

TS300-E7/PS4 Pedestal/5U Rackmount Server

User Guide



E6468

First Edition March 2011

Copyright © 2011 ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. All Rights Reserved.

No part of this manual, including the products and software described in it, may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language in any form or by any means, except documentation kept by the purchaser for backup purposes, without the express written permission of ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC. ("ASUS").

ASUS provides this manual "as is" without warranty of any kind, either express or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties or conditions of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall ASUS, its directors, officers, employees, or agents be liable for any indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages (including damages for loss of profits, loss of business, loss of use or data, interruption of business and the like), even if ASUS has been advised of the possibility of such damages arising from any defect or error in this manual or product.

Specifications and information contained in this manual ae furnished for informational use only, and are subject to change at any time without notice, and should not be construed as a commitment by ASUS. ASUS assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies that may appear in this manual, including the products and software described in it.

Product warranty or service will not be extended if: (1) the product is repaired, modified or altered, unless such repair, modification of alteration is authorized in writing by ASUS; or (2) the serial number of the product is defaced or missing.

Products and corporate names appearing in this manual may or may not be registered trademarks or copyrights of their respective companies, and are used only for identification or explanation and to the owners' benefit, without intent to infringe.

Conter	nts	iii
Notices	S	vii
Safety	informati	on viii
About	this guid	eix
Chapt	er 1:	Product introduction
1.1	System	package contents1-2
1.2	Serial nu	umber label 1-2
1.3	System	specifications1-3
1.4	Front pa	nel features 1-5
1.5	Rear par	nel features 1-6
1.6	Internal	features 1-7
1.7	LED info	rmation 1-8
	1.7.1	Front panel LEDs 1-8
	1.7.2	Rear panel LEDs1-9
Chapt	er 2:	Hardware setup
2.1	Chassis	cover
	2.1.1	Removing the side cover
	2.1.2	Reinstalling the side cover 2-3
2.2	Central I	Processing Unit (CPU)2-4
	2.2.1	Installing the CPU 2-4
	2.2.2	Installing the CPU heatsink and fan2-7
	2.2.3	Uninstalling the CPU heatsink and fan 2-8
2.3	System	memory 2-9
	2.3.1	Overview
	2.3.2	Memory Configurations 2-9
	2.3.3	Installing a DIMM 2-10
	2.3.4	Removing a DIMM 2-10
2.4	Front pa	nel assembly 2-11
	2.4.1	Removing the front panel assembly2-11
	2.4.2	Reinstalling the front panel assembly2-11
2.5	5.25-incl	n drives
2.6	SATA/SA	AS hard disk drives 2-13
	2.6.1	Installing the HDD module cage 2-13
	2.6.2	Installing the second HDD module cage (optional) 2-14
	2.6.3	Removing the HDD module cage 2-16

	2.6.4	Installing a hot-swap SATA/SAS hard disk drive	2-16
	2.6.5	Removing and reinstalling the backplane	2-18
2.7	Expansi	on cards	2-19
	2.7.1	Installing an expansion card	2-19
	2.7.2	Installing ASUS PIKE RAID card	2-20
	2.7.3	Installing ASMB5 management board	2-21
	2.7.4	Configuring an expansion card	2-22
2.8	Cable co	onnections	2-23
	2.8.1	Motherboard connections	2-23
	2.8.2	SATA/SAS backplane connections	2-24
2.9	Remova	ble components	2-26
	2.9.1	System fan	2-26
	2.9.2	Chassis footpads	2-27
Chapt	er 3:	Installation options	
3.1	Preparin	g the system for rack mounting	3-2
3.2	Attachin	g the inner rail to the server	3-2
3.3	Attachin	g the rails to the rack	3-3
3.4	Mountin	g the server to the rack	3-4
0.4	mountin		
Chapt		Motherboard Info	
••••	er 4:	-	
Chapt	er 4: Motherb	Motherboard Info	4-2
Chapt 4.1	er 4: Motherb Jumpers	Motherboard Info oard layout	4-2 4-4
Chapt 4.1 4.2	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal	Motherboard Info oard layout	4-2 4-4 4-9
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal	Motherboard Info oard layouts connectors	4-2 4-4 4-9
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5:	Motherboard Info oard layouts connectors	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5:	Motherboard Info oard layouts connectors LEDs BIOS setup	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5: Managin	Motherboard Info oard layout s connectors LEDs BIOS setup Ig and updating your BIOS	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1	Motherboard Info oard layout connectors LEDs BIOS setup Ig and updating your BIOS ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-3
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3	Motherboard Info oard layouts connectors LEDs BIOS setup Ig and updating your BIOS ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility ASUS EZ Flash Utility	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-2 5-3 5-4
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt 5.1	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3	Motherboard Info oard layout connectors LEDs BIOS setup Ig and updating your BIOS ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility ASUS EZ Flash Utility BUPDATER utility	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-2 5-3 5-4 5-4 5-6
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt 5.1	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 BIOS se	Motherboard Info oard layouts connectors LEDs BIOS setup og and updating your BIOS ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility ASUS EZ Flash Utility BUPDATER utility	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-2 5-3 5-4 5-6 5-7
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt 5.1	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 BIOS set 5.2.1	Motherboard Info oard layouts connectors LEDs BIOS setup Ig and updating your BIOS ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility ASUS EZ Flash Utility BUPDATER utility tup program BIOS menu screen	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-2 5-3 5-4 5-7 5-7
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt 5.1	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 BIOS set 5.2.1 5.2.2	Motherboard Info oard layout	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-3 5-3 5-4 5-7 5-7 5-8
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt 5.1	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 BIOS set 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3	Motherboard Info oard layout	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-3 5-3 5-3 5-4 5-7 5-7 5-8 5-8 5-8
Chapt 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Chapt 5.1	er 4: Motherb Jumpers Internal er 5: Managin 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 BIOS set 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 5.2.4	Motherboard Info oard layout	4-2 4-4 4-9 4-19 5-2 5-3 5-3 5-3 5-4 5-7 5-7 5-8 5-8 5-8

	5.2.7	Configuration fields	5-8
	5.2.8	Pop-up window	5-8
	5.2.9	Scroll bar	5-8
5.3	Main me	enu	5-9
	5.3.1	System Date	5-9
	5.3.2	System Time	5-9
	5.3.3	Security	5-9
5.4	Event Lo	ogs menu	5-11
5.5	Advance	ed menu	5-13
	5.5.1	ACPI Settings	5-13
	5.5.2	Trusted Computing	5-14
	5.5.3	WHEA Configuration	5-14
	5.5.4	CPU Configuration	5-15
	5.5.5	North Bridge	5-16
	5.5.6	South Bridge	5-17
	5.5.7	SATA Configuration	5-17
	5.5.8	Intel TXT(LT) Configuration	5-19
	5.5.9	USB Configuration	5-19
	5.5.10	Onboard Devices Configuration	5-20
	5.5.11	APM	5-22
	5.5.12	Serial Port Console Redirection	5-23
	5.5.13	Network Stack	5-24
5.6	Monitor	menu	5-25
5.7	Boot me	enu	5-26
5.8	Tool me	nu	5-28
5.9	Exit mer	าน	5-28
Chapt	er 6:	RAID configuration	
6.1	Setting	up RAID	6-2
	6.1.1	RAID definitions	
	6.1.2	Installing hard disk drives	6-3
	6.1.3	Setting the RAID item in BIOS	6-3
	6.1.4	RAID configuration utilities	6-3
6.2	LSI Soft	ware RAID Configuration Utility	6-4
	6.2.1	Creating a RAID set	
	6.2.2	Adding or viewing a RAID configuration	
	6.2.3	Initializing the virtual drives	
		-	

	6.2.4	Rebuilding failed drives	6-16
	6.2.5	Checking the drives for data consistency	6-18
	6.2.6	Deleting a RAID configuration	6-21
	6.2.7	Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set	6-22
	6.2.8	Enabling WriteCache	6-23
6.3	Intel [®] F	Rapid Storage Technology Option ROM Utility	6-24
	6.3.1	Creating a RAID set	6-25
	6.3.2	Creating a Recovery set	6-26
	6.3.3	Deleting a RAID set	6-28
	6.3.4	Resetting disks to Non-RAID	6-29
	6.3.5	Recovery Volume Options	6-30
	6.3.6	Exiting the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology utility.	6-31
	6.3.7	Rebuilding the RAID	6-31
	6.3.8	Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility	6-33
Cha	pter 7:	Driver installation	
7.1	RAID o	Iriver installation	
	7.1.1	Creating a RAID driver disk	
	7.1.2	Installing the RAID controller driver	
7.2	Intel [®] c	hipset device software installation	7-14
7.3	LAN di	river installation	7-16
7.4	VGA d	river installation	7-19
7.5	Manag	ement applications and utilities installation	7-22
	7.5.1	Running the support DVD	7-22
	7.5.2	Drivers menu	7-22
	7.5.3	Utilities menu	7-23
	7.5.4	Make disk menu	7-23

Notices

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- · This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- · Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



WARNING! The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

REACH

Complying with the REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals) regulatory framework, we publish the chemical substances in our products at ASUS REACH website at <u>http://green.asus.com/english/REACH.htm</u>.

Safety information

Electrical Safety

- Before installing or removing signal cables, ensure that the power cables for the system unit and all attached devices are unplugged.
- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing any additional devices to or from the system, contact a qualified service technician or your dealer. Ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you service.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your dealer.

Operation Safety

- Servicing of this product or units is to be performed by trained service personnel only.
- Before operating the server, carefully read all the manuals included with the server package.
- Before using the server, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If any damage is detected, contact your dealer as soon as possible.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Place the server on a stable surface.



This product is equipped with a three-wire power cable and plug for the user's safety. Use the power cable with a properly grounded electrical outlet to avoid electrical shock.

Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

CAUTION! Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

CD-ROM Drive Safety Warning

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

Heavy System

CAUTION! This server system is heavy. Ask for assistance when moving or carrying the system.



DO NOT throw the motherboard in municipal waste. This product has been designed to enable proper reuse of parts and recycling. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.



DO NOT throw the mercury-containing button cell battery in municipal waste. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the battery should not be placed in municipal waste.

About this guide

Audience

This user guide is intended for system integrators, and experienced users with at least basic knowledge of configuring a server.

Contents

This guide contains the following parts:

1. Chapter 1: Product Introduction

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

2. Chapter 2: Hardware setup

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

3. Chapter 3: Installation options

This chapter describes how to install the optional components and devices into the barebone server.

4. Chapter 4: Motherboard information

This chapter includes the motherboard layout and brief descriptions of the jumpers and internal connectors.

5. Chapter 5: BIOS information

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

6. Chapter 6: RAID configuration

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

7 Chapter 7: Driver installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

Conventions

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



DANGER/WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.

IMPORTANT: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.



NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

Typography

Bold text	Indicates a menu or an item to select.
Italics	Used to emphasize a word or a phrase.
<key></key>	Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater- than sign means that you must press the enclosed key.
	Example: <enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key.</enter>
<key1+key2+key3></key1+key2+key3>	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).
	Example: <ctrl+alt+d></ctrl+alt+d>
Command	Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.
	Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line: format A:/S

References

Refer to the following sources for additional information, and for product and software updates.

1. ASUS Server Web-based Management (ASWM) user guide

This manual tells how to set up and use the proprietary ASUS server management utility.

2. ASUS websites

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information for all ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

Chapter 1

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.



introduction roduct

ASUS TS300-E7/PS4

1.1 System package contents

Model Name	TS300-E7/PS4
Chassis	ASUS T50A Pedestal 5U Rackmount Chassis
Motherboard	ASUS P8B-E/4L Server Board
Component	1 x 500W(80+) Bronze Single Power Supply 4 x hot-swap HDD trays 1 x SAS/SATA2 Backplane (BP4LX-TRS8) with 4 x SATA Cables 1 x Front I/O Board (FPB-TRS8A) 1 x System Fan (Rear: 1 x 120mm x 38mm)
Accessories	1 x TS300-E7 User's Guide 1 x TS300-E7 Support CD (including ASWM*) 1 x Bag of Screws 1 x AC Power Cable
Optional Items	ASMB5-iKVM Remote management card Ball Bearing Rail Kit Anti-virus Software CD Second HDD cage with Back Plane

Check your system package for the following items.

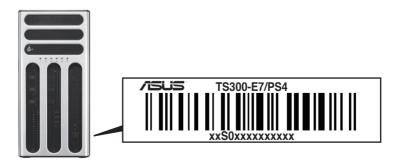
*ASUS System Web-based Management



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

1.2 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the product's serial number containing 14 characters such as xxS0xxxxxxx shown as the figure below. With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.



1.3 System specifications

The ASUS TS300-E7/PS4 is a 5U barebone server system featuring the ASUS P8B-E/4L server board. The server supports Intel[®] LGA1155 Xeon[®] E3-1200 / CoreTM i3-2100 processors, plus other latest technologies through the chipsets onboard.

Model Name		TS300-E7/PS4
		1 x Socket LGA1155
Processor / Syste	em Bus	Intel [®] Xeon [®] E3-1200 Processor Family
		Intel [®] Core™ i3-2100 Processor Family
Core Logic		Intel [®] C204 chipset
	Smart Fan	
ASUS Features	ASWM Enterprise	\checkmark
	Total Slots	4 DIMMs (2 Channels)
-	Capacity	Maximum up to 32GB
Memory	Memory Type	DDR3 1066/1333 ECC UDIMM
	Memory Size	1GB, 2GB, 4GB and 8GB
	Total PCI/PCI-X/	
	PCI-E Slots	6
Expansion Slots	Slot Type	1 x PCI-E 2.0 x16 slot (x16/x8 link) (Flex-E) 1 x PCI-E 2.0 x16 slot (x8 link) 1 x PCI-E 2.0 x8 slot (x4 link) 3 x PCI 32bit / 33MHz
	Additional Slot 1	1 x PIKE slot for Storage Enhancement
Storage	SATA Controller	Intel [®] C204: - 2 x SATA 6Gb/s ports - 4 x SATA 3Gb/s ports - Intel [®] Rapid Storage Technology (RST) supports software RAID 0, 1, 10 & 5 (Windows) LSI MegaRAID driver: - Supports software RAID 0, 1 & 10 (Windows &
		Linux)
	SAS Controller	Optional: ASUS PIKE 2108 8-port SAS2 6G RAID card ASUS PIKE 2008/IMR 8-port SAS2 6G RAID card ASUS PIKE 2008 8-port SAS2 6G RAID card ASUS PIKE 1068E 8-port SAS RAID card ASUS PIKE 6480 8-port SAS RAID card
HDD Bays	I = internal A or S = hot- swappable	4 x Hot-swap 3.5" HDD Bays
Networking	LAN	4 x Intel [®] 82574L + 1 x Mgmt LAN
Graphic	VGA	Aspeed AST2050 16MB
onapino	1.61.1	

(continued on the next page)

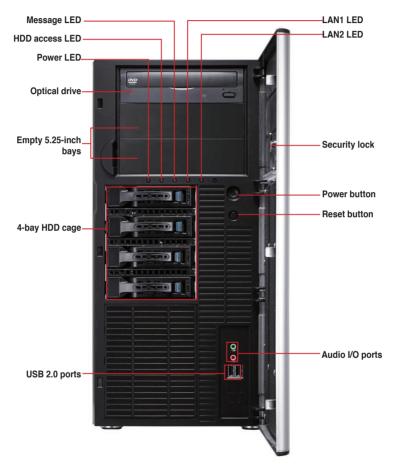
Auxiliary Storage	FDD / CD /	3 x 5.25" media bays	
DVD		(Options: No device / DVD-RW)	
Onboard I/O		5 x RJ-45 ports (1 for ASMB5-iKVM) 4 x USB 2.0 ports (Front x 2, Rear x 2) 1 x VGA port 1 x PS/2 keyboard port 1 x PS/2 mouse port	
OS Support		Windows [®] Server 2008 R2 Windows [®] Server 2008 Enterprise 32/64-bit Windows [®] Server 2003 R2 Enterprise 32/64-bit RedHat [®] Enterprise Linux AS5.5/6.0 32/64-bit SuSE [®] Linux Enterprise Server 10 SP3/11 32/64-bit (Subject to change without any notice)	
Anti-virus Softwa	re	Optional anti-virus CD Pack	
Management Solution Out of Ban Remote Hardware		Optional ASMB5-iKVM for KVM-over-IP support	
	Software	ASWM Enterprise	
Dimension (HH x	WW x DD)	445mm x 217.5mm x 545mm	
Net Weight Kg (CPU, DRAM & HDD not inclu ded)		20 Kg	
Power Supply		500W(80+) Bronze Single Power Supply	
Power Rating		Input: 100-240Vac, 6-3A, 50-60Hz, Class I	
Environment		Operation temperature: 10°C–35°C / Non operation temperature: -40°C–70°C Non operation humidity: 20% ~ 90% (Non- condensing)	

*Specifications are subject to change without notice.

1.4 Front panel features

The barebone server displays a simple yet stylish front panel with easily accessible features. The power and reset buttons, LED indicators, optical drive, and two USB ports are located on the front panel.

The drive bays, power and reset buttons, LED indicators, DVD-ROM drive, and USB 2.0 ports are located on the front panel. For future installation of 5.25-inch devices, two drive bays are available.



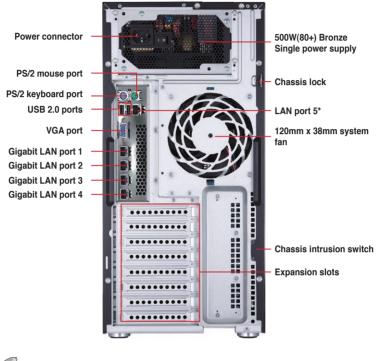


1. The function of front panel audio I/O ports is available only when the sound card is installed.

2. Refer to section 1.7.1 Front panel LEDs for the LED descriptions.

1.5 Rear panel features

The rear panel includes a slot for the motherboard rear I/O ports, expansion slots, a chassis lock and intrusion switch, a vent for the system fan, and power supply module.

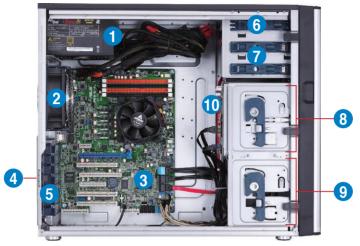




*The port is for ASUS ASMB5-iKVM controller card only.

1.6 Internal features

The barebone server includes the basic components as shown.



- 1. 500W(80+) Bronze Single Power supply unit:
- 2. 120mm x 38mm system fan (ARX FD1212-DP284G)
- 3. ASUS P8B-E/4L Server Board
- 4. Chassis intrusion switch
- 5. Expansion card locks
- 6. Optical drive
- 7. 2 x 5.25-inch drive bays
- 8. 4-bay HDD module (first set)
- 9. 4-bay HDD module (second set, optional)
- 10. SATA/SAS backplane board (first set, hidden)



Turn off the system power and detach the power supply before removing or replacing any system component.

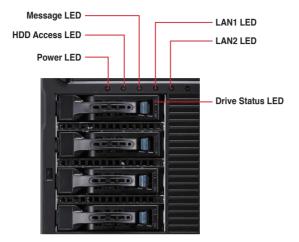
Į

The barebone server does not include a floppy disk drive and an optical disc drive. Connect a USB floppy disk drive or a USB ODD to any of the USB ports on the front or rear panel if you need to use a floppy disk or a optical disc.

*WARNING HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER BODY PARTS AWAY

1.7 LED information

1.7.1 Front panel LEDs

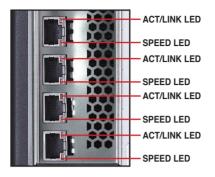


LED	lcon	Display status	Description
Power LED	Ũ	ON	System power ON
HDD Access LED	Ä	OFF	No activity
	0	Blinking	Read/write data into the HDD
		OFF	System is normal; no incoming event
Message LED		Lighting up	A hardware temperature overheat is detected. Use ASWM to check the abnormal status.
	d O	Green	Bridge board connected to backplane Installed HDD is in good condition
Drive status LED		Red	HDD failure
		Green/Red blinking	HDD rebuilding using the RAID card
LAN LEDs	추 ⁶	OFF Blinking ON	LAN accessing



The Power, HDD Access, LAN and Message LEDs are visible even if the system front bezel is closed.

1.7.2 Rear panel LEDs



ACT/LI	NK LED	SPEED LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	

1	-1	0

Chapter 2

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.



setup Hardware

2.1 Chassis cover

2.1.1 Removing the side cover



- Ensure that you unplug the power cord before removing the side cover.
- Take extra care when removing the side cover. Keep your fingers from components inside the chassis that can cause injury, such as the CPU fan, rear fan, and other sharp-edged parts.
- The images of the barebone server shown in this section are for reference purposes only and may not exactly match the model you purchase.

To remove the side cover

1. Remove the two screws that secure the side cover.



- Slide the side cover for about half an inch toward the rear until it is disengaged from the chassis.
- 3. Carefully lift the side cover and set it aside.



2.1.2 Reinstalling the side cover

To reinstall the side cover

- Match and insert the lower sliding edge of the side cover to the corresponding chassis edge.
- 2. Position the side cover to the chassis.

3. Slide the side cover toward the front panel until it snaps in place.





4. Drive in the two screws you removed earlier to secure the side cover.



2.2 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA1155 socket designed for the Intel[®] Xeon E3-1200/Core $^{\rm TM}$ i3-2100 processor.



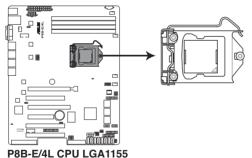
Ensure that all power cables are unplugged before installing the CPU.

- Upon purchase of the motherboard, ensure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard components. ASUS shoulders the repair cost only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.
- Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the LGA1155 socket.
- The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/ incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

2.2.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU

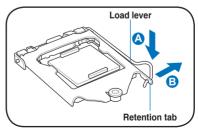
1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.



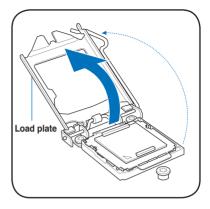
 Press the load lever with your thumb (A), and then move it to the right (B) until it is released from the retention tab.



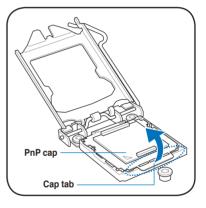
To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.



3. Lift the load lever in the direction of the arrow until the load plate is completely lifted.

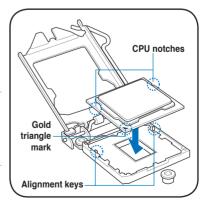


4. Remove the PnP cap from the CPU socket by lifting the tab only.



5. Position the CPU over the socket, ensuring that the gold triangle is on the bottom-left corner of the socket, and then fit the socket alignment keys into the CPU notches.

The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!



6. Apply some Thermal Interface Material to the exposed area of the CPU that the heatsink will be in contact with, ensuring that it is spread in an even thin layer.



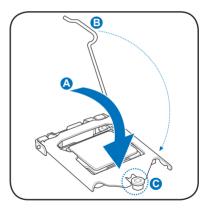
Some heatsinks come with preapplied thermal paste. If so, skip this step.

 \checkmark

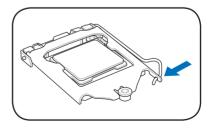
The Thermal Interface Material is toxic and inedible. DO NOT eat it. If it gets into your eyes or touches your skin, wash it off immediately, and seek professional medical help.



 Close the load plate (A), and then push down the load lever (B), ensuring that the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention knob (C).



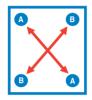
8. Insert the load lever under the retention tab.

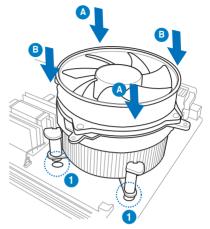


2.2.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and fan

To install the CPU heatsink and fan

- 1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, ensuring that the four fasteners match the holes on the motherboard.
- 2. Push down two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to secure the heatsink and fan assembly in place.

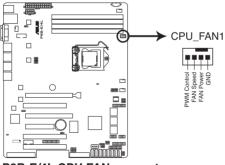






Orient the heatsink and fan assembly such that the CPU fan cable is closest to the CPU fan connector.

3. Connect the CPU fan cable to the connector on the motherboard labeled CPU_FAN1.



P8B-E/4L CPU FAN connector

(r)

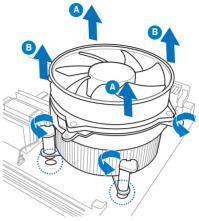
DO NOT forget to connect the CPU fan connector! Hardware monitoring errors can occur if you fail to plug this connector.

2.2.3 Uninstalling the CPU heatsink and fan

To uninstall the CPU heatsink and fan

- 1. Disconnect the CPU fan cable from the connector on the motherboard.
- 2. Rotate each fastener counterclockwise.
- 3. Pull up two fasteners at a time in a diagonal sequence to disengage the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.





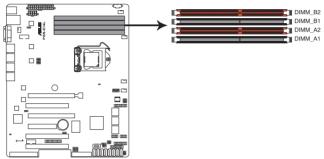
4. Carefully remove the heatsink and fan assembly from the motherboard.

2.3 System memory

2.3.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with four Double Data Rate 3 (DDR3) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR3 DIMM sockets:



P8B-E/4L 240-pin DDR3 DIMM sockets

2.3.2 Memory Configurations

You may install 1GB, 2GB, 4GB and 8GB Unbuffered with ECC DDR3 DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.

UDIMM						
DIMM Slot Per Channel	DIMM Populated per Channel	DIMM Туре	Speed	Rank per DIMM		
2	1	Unbuffered DDR3 ECC	1066/1333	Single Rank, Dual Rank		
2	2	Unbuffered DDR3 ECC	1066/1333	Single Rank, Dual Rank		



Start installing the DIMMs from slot A2 and B2 (orange).

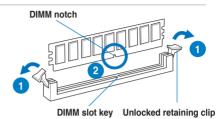
 Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.

2.3.3 Installing a DIMM



Ensure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

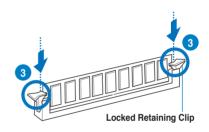
- 1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
- Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the DIMM slot key on the socket.





A DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket in the wrong direction to avoid damaging the DIMM.

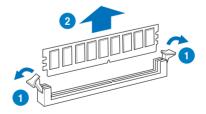
 Hold the DIMM by both of its ends, then insert the DIMM vertically into the socket. Apply force to both ends of the DIMM simultaneously until the retaining clips snap back into place, and the DIMM cannot be pushed in any further to ensure proper sitting of the DIMM.



Always insert the DIMM into the socket VERTICALLY to prevent DIMM notch damage.

2.3.4 Removing a DIMM

- 1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.
- 2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.





Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

2.4 Front panel assembly

Before you can install a 5.25-inch drive, you should first remove the front panel assembly (front bezel and front panel cover).

2.4.1 Removing the front panel assembly

To remove the front panel assembly

- 1. Locate the three hooked tabs on the chassis side rail.
- 2. Shift the hooked tabs and take off the front bezel.



2.4.2 Reinstalling the front panel assembly

To reinstall the front panel assembly:

- 1. Hook the other side of the front panel assembly to the chassis.
- 2. Swing the front panel assembly and snap it back into place.



2.5 5.25-inch drives



Ensure to unplug the power cable before installing or removing any system components. Failure to do so may cause damage to the motherboard and other system components!

The system comes with three 5.25-inch drive bays located on the upper front part of the chassis. An optical drive that comes standard/optional with the system package occupies the uppermost bay (labeled 1). The lower bays (labeled 2 and 3) are available for additional 5.25inch optical, zip, or floppy disk drives.





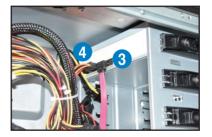
You must remove the front panel assembly before installing a 5.25-inch drive.

Installing a 5.25-inch drive

- 1. Unscrew and remove the metal cover of the bay where you want to install the 5.25-inch drive, and take off the plastic cover on the front bezel at the same position.
- Insert the drive into the bay and slide the bay lock to the right until it clicks in place.



- Connect the SATA cable to the SATA connector on the back of the drive.
- 4. Connect a power plug from the power supply to the power connector on the back of the drive.



2.6 SATA/SAS hard disk drives

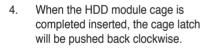
The hard disk drive module cage on the front panel, including externally removable trays for mounting either SATA or SAS hard disk drives, allows you to access the drive trays by simply opening the front bezel.



An HDD module cage comes with a SATA or SAS backplane. Ensure of the type of HDD module cage you purchase before buying hard disks.

2.6.1 Installing the HDD module cage

- 1. Examine the chassis and ensure the bay space is free of wires and other obstructions.
- 2. Level the HDD module cage latch counterclockwise.
- 3. Insert the HDD module cage into the bay.







- 5. Lock the cage latch properly.
- 6. Connect the appropriate cables to the SATA/SAS backplane on the HDD module cage.



2.6.2 Installing the second HDD module cage (optional)

This server supports up to eight SAS hard disk drives by installing a second HDD module cage and an ASUS PIKE RAID card.

1. Release the screw of the front plate and follow the direction of the arrow to remove the front plate from the server chassis.

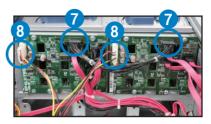


- 2. Examine the chassis and ensure the bay space is free of wires and other obstructions.
- 3. Level the HDD module cage latch counterclockwise.
- 4. Insert the HDD module cage into the bay.
- When the HDD module cage is completed inserted, the cage latch will be pushed back clockwise.
- 6. Lock the cage latch properly.





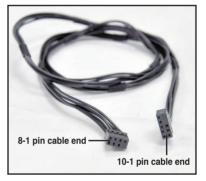
- 7. Connect the backplane cable to the two J4 connectors on the two backplanes.
- Connect two power supply cables to the two U1 connectors on the two backplanes.
- 9. Move the SGPIO_SEL1 jumper on the first SAS backplane to pin 2–3.



10. Connect the 8-1 pin end of the SGPIO cable to the SGPIO3 connector on the motherboard, and connect the 10-1 pin end of the SGPIO cable to the SGPIO3 connector on the first SAS backplane.



Refer to section 2.8.1 Motherboard connections for the exact location of the SGPIO3 connector and section 2.8.2 SATA/SAS backplane connections for the exact locations of the SGPIO_SEL1 jumper, J4, U1 and SGPIO3 connectors.



- 11. Connect eight SAS cables to the SAS connectors on the two backplanes.
- 12. Connect the other ends of the SAS cables to the SAS connectors on the motherboard. Install a ASUS PIKE RAID card to the motherboard. Refer to section **2.7.2 Installing ASUS PIKE RAID card** for details.

2.6.3 Removing the HDD module cage

- 1. Disconnect the all cables from the SATA/SAS backplane on the HDD module cage.
- 2. Level the HDD module cage latch counterclockwise. The HDD module cage will be pushed out of the chassis.



3. Completely pull out the HDD module cage.



2.6.4 Installing a hot-swap SATA/SAS hard disk drive

1. Release a drive tray by pushing the spring lock to the right, and then pulling the tray lever outward. The drive tray ejects slightly after you pull out the lever.



2. Firmly hold the tray lever and pull the drive tray out of the bay.

 Take note of the drive tray holes. Each side has three holes to fit different types of hard disk drives. Use two screws on each side to secure the hard disk drive.

4. Place a SATAII/SAS hard disk drive on the tray, and then secure it with four screws.

> Carefully insert the drive tray and push it all the way to the depth of the bay until just a small fraction of

the tray edge protrudes.

ASUS TS300-E7/PS4

5.

When installed, the SATAII/SAS connector on the drive connects to the SATAII/ SAS interface on the backplane.











- Push the tray lever until it clicks, and secures the drive tray in place. The drive tray is correctly placed when its front edge aligns with the bay edge.
- 7. Repeat steps 1 to 6 if you wish to install a second SATAII/SAS drive.



2.6.5 Removing and reinstalling the backplane



DO NOT remove the backplane unless necessary!

- 1. Remove all hot-swap HDD trays from the chassis.
- 2. Disconnect all cables from the SATA/SAS backplane.
- 3. Loosen the four screws on the backplane.

- 4. Firmly hold the backplane, lift it up and remove it from the module.
- 5. Follow the previous instructions in reverse to reinstall the backplane.





2.7 Expansion cards

The system is designed with an expansion card lock on the rear panel for you to install or remove an expansion card in less steps.



Ensure to unplug the power cord before installing or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the motherboard and other system components!

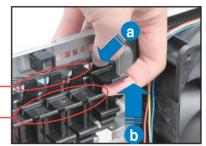
2.7.1 Installing an expansion card

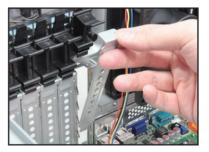
- 1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
- 2. Lay the system on its side on a flat, stable surface.
- 3. Push down the **expansion card** lock latch (step a) and lift up the expansion card lock (step b), as shown in the right figure.

Expansion card lock latches

Expansion card locks

 Remove the metal slot cover opposite the slot where you wish to install an expansion card.





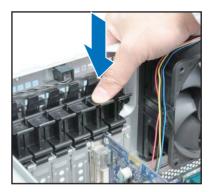
5. Align the card golden fingers with the slot, and then press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.



 Restore the expansion card lock to its original position. A light click indicates that the card is locked in place.



When installing a graphics card on PCI-E x16 slot, the PCI-E slot right beside it does not function.



2.7.2 Installing ASUS PIKE RAID card

Follow the steps below to install an optional ASUS RAID card on your motherboard.

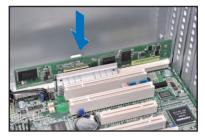


Move the **SGPIO_SEL1** jumper on the SATA/SAS backplane to 2–3 when installing the PIKE RAID card.

1. Locate the PIKE RAID card slot on the motherboard.



 Align the golden fingers of the RAID card with the PIKE RAID card slot and insert the RAID card into the slot, ensuring that it is completely seated on the slot.



3. Connect the SAS cable to the SAS connectors on the motherboard.



2.7.3 Installing ASMB5 management board

Follow the steps below to install an optional ASMB5 management board on your motherboard.

1. Locate the BMC_FW header on the motherboard.



2. Orient and press the ASMB5 management card in place.



2.7.4 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure the it by adjusting the software settings.

- 1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 5 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the following tables.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

IRQ	Priority	Standard function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	-	Programmable Interrupt
3*	11	Communications Port (COM2)
4*	12	Communications Port (COM1)
5*	13	
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7*	15	
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9*	4	ACPI Mode when used
10*	5	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
11*	6	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
12*	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14*	9	Primary IDE Channel
15*	10	Secondary IDE Channel

Standard Interrupt assignments

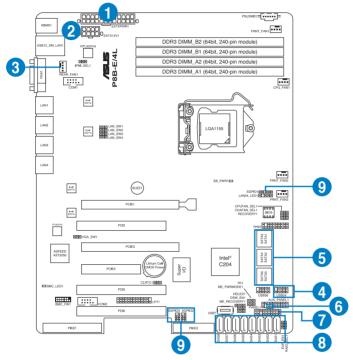
* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

2.8 Cable connections



- The bundled system cables are pre-connected before shipment. You do not need to disconnect these cables unless you will remove pre-installed components to install additional devices.
- · Refer to Chapter 4 for detailed information on the connectors.

2.8.1 Motherboard connections



Standard cables connected to the motherboard

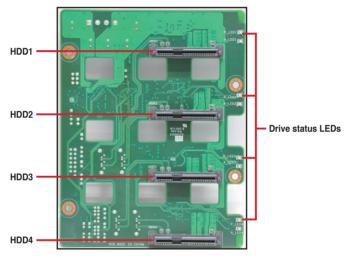
- 1. 24-pin ATX power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
- 2. 8-pin 12V power connector (from power supply to motherboard)
- 3. System fan connector (from system fan to motherboard)
- 4. USB connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 5. SATA conectors (system default; from motherboard to SATA/SAS backplane)
- 6. Chassis Intrusion connector (from rear chassis intrusion switch to motherboard)
- 7. System panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 8. SAS connectors (for ASUS PIKE only; from motherboard to SATA/SAS backplane)
- Serial General Purpose Input/Output connectors (SATA: from motherboard SGPIO1 to SATA/SAS backplane SGPIO1 connector SAS: from motherboard SGPIO2 to SATA/SAS backplane SGPIO2 connector SAS: from motherboard SGPIO3 to SATA/SAS backplane SGPIO3 connector)

2.8.2 SATA/SAS backplane connections

A SATA/SAS backplane comes pre-installed in the TS300-E7. The SATA/SAS backplane has four 22-pin SATA/SAS connectors to support Serial ATA hard disk drives and SAS hard disk drives. The backplane design incorporates a hot swap feature to allow easy connection or removal of SATA/SAS hard disks. The LEDs on the backplane connect to the front panel LEDs to indicate HDD status. See section **1.7 LED information** for details.

Front side

The front side of the SATA/SAS backplane faces the front panel when installed. This side includes four SATA/SAS connectors for the hot swap drive trays.



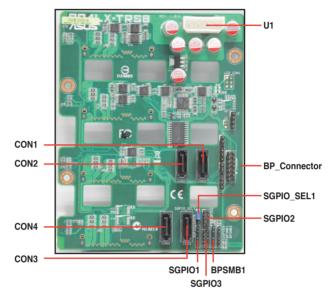
Each SATA/SAS connector is labeled (HDD1, HDD2, HDD3, HDD4) so you can easily determine their counterpart connectors at the back side of the backplane. Refer to the table for reference.



HDD Device	Front side connector	Back side connector
HDD 1	HDD1	CON1
HDD 2	HDD2	CON2
HDD 3	HDD3	CON3
HDD 4	HDD4	CON4

Back side

The back side of the SATA/SAS backplane faces the rear panel when installed. This side includes the power connectors and SATA/SAS interfaces for the motherboard Serial ATA connectors or the SAS card.



Connectors	Description
SGPI01	Connects to SATA SGPIO1 connector on the motherboard
SGPIO2	Connects to SAS SGPIO2 connector on the motherboard
SGPI03	Connects to SAS SGPIO3 connector on the motherboard
BPSMB1	Connects to Front panel SMB connector on the motherboard
U1	Connects to 4-pin plug of the power supply
BP_Connector	Connects to the BP connector on the second SAS backplane (optional)
CON1/CON2/ CON3/CON4	Connects to SATA/SAS connectors on the motherboard



Move the **SGPIO_SEL1** jumper on the SATA/SAS backplane to 2–3 when installing the PIKE RAID card.

2.9 Removable components

You may need to remove previously installed system components when installing or removing system devices, or when you need to replace defective components. This section tells how to remove the following components:

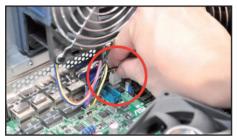
- 1. Rear system fan
- 2. Chassis footpads

2.9.1 System fan

Removing the rear system fan

To remove the rear system fan

1. Unplug the system fan cable from the REAR_FAN1 connector on the motherboard.



2. Shift the two hooked tabs leftward and rightward respectively.



3. Carefully take off the system fan.



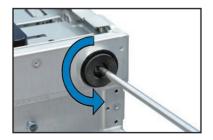
4. Follow the previous instructions in reverse to reinstall the rear system fan.

2.9.2 Chassis footpads

The barebone server system is shipped with four footpads attached to the bottom of the chassis for stability. You need to remove these footpads if you wish to install the system to a rack (Refer to **Chapter 3: Installation options** of this user guide, and to the "Rackmount Kit" user guide for instructions)

To remove the footpads

- 1. Lay the system chassis on its side.
- 2. Remove the footpad by rotating it counterclockwise with a Philips (cross) screwdriver.
- 3. Repeat step 1 and 2 to remove the other three footpads.



-	
0	οQ
2-	20

Chapter 3

This chapter describes how to install the optional components and devices into the barebone server.



options nstallation

3.1 Preparing the system for rack mounting



- The items required for the optional configurations described in this chapter are not included in the standard barebone system package. These items are purchased separately.
- We recommend that you allot at least 1U space above the server system to ensure optimal thermal performance.

Removing the footpads

Refer to section 2.9.2 Chassis footpads for instructions on removing the footpads.

Removing the top cover

Unscrew and slide the top cover toward the rear panel, and then lift it up from the chassis.



3.2 Attaching the inner rail to the server

- 1. Slide out the inner rail from the rackmount rail kit.
- 2. Align the screw holes on the inner rail and the chassis top, and then secure the inner rail to the chassis top with screws.



 Repeat the previous steps to secure the other inner rail to the bottom of the chassis with screws.



4. Secure the rail ear to the top and the bottom of the chassis with three screws respectively.



3.3 Attaching the rails to the rack

To attach the rails to the rack:

1. Select one unit of space (1U) on the rack where you wish to install the server.



1U space

- 2. Loosen the two screws on the rack rails.
- 3. Align the front end holes of a rack rail pair to the 1U space.
- 4. Drive in two screws on the outer holes to secure the front end.
- 5. Find the rear 1U space that corresponds to the front 1U space where you attached the rail.
- 6. Drive in two screws on the outer holes to secure the rear end.



- 7. From the rack front, find the corresponding 1U space for the second rail pair.
- 8. Repeat steps 3–6 to attach the second rail pair.

3.4 Mounting the server to the rack

To mount the server to the rack

1. Align the server rails with the rack rails.



2. Push the server all the way into the rack.



3. Secure the server to the rack.



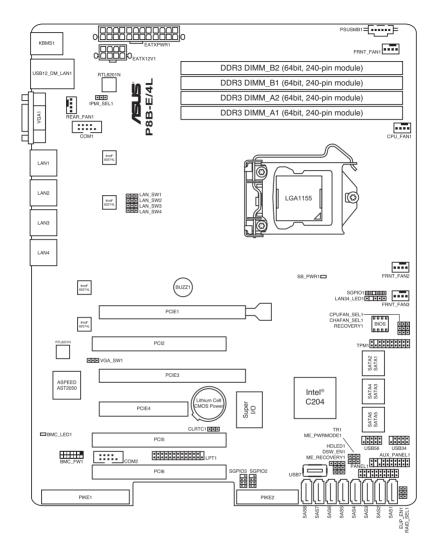
Chapter 4

This chapter includes the motherboard layout and brief descriptions of the jumpers and internal connectors.



Infc Motherboard

4.1 Motherboard layout



Internal LEDs		Page
1.	Standby power LED	4-19
2.	BMC LED (BMC_LED1)	4-19

Layout contents

Jumpers		Page
1.	Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)	4-4
2.	VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)	4-5
3.	CPU Fan and Chassis Fan control setting (3-pin CPUFAN_SEL1, CHAFAN_SEL1)	4-5
4.	LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2, LAN_SW3, LAN_SW4)	4-6
5.	RAID configuration utility selection (3-pin RAID_SEL1)	4-6
6.	Force BIOS recovery setting (3-pin RECOVERY1)	4-7
7.	Chassis intrusion connector (2-pin CHASSIS)	4-8
8.	ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME_RECOVERY1)	4-8

Internal connectors		Page
1.	Serial ATA connectors (SATA 6Gb/s: 7-pin SATA1, SATA2 [Blue]) (SATA 3Gb/s: 7-pin SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6 [Black])	4-9
2.	SAS connectors (7-pin SAS1, SAS2, SAS3, SAS4 [Blue]) (7-pin SAS5, SAS6, SAS7, SAS8 [Black])	4-10
3.	Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)	4-10
4.	USB connector (10-1 pin USB34, USB56; A-Type USB7)	4-11
5.	Thermal sensor cable connectors (3-pin TR1)	4-11
6.	CPU, front and rear fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN1, FRNT_FAN1, FRNT_FAN2, FRNT_FAN3, REAR_FAN1)	4-12
7.	Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1)	4-13
8.	Serial General Purpose Input/Output connectors (8-1 pin SGPIO2/3)	4-13
9.	Serial port connectors (10-1 pin COM1/COM2)	4-14
10.	BMC header (BMC_FW1)	4-14
11.	Power Supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)	4-15
12.	TPM connector (20-1-pin TPM)	4-15
13.	ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR1, 8-pin EATX12V1)	4-16
14.	Parallel port connector (26-1 pin LPT1)	4-16
15.	System panel connector (20-1 pin PANEL1)	4-17
16.	Auxiliary panel connector (20-2 pin AUX_PANEL1)	4-18

4.2 Jumpers

1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

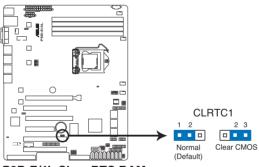
To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Move the jumper cap from pins 1–2 (default) to pins 2–3. Keep the cap on pins 2–3 for about 5–10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1–2.
- 3. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- 4. Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.



Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!

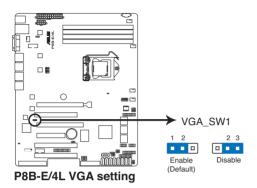
If the steps above do not help, remove the onboard battery and move the jumper again to clear the CMOS RTC RAM data. After the CMOS clearance, reinstall the battery.



P8B-E/4L Clear RTC RAM

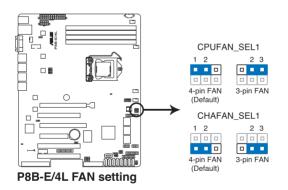
2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)

This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the VGA feature.



3. CPU Fan and Chassis Fan control setting (3-pin CPUFAN_SEL1, CHAFAN_SEL1)

These jumpers allow you to switch for fan pin selection. The CPUFAN_SEL1 jumper is for the CPU fan control and the CHAFAN_SEL1 jumper is for the front fans and rear fans control. Set to pins 1–2 when using 4-pin fans or pins 2–3 when using 3-pin fans.

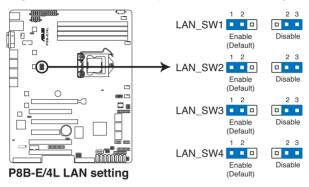


 If you use a 4-pin fan but set the jumper to pin 2-3, the fan you installed may not work.

 If you use a 3-pin fan but set the jumper for a 4-pin fan, the fan control will not work and the fan you installed will always run at full speed.

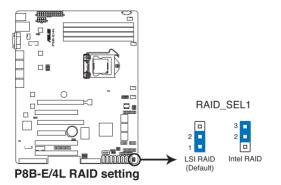
4. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN_SW1, LAN_SW2, LAN_SW3, LAN_SW4)

These jumpers allow you to enable or disable the onboard Intel[®] 82574L Gigabit LAN controllers. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the Gigabit LAN feature.



5. RAID configuration utility selection (3-pin RAID_SEL1)

This jumper allows you to select the RAID configuration utility to use when you create disk arrays. Place the jumper caps over pins 1–2 if you want to use the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility (default); otherwise, place the jumper caps to pins 2–3 to use the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology.

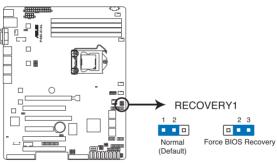


6. Force BIOS recovery setting (3-pin RECOVERY1)

This jumper allows you to quickly update or recover the BIOS settings when it becomes corrupted.

To update the BIOS:

- 1. Prepare a USB flash disk that contains the original or latest BIOS for the motherboard (XXXXX.ROM) and the BUPDATER.EXE utility.
- 2. Set the jumper to pins 2–3.
- 3. Insert the USB flash and turn on the system to update the BIOS.
- 4. Shut down the system.
- 5. Set the jumper back to pins 1-2.
- 6. Turn on the system.

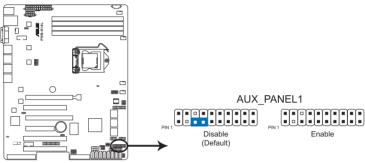


P8B-E/4L force BIOS recovery setting

7. Chassis intrusion connector (2-pin CHASSIS)

This connector is for a chassis-mounted intrusion detection sensor or switch. Connect one end of the chassis intrusion sensor or switch cable to this connector. The chassis intrusion sensor or switch sends a high-level signal to this connector when a chassis component is removed or replaced. The signal is then generated as a chassis intrusion event.

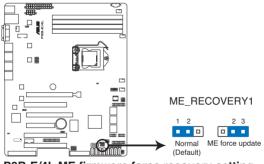
By default , the pin labeled "Chassis Signal" and "Ground" are shorted with a jumper cap. Remove the jumper caps only when you intend to use the chassis intrusion detection feature.



P8B-E/4L Chassis intrusion connector

8. ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME_RECOVERY1)

This jumper allows you to quickly recover the Intel Management Engine (ME) firmware when it becomes corrupted.



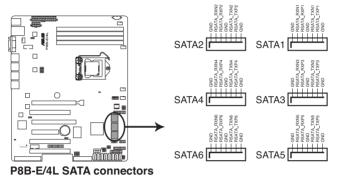
P8B-E/4L ME firmware force recovery setting

4.3 Internal connectors

1. Serial ATA connectors (SATA 6Gb/s: 7-pin SATA1, SATA2 [Blue]) (SATA 3Gb/s: 7-pin SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6 [Black])

Supported by the Intel[®] C204 chipset, these connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives that allows up to 6Gb/s of data transfer rate.

If you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives, you can create a RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, or RAID 5 configuration.





The actual data transfer rate depends on the speed of Serial ATA hard disks installed.

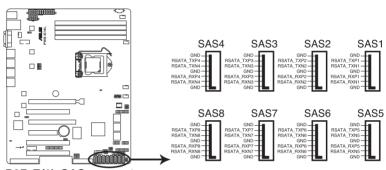
2. SAS connectors

(7-pin SAS1, SAS2, SAS3, SAS4 [Blue]) (7-pin SAS5, SAS6, SAS7, SAS8 [Black])

This motherboard comes with eight (8) Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) connectors, the next-generation storage technology that supports both Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) and Serial ATA (SATA). Each connector supports one device.

These connectors function only when you install a PIKE RAID card.

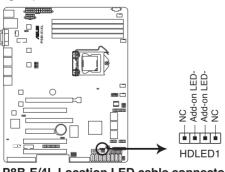
 Connect the SAS hard disk drives to SAS connectors 1–4 (blue) when installing a 4-port PIKE RAID card.



P8B-E/4L SAS connectors

3. Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)

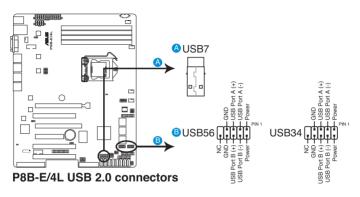
This LED connector is for the storage add-on card cable connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card. The read or write activities of any device connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card causes the front panel LED to light up.



P8B-E/4L Location LED cable connector

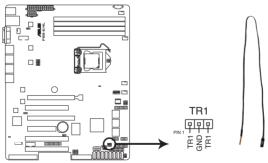
4. USB connector (10-1 pin USB34, USB56; A-Type USB7)

These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cables to connectors USB34 and USB56, then install the modules to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



5. Thermal sensor cable connectors (3-pin TR1)

This connector is for temperature monitoring. Connect the thermal sensor cable to this connector and place the other end to the device, which you want to monitor temperature.



P8B-E/4L Thermal sensor cable connector

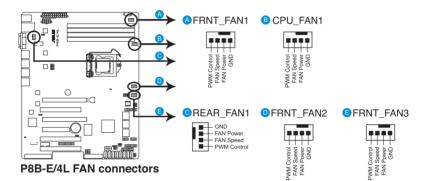


You can connect the thermal sensor cable to either pin 1-2 or pin 2-3.

6. CPU, front and rear fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN1, FRNT_FAN1, FRNT_FAN2, FRNT_FAN3, REAR_FAN1)

The fan connectors support cooling fans of 350 mA–740 mA (8.88 W max.) or a total of 3.15 A–6.66 A (53.28 W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, ensuring that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.

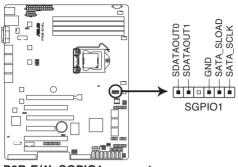
- DO NOT forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components.
- These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors!



All fans feature the ASUS Smart Fan technology.

7. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1)

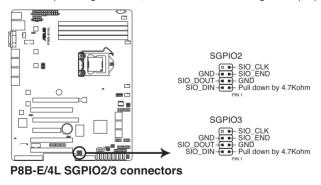
This connector is used for the SGPIO peripherals for the Intel Rapid Storage Technology RAID SATA LED.



P8B-E/4L SGPIO1 connector

8. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connectors (8-1 pin SGPIO2/3)

These connectors are used for the SAS chip SGPIO interface that controls the LED pattern generation, device information and general purpose data.

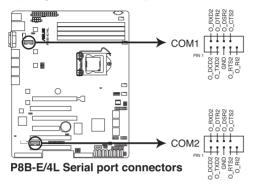




These connectors function only when you install an ASUS PIKE SAS RAID card.

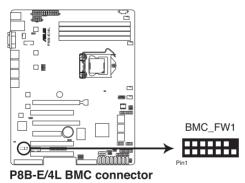
9. Serial port connectors (10-1 pin COM1/COM2)

Thess connectors are for the serial (COM) ports. Connect the serial port module cable to one of these connectors, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



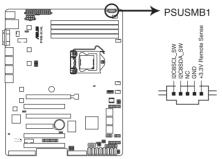
10. BMC header (BMC_FW1)

The BMC connector on the motherboard supports an ASUS[®] Server Management Board 5 Series (ASMB5-iKVM).



11. Power Supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)

This connector allows you to connect SMBus (System Management Bus) to the power supply unit to read PSU information. Devices communicate with an SMBus host and/or other SMBus devices using the SMBus interface.



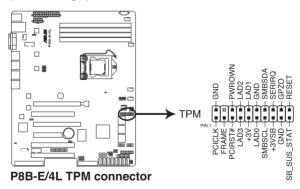
P8B-E/4L Power supply SMBus connector



This connector functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB5.

12. TPM connector (20-1 pin TPM)

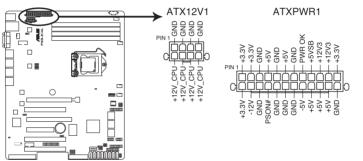
This connector supports a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) system, which can securely store keys, digital certificates, passwords, and data. A TPM system also helps enhance network security, protects digital identities, and ensures platform integrity.



13. ATX power connectors (24-pin EATXPWR1, 8-pin EATX12V1)

These connectors are for an ATX power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.

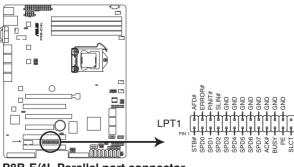
- DO NOT forget to connect the 24+8-pin power plugs; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- This motherboard supports ATX2.0 PSU or later version.
- Ensure that your power supply unit (PSU) can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.



P8B-E/4L 24+8 pin power connectors

14. Parallel port connector (26-1 pin LPT1)

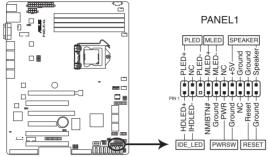
This connector is for a parallel port. Connect the parallel port module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



P8B-E/4L Parallel port connector

15. System panel connector (20-1 pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



P8B-E/4L System panel connector

1. System power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

2. Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the message LED cable that connects to the front message LED. The message LED is controlled by Hardware monitor to indicate an abnormal event occurance.

3. System warning speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

4. Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin HDDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

5. Power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

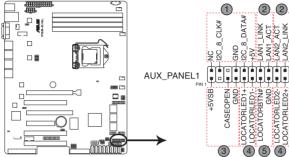
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

6. Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

16. Auxiliary panel connector (20-2 pin AUX_PANEL1)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.



P8B-E/4L Auxiliary panel connector

- 1. Front panel SMB (6-1 pin FPSMB) These leads connect the front panel SMBus cable.
- 2. LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1_LED, LAN2_LED) These leads are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel.
- 3. Chassis intrusion (4-1 pin CHASSIS)

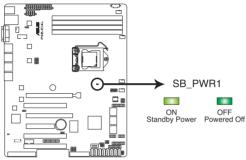
These leads are for the intrusion detection feature for chassis with intrusion sensor or microswitch. When you remove any chassis component, the sensor triggers and sends a high-level signal to these leads to record a chassis intrusion event. The default setting is short CASEOPEN and GND pin by jumper cap to disable the function.

- 4. Locator LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1 and 2-pin LOCATORLED2) These leads are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connector. The LEDs will light up when the Locator button is pressed.
- 5. Locator Button/Swich (2-pin LOCATORBTN) These leads are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.

4.4 Internal LEDs

1. Standby Power LED (SB_PWR1)

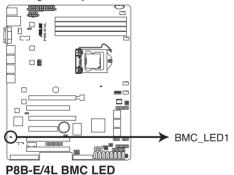
The motherboard comes with a standby power LED. The green LED lights up to indicate that the system is ON, in sleep mode, or in soft-off mode. This is a reminder that you should shut down the system and unplug the power cable before removing or plugging in any motherboard component. The illustration below shows the location of the onboard LED.



P8B-E/4L Standby power LED

2. BMC LED (BMC_LED1)

The green heartbeat LED blinks per second to indicate that the ASMB5 is working normally.





The heartbeat LED functions only when you install the ASUS ASMB5.



Chapter 5

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.



BIOS setup

5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

- 1. **ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3** (To recover the BIOS using a bootable USB flash disk drive when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)
- 2. ASUS EZ Flash 2 (Updates the BIOS using a USB flash disk.)
- 3. **BUPDATER utility** (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable USB flash disk drive.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the BUPDATER utility.

5.1.1 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a USB flash drive that contains the updated BIOS file.



Prepare a USB flash drive containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

Recovering the BIOS from a USB flash drive

To recover the BIOS from a USB flash drive:

- 1. Insert the USB flash drive with the original or updated BIOS file to one USB port on the system.
- 2. The utility will automatically recover the BIOS. It resets the system when the BIOS recovery finished.



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while recovering the BIOS! Doing so would cause system boot failure!



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com to download the latest BIOS file.

5.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash Utility

The ASUS EZ Flash Utility feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to use a DOS-based utility.



Before you start using this utility, download the latest BIOS from the ASUS website at www.asus.com.

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash Utility

- 1. Insert the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS file to the USB port.
- Enter the BIOS setup program. Go to the Tool menu to select ASUS EZ Flash Utility and press <Enter> to enable it.

		🚺 Exit
ASUSTek EZ Flash BIOS ROM U	tility V00.75	
Flash Info MODEL: P8B-E-4L	VER: 0602	DATE: 02/15/2011
Iso:\		
Drive	Folder Info	
fe0\\ fs1\	12/09/10 10.23p 4194304 P8B-E-4L.F	лом
File Infor		
MODEL:		DATE:
Help Info		
[Enter] Select or Los	ad [Tab] Switch [Up/Down/PageUp/PageDown/Home/End] Mov	ve [Esc] Exit [F2] Backup

- 3. Press <Tab> to switch to the **Drive** field.
- 4. Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS, and then press <Enter>.
- 5. Press <Tab> to switch to the Folder Info field.
- Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the BIOS file, and then press <Enter> to perform the BIOS update process. Reboot the system when the update process is done.



- This function can support devices such as a USB flash disk with FAT 32/16 format and single partition only.
- DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!



Ensure to load the BIOS default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.

5.1.3 BUPDATER utility



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

The BUPDATER utility allows you to update the BIOS file in DOS environment using a bootable USB flash disk drive with the updated BIOS file.

Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the BUPDATER utility:

- 1. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive.
- Copy the BUPDATER utility (BUPDATER.exe) from the ASUS support website at support.asus.com to the bootable USB flash disk drive you created earlier.
- 3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt, type:

BUPDATER /i[filename].ROM

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable USB flash disk drive, then press <Enter>.

A:\>BUPDATER /i[file name].ROM

The utility verifies the file, then starts updating the BIOS file.

ASUSTEK BIOS Update for FLASH TYPE: MXIC 25L1605A Current ROM BOARD: P88-E/4L VER: 10201 DATE: 12/01/2010	DOS VI.06 (09/08/04)	
PATH: WARNING! Do not turn off power during flash BIOS		
Note Writing EIOS:		



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.



5.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section **5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS**.

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to "Run Setup." This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware chip.

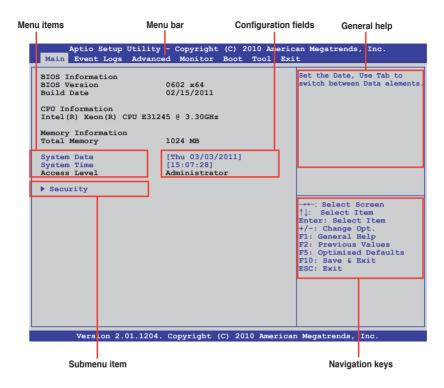
The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.

- S
- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select Yes to load the BIOS default settings.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes
 only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.

5.2.1 BIOS menu screen



5.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main	For changing the basic system configuration
Event Logs	For changing the event log settings
Advanced	For changing the advanced system settings
Monitor	For displaying the system temperature, power status, and changing the fan settings
Boot	For changing the system boot configuration
Tool	For configuring options for special functions
Exit	For selecting the exit options

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

5.2.3 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting **Main** shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Event Logs, Advanced, Monitor, Boot, Tool, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

5.2.4 Submenu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a submenu. To display the submenu, select the item and press <Enter>.

5.2.5 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for the BIOS setup program. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

5.2.6 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

5.2.7 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it and press <Enter> to display a list of options.

5.2.8 Pop-up window

Select a menu item and press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

5.2.9 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> /<Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.

5.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears. The Main menu provides you an overview of the basic system information, and allows you to set the system date, time, language, and security settings.

	lity - Copyright (C) 2010 vanced Monitor Boot Toc	American Megatrends, Inc. Dl Exit
BIOS Information BIOS Version Build Date CPU Information	0602 x64 02/15/2011	Set the Date, Use Tab to switch between Data elements.
Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU : Memory Information Total Memory		
System Date System Time Access Level	[Thu 03/03/2011] [15:07:28] Administrator	
Security		

5.3.1 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

5.3.2 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

5.3.3 Security

The Security menu items allow you to change the system security settings.

Password Description Set Setup Administrator If ONLY the Administrator's password is set, then this only limits access to Setup and is only asked for when entering Setup Set Setup Administrator If ONLY the User's password is set, then this is a power on password and must be entered to boot or enter Setup. In Setup the User will have Administrator rights Set Setup Administrator Administrator Password Not Installed Not Installed User Password User Password Set Setup Administrator	Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 America Main Event Logs Advanced Monitor Boot Tool Exi	
	If ONLY the Administrator's password is set, then this only limits access to Setup and is only asked for when entering Setup If ONLY the User's password is set, then this is a power on password and must be entered to boot or enter Setup. In Setup the User will have Administrator rights Administrator Password Not Installed User Password Not Installed Administrator Password	



- If you have forgotten your BIOS password, erase the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM to clear the BIOS password. See section **4.2 Jumpers** for information on how to erase the RTC RAM.
- The Administrator or User Password items on top of the screen show the default Not Installed. After you set a password, these items show Installed.

Administrator Password

If you have set an administrator password, we recommend that you enter the administrator password for accessing the system. Otherwise, you might be able to see or change only selected fields in the BIOS setup program.

To set an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press < Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the **Create New Password** box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.

To clear the administrator password, follow the same steps as in changing an administrator password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password. After you clear the password, the **Administrator Password** item on top of the screen shows **Not Installed**.

User Password

If you have set a user password, you must enter the user password for accessing the system. The **User Password** item on top of the screen shows the default **Not Installed**. After you set a password, this item shows **Installed**.

To set a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the **Create New Password** box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.

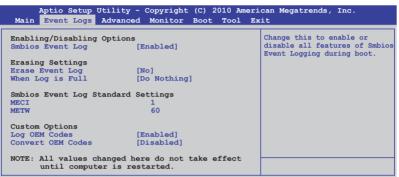
To clear the user password, follow the same steps as in changing a user password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password. After you clear the password, the **User Password** item on top of the screen shows **Not Installed**.

5.4 Event Logs menu

The Event Logs menu items allow you to change the event log settings and view the system event logs.

	Aptio Setup Event Logs	-			egatrends,	Inc.
▶ Chan	nge Smbios Ev	ent Log Se	ttings			change the configuration.
	 Smbios Ever System Ever 					-

Change Smbios Event Log Settings



Smbios Event Log [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable all features of Smbios event logging. Configuration option: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Erase Event Log [No]

Allows you to select the options for erasing Smbios event log. Configuration options: [No] [Yes, Next reset] [Yes, Every reset]

When Log is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to select the options for reaction when the event logs are full. Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

MECI [xx]

Allows you to adjust value for the MECI (Multiple Event Count Increment), which is the number of occurrences of a duplicate event that must pass before the multiple-event counter associated with log entry is updated. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the value. The values range from 1 to 255.

METW [xx]

Allows you to adjust value for the METW (Multiple Event Time Window), which is the number of minutes that must pass between duplicate log entries which utilize a multiple-event counter. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the value. The values range from 0 to 99.

Log OEM Codes [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the logging of EFI status codes as OEM codes. Configuration option: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Convert OEM Codes [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the converting of EFI status codes to standard Smbios types. Configuration option: [Disabled] [Enabled]

View Smbios Event Log

Press <Enter> to view the Smbios event logs.

View System Event Log

Press <Enter> to view the system event logs.

5.5 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

► ACPI Settings System ACPI Parameters	
<pre>Trusted Computing WHEA Configuration CFU Configuration North Bridge South Bridge SATA Configuration Intel TXT(LT) Configuration USB Configuration Onboard Devices Configuration APM Serial Port Console Redirection Network Stack</pre>	

5.5.1 ACPI Settings

Aptio Setup Utility - Cop Advanced	yright (C) 2010 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.
Enable ACPI Auto Configuration [ACPI Sleep State [Enables or Disables BIOS ACPI Auto Configuration.

Enable ACPI Auto Configuration [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable ACPI Auto Configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

ACPI Sleep State [S3 (Suspend to RAM)]

Allows you to set the ACPI Sleep State.

Configuration options: [Suspend Disabled] [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)] [S3 (Suspend to RAM)]

5.5.2 Trusted Computing

Aptio Setup (Jtility - Copyright (C Advanced) 2010 America	n Megatrends, Inc.
TPM Configuration TPM SUPPORT	[Disabled]		Enables or Disables TPM support. O.S. will not show TPM. Reset of platform is
Current TPM Status NO TPM Hardware	Information	:	required.

TPM SUPPORT [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the TPM support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.3 WHEA Configuration

Aptio Se	tup Utility - Copyright ((Advanced	C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.
WHEA Support	[Enabled]	Enable or disable Windows Hardware Error Architecture.

WHEA Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Windows Hardware Error Architecture support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

5.5.4 CPU Configuration

The items in this menu show the CPU-related information that the BIOS automatically detects. Some items may not appear if your CPU does not support the related functions.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright Advanced	(C) 2010 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.		
CPU Configuration		Includes TM1, TM2 and EMTTM		
Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E31245 @ 3.30GHz				
EM64T	Supported			
Processor Speed	3300 MHz			
CPUID	206a7			
L1 CACHE L2 CACHE	256 KB 1024 KB			
L3 CACHE	8192 KB			
Processor Cores	4			
Intel HT Technology	Supported			
CPU Current Ratio	33			
Hyper-threading	[Enabled]	→←: Select Screen		
Active Processor Cores	[A11]	↑↓: Select Item		
Limit CPUID Maximum	[Disabled]	Enter: Select Item		
Execute Disable Bit	[Enabled]	+/-: Change Opt.		
Intel Virtualization Technology	[Enabled]	F1: General Help		
Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technolog	[Enabled]	F2: Previous Values		
Turbo Mode	[Enabled]	F5: Optimized Defaults		
CPU C1E	[Enabled]	F10: Save & Exit		
CPU C3 Report	[Enabled]	ESC: Exit		
CPU C6 Report	[Enabled] [No Limit]			
Package C State limit	[NO LIMIT]			
Version 2.01.1204. Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.				

Hyper-threading [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology function. When disabled, only one thread per activated core is enabled. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Active Processor Cores [All]

Allows you to choose the number of CPU cores to activate in each processor package. Configuration options: [All] [1] [2] [3]

Limit CPUID Maximum [Disabled]

Setting this item to [Enabled] allows legacy operating systems to boot even without support for CPUs with extended CPUID functions. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Execute Disable Bit [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the No-Execution Page Protection Technology. Setting this item to [Disabled] forces the XD feature flag to always return to zero (0). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Intel Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

The Intel[®] Virtualization Technology allows a hardware platform to run multiple operating systems separately and simultaneously, enabling one system to virtually function as several systems. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Enhanced Intel[®] SpeedStep Technology (EIST). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Turbo Mode [Enabled]

This item appears only when you set the **Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology** item to [Enabled] and allows you to enable or disable the Intel[®] Turbo Mode Technology. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

CPU C1E [Enabled]

[Enabled] Enables the C1E support function. This item should be enabled in order to enable the Enhanced Halt State.

[Disabled] Disables this function.

CPU C3 Report [Enabled]

Allows you to disable or enable the CPU C3 report to OS.

CPU C6 Report [Enabled]

Allows you to disable or enable the CPU C6 report to OS.

Package C State limit [No Limit]

Configuration options: [C0] [C1] [C6] [No Limit]

5.5.5 North Bridge

The North Bridge is built in the CPU.

Aptio Setup Utility Advance	y - Copyright (C) 2010 Ameri Ced	can Megatrends, Inc.
Memory Information		Low MMIO resources align at 64MB/1024MB
TOTAL Memory	1024 MB	
DIMM A0	0 MB (DDR3 1333)	
DIMM A1	1024 MB (DDR3 1333)	
DIMM BO	0 MB (DDR3 1333)	
DIMM B1	0 MB (DDR3 1333)	
Low MMIO Align	[64M]	
DMI Gen2	[Enabled]	
VT-d	[Disabled]	
Initate Graphic Adapter	[PEG/PCI]	

Low MMIO Align [64M]

Allows you to select the options for the Low MMIO Align. Configuration options: [64M] [1024M]

DMI Gen2 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the DMI Gen2. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

VT-d [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the VT-d. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Initiate Graphic Adapter [PEG/PCI]

Allows you to decide which graphics controller to use as the primary boot device. Configuration options: [PCI/PEG] [PEG/PCI]

5.5.6 South Bridge



High Precision Timer [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the High Precision Event Timer. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

5.5.7 SATA Configuration

While entering Setup, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of SATA devices. The SATA Port items show **Not Present** if no SATA device is installed to the corresponding SATA port.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 Americ Advanced	an Megatrends, Inc.
SATA Configuration SATA Mode [IDE Mode] Serial-ATA Controller 0 [Enhanced] Serial-ATA Controller 1 [Enhanced] S.M.A.R.T. Status Check [Enaled]	 IDE Mode. (2) AHCI Mode. RAID Mode.
SATA Port1 ST3160812AS (160.0GB)	
SATA Port2 ST3160812AS (160.0GB)	
SATA Port3 ASUS CB-521 ATAPI	
SATA Port4 Not Present	
SATA Port5 Not Present	
SATA Port6 Not Present	

SATA Mode [IDE Mode]

Allows you to set the SATA configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [IDE Mode] [AHCI Mode] [RAID Mode]

- If you want to use the Serial ATA hard disk drives as Parallel ATA physical storage devices, keep the default setting [IDE Mode].
 - If you want the Serial ATA hard disk drives to use the Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI), set this item to [AHCI Mode]. The AHCI allows the onboard storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features that increases storage performance on random workloads by allowing the drive to internally optimize the order of commands.
 - If you want to create RAID sets with LSI MegaRAID utility, or Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology from the Serial ATA hard disk drives, set this item to [RAID Mode].

Serial-ATA Controller 0 [Enhanced]

This item appears only when you set the **SATA Mode** item to [IDE Mode]. Set to [Enhanced] to support two SATA 6.0 Gb/s and two SATA 3.0 Gb/s devices. Set to [Compatible] when using Windows 98/NT/2000/MS-DOS. Up to four SATA devices are supported under these operating systems.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enhanced] [Compatible]

Serial-ATA Controller 1 [Enhanced]

This item appears only when you set the **SATA Mode** item to [IDE Mode]. Set to [Enhanced] to support two SATA 3.0 Gb/s devices. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enhanced]

S.M.A.R.T. Status Check [Enabled]

S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) is a monitor system. When read/write of your hard disk errors occur, this feature allows the hard disk to report warning messages during the POST. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

5.5.8 Intel TXT(LT) Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 Americ Advanced	an Megatrends, Inc.
Intel Trusted Execution Technology Configuration Intel TXT support only can be enabled/disabled if SMX is enabled. VT and VT-d support must also be enabled prior to TXT.	Enables Legacy USB support. AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected. DISABLE option will keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.
Secure Mode Extensions (SMX) Enabled	
Intel TXT(LT) Support [Disabled]	

Intel TXT(LT) Support [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The **Intel TXT(LT) Support** item requires a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) to be installed on the motherboard to enable.

5.5.9 USB Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced		
USB Configuration USB Devices 1 Mouse, 2 Hubs	Enables Legacy USB support. AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected. DISABLE option will	
Legacy USB Support [Enabled] EHCI Hand-off [Disabled]	keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.	
USB hardware delays and time-out: USB transfer time-out [20 sec] Device reset time-out [20 sec] Device power-up delay [Auto]		

The **USB Devices** item shows the auto-detected values. If no USB device is detected, the item shows **None**.

Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable support for legacy USB devices. Setting to [Auto] allows the system to detect the presence of USB devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller legacy mode is enabled. If no USB device is detected, the legacy USB support is disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

EHCI Hand-off [Disabled]

Enables or disables the BIOS EHCI hand-off support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

USB transfer time-out [20 sec]

Allows you to select the USB transfer time-out value. Configuration options: [1 sec] [5 sec] [10 sec] [20 sec]

Device reset time-out [20 sec]

Allows you to select the USB device reset time-out value. Configuration options: [10 sec] [20 sec] [30 sec] [40 sec]

Device power-up delay [Auto]

Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]

Device power-up delay in seconds [XX]

This item appears only when you set the **Device power-up delay** item to [manual]. Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the value. The values range from 1 to 40 with a one-second interval.

5.5.10 Onboard Devices Configuration

The Onboard Devices Configuration menu items allow you to change the advanced settings for onboard devices.

Ap	tio Setu	up Utility - Advanced		(C) 2010	America	an Megatrends, Inc.
Serial B	2574L 0 2574L 0 2574L 0 2574L 0 Port 1 C Port 2 C	pROM2 pROM3	[PXE] [PXE] [Disabled] [Disabled]			Launch Intel PXE OpROM

INTEL W82574L OpROM1/OpROM2 [PXE] INTEL W82574L OpROM3/OpROM4 [Disabled]

Allows you to select the options for the OptionRom of the Intel LAN controllers. Configuration options: [Disabled] [PXE] [iSCSI]

Serial Port 1/2 Configuration

The sub-items in this menu allow you to set the serial port 1/2 configuration.

<u>Serial Port [Enabled]</u> Allows you to enable or disable the serial port (COM). Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled] Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to select the serial port base address. Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=4] [IO=3F8h: IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12]

Parallel Port Configuration

The sub-items in this menu allow you to set the parallel port configuration.

<u>Parallel Port [Enabled]</u> Allows you to enable or disable the parallel port (LPT/LPTE). Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to select an optimal setting for the super IO device. Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=378h; IRQ=5] [IO=378h: IRQ=5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=278h; IRQ=5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12] [IO=3BCh; IRQ=5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12]

Device Mode [STD Printer Mode]

Allows you to select the printer port mode. Configuration options: [STD Printer mode] [SPP Mode] [EPP-1.9 and SPP Mode] [EPP-1.7 and SPP Mode] [ECP Mode] [ECP and EPP 1.9 Mode] [ECP and EPP 1.7 Mode]

5.5.11 APM

Aptio Se	etup Utility - Advanced	Copyright (C) 2010 Americ	an Megatrends, Inc.
Restrore AC Po EuP Ready Power On By PC Power On By PC Power On By Ri Power On By Ri	[I CI [I CIE [I ing [I	Power Off] Disabled] Disabled] Disabled] Disabled] Disabled]	Specify what state to go to when power is re-applied after a power failure (G3 state).

Restore AC Power Loss [Power Off]

When set to [Power Off], the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to [Power On], the system will reboot after an AC power loss. When set to [Last State], the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

EuP Ready [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], all other PME options will be switched off. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Power On By PCI [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PME to wake up from S5 by PCI devices.

[Enabled] Allows you to turn on the system through a PCI LAN or modem card. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

Power On By PCIE [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

Power On By Ring [Disabled]

- [Disabled] Disables Ring to generate a wake event.
- [Enabled] Enables Ring to generate a wake event.

Power On By RTC [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables RTC to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] When set to [Enabled], the items **RTC Alarm Date (Days)** and **Hour/Minute/Second** will become user-configurable with set values.

5.5.12 Serial Port Console Redirection

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright Advanced	: (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.
Redirection After BIOS POST	[Disabled]
COM1 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]
COM2 Console Redirection Console Redirection Settings	[Enabled]

Redirection After BIOS POST [Disabled]

Enables or disables the redirection after BIOS POST feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

COM1

Console Redirection [Disabled]

Enables or disables the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Console Redirection Settings

This item becomes configurable only when you enable the **Console Redirection** item. The settings specify how the host computer and the remote computer (which the user is using) will exchange data. Both computers should have the same or compatible settings.

Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to set the terminal type.

[VT100] ASCII char set.

[VT100+] Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, et.

[VT-UTF8] Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode chars onto 1 or more bytes

[ANSI] Extended ASCII char set

Bits per second [57600]

Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [38400] [57600] [115200]

Data Bits [8] Configuration options: [7] [8]

Parity [None]

A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. [Mark] and [Space] parity do not allow for error detection.

- [Even] parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even
- [Odd] parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd
- [Mark] parity bit is always 1
- [Space] parity bit is always 0

Stop Bits [1]

Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning.) The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit. Configuration options: [1] [2]

Flow Control [None]

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a "stop" signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a "start" signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals. Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS]

Recorder Mode [Disabled]

With this mode enabled only text will be sent. This is to capture Terminal data. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Legacy OS Redirction Resolution [80x24]

Configures the number of rows and columns supported on legacy OS. Configuration options: [80x24] [80x25]

COM2

Console Redirection [Enabled]

Enables or disables the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Console Redirection Settings

Please refer to the description of the **Console Redirection Settings** item under COM0 for details.

5.5.13 Network Stack

Aptio Setup	Utility - Copyright (0 Advanced	C) 2010 America	n Megatrends, Inc.
Network stack	[Disable]		Enable/Disable the network stack (Pxe and UEFI)

Network stack [Disable]

Enables or disables the network stack feature. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

5.6 Monitor menu

The Monitor menu displays the system temperature/power status, and allows you to change the fan settings.

	ty - Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc. nced <mark>Monitor</mark> Boot Tool Exit
CPU Temperature(PECI)	[+25°C(+0.4°E)
	[+35°C/ +94°F]
TR1 Temperature CPU FAN1 Speed	
	[N/A]
	I N/A 1
FAN Speed Control	
VCORE1	[+1.200 V]
+3.3V	[+3.360 V]
+5V	[+5.160 V]
+12V	[+12.384 V]
VBAT	[+3.408 V]
+3VSB	[+3,422 V]
+1.5V	[+1.496 V]

CPU/MB/TR1 Temperature [xxx°C/xxx°F]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU and motherboard component temperatures. Select **Ignore** if you do not wish to display the detected temperatures.

CPU FAN1 Speed; FRNT FAN1-3 Speed; REAR FAN1 Speed [xxxx RPM] or [Ignore] / [N/A]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the speed of CPU fans, front fans, and rear fan in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows N/A.

Fan Speed Control [Generic Mode]

Allows you to configure the ASUS Smart Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation.

Configuration options: [Full Speed Mode] [High Density Mode] [Generic Mode] [Whisper Mode]

VCORE1 Voltage, 3.3V Voltage, +5V Voltage, +12V Voltage, VBAT Voltage, +3VSB Voltage, +1.5V ICHVoltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators. Select **Ignore** if you do not want to detect this item.

5.7 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options.

	- Copyright (C) 2010 Americ ed Monitor <mark>Boot</mark> Tool Exi	
Setup Prompt Timeout Bootup NumLock State Full Screen Logo Option ROM Messages Interrupt 19 Capture EFI Boot Boot Device Seeking Boot Option Priorities Boot Option #1 Boot Option #2	3 [On] [Enabled] [Force BIOS] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Endless PXE] [IBA GE Slot 0200 v] [Intel Volume0]	Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting.
Boot Override IBA GE Slot 0200 v1324		
IBA GE Slot 0200 v1324 IBA GE Slot 0300 v1324 Intel Volume0		
Network Device BBS Priorit Hard Drive BBS Priorities	cies	

Setup Prompt Timeout [xx]

Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the number of seconds to wait for setup activation key.

Bootup NumLock State [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

Full Screen Logo [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



Set this item to [Enabled] to use the ASUS MyLogo2™ feature.

Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]

Allows you to set the display mode for Options ROM. Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

Interrupt 19 Capture [Enabled]

Allows Option ROMs to trap interrupt 19. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

EFI Boot [Disabled]

Enables or disables EFI Boot. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

Boot Device Seeking [Endless PXE]

[Endless PXE] Continuous seek remote boot image until boot image found or user abort (press Ctrl+Alt+Del).

[Normal] Seek remote boot image once then stop.

Boot Option Priorities

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system.



- To select the boot device during system startup, press <F8> when ASUS Logo appears.
 - To access Windows OS in Safe Mode, do any of the following:
 - Press <F5> when ASUS Logo appears.
 - Press <F8> after POST.

Boot Override

These items displays the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Click an item to start booting from the selected device.

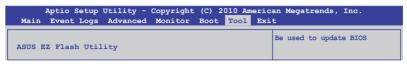
Network Device BBS Priorities

Set the booting order of network devices.

Boot Option #1/#2 [IBA GE Slot 0200 v1324] Configuration options: [IBA GE Slot 0200 v1324] [IBA GE Slot 0300 v1324] [Disabled]

5.8 Tool menu

The Tool menu items allow you to configure options for special functions. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the submenu.



ASUS EZ Flash Utility

Allows you to run ASUS EZ Flash 2. When you press <Enter>. Check section 5.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash Utility for details.

5.9 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.

```
      Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 American Megatrends, Inc.

      Main
      Event Logs
      Advanced
      Monitor
      Boot
      Tool
      Exit

      Save Changes & Reset
      Discard Changes & Reset
      Reset the system after saving the changes.

      Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device
      Image: Comparison of the changes of the changes.
```

Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

Save Changes & Reset

Once you are finished making your selections, choose this option from the Exit menu to ensure the values you selected are saved. When you select this option or if you press <F10>, a confirmation window appears. Select **Yes** to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes & Exit

This option allows you to exit the Setup program without saving your changes. When you select this option or if you press <Esc>, a confirmation window appears. Select **Yes** to discard changes and exit.

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

This option allows you to attempt to launch the EFI Shell application (shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

Chapter 6

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.



configuration

ASUS TS300-E7/PS4

6.1 Setting up RAID

The motherboard comes with the Intel^{B} C204 controller that supports the following SATA RAID solutions:

- LSI MegaRAID software RAID Configuration Utility (default) with RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 10 support (for both Linux and Windows OS).
- Intel Rapid Storage Technology with RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 support (for Windows OS only).

6.1.1 RAID definitions

RAID 0 (*Data striping*) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

RAID 1 (*Data mirroring*) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 10 is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

RAID 5 stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.

- If you want to boot the system from a hard disk drive included in a created RAID set, copy first the RAID driver from the support DVD to a floppy disk before you install an operating system to the selected hard disk drive.
- Please refer to chapter 4 for how to select the RAID configuration utility. Move the jumper to choose between LSI MegaRAID and Intel[®] Rapid RAID.

6.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports Serial ATA for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for RAID configuration:

- 1. Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays following the instructions in the system user guide.
- 2. Connect a SATA signal cable to the signal connector at the back of each drive and to the SATA connector on the motherboard.
- 3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

6.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must set the RAID item in the BIOS Setup before you can create a RAID set from SATA hard disk drives attached to the SATA connectors supported by Intel[®] C204 chipset. To do this:

- 1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
- 2. Go to the Advanced Menu > SATA Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set SATA Mode to [RAID Mode]
- 4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS Setup.



Refer to Chapter 5 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

6.1.4 RAID configuration utilities

Depending on the RAID connectors that you use, you can create a RAID set using the utilities embedded in each RAID controller. For example, use the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility or the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology if you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives on the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Intel[®] C204 chipset.

Refer to the succeeding section for details on how to use the RAID configuration utility.

6.2 LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility

The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set(s) from SATA hard disk drives connected to the SATA connectors supported by the motherboard southbridge chip.

To enter the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility:

- 1. Turn on the system after installing all the SATA hard disk drives.
- During POST, the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically detects the installed SATA hard disk drives and displays any existing RAID set(s). Press <Ctrl> + <M> to enter the utility.

LSI MegaRAID Software RAID E LSI SATA RAID Found at PCI E		
Device present at Port 0	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Device present at Port 1	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Device present at Port 2	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Device present at Port 3	ST3160812AS	152114MB
Press Ctrl-M or Enter to run	LSI Software RAI	D Setup Utility.



- The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically configures to RAID 1 when the SATA to RAID Mode is enabled.
- The RAID setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen due to the controller version difference.
- When you create RAID sets with the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.
- The utility main window appears. Use the arrow keys to select an option from the Management Menu and then press <Enter>. Refer to the Management Menu descriptions on the next page.

At the bottom of the screen is the legend box. The keys on the legend box allow you to navigate through the setup menu options or execute commands. The keys on the legend box vary according to the menu level.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R	
Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency Configure VD(s)	
Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Opti	on

Menu	Description
Configure	Allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1 or RAID 10 set using the Easy Configuration or the New Configuration command. This menu also allows you to view, add, or clear RAID configurations or select the boot drive
Initialize	Allows you to initialize the virtual drives of a created RAID set
Objects	Allows you to initialize virtual drives or change the virtual drive parameters
Rebuild	Allows you to rebuild failed drives
Check Consistency	Allows you to check the data consistency of the virtual drives of a created RAID set

6.2.1 Creating a RAID set

The LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility allows you to create a RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set using two types of configurations: **Easy** and **New**.

In Easy Configuration, the virtual drive parameters are set automatically.

In New Configuration, you manually set the virtual drive parameters.

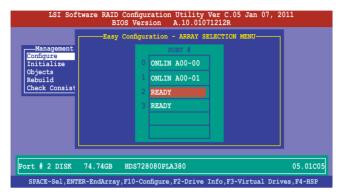
Using Easy Configuration

To create a RAID set using the **Easy Configuration** option:

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Configure > Easy Configuration**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
Configuration Menu- Basy Configuration New Configuration Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency
Defines Physical Arrays. An Array Will Automatically Become A VD Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the drives you want to include in the RAID set, and then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

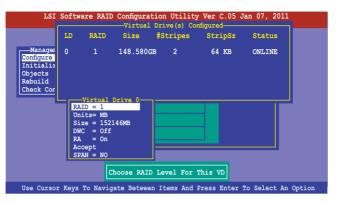




- The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.
- · You need at least two identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 1 set.
- You need at least four identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 10 set.
- Select all the drives required for the RAID set, and then press <F10> to configure array setting.
- 4. Press <Space> to select the configurable array.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R	
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	
Cursor Keys, SPACE-(De)Select F2-ChIdInfo F3-SlotInfo F10-Configure Esc-Quit	

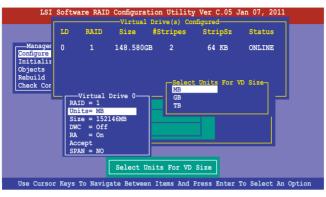
5. Press <F10> again, the virtual drive information appears including a **Virtual Drive** menu that allows you to change the virtual drive parameters.



- 6. Select RAID from the Virtual Drive sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 7. Select the RAID level from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

LD	RAID	Size	Stripes	StripSz	Status
-Manager 0 onfigure hitializ ojects abuild heck Cor	1	148.580GB	2	64 KB	ONLINE
	Virtual D RAID = 1	rive 0	RAID Lev	/el	
	Units= MB Size = 1521	46MB	RAID 1		
	DWC = Off RA = On Accept				
	SPAN = NO				

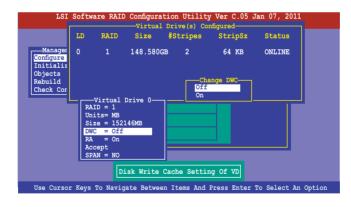
- 8. Select Units from the Virtual Drive sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 9. Select the units for virtual drive size from the menu, and then press <Enter>.



10. When creating a **RAID 1** or a **RAID 10** set, select **DWC** from the **Virtual Drive** menu, and then press <Enter>.

When creating a RAID 0 set, proceed to step 12.

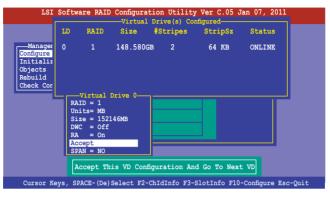
11. Select On to enable the Disk Write Cache setting, and then press < Enter>.





Enabling DWC can improve the performance, but with the risk of data loss.

12. When finished setting the selected virtual drive configuration, select **Accept** from the menu, and then press <Enter>.



- 13. Follow step 2 to 12 to configure additional virtual drives.
- Press <Esc> to finish RAID configuration. When prompted to save configuration, select Yes from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

	LSI	Softw			ion Utilit n A.10.01		Jan 07, 2011	
ľ		ent N V	asy Config Iew Configu	ration onfiguration		<u>Yes</u> No	nfiguration?—	
	Objects Rebuild	LD	RAID		Drive(s) Co #Stripes		Status	
L	Check Con	0	1	148.580G	в 2	64 KB	ONLINE	
				Selec	t Yes Or No	2		
Use	e Cursor K	leys t	o Navigat	e Between	Items And	Press Enter	To Select A	n Option

Using New Configuration



When a RAID set already exists, using the **New Configuration** command erases the existing RAID configuration data. If you do not want to delete the existing RAID set, use the **View/Add Configuration** command to view or create another RAID configuration.

To create a RAID set using the **New Configuration** option

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Configure > New Configuration**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Sof	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011
	BIOS Version A.10.010/1212R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	BIOS Version A.10.01071212R Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration Clear Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive ency
0104	
Use Cursor Keys	to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

- 2. Follow step 2 to 9 of the previous section: Using Easy Configuration.
- 3. Select Size from the Virtual Drive menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. Key-in the desired virtual drive size, and then press < Enter>.

LSI	Softwar	e RAID				Jan 07, 2011	
				Drive(s) Co	onngurea		
	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status	
Manager Configure Initializ Objects Rebuild Check C	0 nter VD	1		в 2	64 KB	ONLINE	
	nter VD	Size: 1	.52146				
	Unit Size DWC RA Acce	0 = 1 5 = MB = 1521 = Off = On ept N = NO	46MB				
			Ente	er VD Size:]		
Use Cursor K	eys to	Navigat	e Between	Items And	Press Enter	To Select Ar	Option

5. Follow step 10 to 14 of the previous section: **Using Easy Configuration** to create the RAID set.

6.2.2 Adding or viewing a RAID configuration

You can add a new RAID configuration or view an existing configuration using the **View/Add Configuration** command.

Adding a new RAID configuration

To add a new RAID configuration:

 From the Management Menu, select Configure > View/Add Configuration, and then press <Enter>.

LSI SOI	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011
	BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
	Configuration Menu
	Easy Configuration
Management	New Configuration
Configure	View/Add Configuration
Initialize	Clear Configuration
Objects	Select Boot Drive
Rebuild	
Check Consist	ency
	View/Add to The Existing Configuration
	Tien/Had to The Entroling comiguration
Use Cursor Ke	ys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive(s) you want to include in the RAID set, then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

_	<pre>head Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R View/Add Configuration - ARRAY SELECTION MENU ROAT # 0 ONLIN A00-00 1 ONLIN A00-01 2 READY 3 READY</pre>
	DISK 77247MB HDS728080PLA380 PF20A60A



The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.

3. Follow step 3 to 12 of section 6.2.1 Creating a RAID set: Using Easy Configuration to add a new RAID set.

6.2.3 Initializing the virtual drives

After creating the RAID set(s), you must initialize the virtual drives. You may initialize the virtual drives of a RAID set(s) using the **Initialize** or **Objects** command on the **Management Menu**.

Using the Initialize command

To initialize the virtual drive using the Initialize command

1. From the Management Menu, select Initialize, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software	RAID Configuration		Jan 07, 3	2011
Configure Configure Unitialize Objects Rabuild Check Consistency	BIOS Version	A.10.01071212R		
	Initial	ize VD(s)		
Use Cursor Keys To	Navigate Between It	ems And Press Ente:	r To Selec	t An Option

2. The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to initialize. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive from the **Virtual Drive** selection, and then press <Space>.

LSI Software I		ation Utili ion A.10.(5 Jan 07, 201	.1
		Virtual	Drive(s) C	onfigured	
Management Menu-	LD RAII		#Stripes		Status
Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency Virtual Drives Virtual Drive 0	0 1	148.580G	3 2	64 KB	ONLINE
		Select VD	Taitialia		
	SPACE-(De)S	elect, F10	-Initialize	1	

3. Press <F10> to start initialization. When prompted, select **Yes** from the **Initialize?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

Manager Manager	1- LD			Drive(s) Co		0 h a h a a
		RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Initialize Objects Rebuild	0	1	148.580GB	2	64 KB	ONLINE
Check Consistency			Initiali <u>Yes</u> No	ze?		
Virtual Drives Virtual Drive						
				Selected VD	1-2	



Initializing a virtual drive erases all data on the drive.

4. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

LSI Software	RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
Management Menu- Configure Initial Objects VI Rebuild Check Cc	Virtual Drive(s) Configured LD RAID Size #Stripss StripSz Status Init of VD is In Process 44 vp ONLINE 0 Initialization Complete. Press Esc ; 100% Completed
Virtual Drive 0	
	SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize

Using the Objects command

To initialize the virtual drives using the **Objects** command

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Objects > Virtual Drive**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
Management Management Mapter Virtual Drive Objects Rebuild Check Consistency Change VD Parameters
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. Select the virtual drive to initialize from the **Virtual Drives** sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R				
Vitual Drive () Vitual Drive 0 Vitual Drive				
Press ENTER To Select A VD, To Delete A VD				

3. Select **Initialize** from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter> to start initialization.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
Vitual Drive (1)
- Management Adapter Configure Virtual Drive Initialize Physical Drive
Check Consistency View/Update Parameters
Initilize VD
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

4. When prompted, press the <Space> to select **Yes** from the **Initialize?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
Vitual Drive (1) Vitual Drive 0 Vitual Drive 0 Physical Drive Objects Rebuild Check Consistency Initialize View/Upi View No Init Will Destroy Data On Selected VD(s)
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

5. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

6.2.4 Rebuilding failed drives

You can manually rebuild failed hard disk drives using the **Rebuild** command in the **Management Menu**.

To rebuild a failed hard disk drive

1. From the Management Menu, select Rebuild, and then press <Enter>.

	T.ST	Software	RATD Con	figuration	IItility	Ver C.05	Jan 07	2011	
	101	DOLCHUIC		Version			0411 07	, 2011	
		ent Menu—	-						
	figure								
	tialize	9							
	uild								
		sistency							
			-						
				Rebuil	d PD(s)				
				Rebuilt	a 10 (3/				
Use	Curso	r Keys To	Navigate I	Between It	ems And 1	Press Ente:	r To Sel	lect An Option	

 The PHYSICAL DRIVES SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive you want to rebuild, and then press <Space>.



3. After selecting the drive to rebuild, press <F10>. When prompted, press <Y> to rebuild the drive.



4. When rebuild is complete, press any key to continue.

6.2.5 Checking the drives for data consistency

You can check and verify the accuracy of data redundancy in the selected virtual drive. The utility can automatically detect and/or detect and correct any differences in data redundancy depending on the selected option in the **Objects > Adapter** menu.



The **Check Consistency** command is available only for virtual drives included in a RAID 1 or RAID 10 set.

Using the Check Consistency Command

To check data consistency using the Check Consistency command

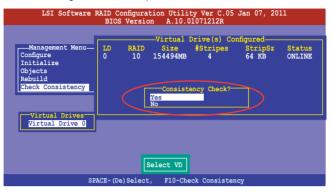
1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Check Consistency**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software	RAID Configuration BIOS Version		Jan 07, 2011	
Management Menu- Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency]			
	CC Of	VD(s)		
Use Cursor Keys To	Navigate Between It	ems And Press Enter	To Select An Opti	.on

 The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to check. Press <Space> to select the virtual drive from the Virtual Drive sub-menu, and then press <F10>.

LSI Software 1			tion Utilit n A.10.0		Jan 07, 20	11
			-Virtual D	rive(s) Co	onfigured	
Management Menu Configure	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency	0	1	148.580GB	2	64 KB	ONLINE
Virtual Drives Virtual Drive 0		s	elect VD			
SP	ACE-(De)	Select	, F10-Che	ck Consister	ncy	

3. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the **Consistency Check?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.



A progress bar appears on screen.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R					
Management Configure Initial Objects Rebuild Check Cc	Virtual Drive(s) Configured I Menu ID RAID Size Strips Strips Status CC Under Process A SA VE ONLINE VD 0 Consistency Check. Press Esc to Abort. ; 85 % Completed				
Virtual Dr	ne Data On The Drives Is Inconsistency. Repair Done!				
	SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Check Consistency				

- While checking the disk consistency, press <Esc> to display the following options.
 - Stop Stops the consistency check. The utility stores the percentage of disk checked, and when you restart checking, it continues from the last percentage completed rather than from zero percent.
 - Continue Continues the consistency check.
 - Abort Aborts the consistency check. When you restart checking, it continues from zero percent.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

Using the Objects command

To check data consistency using the Objects command

- 1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Objects**, and then select **Virtual Drive** from the sub-menu.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive you want to check, and then press <Enter>.
- 3. Select Check Consistency from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the dialog box to check the drive.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

6.2.6 Deleting a RAID configuration

To delete a RAID configuration

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Configure > Clear Configuration**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Sof	tware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Configuration Menu- Easy Configuration New Configuration View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive
Use Cursor Ke	ys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the **Clear Configuration?** dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Sof	tware RAI	D Configu BIOS Ver:					n 07,	2011	
-Management Configura Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Configu Easy Configu New Config View/A Clear Select ency	ration Me Eguration nuration Clear (Yes No	20nfigura	ition?	ration				
Use Cursor Key	ys To Navi	.gate Betw	veen Ite	ems And	Press E	nter To	Selec	t An Opt	tion

The utility clears all the current array(s).

3. Press any key to continue.

6.2.7 Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set

You must have created a new RAID configuration before you can select the boot drive from a RAID set. See section **6.2.1 Creating a RAID set: Using New Configuration** for details.

To select the boot drive from a RAID set

1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Configure > Select Boot Drive**, and then press <Enter>.

LSI So:	ftware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011
	BIOS Version A.10.01071212R
	Configuration Menu
	Easy Configuration
Management	New Configuration
Configure	View/Add Configuration
Initialize	Clear Configuration
Objects	Select Boot Drive
Rebuild	
Check Consist	tency
	Select A Boot VD
Use Cursor Ke	eys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select the bootable virtual drive from the list, then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Jan 07, 2011 BIOS Version A.10.01071212R						
Management Configura Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Config Boot Drive 0 Easy Con New Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive					
Use Cursor Ke	ys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option					

3. The virtual drive is selected as boot drive. Press any key to continue.

6.2.8 Enabling WriteCache

You may manually enable the RAID controller's WriteCache option after creating a RAID set to improve the data transmission performance.



When you enable WriteCache, you may lose data when a power interruption occurs while transmitting or exchanging data among the drives.

The WriteCache function is recommended for RAID 1 and RAID 10 sets.

To enable WriteCache

- 1. From the **Management Menu**, select **Objects** > **Adapter**, select an existing adapter, and then press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 2. Select **Disk WC**, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.



- From the Management Menu, select Objects > Virtual Drive, select an existing adapter and press <Enter>. Select View/Update Parameters and press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 4. Select **Disk WC**, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.



5. When finished, press any key to continue.

6.3 Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology Option ROM Utility

The Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology Option ROM utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.

To enter the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility:

- 1. Install all the Serial ATA hard disk drives.
- 2. Turn on the system.
- 3. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 10.1.0.1008 Copyright(C) 2003-10 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.							
1. Create RAII 2. Delete RAII		3. Res 4. Rec	set Disks to Non-RAID covery Volume Options				
RAID Volumes: None defined. Physical Devices: Port Drive Model 0 ST3160812AS	<pre>=[DISK/VOLUME INF Serial # 9LSOHJA4</pre>		= Data is Encrypted Type/Status(Vol ID) Non-RAID Disk				
1 ST3160812AS 2 ST3160812AS 3 ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL 3LSOJYL8 9LSOBJ5H	149.0GB 149.0GB 149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk Non-RAID Disk Non-RAID Disk				
[^↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	[EN	TER]-Select Menu				

The navigation keys at the bottom of the screen allow you to move through the menus and select the menu options.

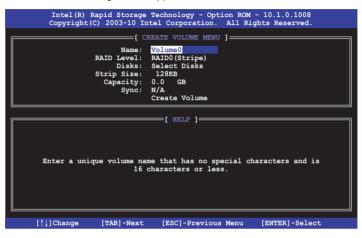


The RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.

6.3.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **1. Create RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.



- 2. Enter a name for the RAID set and press < Enter>.
- 3. When the **RAID Level** item is selected, press the up/down arrow keys to select a RAID level to create, and then press <Enter>.
- When the **Disks** item is selected, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives you want to include in the RAID set. The **SELECT DISKS** screen appears.

Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status		
)	ST3160812AS	9LSOHJA4	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
L	ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
2	ST3160812AS	3LS0JYL8	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
3	ST3160812AS	9LSOBJ5H	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk		
Select 2 to 6 disks to use in creating the volume.						

 Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, and then press <Space> to select. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only), and then press <Enter>. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values: RAID 0: 128KB RAID 10: 64KB RAID 5: 64KB



We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

- When the Capacity item is selected, enter the RAID volume capacity that you want and press <Enter>. The default value indicates the maximum allowed capacity.
- 8. When the **Create Volume** item is selected, press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



 Press <Y> to create the RAID volume and return to the main menu, or <N> to go back to the CREATE VOLUME menu.

6.3.2 Creating a Recovery set

To create a recovery set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **1. Create RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 10.1.0.1008 Copyright(C) 2003-10 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.							
Name: RAID Level:	RAIDO(Stripe) Select Disks 128KB 0.0 GB						
[HELP] [HELP] Enter a unique volume name that has no special characters and is 16 characters or less.							
[↑↓]Change [TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select						

- 2. Enter a name for the recovery set and press <Enter>.
- 3. When the **RAID Level** item is selected, press the up/down arrow keys to select **Recovery**, and then press <Enter>.
- When the **Disks** item is selected, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives you want to include in the recovery set. The **SELECT DISKS** screen appears.

Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
0	ST3160812AS	9LSOHJA4	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
1	ST3160812AS	9LSOF4HL	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
2	ST3160812AS	3LS0JYL8	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
3	ST3160812AS	9LSOBJ5H	149.0GB	Non-RAID Disk
	Select 1 Maste	er and 1 Recov	ery disk to	create volume.

- Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, press <TAB> to select a Master disk, and then press <SPACE> to select a Recovery disk. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection.
- 6. When the **Sync** item is selected, use the up/down arrow keys to select a sync option that you want and press <Enter>.
- 7. When the **Create Volume** item is selected, press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



 Press <Y> to create the recovery set and return to the main menu, or <N> to go back to the CREATE VOLUME menu.



If a recovery set is created, you cannot add more RAID sets even when you have more non-RAID disks installed in your system.

6.3.3 Deleting a RAID set



Take caution when deleting a RAID set. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives when you delete a RAID set.

To delete a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **2. Delete RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 10.1.0.1008 Copyright(C) 2003-10 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.							
				UME MENU]			
ame olume0	Level RAID0(Str	Dri [.] Cipe)	ves 2	Capacity 298.0GB		Bootable Yes	
Deleting a volume will reset the disks to non-RAID. WARNING: ALL DISK DATA WILL BE DELETED.							
	(This	does not	apply	to Recover	y volumes)		
[↑↓]-Se	lect	[ESC]-P	revious	Menu	[DEL]-Delet	te Volume	

2. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set you want to delete, and then press . The following warning message appears.



3. Press <Y> to delete the RAID set and return to the utility main menu, or press <N> to return to the **DELETE VOLUME** menu.

6.3.4 Resetting disks to Non-RAID



Take caution before you reset a RAID volume hard disk drive to non-RAID. Resetting a RAID volume hard disk drive deletes all internal RAID structure on the drive.

To reset a RAID set hard disk drive:

1. From the utility main menu, select **3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.



- Use the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set drive(s) you want to reset, and then press <Space> to select.
- Press <Enter> to reset the RAID set drive(s). A confirmation message appears.
- Press <Y> to reset the drive(s) or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

6.3.5 Recovery Volume Options

If you have created a recovery set, you can configure more recovery set options following the descriptions in the section.



See section 6.3.2 Creating a Recovery set to create a recovery set before continue.

To configure a recovery set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **4. Recovery Volume Options** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

	corage Technology - Optic -10 Intel Corporation.	
1.	[RECOVERY VOLUME OPTION Enable Only Recovery D Enable Only Master Dis	Disk
Enable Only Master	[HELP] 7 Disk - enables recover disables master disk. 7 Disk - enables master disk. 6 disables recovery disk 6 change from Continuous 1	disk if available and
[↑↓]-Select	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select

2. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the option you want, and then press <ENTER>. The **SELECT RECOVERY VOLUME** screen appears.

		RECOVERY VOI		
lame	Level	Capacity	Status	Bootable
/olume0	Recovery (Cont.)	149.0GB	Normal	Yes
	Select a Recovery v	volume to do	the opera	tion.
	Select a Recovery v	volume to do	the opera	tion.

 Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, and then press <Space> to select. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection and return to the utility main menu.

6.3.6 Exiting the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology utility

To exit the utility:

1. From the utility main menu, select **5. Exit**, and then press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



2. Press <Y> to exit or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

6.3.7 Rebuilding the RAID



This option is only for the RAID 1 set.

Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID 1 array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "**Degraded**" during POST. You can rebuild the RAID array with other installed non-RAID disks.

To rebuild the RAID with other non-RAID disk:

- 1. At the prompt, press <Ctrl> + <l> to enter the Intel Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility.
- 2. If there is a non-RAID SATA Hard Disk available, the utility will prompt to rebuild the RAID. Press <Enter>, and then use up/down arrow keys to select the destination disk or press <ESC> to exit.





Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

3. The utility immediately starts rebuilding after the disk is selected. The status of the degraded RAID volume is changed to "**Rebuild**".

		- Option ROM - 10.1.0.1008 cion. All Rights Reserved.
1. Create RAID 2. Delete RAID		J. Reset Disks to Non-RAID 4. Recovery Volume Options
RAID Volumes: ID Name Leve 0 Volume0 RAID		RMATION] * = Data is Encrypted Size Status Bootable 149.0GB Rebuild Yes
1 ST3160812AS	Serial # 9LSOF4HL 3LSOJYL8	Size Type/Status(Vol ID) 149.0GB Member Disk(0) 149.0GB Member Disk(0)
Volumes with "Rebuild"	status will be reb	wilt within the operating system.
[↑↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	[ENTER]-Select Menu

- 4. Exit Intel Rapid Storage Technology and reboot the system.
- Under Microsoft[®] Windows OS, select Start > Programs > Intel Rapid Storage > Intel Rapid Storage Console or click the Intel Rapid Storage Technology tray icon to load the Intel Rapid Storage Manager utility.
- 6. From the **View** menu, select **Advanced Mode** to display the details of the Intel Rapid Storage Console.
- 7. From the **Volumes view** option, select **RAID volume** to view the rebuilding status. When finished, the status is changed to "**Normal**".

Rebuilding the RAID with a new hard disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "**Degraded**" during POST. You may replace the disk drive and rebuild the RAID array.

To rebuild the RAID with a new hard disk:

1. Remove the failed SATA hard disk and install a new SATA hard disk of the same specification into the same SATA Port.



Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

2. Reboot the system and then follow the steps in section **Rebuilding the RAID** with other non-RAID disk.

6.3.8 Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility

You can set the boot priority sequence in the BIOS for your RAID arrays when creating multi-RAID using the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology.

To set the boot array in the BIOS:



Set at least one of the arrays bootable to boot from the hard disk.

- 1. Reboot the system and press to enter the BIOS setup utility during POST.
- 2. Go to the **Boot** menu and select the boot option priority.
- 3. Use up/down arrow keys to select the boot priority and press <Enter>. See section **4.7 Boot menu** for details.
- 4. From the Exit menu, select Save Changes & Exit, then press <Enter>.
- 5. When the confirmation window appears, select **Yes**, then press <Enter>.



Chapter 7

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.



installation Driver

ASUS TS300-E7/PS4

7.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

7.1.1 Creating a RAID driver disk



The system does not include a floppy drive. You have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk.



If you have created RAID sets with the LSI Software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical disk drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.

A floppy disk with the RAID driver is required when installing Windows[®] or Red Hat[®] Enterprise operating system on a hard disk drive that is included in a RAID set. You can create a RAID driver disk in DOS (using the Makedisk application in the support DVD).

To create a RAID driver disk in DOS environment

- 1. Place the motherboard support DVD in the optical drive.
- 2. Restart the computer, and then enter the BIOS Setup.
- 3. Select the optical drive as the first boot priority to boot from the support DVD. Save your changes, and then exit the BIOS Setup.
- 4. Restart the computer. The Makedisk menu appears.



5. Use the arrow keys to select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create and press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu.

C20x INTEL RAID Driver



C20x LSI RAID Driver

C20x LSI RAID Driver
Windows XP 32 bit Windows XP 64 bit
Windows Server 2003 32 bit
Windows Server 2003 52 bit Windows Server 2003 64 bit
Windows Vista 32 bit
Windows Vista 52 bit Windows Vista 64 bit
Windows Server 2008 32 bit
Windows Server 2008 64 bit
Windows 7 32 bit
Windows 7 64 bit
Windows Server 2008 R2 64 bit
RHEL AS4 UP7 32/64 bit
RHEL AS4 UP8 32/64 bit
RHEL 5 UP4 32/64 bit
RHEL 5 UP5 32/64 bit
RHEL 6 32 bit
RHEL 6 64 bit
SLES 10 SP2 32 bit
SLES 10 SP2 64 bit
SLES 10 SP3 32 bit
SLES 10 SP3 64 bit
SLES 11 32 bit
,

- 6. Locate the RAID driver and place a blank, high-density floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- 7. Press <Enter>.
- 8. Follow screen instructions to create the driver disk.

To create a RAID driver disk in Windows® environment

- 1. Start Windows[®].
- 2. Place the motherboard support DVD into the optical drive.
- 3. Go to the **Make disk** menu, and then select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create.
- 4. Insert a floppy disk into the USB floppy disk drive.
- 5. Follow succeeding screen instructions to complete the process.



Write-protect the floppy disk to avoid computer virus infection.

To create a RAID driver disk in Red Hat® Enterprise Linux server environment

- 1. Insert a blank formatted high-density floppy disk to the USB floppy disk drive.
- Type dd if=XXX.img of=/dev/fd0 to decompress the file into the floppy disk from the following path in the support DVD:

For LSI MegaRAID Driver

\Drivers\C20x LSI RAID\Driver\makedisk\Linux

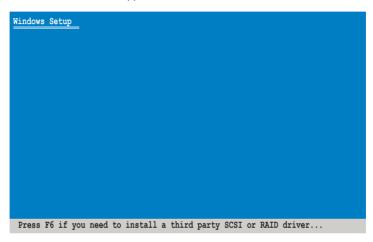
3. Eject the floppy disk.

7.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

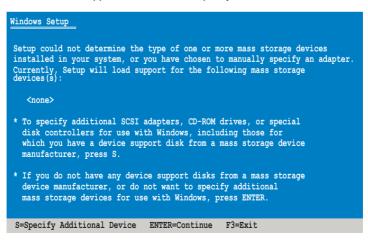
During Windows® Server 2003 / XP OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows® Server 2003 / XP OS

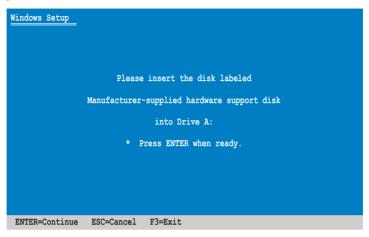
- 1. Boot the computer using the Windows[®] Server 2003 / XP installation disc. The Windows[®] Setup starts.
- 2. Press <F6> when the message "Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver..." appears at the bottom of the screen.



3. The next screen appears. Press <S> to specify an additional device.



4. Insert the RAID driver disk you created earlier to the floppy disk drive, then press <Enter>.



- 5. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list, and then press <Enter>.
- 6. The Windows[®] Setup loads the RAID controller drivers from the RAID driver disk. When the next screen appears, press <Enter> to continue installation.
- 7. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow screen instructions to continue.

During Windows® Server 2008 OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows® Server 2008 OS

- 1. Boot the computer using the Windows[®] Server 2008 OS installation disc. Follow the screen instructions to start installing Windows Server 2008.
- 2. When prompted to choose a type of installation, click **Custom (advanced)**.

5	Upgrade Upgrade to a newer version of Windows and keep your files, settings, and programs. The option to upgrade is only available when an existing version of Windows is running. We recommend backing up your files before you proceed.
V	Custom (advanced) Install a new capy of Windows. This option does not keep your files, settings, and programs. The option to make change to disks and participations is available when you star your computer using the installation disc. We recommend backing up your files backing you process
Help me d	eride

3. Click Load Driver.

	Name	Total Size	Free Space	Туре
a	Disk 0 Partition 1	153.4 GB	144.1 GB	System
¢	Disk 1 Unallocated Space	148.1 GB	148.1 GB	
2 Ref	d Driver		Drive option:	s (<u>a</u> dvanced)

4. A message appears, reminding you to insert the installation media containing the driver of the RAID controller driver. If you have only one optical drive installed in your system, eject the Windows OS installation disc and replace with the motherboard Support DVD into the optical drive. Click **Browse** to continue.

- 5. Locate the driver in the corresponding folder of the Support DVD, and then click **OK** to continue.
- 6. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list and click **Next**.
- When the system finishes loading the RAID driver, replace the motherboard Support DVD with the Windows Server installation disc. Select the drive to install Windows and click Next.

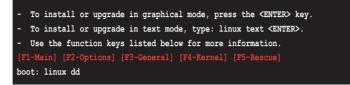
153.4 GB	144.0 GB	Sustem
		System
592.3 GB	584.9 GB	Primary
	Drive option	s (<u>a</u> dvanced)
		Drive option

8. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow screen instructions to continue.

Red Hat[®] Enterprise Linux OS 5.0

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Red Hat® Enterprise OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the Red Hat® OS installation CD.
- 2. At the boot:, type linux dd.
- 3. Press < Enter>.



 Select Yes using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk, then press <Enter>.

Do you have a driver disk?					
Yes	No				

5. Insert the Red Hat[®] Enterprise RAID driver disk to the USB floppy disk drive, select **OK**, then press <Enter>.



The drivers for the RAID card are installed to the system.

6. When asked if you will load additional RAID controller drivers, select **No**, then press <Enter>.



7. Follow the onscreen instructions to finish the OS installation.

SUSE Linux 11 OS

To install the RAID controller driver when installing SUSE Linux Enterprise Server OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the SUSE OS installation CD.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select **Installation** from the **Boot Options** menu.

	Bc	ot from Hard Disk			
	In	stallation			
	Re	pair Installed Sys	tem		
	Re	scue System			
	Ch	eck Installation M	ledia		
	Fi	rmware Test			
	Me	mory Test			
	Boot Opt	ions			
F1 Help	F2 Language English(U	F3 Video Mode S) 1024 X768	F4 Source DVD	F5 Kernel Default	F6 Driver No

3. Press <F6>, then select Yes from the menu. Press <Enter>.

	Boot from Hard Disk			
	Installation			
	Repair Installed Syst	:em		
	Rescue System			
	Check Installation Me	edia		
	Firmware Test			
	Memory Test			
				Yes
Boot (Options			No
2000	P 02 0110			File
				URL
F1 Help F2 Languag	·	F4 Source	F5 Kernel	F6 Driver
English	n(US) 1024 X768	DVD	Default	No

4. Insert the RAID driver disk to the floppy disk drive. Type the command **acpi=off apic=bigsmp brokenmodules=ahci** in **Boot Options** field, and press <Enter>.

	Boot fro	m Hard Disk			
	Installa	tion			
	Repair I	nstalled Syste	m		
	Rescue S	ystem			
	Check In	stallation Med	lia		
	Firmware	Test			
	Memory T	est			
Во	ot Options a	cpi=off apic=b	igsmp broken	modules=ahci	
F1 Help F2 Lan Eng	guage <mark>F3</mark> lish(US)		F4 Source DVD	F5 Kernel F6 Default	Driver Yes

5. When below screen appears, select the USB floppy disk drive (sda) as the driver update medium. Select **OK**, then press <Enter>.



6. The drivers for the RAID controller are installed to the system as shown below.

Please choose the Driver Update medium.
sda: USB Floppy sr0: CD-ROM, ASUS DRW-1612BLT
sdb: Disk, LSI MEGA RAID sd3: Disk, LSI MEGA RAID Console other device
OK Back

7. Select **Back** and follow the onscreen instructions to finish the installation.

7.2 Intel[®] chipset device software installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel[®] chipset device software on the system.

You need to manually install the ${\rm Intel}^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}}$ chipset device software on a Windows operating system.

To install the Intel[®] chipset device software:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

3. Click the item Intel Chipset Device Software from the menu.



4. The Intel(R) Chipset Device Software window appears. Click Next to start installation.



5. Select **Yes** to accept the terms of the **License Agreement** and continue the process.



6. Read the **Readme File Information** and press **Next** to continue the installation.



7. After completing the installation, click **Finish** to complete the setup process.



7.3 LAN driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the $\text{Intel}^{\text{®}}$ Gigabit LAN controller drivers on the system.

You need to manually install the LAN contrroller driver on a Windows[®] operating system.

To install the LAN controller drivers:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



- Windows[®] automatically detects the LAN controllers and displays a New Hardware Found window. Click Cancel to close this window.
- If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Doubleclick the ASSETUP.EXE to run the DVD.
- 3. Click the Intel[®] PRO/1000 Gigabit Adapters Driver to begin installation.



4. Click Next when the Intel(R) Network Connections–InstallShield Wizard window appears.

e to the InstallShield Wizard for Network Connections	(intel)
Installs drivers, Intel(R) PROSet for Windows* Device Manager, and Advanced Networking Services.	
WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.	
	Cancel

5. Toggle I accept the terms in the license agreement and click Next to continue.

License Agreement Please read the following license agr		(intel
Please read the rollowing license age	reement carerully.	0
INTEL SOFTWARE LIC	CENSE AGREEMENT (Final, Li	icense)
IMPORTANT - READ BEF	ORE COPYING, INSTALLING	OR USING.
Do not use or load this software a	and any associated material	s (collectively, the
"Software") until you have carefu loading or using the Software, you do not wish to so agree, do not in:	lly read the following terms u agree to the terms of this i	and conditions. By
"Software") until you have carefu loading or using the Software, you do not wish to so agree, do not in: LICENSES: Please Note:	Ily read the following terms u agree to the terms of this a stall or use the Software.	and conditions. By
"Software") until you have carefu loading or using the Software, you do not wish to so agree, do not in: LICENSES: Please Note: © [] accept the terms in the license agr	Ily read the following terms u agree to the terms of this i stall or use the Software. eement	and conditions. By Agreement. If you
Do not use or load this software a "Software") until you have careful loading or using the Software, you do not wish to so agree, do not in LICENSES: Please Note: © [accept the terms in the license agr C 1 do not accept the terms in the license softsheed	Ily read the following terms u agree to the terms of this i stall or use the Software. eement	and conditions. By Agreement. If you

6. Click the Intel(R) PROSet for Windows Device Manager box, and then click Next to start the installation.

Intel(R) Network Connections	×
Setup Options Select the program features you want installed.	(intel)
Install:	
Orivers Intel(R) PROSet for Windows* Device Manager Idf Intel(R) PROSet for Windows* Device Manager Idf Advanced Network Services Intel(R) Network Connections SNMP Agent	
Feature Description	
<back< td=""><td>ext > Cancel</td></back<>	ext > Cancel

7. Follow the screen instructions to complete installation.



8. When finished, press Finish to continue.



7.4 VGA driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the ASPEED Video Graphics Adapter (VGA) driver.

You need to manually install the ASPEED VGA driver on a Windows® operating system.

To install the ASPEED VGA driver:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

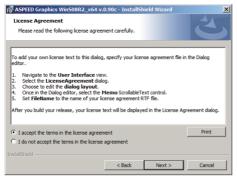
3. Click the ASPEED AST2050 Display Driver to begin installation.



4. Click Next to start the installation.



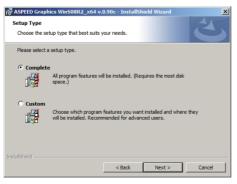
5. Toggle I accept the terms in the license agreement and click Next to continue.



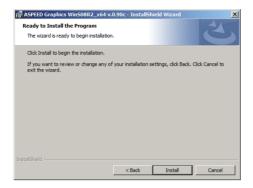
6. Enter the user information and click Next to continue.

Harabel Graphics WinS08R2_x64 v.	0.90c - InstallSł	hield Wizard	X
Customer Information			
Please enter your information.			
User Name:			
Windows User			
Organization:			
InstallShield			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

7. Select a setup type and click Next to continue.



8. Click Install to start driver installation.



9. When the installation completes, click **Finish** to restart your computer before using the program.

ASPEED Graphics Win508R2	_x64 v.0.90c - InstallShield Wizard	×
	InstallShield Wizard Completed InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed ASFEED Graphics WinS08R2_x64 v.0.90c. Click Finish to exit the witzard.	
	< Back Finish Cancel	

7.5 Management applications and utilities installation

The support DVD that came with the motherboard package contains the drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to avail all motherboard features.



The contents of the support DVD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) for updates.

7.5.1 Running the support DVD

Place the support DVD to the optical drive. The DVD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Double-click the ASSETUP.EXE to run the support DVD.

7.5.2 Drivers menu

The Drivers menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



The screen display and driver options vary under different operating system versions.



7.5.3 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu displays the software applications and utilities that the motherboard supports. Click an item to install.



7.5.4 Make disk menu

The Make disk menu contains items to create the Intel RAID and LSI MegaRAID driver disks.



7.5.5 Contact information

Click the Contact tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.



-2	4

ASUS contact information

ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.

Address
Telephone
Fax
E-mail
Web site

Fax

15 Li-Te Road, Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan 11259 +886-2-2894-3447 +886-2-2890-7798 info@asus.com.tw http://www.asus.com.tw

Technical Support Telephone

+86-21-38429911 +86-21-58668722 ext: 9101 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. (Taiwan)

Address Telephone Fax E-mail Web site

Online Support

15 Li-Te Road, Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan 11259 +886-2-2894-3447 +886-2-2890-7798 info@asus.com.tw http://www.asus.com.tw

Technical Support

Telephone Online Support +886-2-2894-3447 (0800-093-456) http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. (China)

Address

Telephone Fax Web site No.508, Chundong Road, Xinzhuang Industrial Zone, Minhang District, Shanghai, China. +86-21-5442-1616 +86-21-5442-0099 http://www.asus.com.cn

Technical Support

Telephone Online Support +86-21-3407-4610 (800-820-6655) http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUS contact information

ASUS COMPUTER INTERNATIONAL (America)

Address
Fax
Web site

800 Corporate Way, Fremont, CA 94539, USA +1-510-608-4555 http://usa.asus.com

Technical Support Support fax

General support

Online support

+1-812-284-0883 +1-812-282-2787 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

ASUS COMPUTER GmbH (Germany and Austria)

Address Fax Web site Online contact Harkort Str. 21-23, D-40880 Ratingen, Germany +49-2102-959911 http://www.asus.de http://www.asus.de/sales

Technical Support

 Telephone
 +49-1805-010923*

 Support Fax
 +49-2102-959911

 Online support
 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

 * EUR 0.14/minute from a German fixed landline; EUR 0.42/minute from a mobile phone.