA node. Small offices can use IrDA technology to share a printer between several closely placed Notebook PCs and even send files to each other without a network.

USB Ports

Universal Serial Bus (USB) supports many USB compatible devices such as keyboards, pointing devices, video cameras, modems, hard disk drives, printers, monitors, and scanners connected in a series up to 12Mbits/sec. USB allows up to 127 devices to run simultaneously on a single computer, with peripherals such as USB keyboards and some newer monitors acting as additional plug-in sites or hubs. USB supports hot-swapping of devices so that peripherals can be connected or disconnected while the Notebook PC is ON.

1394 IEEE1394 Ports

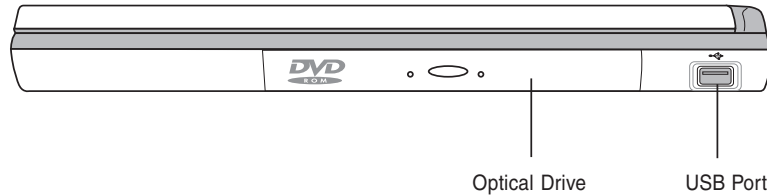
Also known as iLINK (Sony) or FireWire (Apple). IEEE1394 is a high speed serial bus like SCSI but has simple connections and hot-plugging capabilities like USB. The interface IEEE1394 has a bandwidth of 100-400 Mbits/sec and can handle up to 63 units on the same bus. It is very likely that IEEE1394, together with USB, will replace Parallel, IDE, SCSI, and EIDE ports. IEEE1394 is also used in high-end digital equipment and should be marked "DV" for Digital Video port.

PC Card (PCMCIA) Socket and Eject

One PCMCIA 2.1 compliant socket for one type I/II PC card is available. The socket supports 32-bit CardBus. This allows accommodation of all Notebook PC expansion options such as memory cards,

Right Side

Refer to the diagram below to identify the components on the right side of the Notebook PC.



The following describes the components on the right side of the Notebook PC as shown by the illustration above.

Optical Drive

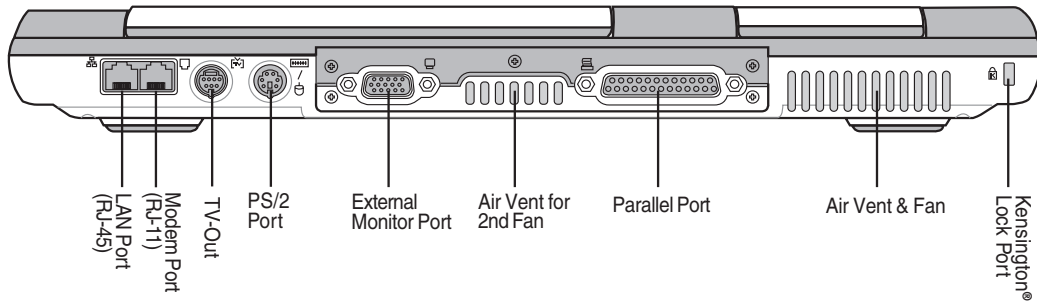
This Notebook PC comes in many models with three optical drives to choose from. Available configurations are CD-ROM, CD-RW, or DVD-ROM drive. The eject button is electronic and requires that the Notebook PC be turned ON for it to function. You can also eject the tray through any software CD/DVD player or by right clicking the CD icon in Windows™ “My Computer.” The emergency eject (insert a straightened paper clip into the hole next to the eject button) is used to eject the tray in case the electronic eject does not work. Do not use this in place of the electronic eject or as a substitute to turning on the Notebook PC and using the electronic eject button.

USB Port

(see Left Side)

Rear Side

Refer to the diagram below to identify the components on the rear side of the Notebook PC.



The following describes the components on the rear side of the Notebook PC as shown by the illustration above.

LAN Port

The RJ-45 LAN port supports an RJ-45 Ethernet cable. The internal LAN supports 10Base-T or 100Base-TX standard or duplex networks. The built-in connector allows convenient use without a dongle.

Modem Port

The RJ-11 telephone port supports an RJ-11 telephone cable. The internal modem supports up to 56K V.90 transfers. The built-in connector allows convenient use without a dongle.



WARNING! The built-in modem does not support the voltage used in digital phone systems. Do not connect the modem port to a digital phone system or else damage will occur to the Notebook PC.

TV-Out Port

For times when you need a really big display, try the TV-Out function. TV-Out allows a high definition connection to a television or video device using a Super VHS (S-Video) cable (not provided). An adapter is provided for use with RCA inputs available on all standard video devices. This port support NTSC or PAL formats.

PS/2 Port

The PS/2 port is for connecting an external PS/2 mouse or PS/2 keyboard to the Notebook PC if you do not want to use the built-in pointing device and keyboard. Simultaneous use of two PS/2 devices requires an optional PS/2 Y-adapter. It is recommended that you use either a USB mouse or a USB keyboard so that dual PS/2 connections are not required.

External Monitor Port

The 15-pin D-sub monitor port supports a standard VGA-compatible device such as a monitor or projector to allow viewing on a larger external display.

Air Vent for Second Fan

The air vents allow cool air produced by the second fan to enter and warm air to exit the Notebook PC. Do not block the air vents or else overheating may occur!

Parallel Port (and external floppy port)

The 25-pin D-sub parallel/printer port supports parallel devices such as a printer. An external floppy drive module can also connect to this port using the provided cable. (You must turn OFF the Notebook PC when connecting or disconnecting the floppy drive module from the parallel port.)

Air Vent & Cooling Fan

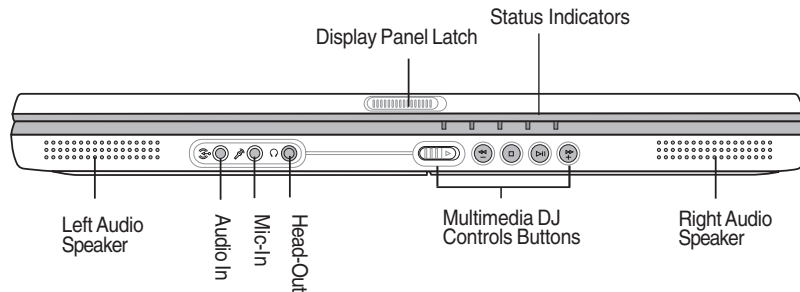
The cooling fan turns ON when the temperature rises past a set threshold. The cooling fan is an extra feature needed for upgrading to faster processors in the future. The air vents allow cool air to enter and warm air to exit the Notebook PC. Do not block the air vents or else overheating may occur!

Kensington® Lock Port

The Kensington® lock port allows the Notebook PC to be secured using Kensington® compatible Notebook PC security products. These security products usually include a metal cable and lock that prevent the Notebook PC to be removed from a fixed object. Some security products may also include a motion detector to sound an alarm when moved.

Front Side

Refer to the diagram below to identify the components on the front side of the Notebook PC.



Display Panel Latch

One display panel latch is used to lock the display panel in the closed position. To open the display panel, **slide the latch to the right** with your thumb and lift up the display panel at the same time.

Status Indicators and Email Indicator

Status indicator details are described in section 3.

Left/Right Audio Speaker

The built-in stereo speakers allow you to separately hear left and right channel audio without additional attachments. The multimedia sound system features an integrated digital audio controller that produces rich, vibrant sound in high quality 16-bit stereo. All audio features are software controlled.

Audio In

Audio input allows feeding in audio from another source in order to listen to it using the Notebook PC's speakers or to use it for digital multimedia files.

Microphone Jack (Mic-In)

The mono microphone jack can be used to connect an external microphone or output signals from audio devices. Using this jack automatically disables the built-in microphone.

Headphone Jack (Head-Out)

The stereo headphone jack is used to connect the Notebook PC's audio out signal to amplified speakers or headphones. Using this jack automatically disables the built-in speakers.

Multimedia DJ Controls

Multimedia DJ Controls works only when your notebook is turned off, in Standby or Hibernate mode. They are Play Latch, Previous Track, Stop/Eject, Play/Pause and Next Track. Slide the latch to the right to turn the CD Player on and off. Press Previous track button to move to the previous track, or press Next track button to move to the next track. Press Stop/Eject button to stop playing CD and eject CD from the drive. Press the Play button after the CD is placed in the CD-ROM drive. Also you may press it to pause the CD, and press again to resume play.

3. Getting Started

Chapter

3

Installing/Removing Battery Pack

Using the Battery Pack

Operating Systems

Power Connection

Powering ON The Notebook PC

Power Management - Stand By/Hibernate

Restarting or Rebooting

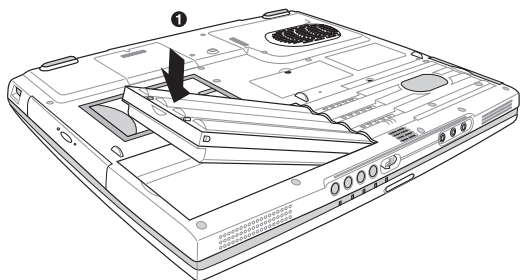
Powering OFF The Notebook PC

Using the Keyboard

Instant Launch Keys and Status Indicators

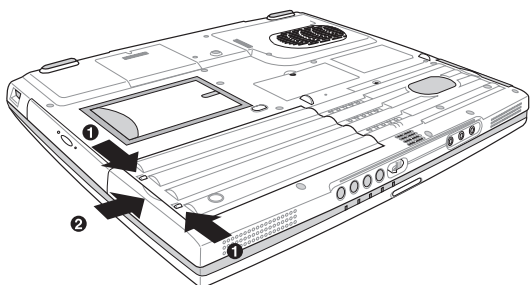
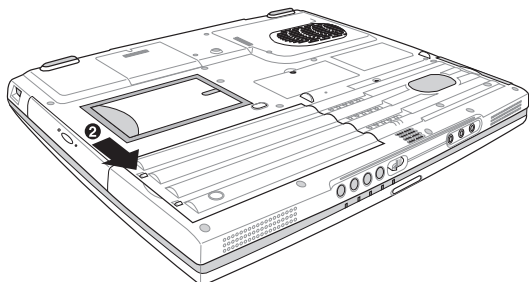
Installing and Removing the Battery Pack

Your Notebook PC may or may not have its battery pack installed. If your Notebook PC does not have its battery pack installed, there will be a large opening at the bottom of the Notebook PC. Use the following procedures to install or remove the battery pack.



To install the battery pack:

1. Unlock the **battery and drive lock 2**.
2. Insert the battery pack with the connector first (arrow 1).
3. Snap the battery pack into the Notebook PC and lock the **battery and drive lock 2** (arrow 2).



To remove the battery pack:

1. First unlock the **battery and drive lock 1** and Slide the **battery release latch 2** to wards the rear of the Notebook PC (arrow 1).
2. Use your fingers to lift up the battery pack (arrow 2).



WARNING! Never attempt to remove the battery pack while the Notebook PC is turned ON, as this may result in the loss of working data.



WARNING! Only use battery packs and power adapters supplied with this Notebook PC or specifically approved by the manufacturer or retailer for use with this model.

Using the Battery Pack

Before you use your Notebook PC on the road, you will have to charge the battery pack. The battery pack begins to charge as soon as the Notebook PC is connected to external power. Fully charge the battery pack before using it for the first time. A new battery pack must completely charge before the Notebook PC is disconnected from external power. The battery pack is about 85% charged when the battery charge light turns OFF. When the battery power is low, the battery power LED will blink. It takes a few hours to fully charge the battery when the Notebook PC is turned OFF and may take twice the time when the Notebook PC is turned ON.

Battery Care

The Notebook PC's battery pack, like all rechargeable batteries, has a limit on the number times it can be recharged. Fully draining and charging the battery once a day every day will last over a year but how long beyond that will depend on your environment temperature, humidity, and how your Notebook PC is used. It is ideal that the battery be used in a temperature range between 10°C and 29°C (50°F and 85°F). You must also take into account that the Notebook PC's internal temperature is higher than the outside temperature. Any temperatures above or below this range will shorten the life of the battery. But in any case, the battery pack's usage time will eventually decrease and a new battery pack must be purchased from an authorized dealer for this Notebook PC. Because batteries also have a shelf life, it is not recommended to buy extras for storing.

Operating Systems

This Notebook PC may offer (depending on territory) its customers the choice of a pre-installed operating system such as **Microsoft Windows ME (Millennium Edition) or Windows 2000**. The choices and languages will depend on the territory. The levels of hardware and software support may vary depending on the installed operating system. Operating systems not pre-installed on this Notebook PC may produce different results than the ones described in the provided user's manuals. The stability and compatibility of other operating systems cannot be guaranteed.

Support Software

This Notebook PC comes with a support CD that provides BIOS, drivers and applications to enable hardware features, extend functionality, help manage your Notebook PC, or add functionality not provided by the native operating system. If updates or replacement of the support CD is necessary, contact your dealer for web sites to download individual software drivers and utilities.

The support CD contains all drivers, utilities and software for all popular operating systems including those that have been pre-installed. The support CD does not include the operating system itself. The support CD is necessary even if your Notebook PC came pre-configured in order to provide additional software not included as part of the factory pre-install.

A recovery CD is optional and includes an image of all the drivers and utilities included on the factory installed hard drive as well as the operating system itself. The recovery CD provides a comprehensive recovery solution that quickly restores the Notebook PC's operating system and software to its original working state provided that your hard disk drive is in good working order. Contact your retailer if you require such a solution.

Power Connection

Your Notebook PC comes with a universal AC-DC adapter. That means that you may connect the power cord to any 110V-120V as well as 220V-240V outlets without setting switches or using power converters. Different countries may require that an adapter be used to connect the provided US-standard AC power cord to a different standard. Most hotels will provide universal outlets to support different power cords as well as voltages. It is always best to ask an experienced traveler about AC outlet voltages when bringing power adapters to another country.



TIP: You can buy travel kits for the Notebook PC that includes power and modem adapters for almost every country.

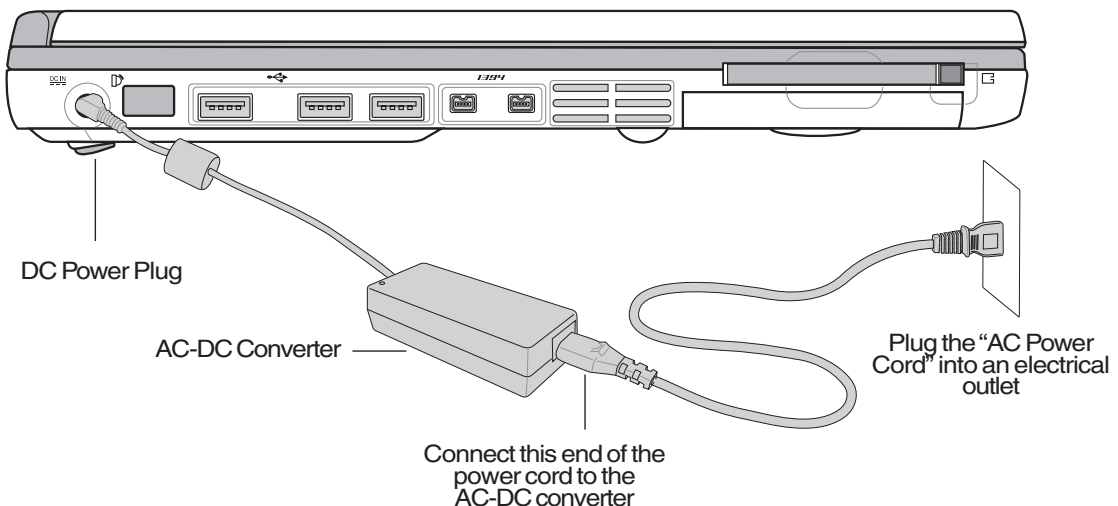
With the AC power cord connected to the AC-DC converter, connect the AC power cord to an AC outlet (preferably with surge-protection) and then connect the DC plug to the Notebook PC. Connecting the AC-DC adapter to the AC outlet first allows you to test the AC outlet's power and the AC-DC converter itself for compatibility problems before connecting the DC power to the Notebook PC. The green power LED on the adapter lights up if the power is within accepted ranges.



WARNING! Damage may occur if you use a different adapter to power the Notebook PC or use the Notebook PC's adapter to power other electrical devices. If there is smoke, burning scent, or extreme heat coming from the AC-DC adapter, seek servicing. Seek servicing if you suspect a faulty AC-DC adapter. You may damage both your battery pack(s) and the Notebook PC with a faulty AC-DC adapter.



NOTE: This Notebook PC may come with either a two or three-prong plug depending on territory. If a three-prong plug is provided, you must use a grounded AC outlet or use a properly grounded adapter to ensure safe operation of the Notebook PC.



Powering ON The Notebook PC

The Notebook PC's power-ON message appears on the screen followed by a short beep when you turn it ON. If necessary, you may adjust the brightness by using the hot keys. If you need to run the BIOS Setup to set or modify the system configuration, press [F2] upon bootup to enter the BIOS Setup. If you press [Tab] during the splash screen, standard boot information such as the BIOS version can be seen. Press [ESC] and you will be presented with a boot menu with selections to boot from your available drives.



WARNING! Never turn OFF or reset your Notebook PC while the hard disk or floppy disk is in use and the activity LED is flashing; doing so can result in loss or destruction of your data. To protect the hard disk drive, always wait at least 5 seconds after turning OFF your Notebook PC before turning it back ON.



NOTE: Before bootup, the display panel flashes when the power is turned ON. This is part of the Notebook PC's test routine and is not a problem with the display.

The Power-On Self Test (POST)

When you turn ON the Notebook PC, it will first run through a series of software-controlled diagnostic tests called the Power-On Self Test (POST). The software that controls the POST is installed as a permanent part of the Notebook PC's architecture. The POST includes a record of the Notebook PC's hardware configuration, which is used to make a diagnostic check of the system. This record is created by using the BIOS Setup program. If the POST discovers a difference between the record and the existing hardware, it will display a message on the screen prompting you to correct the conflict by running BIOS Setup. In most cases the record should be correct when you receive the Notebook PC. When the test is finished, you may get a message reporting "No operating system found" if the hard disk was not preloaded with an operating system. This indicates that the hard disk is correctly detected and ready for the installation of a new operating system.

The S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) checks the hard disk drive during POST and gives a warning message if the hard disk drive requires servicing. If any critical hard disk drive warning is given during bootup, backup your data immediately and run Windows disk checking program. To run Windows's disk checking program: (1) right-click any hard disk drive icon in "My Computer", (2) choose Properties, (3) click the Tools tab, (4) click Check Now, (5) select a hard disk drive, (6) select Thorough to also check for physical damages, and (7) click Start. Third party disk utilities such as Symantec's Norton Disk Doctor can also perform the same functions but with greater ease and more features.



WARNING! If warnings are still given during bootup after running a software disk checking utility, you should take your Notebook PC in for servicing. Continued use may result in data loss.

Power Management - Stand By & Hibernate

Power management settings can be found in the Windows control panel. The following shows the power options properties in Windows ME. You can define Stand By or Power Off for closing the display panel, pressing the power button, or activating sleep mode. Basically Stand by and Hibernate saves power when your Notebook PC is not in use by turning OFF certain components. When you resume your work, your last status (such as a document scrolled down half way or email typed half way will reappear as if you never left. Power Off will close all applications and ask if you want to save your work if any are not saved.

Stand By is the same as Suspend-to-RAM (STR). This function stores your current data and status in RAM while many components are turned OFF. Because RAM is volatile, it requires power to keep (refresh) the data.

Hibernate is the same as Suspend-to-Disk (STD) and stores your current data and status on the hard disk drive. By doing this, RAM does not have to be refreshed and power consumption is greatly reduced but not completely eliminated because certain wake-up components like LAN and modem needs to remain powered.

Hibernate saves you maximum power than Stand By. Your current session can be all saved to disk and network connections can be restored in this mode before shut down. Click Start, and select Hibernate in Windows 98 or - Click Start, select Shut Down, then choose Hibernate in Window 2000.

Restarting or Rebooting

After making changes to your operating system, you may be prompted to restart the system. Some installation processes will provide a dialog box to allow restart. To restart the system manually:

Click the **Start** button and select **Shut Down** | and choose **Restart**.

In case the operating system hangs (stops, freezes, crashes), try the following in this order:

1. Try a “warm boot” by pressing the [Ctrl][Alt][Del] keys simultaneously. (You may try a few times.)
2. If warm booting fails to work, you can press the shut down button located in a small hole on the bottom of the Notebook PC with a pen, mechanical pencil, or paper clip. (Do not use a standard pencil because the tip may break off in the hole.)

Powering OFF the Notebook PC

For operating systems equipped with ACPI (Windows ME/2000), the Notebook PC can be powered OFF by using **Start | Shut Down... | Shut down**. For operating systems without proper power management (DOS, Windows NT), you must power OFF the Notebook PC by holding the power switch for 2 seconds (as opposed to 1 second to power ON) after closing applications and exiting operating systems. This is necessary in order to prevent accidental power-OFFs.

Using the Keyboard

Colored Hot Keys

The following defines the colored hot keys on the Notebook PC's keyboard. The colored commands can only be accessed by first pressing and holding the function key while pressing a key with a colored command.

NOTE: The Hot Key locations on the function keys may vary depending on model but the functions should remain the same. Follow the icons instead of the function keys (F1, F5, F6, etc.)



Suspend (F1): Places the Notebook PC in suspend mode (either Save-to-RAM or Save-to-Disk depending on sleep button setting in power management setup).



Wireless LAN (F2): This is Optional. Toggles the Wireless LAN ON and OFF.



Filled Sun Icon (F5): Decreases the display brightness



Open Sun Icon (F6): Increases the display brightness



LCD Icon (F7): Toggles the display panel ON and OFF. This also stretches your screen area to fill the entire display when using low resolution modes.



LCD/Monitor/TV Icons (F8): Toggles between the Notebook PC's LCD display and an external monitor in this series: Notebook PC LCD -> External Monitor -> TV -> Both. (This function does not work in 256 Colors, select High Color in Display Property Settings.)



Speaker Icons (F10): Toggles the speakers ON and OFF (only in Windows OS)



Down Speaker Icon (F11): Decreases the speaker volume (only in Windows OS)



Up Speaker Icon (F12): Increases the speaker volume (only in Windows OS)



Num Lk (Ins): Toggles the numeric keypad (number lock) ON and OFF. Allows you to use a larger portion of the keyboard for number entering.



Scr Lk (Del): Toggles the "Scroll Lock" ON and OFF. Allows you to use a larger portion of the keyboard for cell navigation.



NOTE: Hot Keys work only on the Notebook PC's own keyboard and not on any externally connected keyboards.

Above the Keyboard



Instant Launch Keys and Status Indicators

Instant Launch Keys

Power Button

Power ON your Notebook PC by holding the power button for 1 second while holding it for 2 seconds to power OFF.

Activity Indicator

Indicates that the Notebook PC is accessing one or more storage device(s) such as the hard disk or optical storage drive. The light flashes proportional to the access time.

Number Lock

Indicates that number lock [Num Lk] is activated when lighted. Number lock allows some of the keyboard letters to act as numbers for easier numeric data input.

Capital Lock

Indicates that capital lock [Caps Lock] is activated when lighted. Capital lock allows some of the keyboard letters to type using capitalized letters (e.g. A, B, C). When the capital lock light is OFF, the typed letters will be in the lower case form (e.g. a,b,c).

Email Launch Key

Pressing this button will launch your Email application. If your Notebook PC is OFF while pressing this button, this function will first turn ON your Notebook PC.

Internet Launch Key

Pressing this button will launch your Internet browser application. If your Notebook PC is OFF while pressing this button, this function will first turn ON your Notebook PC.

Programmable Launch Keys

Pressing this button will launch your programmed software application. If your Notebook PC is OFF while pressing this button, this function will first turn ON your Notebook PC.

Front Edge of Notebook PC

Power Gear

The Power Gear button toggles power savings ON or OFF. When power savings is activated, CPU speed and LOC brightness will be decreased. Power Gear will decrease power consumption even more if used together with Intel SpeedStep. Power Gear works only in battery mode and Intel SpeedStep will work in battery or AC mode but requires manual configuration to work in AC mode.



NOTE: A driver must be installed in order to use the “Instant Launch Keys”. See the “Driver & Utility” User’s Manual for more information.

Status Indicators

CD Indicator

When the Notebook PC is OFF, the LED shows when the Audio DJ CD player is turned ON (by using the "CD Power" Switch).



Power Indicator

The green LED lights to indicate that the Notebook PC is turned ON and blink when the Notebook PC is in the Suspend-to-RAM (Standby) mode. This LED is OFF when the Notebook PC is OFF or in the Suspend-to-Disk (Hibernation) mode.

Charge Indicator

The charge indicator LED shows the status of the battery’s power as follows:

ON: Battery charging

Blinking: Battery power lower than 10%

Off: Battery is charged or completely drained

Email Indicator

Flashes when there is one or more new email(s) in your email program’s inbox. This function requires software setup and may not be currently configured on your Notebook PC. This function is designed for Microsoft email software only and may not work with email software from other companies.



Mini PCI Wireless LAN Module

Indicator becomes ON when you stay connected to you are surfing Internet or retrieving mails using wireless LAN modules.

Microsoft Windows™ Keys

There are two special Windows™ keys on the keyboard as described below.








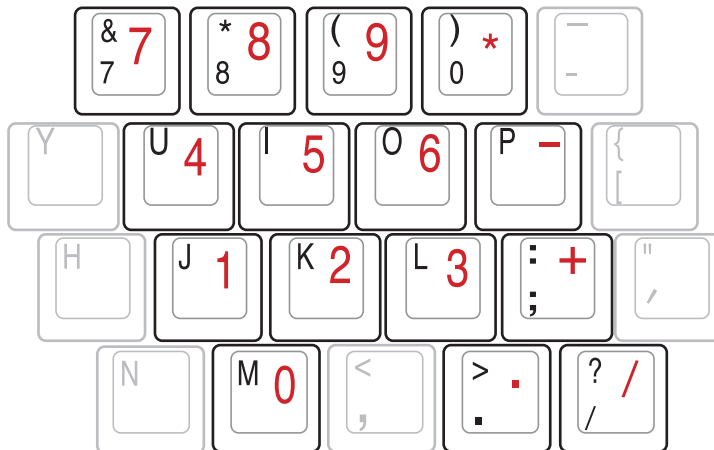
The key with the Windows™ Logo activates the Start menu located at the bottom left of the Windows™ desktop.



The other key, that looks like a Windows™ menu with a small cursor, activates the properties menu and is equivalent to pressing the right mouse button on a Windows™ object.

Keyboard as a Numeric Keypad

The numeric keypad is embedded in the keyboard and consists of 15 keys that make number intensive input more convenient. These dual-purpose keys are labeled in orange on the key caps. Numeric assignments are located at the upper right hand corner of each key as shown in the figure. When the numeric keypad is engaged by pressing  , the number lock LED lights up. If an external keyboard is connected, pressing the  on the external keyboard enables/disables the NumLock on both keyboards simultaneously. To disable the numeric keypad while keeping the keypad on an external keyboard activated, press the   keys on the Notebook PC.



Keyboard as Cursors

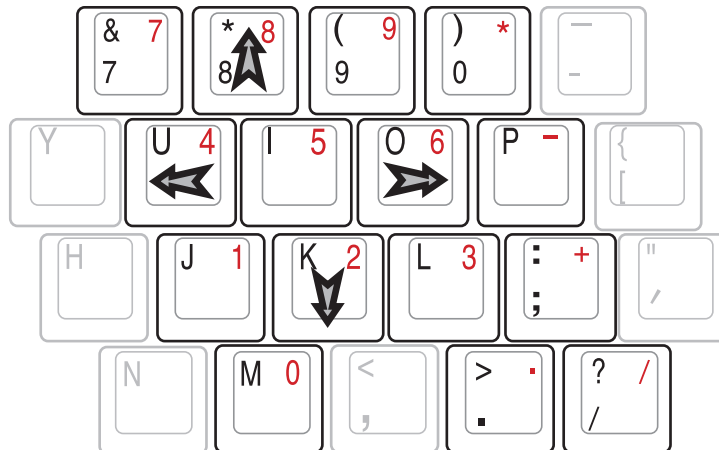
The keyboard can be used as cursors while Number Lock is ON or OFF in order to increase navigation ease while entering numeric data in spreadsheets or similar applications.

With Number Lock OFF, press **[Fn]** and one of the cursor keys shown below. For example [Fn][8] for up, [Fn][K] for down, [Fn][U] for left, and [Fn][O] for right.

With Number Lock ON, use [Shift] and one of the cursor keys shown below. For example [Shift][8] for up, [Shift][K] for down, [Shift][U] for left, and [Shift][O] for right.



NOTE: The capital lock LED lights up when Number Lock is ON and turn OFF when Number Lock is OFF.



NOTE: The large bold characters and symbols are printed here for your reference. They are not labeled on the keyboard as shown here.



A series of 25 horizontal blue lines spanning the width of the page, providing a ruled area for writing or drawing.

4. Using the Notebook PC

Chapter

4

Pointing Device

Optional External Connections

PC Card (PCMCIA) Socket

Modem and Network Connections

IR Wireless Communication

AC Power System

Battery Power System

Power Management Modes

System Memory Expansion

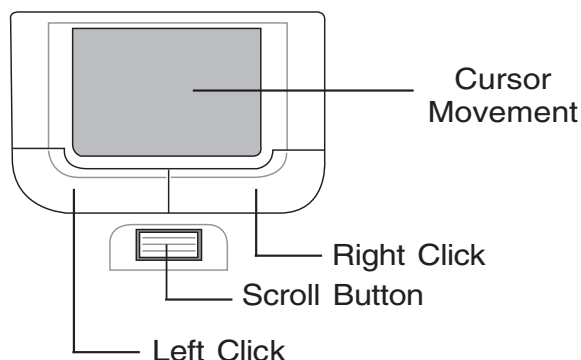
Hard Disk Drive

Processor & Hard Disk Drive Upgrades

Securing Your Notebook PC (optional)

Pointing Device

The Notebook PC's integrated touchpad pointing device is fully compatible with all two/three-button and scrolling knob PS/2 mice. The touchpad is pressure sensitive and contains no moving parts; therefore, mechanical failures can be avoided. A device driver is still required for working with some application software. See the **Driver & Utility Guide** for information on drivers and utilities for the touchpad.



Using the Touchpad

Light pressure with the tip of your finger is all that is required to operate the touchpad. Because the touchpad is electrostatic sensitive, objects cannot be used in place of your fingers. The touchpad's primary function is to move the cursor around or select items displayed on the screen with the use of your fingertip. The following illustrations demonstrate proper use of the touchpad.

Moving the cursor - Place your finger in the center of the touchpad and do the following to move the cursor:

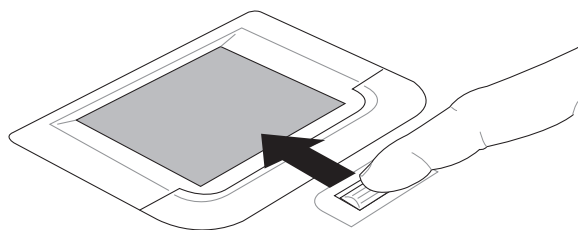
Up - Slide your finger forward

Left - Slide your finger to the left

Down - Slide your finger backward

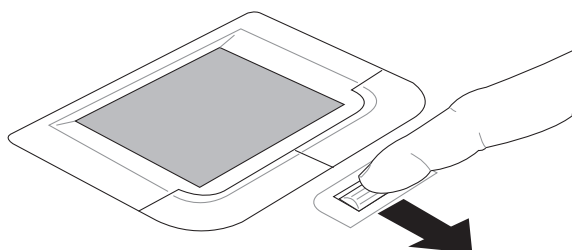
Right - Slide your finger to the right

Touchpad Usage Illustrations



Scroll Up

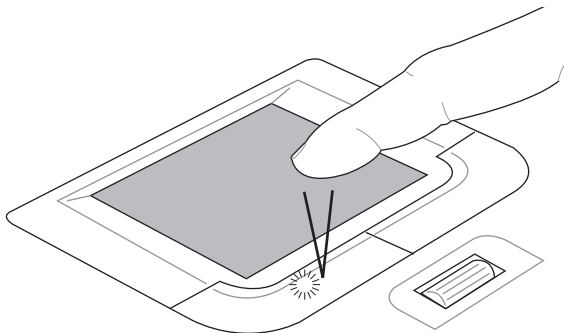
(press and hold the upper cursor button)



Scroll Down

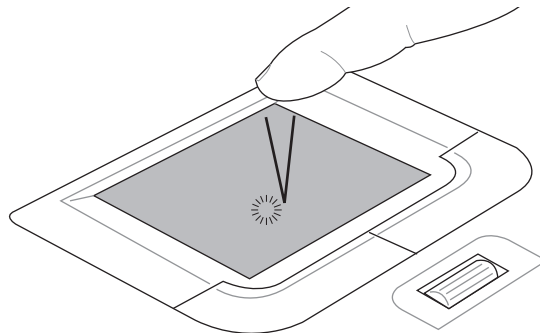
(press and hold the lower cursor button)

Clicking/Tapping - With the cursor over an item, press the left button or use your fingertip to touch the touchpad lightly, keeping your finger on the touchpad until the item is selected. The selected item will change color. The following 2 examples produce the same results.



Clicking

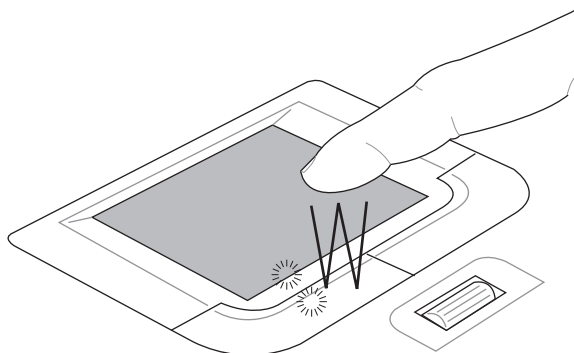
(press the left cursor button and release)



Tapping

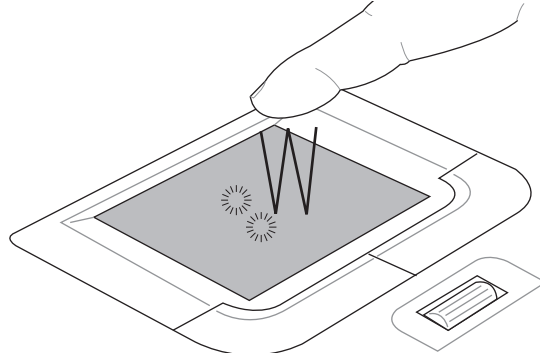
(lightly but rapidly strike the touchpad)

Double-clicking/Double-tapping - This is a common skill for launching a program directly from the corresponding icon you select. Move the cursor over the icon you wish to execute, press the left button or tap the pad twice in rapid succession, and the system launches the corresponding program. If the interval between the clicks or taps is too long, the operation will not be executed. You can set the double-click speed using the Windows Control Panel "Mouse." The following 2 examples produce the same results.



Double-Clicking

(press the left button twice and release)

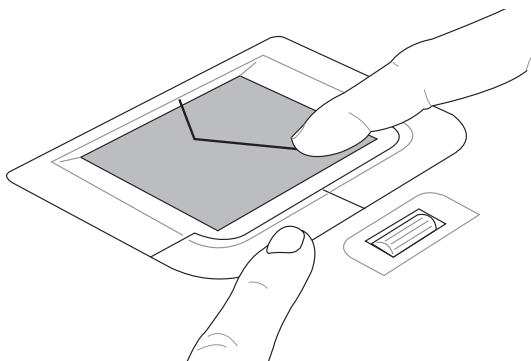


Double-Tapping

(lightly but rapidly strike the touchpad twice)

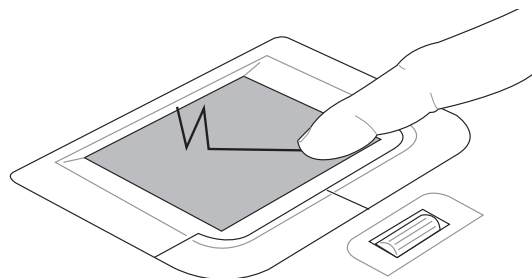
Using the Notebook PC

Dragging - Dragging means to pick up an item and place it anywhere on the screen you wish. You can move the cursor over the item you select, and while keeping the left button depressed, moving the cursor to the desired location, then release the button. Or, you can simply double-tap on the item and hold while dragging the item with your fingertip. The following 2 examples produce the same results.



Dragging-Clicking

(hold left button and slide finger on touchpad)



Dragging-Tapping

(lightly strike the touchpad twice, sliding finger on touchpad during second strike)



NOTE: A software-controlled scrolling function is available after setting up the included touchpad utility to allow easy Windows or web navigation. Basic functions can be adjusted at the Windows control panel to allow comfortable clicking and tapping.

Caring for the Touchpad

The touchpad is pressure sensitive. If not properly cared for, it can be easily damaged. Take note of the following precautions.

- Make sure the touchpad does not come into contact with dirt, liquids or grease.
- Do not touch the touchpad if your fingers are dirty or wet.
- Do not rest heavy objects on the touchpad or the touchpad buttons.
- Do not scratch the touchpad with your finger nails or any hard objects.
- If the touchpad does not respond quick enough to your movement, please adjust the reacting speed by going to Control Panel: Mouse Properties; and drag the slide bar of the Double-click Speed in the Point Setting tab.

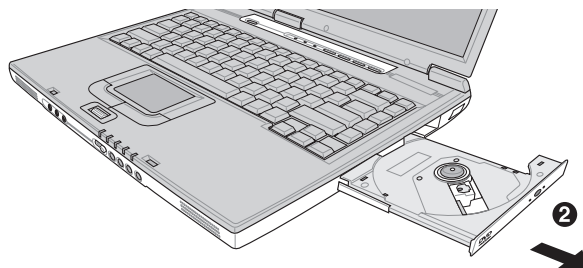
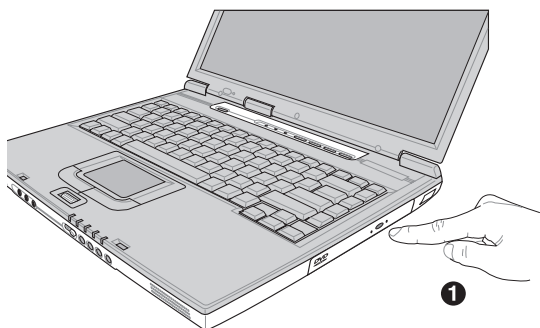


NOTE: The touchpad responds to movement not to force. There is no need to tap the surface too hard. Tapping too hard does not increase the responsiveness of the touchpad. The touchpad responds best to light pressure.

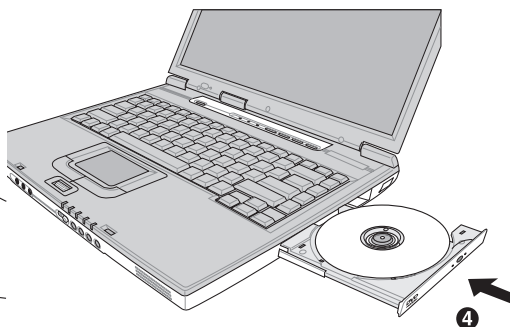
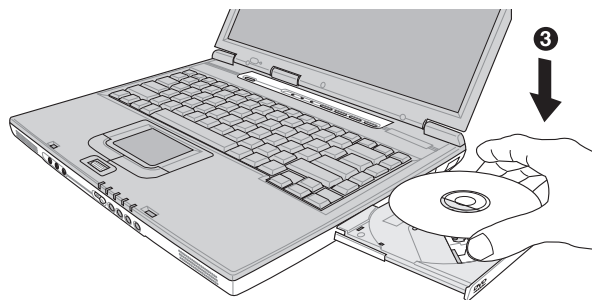
This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal blue ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Inserting an optical disc

1. While the Notebook PC's power is ON, press the drive's eject button and the tray will eject out partially.
2. Gently pull on the drive's front panel and slide the tray completely out. Be careful not to touch the CD drive lens and other mechanisms. Make sure there are no obstructions that may get jammed under the drive's tray.



3. Hold the disc by the edge and face the disc's printed side up. Push down on both sides of the disc's center until the disc snaps onto the hub. **The hub should be higher than the disc when correctly mounted.**
4. Slowly push the drive's tray back in. The drive will begin reading the table of contents (TOC) on the disc. When the drive stops, the disc is ready to be used.



NOTE: It is normal to hear as well as feel the CD spinning with great intensity in the CD drive while data is read.

Laser Safety

This system is classified as a Class 1 laser product. The Notebook PC's CD/DVD-ROM drive uses a laser reader that complies with laser product standards set by government agencies for Class 1 laser products. It does not emit hazardous light; the beam is totally enclosed during all modes of customer operation and maintenance.

Using the CD-ROM Drive

CD-ROM discs and equipment must be handled with care because of the precise mechanics involved. Keep in mind the important safety instructions from your CD suppliers. Unlike desktop CD-ROM drives, the Notebook PC uses a hub to hold the CD in place regardless of the angle. When inserting a CD, it is important that the CD be pressed onto the center hub or else the CD-ROM drive tray will scratch the CD.



WARNING! If the CD disc is not properly locked onto the center hub, the CD can be damaged when the tray is closed. Always watch the CD closely while closing the tray slowly to prevent damage.

DVD-ROM Drive Information

Overview

The Notebook PC comes with an optional DVD-ROM drive or a CD-ROM drive. In order to view DVD titles, you must install the provided MPEG2 video decoder software and your own DVD viewer software. Optional DVD viewer software may be purchased with this Notebook PC. The DVD-ROM drive allows the use of both CD and DVD discs.

Definitions

DVD, which stands for Digital Versatile Disc, is the next generation of optical disc storage technology. The DVD specification supports discs with capacities from 4.7GB to 17GB and access rates up to 22.16MBytes/s. The Notebook PC's DVD-ROM drive is only single-sided; double-sided DVD (8.5GB and higher) requires manually reversing the disc in order to access the reverse side.

DVD is essentially a bigger, faster CD that can hold video as well as audio and computer data. With these capacities and access rates, DVD discs can provide you with dramatically-enhanced high-color, full-motion videos, better graphics, sharper pictures, and Dolby® Digital Surround for a theater-like experience. DVD aims to encompass home entertainment, computers, and business information with a single digital format, eventually replacing audio CD, videotape, laserdisc, CD-ROM, and perhaps even video game cartridges. DVD has widespread support from all major electronics companies, all major computer hardware companies, and most major movie and music studios.

Software

To meet customer requirements for a complete DVD solution, a software playback solution is provided. The provided software has been optimized for playback of MPEG2 (Motion Picture Experts Group specifications for data compression) encoded video clips as well as encrypted DVD movie titles. Decoding digital MPEG2 video is accomplished through software only, eliminating the need for expensive hardware. Although the software will function on Intel 233-333MHz based notebooks, playback quality is reduced since loss of video frames (video images look as though they are skipping sections of the movie) during playback may occur. Software playback performance on Intel's 400MHz processor platforms or faster is required to sustain 30 fps (frames per second) which approaches the quality of most hardware playback solutions.



NOTE: Since MPEG2 video decoding is done through software, a processor of at least 400MHz Pentium II is recommended to provide real-time playback without frame skips. An MPEG2 hardware decoder PCMCIA card is required on Notebook PCs with slower processors for smooth DVD playback.

Regional Playback Information

Playback of DVD movie titles involves decoding MPEG2 video, digital AC3 audio and decryption of CSS protected content. CSS (sometimes called copy guard) is the name given to the content protection scheme adopted by the motion picture industry to satisfy a need to protect against unlawful content duplication.

Although the design rules imposed on CSS licensors are many, one rule that is most relevant is playback restrictions on regionalized content. In order to facilitate geographically staggered movie releases, DVD video titles are released for specific geographic regions as defined in ‘Region Definitions’ below. Copyright laws require that all DVD movies be limited to a particular region (usually coded to the region at which it is sold). While DVD movie content may be released for multiple regions, CSS design rules require that any system capable of playing CSS encrypted content must only be capable of playing one region.



NOTE: The region setting may be changed up to five times using the viewer software, then it can only play DVD movies for the last region setting. Changing the region code after that will require factory resetting which is not covered by warranty. If resetting is desired, shipping and resetting costs will be at the expense of the user.

Region Definitions

Region 1

Canada, US, US Territories

Region 2

Czech, Egypt, Finland, France, Germany, Gulf States, Hungary, Iceland, Iran, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Saudi Arabia, Scotland, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Syria, Turkey, UK, Greece, Former Yugoslav Republics, Slovakia

Region 3

Burma, Indonesia, South Korea, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam

Region 4

Australia, Caribbean (Except US Territories), Central America, New Zealand, Pacific Islands, South America

Region 5

CIS, India, Pakistan, Rest of Africa, Russia, North Korea

Region 6

China

Using a CD

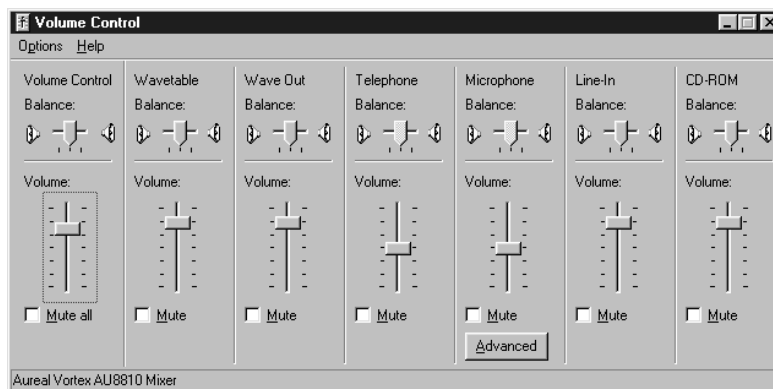
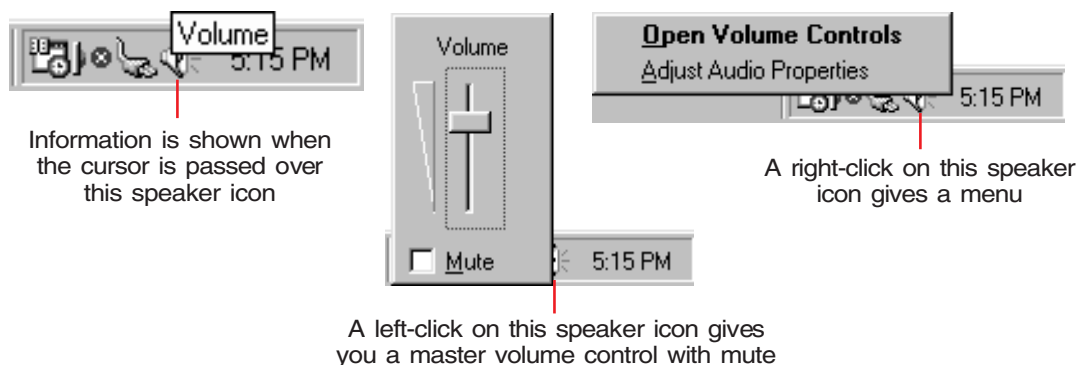
A CD drive letter should be present regardless of the presence of a CD disc in the drive. After the CD is properly inserted, data can be accessed just like with hard disk drives; except that nothing can be written to or changed on the CD. Vibration is normal for all high-speed CD-ROM drives due to unbalanced CDs or CD print. To decrease vibration, use the Notebook PC on an even surface and do not place labels on the CD.

Removing a CD

Remove the CD by slowly lifting the CD off the tray by holding the edge of the CD. Do not touch the bottom-side of the CD where data is read from.

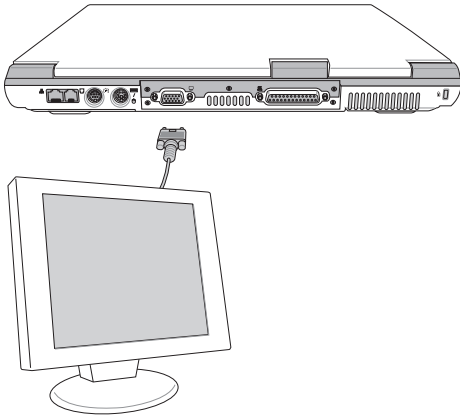
Listening to Audio CD

The CD-ROM, CD-RW, and DVD-ROM drives can play audio CDs, but only the DVD-ROM drive can play DVD audio. Insert the audio CD and Windows™ automatically opens an audio player and begins playing. Depending on the DVD audio disc and installed software, it may require that you open a DVD player to listen to DVD audio. You can adjust the volume through the volume control knob on the CD/DVD-ROM drive face, function keys on the keypad, or by the Windows™ speaker icon on the taskbar.



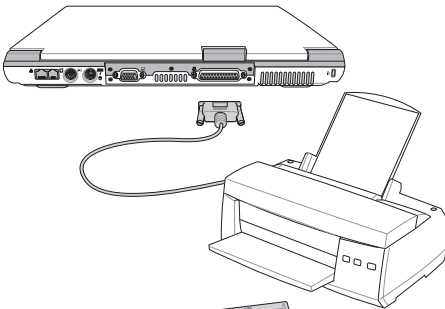
a double-click on the speaker icon gives this detailed control panel

Optional External Connections



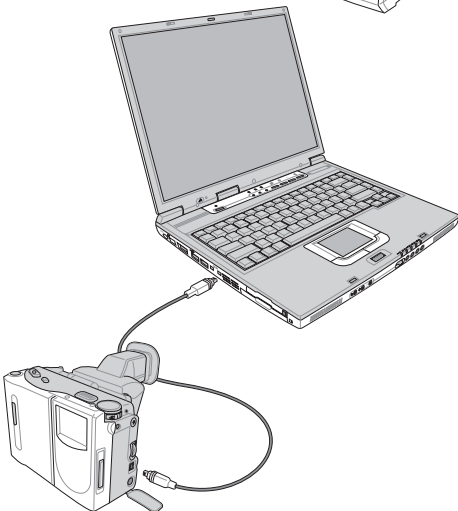
Monitor Out Connection

Connecting an external monitor is just like on a standard desktop PC. Just plug in the VGA cable and it's ready to use (some Notebook PC configurations may require additional display driver settings). You can view the Notebook PC display panel while simultaneously allowing others to view the external monitor. For large audiences, try connecting a computer video projector.



Printer Connection

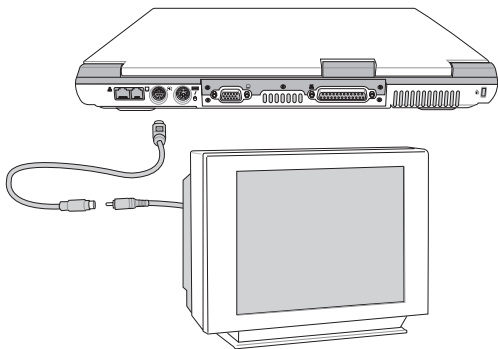
The rear of the Notebook PC provides easy access for connecting a standard black/white or color ink-jet or laser printer to the parallel port. Alternatively, one or more USB printers can be connected to the USB port.



IEEE1394 Connection

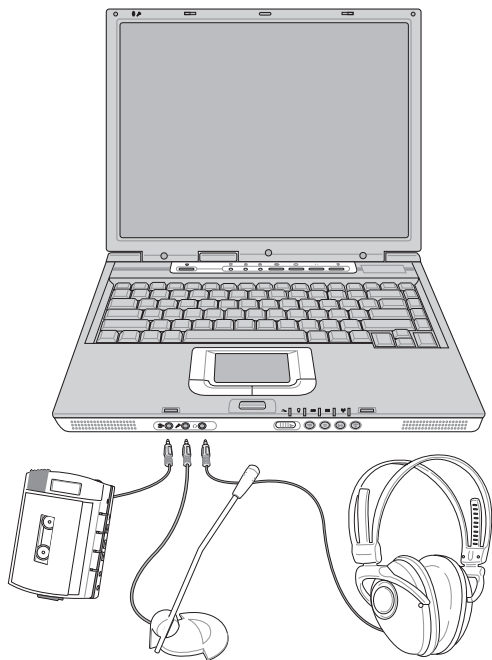
IEEE1394 is a high speed serial bus like SCSI but has simple connections and hot-plugging capabilities like USB. Up to 63 devices such as hard disk drives, scanners, and removable drives with an IEEE1394 port can all be connected instead of using traditional Parallel, IDE, SCSI, or EIDE ports. IEEE1394 is also used in high-end digital equipment and should be marked "DV" for Digital Video port.

Optional External Connections



TV-Out Example

The TV-out connector provides output to standard video devices that do not support the personal computer 15-pin RS-232 interface. The TV-out can be used with the S-Video interface (cable not included) or RCA interface (with the provided adapter). The S-Video interface provides better picture clarity and should be used whenever possible.



External Audio Connections

The Notebook PC provides easy access for connecting a stereo headphone, mono microphone, and a stereo audio source just like on some personal tape recorders.

PC Card (PCMCIA) Socket

The Notebook PC supports PC Cards (or sometimes referred to as PCMCIA cards) to allow expansion like PCI cards on desktop computers. This allows you to customize your Notebook PC to meet a wide range of application needs. The PCMCIA socket can interface with **type I or type II** PC cards. PC cards are about the size of a few stacked credit cards and have a 68-pin connector at one end. The PC Card standard accommodates a number of function, communication, and data storage expansion options. PC cards come in memory/flash cards, fax/modems, networking adapters, SCSI adapters, MPEG I/II decoder cards, Smart Cards, and even wireless modem or LAN cards. The Notebook PC supports PCMCIA 2.1, and 32bit CardBus standards.

The three different PC Card standards actually have different thicknesses. Type I cards are 3.3mm, Type II cards are 5mm, and Type III cards are 10.5mm thick. Type I and Type II cards can be used in a single socket and Type III cards take up two sockets. **Type III cards are only supported on Notebook PC's with two PC card sockets.**



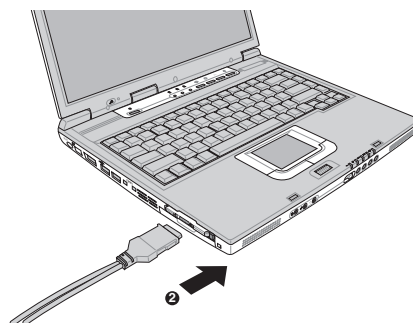
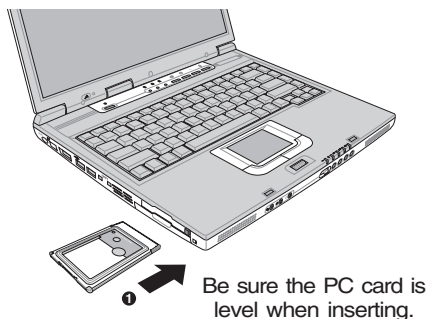
32-bit CardBus Support

CardBus support allows PC Cards and their hosts to use 32-bit bus mastering and operate at speeds of up to 33MHz, transferring data in burst modes comparable with PCI's 132MB/sec. By comparison, the standard 16-bit PC Card bus can handle only 20MB/sec. Since the Notebook PC is equipped with CardBus broader and faster data pathway, it can handle bandwidth-hungry operations, such as 100Mbps Fast Ethernet, Fast SCSI peripherals, and ISDN-based video conference. The CardBus peripherals support plug and play.

The CardBus socket is backward-compatible with 16-bit PC Cards serving at 5 volts operation while CardBus operates at 3.3 volts to reduce power consumption.

Inserting a PC Card (PCMCIA)

1. Insert the PC card with the connector side first. When the PC card is fully inserted, the PC card bay door can close normally without striking the PC card.
2. Carefully connect any cables or adapters needed by the PC card. Usually connectors can only be inserted in one orientation. Look for a sticker, icon, or marking on one side of the connector representing the top side.



Removing a PC Card (PCMCIA)

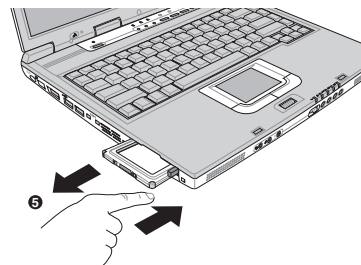
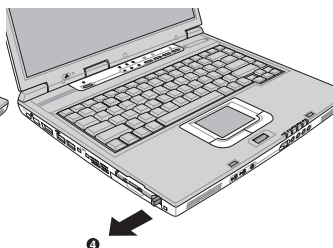
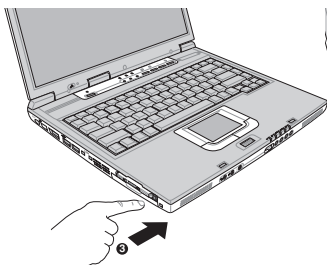
When PC cards are inserted and running, they draw power from the Notebook PC even when they are not in use. You must stop the PC card service to turn the PC card OFF.



CAUTION! Stopping the PC card service is necessary before removing a PC card.

To remove the PC card, first remove all cables or adapters attached to the PC card, then double-click the PC card icon on the taskbar and stop the PC card you want to remove.

1. Press in the toggle eject button and release. The recessed spring loaded toggle button will extend when pushed in and released.
2. Press the extended button again to eject the PC Card. Carefully pull the ejected PC card out of the socket.



Modem and Network Connections

The built-in modem and network model comes with both an RJ-11 and an RJ-45 port. RJ-11 telephone cables have two or four wires and are used to connect telephones to telephone outlets found in the walls of residential homes and some commercial buildings (some commercial buildings may have telephone wiring designed for dedicated phone systems that may not be compatible). RJ-45 network cables are found connecting network computers to network hubs or switches usually found in business environments.



NOTE: The built-in modem and network cannot be installed later as an upgrade. Modem and/or network can be installed as a PC card (PCMCIA).



WARNING! Only use analog telephone outlets. The built-in modem does not support the voltage used in digital phone systems. Do not connect the RJ-11 to digital phone systems found in many commercial buildings or else damage will occur!

Modem Connection

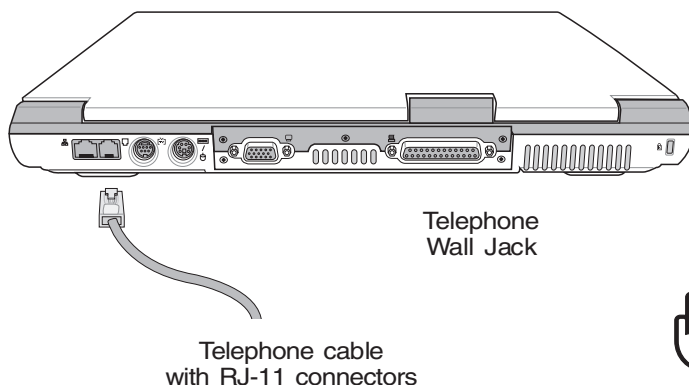
The telephone wire used to connect the Notebook PC's internal modem should have either two or four wires (only two wires (telephone line #1) is used by the modem) and should have an RJ-11 connector on both ends. Connect one end to the modem port and the other end to an analog telephone wall socket (the ones found in residential buildings). Once the driver is setup, the modem is ready to use.



NOTE: When you are connected to an online service, do not place the Notebook PC in suspend (or sleep mode) or else you will disconnect the modem connection.

Modem Protocols

The Notebook PC with internal modem complies with JATE (Japan), FCC (US, Canada, Korea, Taiwan, and others), and CTR21 (see related pages for supported countries) for almost worldwide protocol support.



This is an example of the Notebook PC connected to a telephone jack for use with the built-in modem.



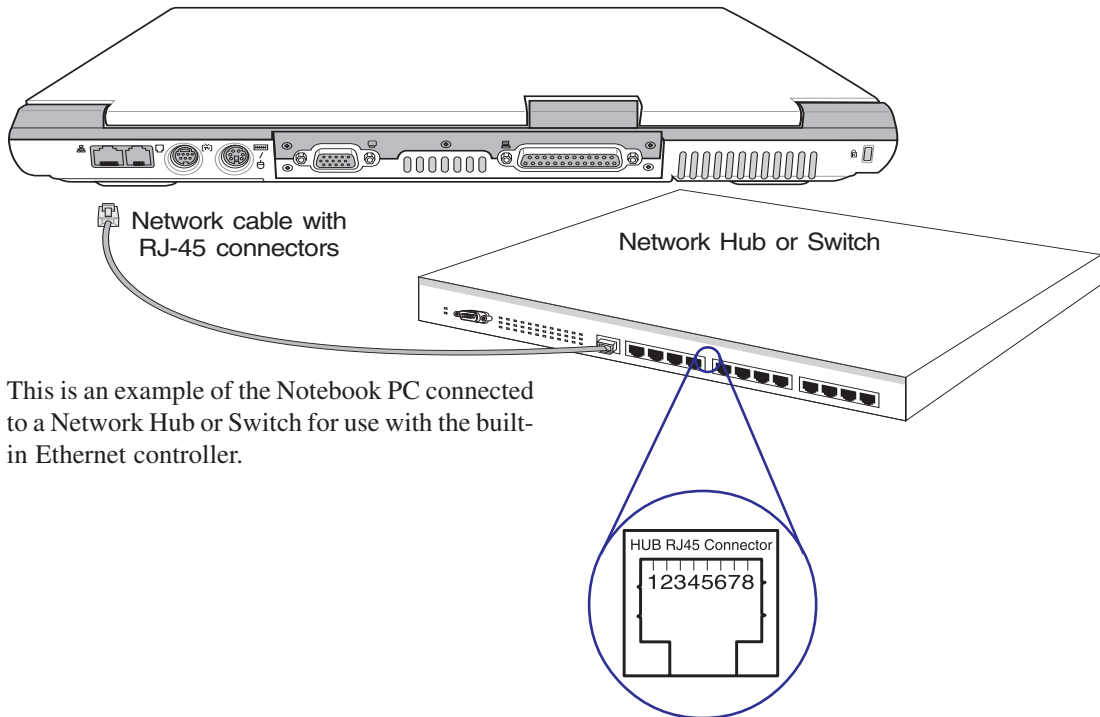
CAUTION: For electrical safety concerns, only use telephone cables rated 26AWG or higher. (see Glossary for more information)

Network Connection

Connect a network cable, with RJ-45 connectors on each end, to the modem/network port on the Notebook PC and the other end to a hub or switch. For 100BASE-TX speeds, your network cable must be category 5 (not category 3) with twisted-pair wiring. If you plan on running the interface at 100Mbps, it must be connected to a 100BASE-TX hub (not a 100BASE-T4 hub). For 10Base-T, use category 3, 4, or 5 twisted-pair wiring. Duplex transfers (up to 200Mbps) is supported on this Notebook PC but requires connection to a switch with “duplex” enabled. The software default is to use the fastest setting so no user-intervention is required.

Twisted-Pair Cable

The cable used to connect the Ethernet card to a host (generally a Hub or Switch) is called a straight-through Twisted Pair Ethernet (TPE). The end connectors are called RJ-45 connectors, which are not compatible with RJ-11 telephone connectors. If connecting two computers together without a hub in between, a crossover twisted-pair is required.



This is an example of the Notebook PC connected to a Network Hub or Switch for use with the built-in Ethernet controller.

IR Wireless Communication

The Notebook PC is equipped with a conveniently located Infrared (IR) Communication Port (see **2. Knowing the Parts** for location). The IR port comes with IrDA (Infrared Data Association) Serial Infrared Data Link Version 1.1 compliance, that allows you to perform point-to-point wireless communications. You can use a FIR-specified application to transmit or receive data files with other systems equipped with an infrared port. You must set these modes in the BIOS before you start to install the IR driver and file-transferring applications. FIR (Fast Infrared) supports up to 4Mbps. See the Drivers and Utilities Support CD User's Manual for detailed setup instructions.

Guidelines for using IR communication

Follow the guidelines listed below when using the Infrared (IR) Communication:

- Make sure the IR Mode in the BIOS Setup is properly set to the mode you would like to use.
- The angle between two Infrared communication ports should not exceed $\pm 15\frac{1}{2}$.
- The distance between the Notebook PC's IR and target device IR should not exceed 20 inches (50 cm).
- Do not move either the Notebook PC or the other device during transmission of data.
- An error may occur if IR transmission is conducted with high levels of noise or vibration.
- Avoid direct sunlight, flashing incandescent light, florescent light, and other infrared devices such as remote controls close to the infrared port.

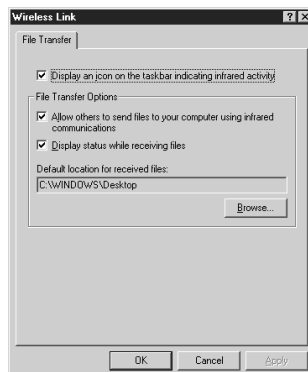
Enabling Infrared

MS Windows ME Infrared connection is called "Wireless Link" and should be enabled by default. Look for the icon in the Control Panel. See the "Drivers and Utilities" manual for detailed setup instructions.

Windows ME
Wireless Link icon
in Control Panel



Windows ME
Wireless Properties





CAUTION! Disable the infrared communication when you are not using the IR for long periods because the IR consumes a great deal of Windows resources which will decrease the Notebook PC's performance.

AC Power System

The Notebook PC power is comprised of two parts, the power adapter and the battery power system. The power adapter converts AC power from a wall outlet to the DC power required by the Notebook PC. The battery pack consists of a set of battery cells housed together. The AC Adapter's primary function is to provide power to the Notebook PC which also charges the battery pack. When the power adapter is connected to the Notebook PC, it provides power to the Notebook PC and charges the internal battery at the same time as long as it is plugged into an electrical outlet.



CAUTION! To protect your Notebook PC from damage, use only the power adapter that came with this Notebook PC because each power adapter has its own power output ratings.

Battery Power System

The Notebook PC is designed to work with a removable battery pack located inside the battery pack compartment. A fully charged pack will provide several hours of battery life, which can be further extended by using power management features through the BIOS setup. The battery system implements the Smart Battery standard under the Windows environment, which allows the battery to accurately report the amount of charge percentage left in the battery. Additional battery packs are optional and can be purchased separately through a Notebook PC retailer. Before using the Notebook PC on battery power for the first time, check the battery icon in the Windows task bar to make sure that the battery is fully charged. Charging the battery takes a few hours when the Notebook PC is powered OFF.

Charging the Battery Pack

You can charge the battery pack by using the power adapter. When the power adapter is plugged in, the inserted battery pack automatically recharges whether your Notebook PC is ON or OFF. It takes a few hours to receive a full charge when the power is OFF but takes twice as long when the Notebook PC is in use. When the orange charge LED is flashing, charging is required. The battery is charging when the orange LED is solid. When the LED is OFF, the battery pack is charged.



NOTE: The battery stops charging if the temperature is too high or the battery voltage is too high. BIOS provides a smart battery refreshing function.

Using Battery Power

A fully-charged battery pack provides the Notebook PC a few hours of working power. But the actual figure varies depending on how you use the power saving features, your general work habits, the CPU, system memory size, and the size of the display panel.

The “Battery Warning” beeps are automatically enabled in Windows ME and beeps once when down to 10% (configurable in Windows ME) power. The processor is also throttled down to decrease power use.

“Low Battery” condition (3% or less) forces the Notebook PC to enter suspend mode, regardless of power management settings but the threshold is configurable in Windows ME.



NOTE: Battery Warning and Battery Low conditions immediately stops upon application of the power adapter.

Checking Battery Power

To check the remaining battery power, move your cursor over the power icon. The power icon is a “battery” when not using AC power and a “plug” when using AC power. Double click on the icon for more information and settings.



Power icon using battery.



Power icon using AC power. The charging (lightning) icon appears over the “plug” icon if the battery is not fully charged. When fully charged, only the “plug” icon will remain.



NOTE: If you ignore the low battery warning, eventually the Notebook PC enters suspend mode (Windows default uses STR).



WARNING! Save-to-RAM does not last long when the battery power is depleted. Save to Disk (STD) is not the same as power OFF. STD requires a small amount of power and will fail if no power is available due to complete battery depletion or no power supply (e.g. removing both the power adapter and battery pack).



WARNING! Never attempt to remove the battery pack while the power is ON, or if the system has not yet entered into the suspend mode as this may result in the data loss.

Power Management Modes

The Notebook PC has a number of automatic or adjustable power saving features that you can use to maximize battery life and lower Total Cost of Ownership (TCO). You can control some of these features through the Power menu in the BIOS Setup. ACPI power management settings are made through the operating system. The power management features are designed to save as much electricity as possible by putting components into a low power consumption mode as often as possible but also allow full operation on demand. These low power modes are referred to as **Standby** (or Suspend-to-RAM) and **Hibernation** mode or Suspend-to-Disk (STD). The Standby mode is a simple function provided by the operating system. When the Notebook PC is in either one of the power saving modes, the status will be shown by the following: **Standby: Power LED Blinks** and **Hibernation: Power LED OFF**.

Full Power Mode & Maximum Performance

The Notebook PC operates in Full Power mode when the power management function is disabled by configuring Windows power management and Speedstep (see Driver & Utility manual). When the Notebook PC is operating in Full Power Mode, the Power LED remains ON. If you are conscious of both system performance and power consumption, select "Maximum Performance" instead of disabling all power management features.

ACPI

Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI) was developed by Intel, Microsoft, and Toshiba especially for Windows and later to control power management and Plug and Play features. ACPI is the new standard in power management for Notebook PCs. If installing Windows 98 using a BIOS dated 12/1/1999 or later, ACPI is automatically installed.



NOTE: APM was used in older operating systems like Windows NT4 and Windows 98. Because newer operating systems like Windows 2000 and Windows ME utilize ACPI, APM is no longer fully supported on this Notebook PC.

Suspend Mode

In **Standby** and **Hibernation**, the CPU clock is stopped and most of the Notebook PC devices are put in their lowest active state. The suspend mode is the lowest power state of the Notebook PC. The Notebook PC enters Suspend when the system remains idle for a specified amount of time or manually using the [Fn][F1] keys. The Power LED blinks when the Notebook PC is in STR mode. In STD mode, the Notebook PC will appear to be powered OFF. **Recover from STR by pressing any keyboard button (except Fn). Recover from STD by using the power switch (just like powering ON the Notebook PC).**

Power Savings

In addition to reducing the CPU clock, this mode puts devices including the LCD backlight in their lower active state. The Notebook PC enters Standby mode (low priority) when the system remains idle for a specified amount of time. The timeout can be set through BIOS setup (lower priority) and Windows power management (higher priority). To resume system operation, press any key.

Power State Summary

STATE	ENTRY EVENT	EXIT EVENT
Stand by	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Stand by through Windows Start button,Timer as set through ‘Power Management’ in Windows Control Panel (higher priority)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Any deviceBattery low
STR (Standy By) (Save-to-RAM)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Ring indicatorPower button	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Hotkey [Fn][F1]
STD (Hibernate) (Save-to-Disk)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Power buttonBattery Extremely Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Hotkey [Fn][F1]
Soft OFF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Power button (can be defined as STR or STD)‘Shut down’ through Windows Start button	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Power button

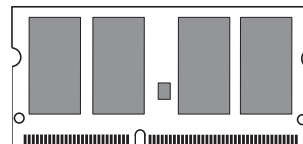
Thermal Power Control

There are three power control methods for controlling the Notebook PC’s thermal state. These power control cannot be configured by the user and should be known in case the Notebook PC should enter these states. The following temperatures represent the chassis temperature (not CPU).

- The fan turns ON for active cooling when the temperature reaches the safe upper limit.
- The CPU decreases speed for passive cooling when the temperature exceeds the safe upper limit.
- The system shut down for critical cooling when temperature exceeds the maximum safe upper limit.

System DDR Memory Expansion

Additional memory is optional and not required to use the Notebook PC. Additional memory will increase application performance by decreasing hard disk access. This is more noticeable on newer software that require more and more system resources. The Notebook PC comes with some built-in memory. One standard 200 pin SO-DIMM (Small Outline Dual Inline Memory Module) socket is available for system memory expansion using common **3.3 Volt DDR 266 SO-DIMM** modules. Currently, SO-DIMM memory sizes are available in 64MB, 128MB or 256MB for each module. The BIOS automatically detects the amount of memory in the system and configures CMOS accordingly during the POST (Power-On-Self-Test) process. There is no hardware or software (including BIOS) setup required after the memory is installed. Only purchase expansion modules from authorized retailers of this Notebook PC to ensure compatibility and reliability.



CAUTION! This Notebook PC does not support EDO DRAM.

Hard Disk Drive

Hard disk drives have higher capacities and operate at much faster speeds than floppy disk drives and CD-ROM drives. Enhanced IDE drives provide a reliable, fast, and cost-effective mass storage solution in the PC storage industry. The high speed transfer modes supported are UltraATA/100 up to 100MB/sec and PIO mode 4 up to 16.6MB/sec. The Notebook PC comes with a removable 2.5" (6.35cm) wide and .374" (.95cm) high UltraATA/100/66 IDE hard disk drive with current capacities up to 30GB. Current IDE hard drives support S.M.A.R.T. (Self Monitoring and Reporting Technology) to detect hard disk errors or failures before they happen. **Note: AiBox only supports ATA/33 transfer speed.**

Important Handling Note

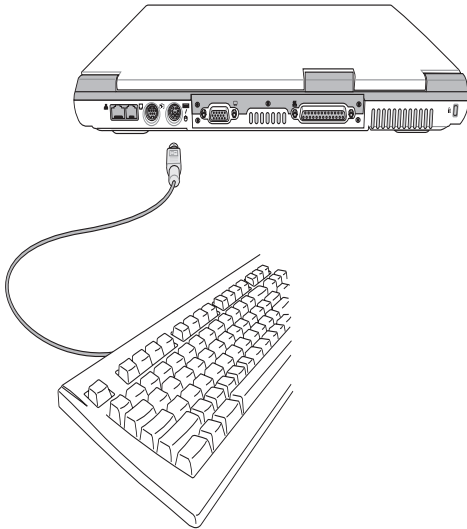
Improper handling during transit may damage the hard disk drive. Handle the Notebook PC carefully and keep it away from static electricity and strong vibrations or impact. The hard disk drive is the most sensitive component of the Notebook PC and will likely be the first or only component that is damaged if the Notebook PC is dropped.

Processor & Hard Disk Drive Upgrades

Visit an authorized service center or retailer for processor upgrades.

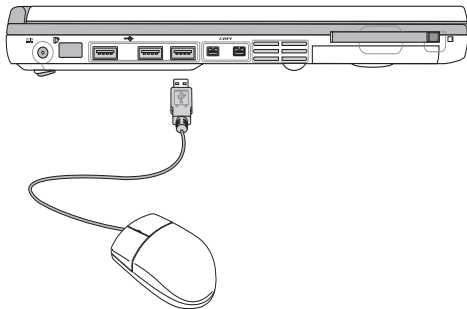


WARNING! End-user removal of the CPU or hard disk drive will void the warranty.




External Keyboard Connection

To allow easier data entry, you may connect any PS/2 keyboard as shown here.



External Mouse Connection

A USB mouse can be easily connected to the Notebook PC. There is only one correct orientation with the USB symbol  facing upwards. The USB mouse will work simultaneously with the Notebook PC's touchpad. For more than one USB connection, you can purchase either a separate hub or a keyboard with integrated USB hub.



Tip: You can use a USB keyboard with a hub to allow easy connection of a USB mouse or other USB devices to the keyboard. This allows you to use only a single connection to the Notebook PC.

Securing Your Notebook PC (Optional)

For system and hard disk drive security, see BIOS setup ‘Security’. A third party lock such as the ones by Kensington® can be used to secure your Notebook PC physically to an unmovable object. The cable wraps around an object and the ‘T’ shaped end inserts into the Kensington® lock port as shown in this illustration and a key or combination dial is used to secure the lock in place. For more information, you can read advertisements in Notebook (sometimes referred to as ‘Mobile’ or ‘Portable’) PC magazines.

