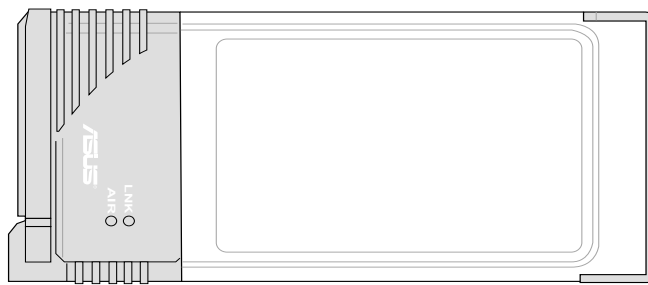


ASUS SpaceLink PC Card

User's Manual



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Product Name:	ASUS SpaceLink PC Card (WL-100)
Manual Revision:	1.00 E914
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Safety Statements

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

WARNING! The use of a shielded-type power cord is required in order to meet FCC emission limits and to prevent interference to the nearby radio and television reception. It is essential that only the supplied power cord be used. Use only shielded cables to connect I/O devices to this equipment. You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.

Reprinted from the Code of Federal Regulations #47, part 15.193, 1993. Washington DC: Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Administration, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Canadian Department of Communications

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

**This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.
Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme
NMB-003 du Canada.**

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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

Thank you for purchasing the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is a wireless network interface card (NIC) for any computer equipped with a Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA) Type II socket. ASUS SpaceLink PC Card conforms to the PCMCIA release 2.x standard and is designed to be fully compliant with the IEEE 802.11b wireless local area network (Wireless LAN) standard. As a result of the completion of the standard, the interoperability of Wireless LAN products among multiple manufacturers will be guaranteed.

The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card product provides high-speed, standards-based Wireless LAN solutions. Supporting data rates up to 11 Mbps, with automatic fallback to 5.5, 2, and 1 Mbps. It operates in the unlicensed 2.4 GHz frequencies called the Instrumentation, Science, and Medical (ISM) band. Unlicensed means free of charge to users. The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card configuration utility is a user-friendly application that helps you quickly setup multiple roaming nodes using the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. You can even export the configuration settings to a file and import them to other computers for fast multiple installations.

Wireless LANs are complementary extensions to existing wired LANs, offering complete mobility while maintaining continuous network connectivity to both corporate and home Intranets. They add a new level of convenience for LAN users. PC users stay connected to the network anywhere throughout a building without being bound by a LAN wire. This is accomplished through the use of a device known as the Access Point (AP). By making use of AP in the office, you can easily establish mobile network connections to the enterprise Intranet or Internet. Moreover, you can bring your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card home to make your home-networking dream come true! A home-dedicated AP, with built-in Internet gateway capability, allows your family to share a broadband Modem and one ISP account simultaneously with no excessive, tedious ties! Connected anywhere, at any time, your family will feel closer by the invisible magic of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card!

1.2 Package Contents

When you receive the Wireless LAN package, it should contain the following items:

- ASUS SpaceLink PC Card (PCMCIA Type II)
- User's Manual
- CD-ROM Disc (Windows/Linux drivers, utilities, manual)
- Warranty and registration card

If any of the above items are not included or damaged, contact your local dealer for instructions.

2. Installation

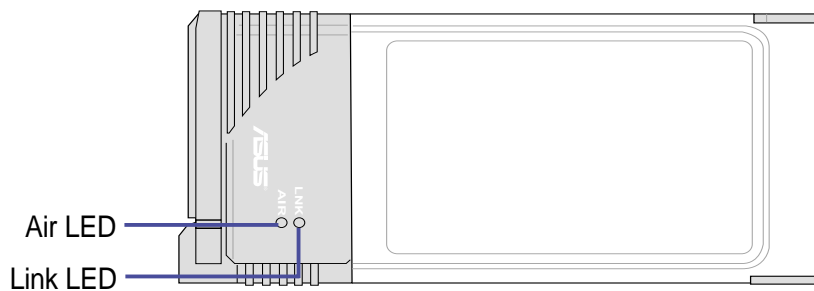
This chapter explains how to install the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card hardware, drivers, and utilities. Although desktop PCs may have a PCMCIA slot, this manual will concentrate on Notebook PCs. The product is designed to operate in Windows Me, 2000, and XP. Examples in this manual will be that of Windows ME.

Complete the following steps to install the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

1. Install the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.
2. Install the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card Driver
3. Install the TCP/IP protocol.
4. Install the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card Utilities

2.1 Installing Drivers for Windows

1. Turn ON your computer and enter Windows.
2. Insert the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card into a PCMCIA Type II slot with the connector side first. The “LNK” and “AIR” LEDs represent the top side and the “MAC” address sticker represents the bottom side. Push the PC Card into the slot until it is firmly seated.



CAUTION: Make sure that you carefully align the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card into the PC Card socket. Forcing a misaligned PC Card will damage the PC Card or the computer.

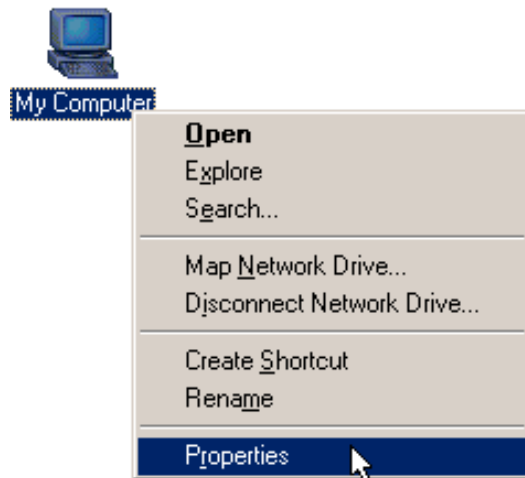
Chapter 2 - Installation

3. Windows will automatically detect the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card once it is inserted into the PCMCIA slot. Windows will display a New Hardware Found dialog box and guide you through installing the driver. If you previously installed the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card Utility/Driver, Windows will find the driver for the PC Card in its system folder. Otherwise, Windows will open a “Add New Hardware Wizard” dialog. The dialog will tell you that Windows will search for new drivers for the PC Card. Click **Next** to continue.
4. Select **Search for the best driver for your device** (Recommended) and then click **Next**.
5. Specify the location of the drivers for your operation system and click **Next**.
 - Windows 98 - [CD]:\Driver\Win98
 - Windows Me - [CD]:\Driver\WinMe
 - Windows 2000 - [CD]:\Driver\Win2K
 - Windows XP - [CD]:\Driver\WinXP

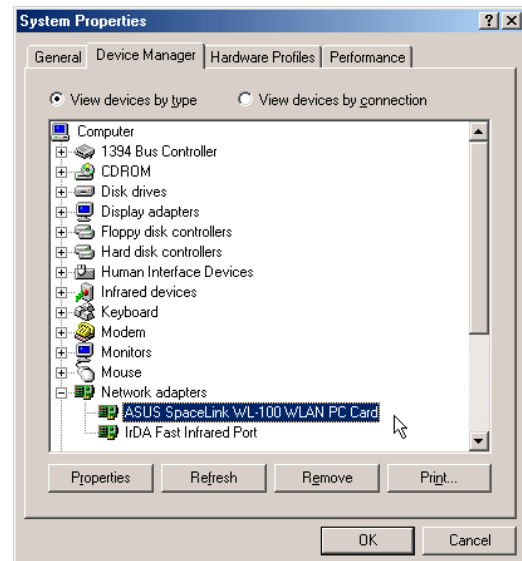
Where [CD] represents the driver letter of your CD-ROM drive.
6. Wait while Windows searches for the device driver for the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. When Windows finds the driver “ASUS SpaceLink WL-100 WLAN PC Card”, click **Next**.
7. During the installation, Windows may prompt you to insert the “Windows Operating System CD” which contains some driver files. Insert your Windows setup disc and type the path if necessary and click **Yes**. Windows will start copying the necessary files.
8. When the installation procedure is completed, click **Finish**.
9. When prompted, restart your computer.

2.1.1 Verifying Installation

Windows ME



1. Right-click "My Computer" on the desktop and select **Properties**.

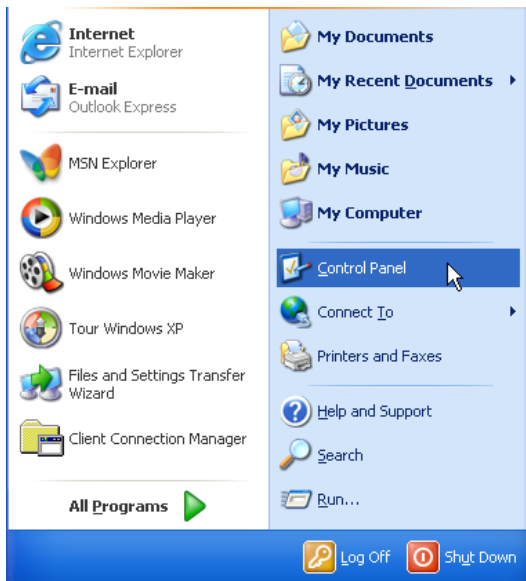


2. Click **Device Manager** and look under "Network adapters" for "Wireless LAN PC Card".

Chapter 2 - Installation

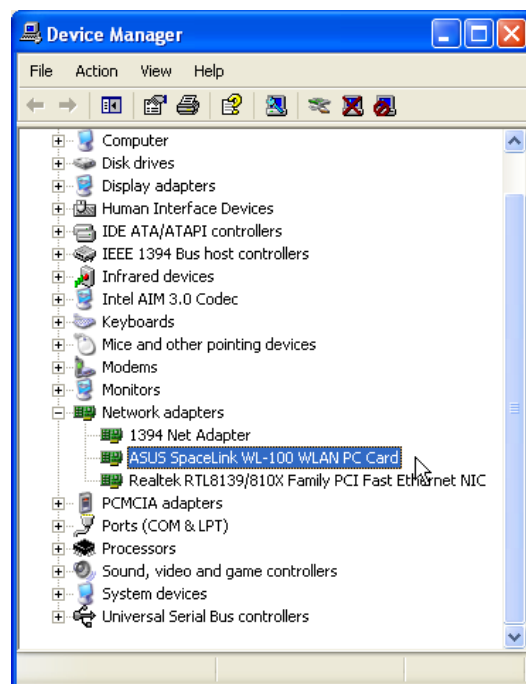
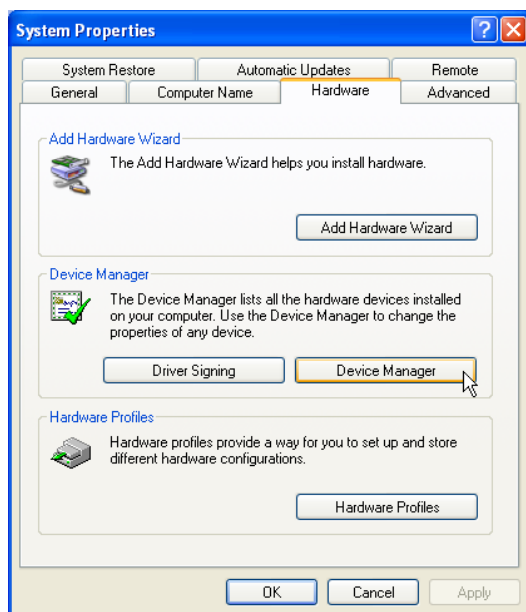
Windows XP

Chapter 2



1. Open the Control Panel through the Start menu.

2. Double-click **System** icon.

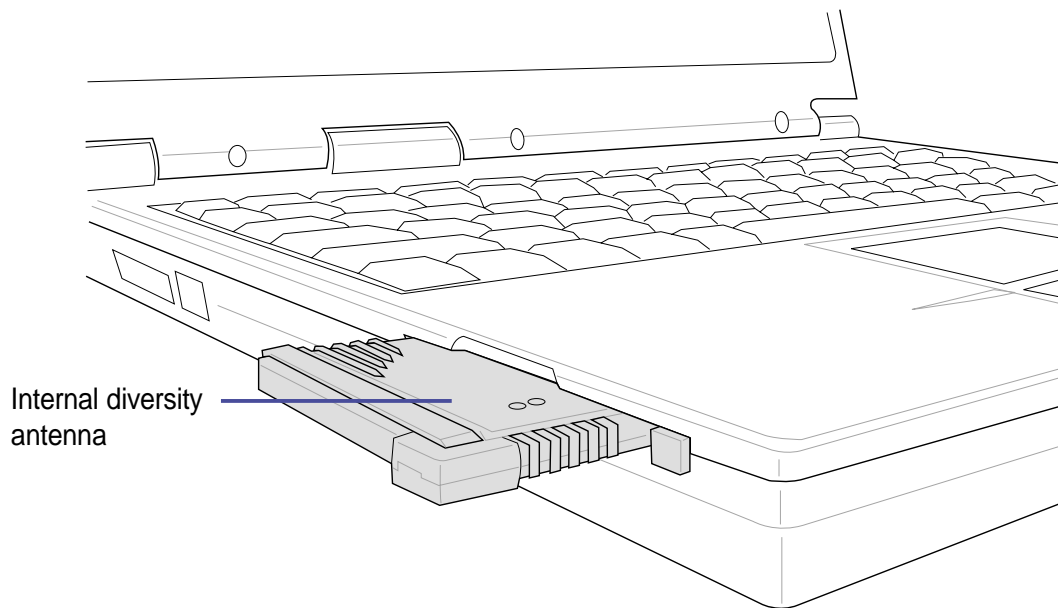


3. Click **Device Manager** on the “Hardware” page.

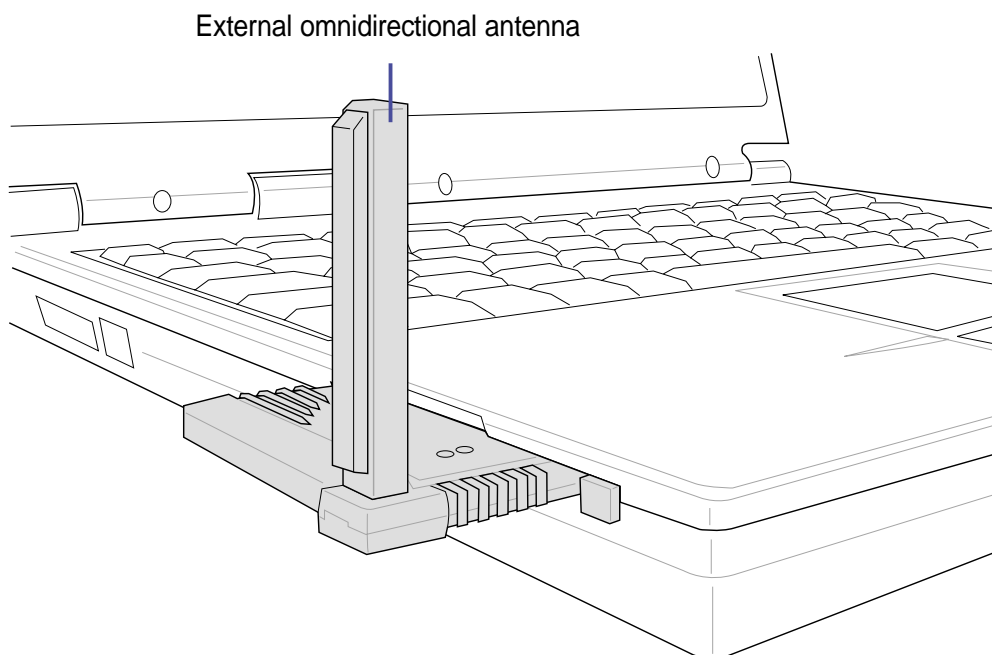
4. Click **Network adapters**.

2.2 Orientating the Antenna

The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card has two integrated antennas, one external omnidirectional antenna and the other is a built-in diversity antenna. It is recommended that you adjust the external antenna straight up for maximum range and higher link quality. Lower the external antenna when transporting your Notebook PC.



Inserted ASUS SpaceLink PC Card - Antenna Down



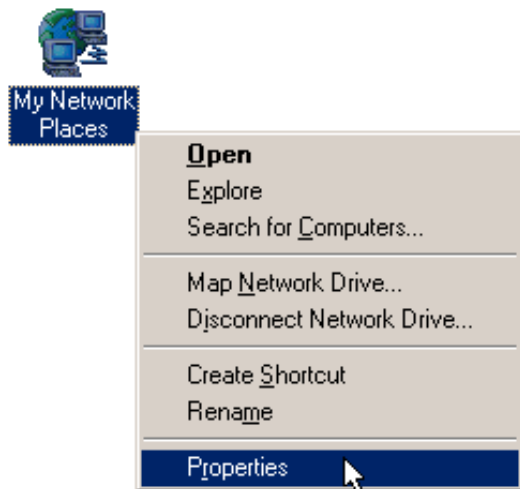
Inserted ASUS SpaceLink PC Card - Antenna Up

Chapter 2 - Installation

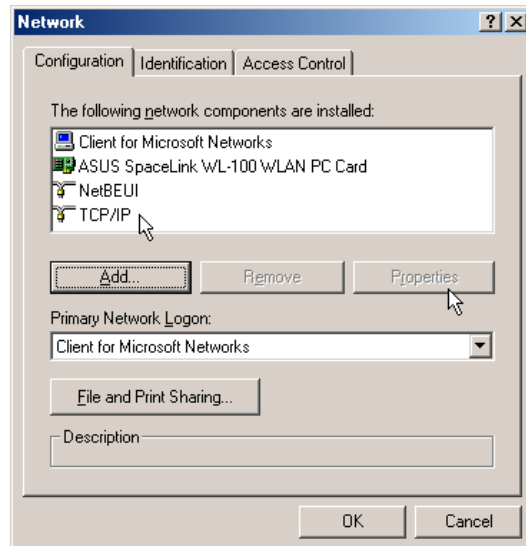
2.3 Verifying the TCP/IP Protocol

Windows ME

For the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card to work, you must have the TCP/IP protocol installed. Follow the procedure here to verify the protocol.



1. Right-click "My Network Places" on the desktop and select **Properties**.

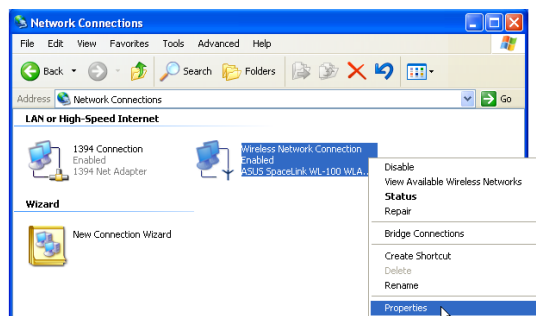


2. Scroll down and look for "TCP/IP -> ASUS SpaceLink WL-100 WLAN PC Card"

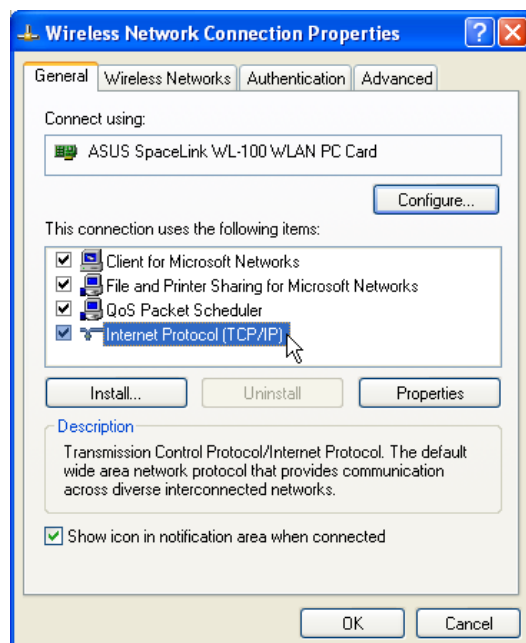
Windows XP



1. Double-click **System** icon in the Control Panel.



2. Right click **ASUS Spacelink WL-100...** and select **Properties**.



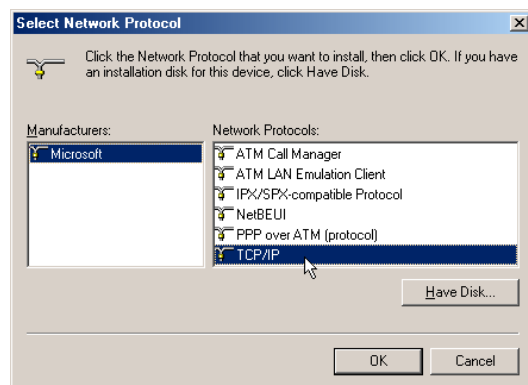
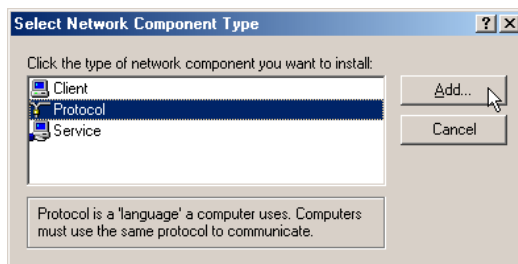
3. Look for Internet Protocol (TCP/IP).

2.3.1 Installing the TCP/IP Protocol

Windows ME

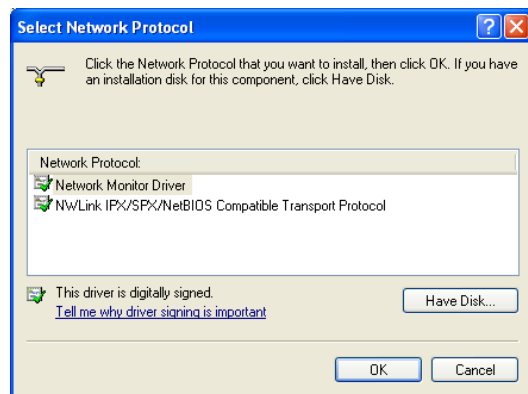
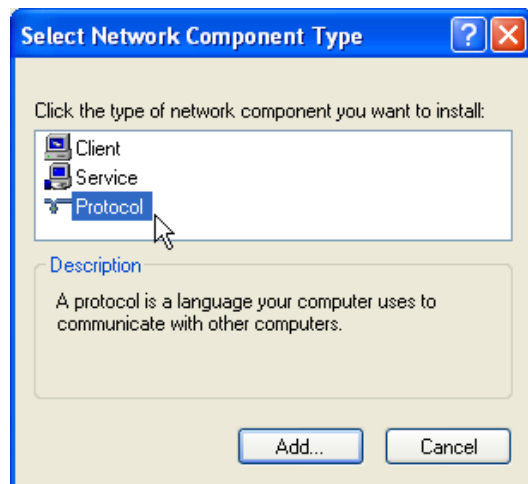
If your operating system does not have the TCP/IP protocol installed, you must do so to use the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

1. From the screen above, click the **Add** button.
2. Select **Protocol** and click **Add**.
3. Select **Microsoft | TCP/IP** and click **OK**



Windows XP

Windows XP operating system will install TCP/IP by default and will not show in the protocols to add.

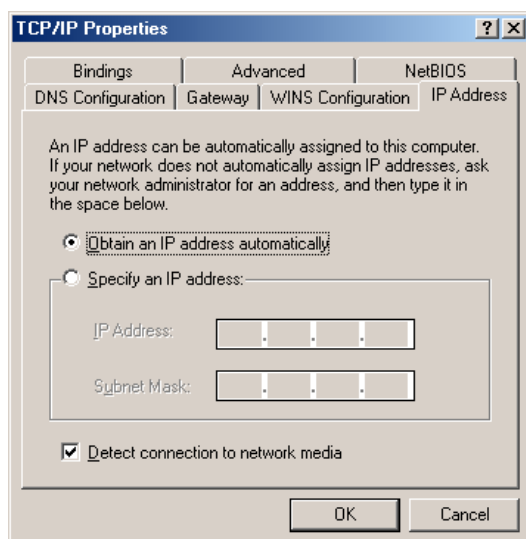


Chapter 2 - Installation

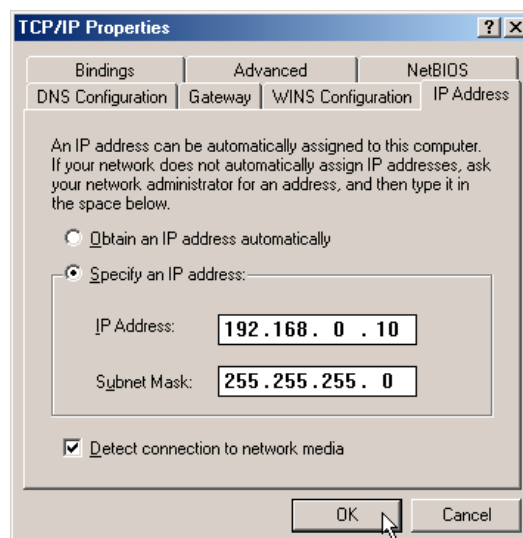
2.3.2 Configuring TCP/IP Properties

Windows ME

1. Select “TCP/IP -> ASUS SpaceLink WL-100 WLAN PC Card”.
2. Click **Properties** button and **IP Address** tab.
 - If your Access Point is connected to a network with a DHCP server, the default setting “Obtain an IP address automatically” should work.
 - If your network does not automatically assign IP addresses, select “Specify an IP address” and type in the IP address and Subnet Mask as provided by your network administrator. If you want to route traffic through an IP sharing device, you have to setup the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card in the same Subnet as that of Access Point.

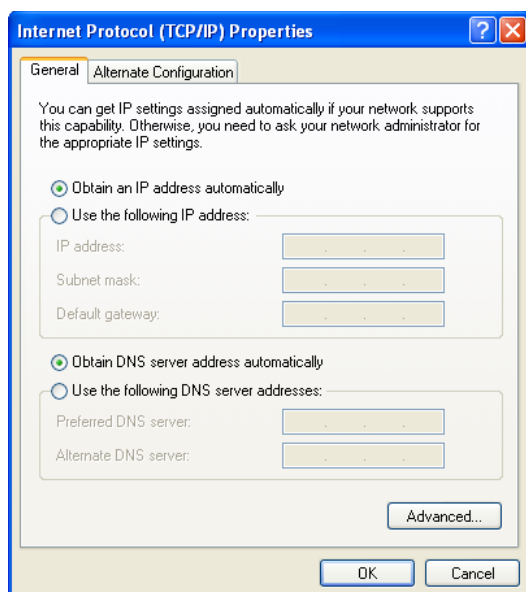


1. This works for DHCP enabled networks.

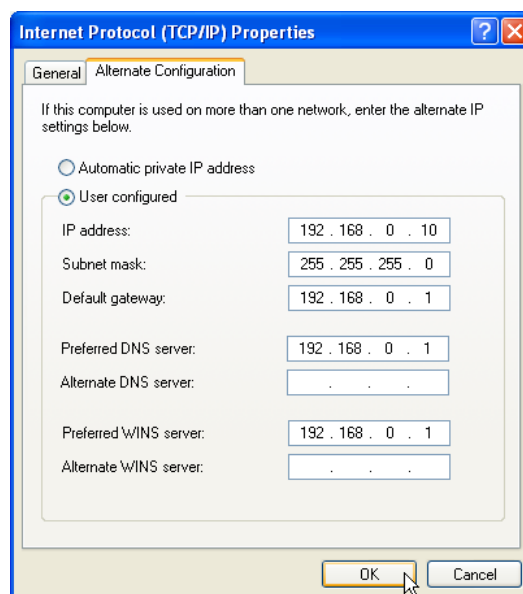


2. The numbers here are for example only.

Windows XP



1. This works for DHCP enabled networks.

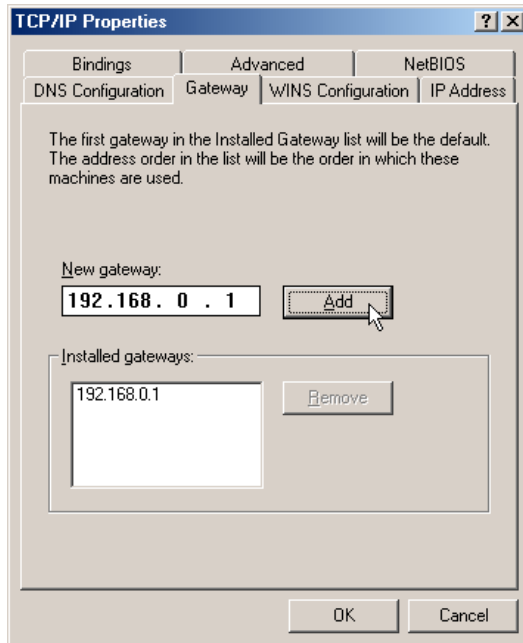


2. If IP information is required, you can enter it in the “Alternate Configuration” in XP.

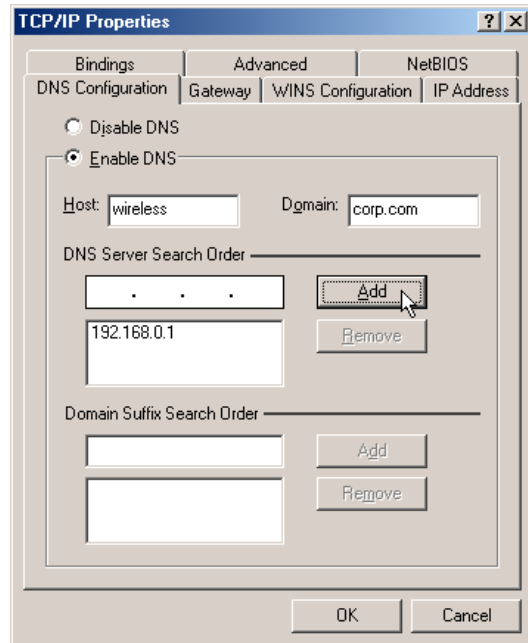
2.3.3 Configuring Advanced TCP/IP Properties

Windows ME

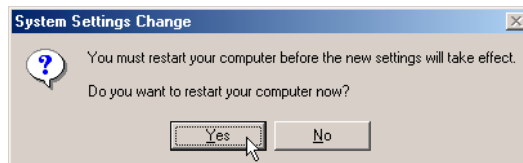
If you want to route traffic through an IP sharing device for your Access Point, you have to set the default gateway address.



1. On the **Gateway** page, enter the address and click **Add**.

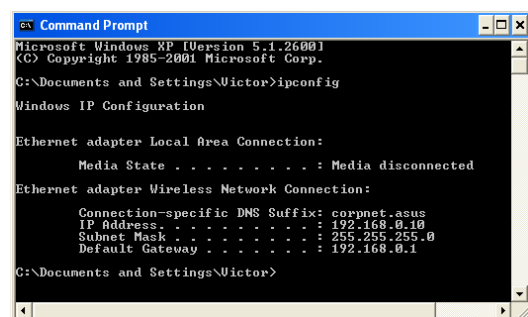
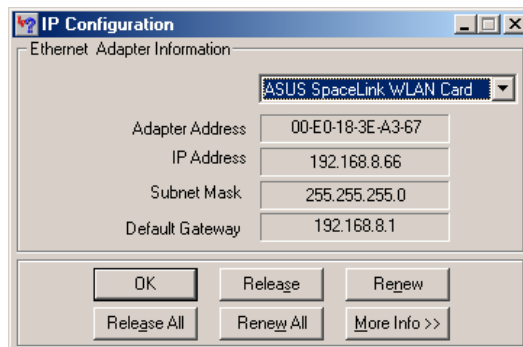


2. On the **DNS Configuration** page, enter the required information, click **Add**, and **OK**.



3. If Windows asks to restart your computer now, press **Yes**.

2.3.4 Verifying TCP/IP Settings



Windows ME: Run “winipcfg” from the Start menu to verify TCP/IP settings.

Windows XP: Use “ipconfig” from the command prompt to verify settings.

2.4 Installing Drivers for Windows CE

The ASUS SpaceLink WLAN Card drivers can be installed in Windows CE 3.0 or later device. ActiveSync must be installed in your Windows computer (desktop or Notebook PC).

1. Connect the Pocket PC to your computer. Once it detects the link, ActiveSync window will open.
2. Insert the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card support CD into your computer.
3. From the autorun menu, click **Installation for Windows CE**. You may also run **SpaceLink.exe** from the “WinCE” folder in the support CD.
4. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation.
5. Perform a soft reset of you Windows CE device.
6. Insert the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card into your Windows CE device.
7. Enter the network settings when prompted.

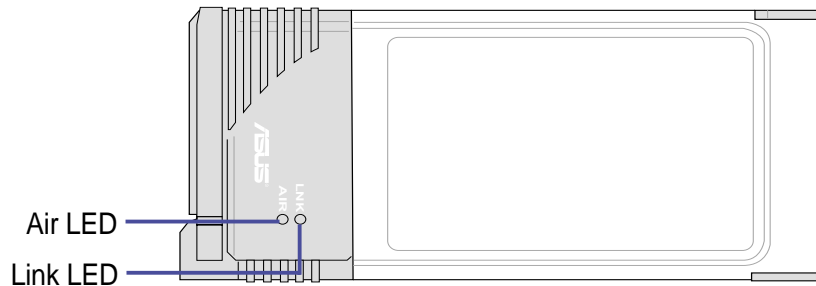
2.5 Installing Drivers for Linux

Linux users must browse to the “Linux” folder in the support CD. For detailed information, refer to “Readme.txt” in the same folder.

Linux driver provided by AbsoluteValue Systems, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

2.6 Reading the Wireless LAN PC Card LEDs

The part of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card that protrudes out of the PCMCIA socket consists of two LEDs that indicate the status of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card .



Air LED

The Air LED indicates that there are packets being transmitted.

Link LED

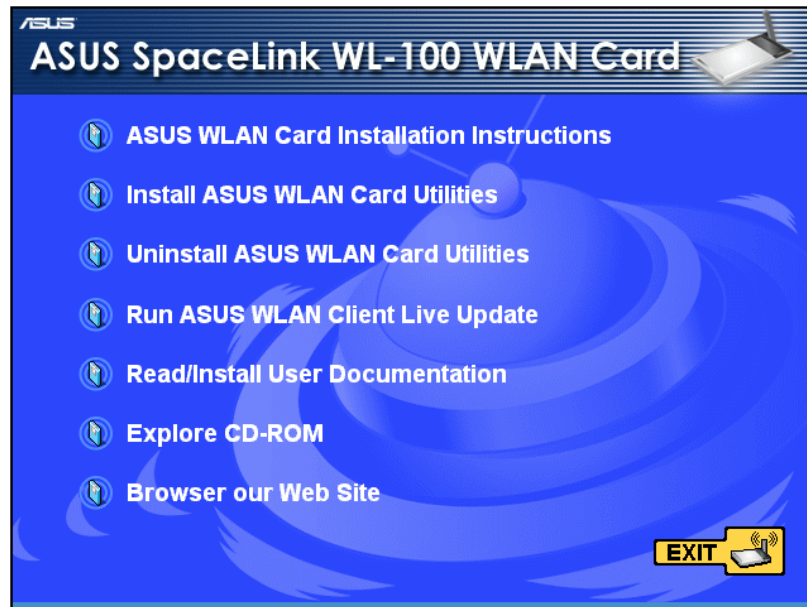
The Link LED is used to indicate the status of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

- **Solid Green:** The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is associated with an Access Point.
- **Blinking:** The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is attempting to associate with an Access Point.
- **Off:** There are errors during the Power-ON Self-Test.

Chapter 3 - Reference

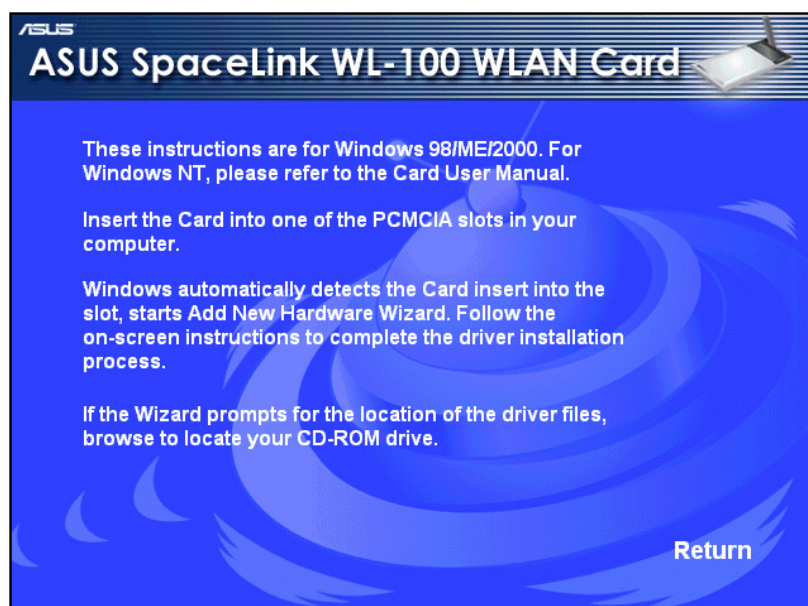
2.7 Installing ASUS SpaceLink PC Card Utilities

1. Insert the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card support CD and an autorun menu will appear. If your autorun is disabled, Double click **SETUP.EXE** in the root directory of the support CD.

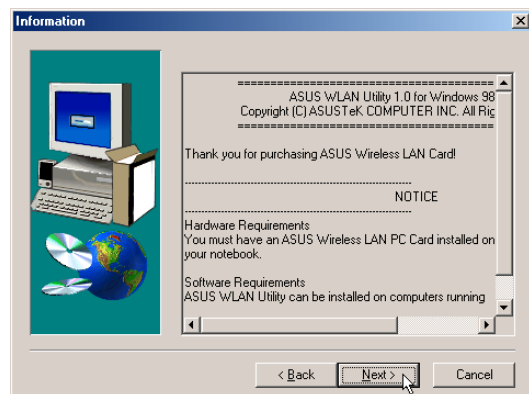


2. From the autorun menu, click **Install ASUS WLAN Card Utilities**.
3. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation.

Note: The first link - “ASUS WLAN Card Installation Instructions” is only an information page on installing the driver which is already explained in detail in the previous section of this manual.



Windows ME



-

-
- A screenshot of the Windows XP Start menu. The Start button is at the bottom left, labeled 'Start'. The menu is open, showing a list of applications and system tools. The 'ASUS WLAN Card Utilities' application is highlighted in blue. The taskbar at the bottom shows the 'ASUS Mobile Manager' icon.
- Windows Update
 - Programs
 - Accessories
 - Windows Media Player
 - ASUS WLAN Card Utilities
 - Documents
 - Settings
 - Search
 - Help
 - Run...
 - Log Off Doc...
 - Shut Down...
- Taskbar: ASUS Mobile Manager

- 21**

3. Software Reference

3.1 Overview

The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card software includes five groups of utilities.

- **Control Center** – Makes it easy to launch applications and activate network location settings.
- **Wireless Settings** – Allows users to control the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.
- **Mobile Manager** – A convenient tool to setup and manage network location settings.
- **Site Monitor** – Measures the signal-to-noise (SNR) values of all wireless networks. This tool is used for determining the best placement of Access Points to provide the most efficient coverage in a wireless network.
- **Live Update** – Provides automatic driver and firmware update through the Internet.

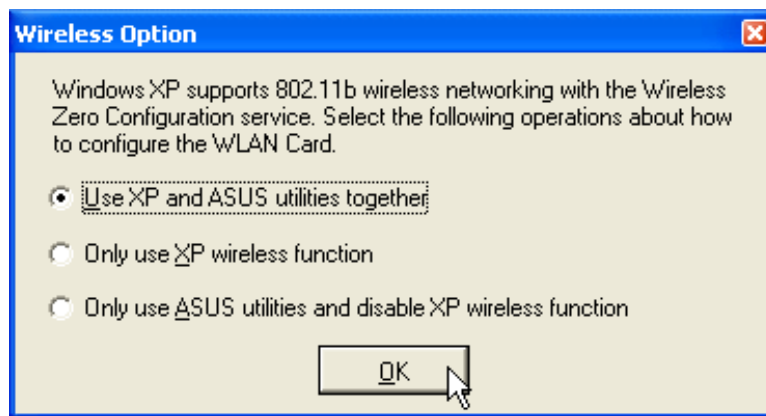
3.2 Windows XP Wireless Options

The wireless options shown below is only available for Windows XP. The first time you run the Control Center utility, it will automatically show. Select one of the three radio buttons to decide your Windows XP wireless networking environment.

Use XP and ASUS utilities together – Use both Windows XP and ASUS utilities together to configure the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

Only use XP wireless function – Only use Windows XP wireless network settings to configure the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

Only use ASUS utilities and disable XP wireless function – Only use ASUS SpaceLink PC Card utilities to configure the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.



You can return to the Wireless Option setting at any time by left clicking the control center icon and choosing “Wireless Option”.



3.3 Control Center

Control Center is an application that makes it easy to launch applications and activate network location settings. Control Center starts automatically when the system boots. Whenever Control Center is running, you will see a Control Center icon displayed on the Windows taskbar.

Starting the Control Center manually

- Click the Windows **Start** button, select **Programs**, select **ASUS WLAN Card Utilities**, and then click **ASUS WLAN Control Center**.

or

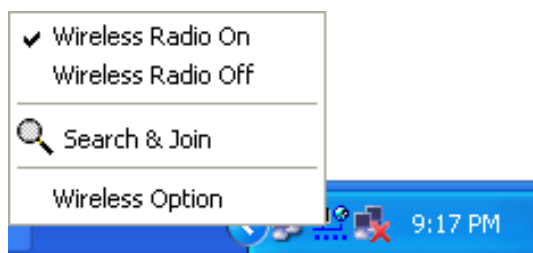
- Double click the **Control Center icon** on the desktop.

Using the Control Center Taskbar

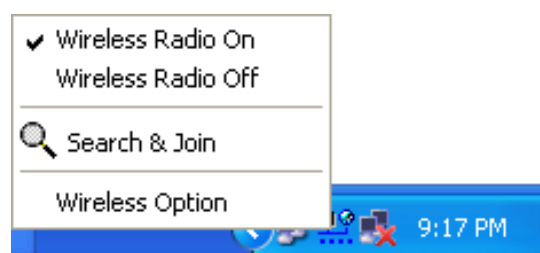
- The Control Center Taskbar menu display the following information:
 - The link quality of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card (Excellent, Good, Fair, Poor, Not Linked)
 - Whether the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is connected to the Internet (Blue: Connected, Gray: Not Connected)



Taskbar Icon and Status
















Taskbar Left-Click Menu



Taskbar Right-Click Menu

Wireless Status Icons (on the taskbar)

	Excellent link quality and connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Good link quality and connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Fair link quality and connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Poor link quality and connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Not linked but connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Excellent link quality but not connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Good link quality but not connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Fair link quality but not connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Poor link quality but not connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Not linked and not connected to Internet (Infrastructure)
	Linked (Ad Hoc)
	Not Linked (Ad Hoc)
	Connected to Internet

2. Right-clicking the taskbar icon shows the following menu:

- **Wireless Settings** – Launches Wireless Settings application.
- **Mobile Manager** – Launches Mobile Manager application.
- **Mobilize** – Activates network location settings.
- **AP Manager** – Launches AP Manager application installed with the Wireless LAN Utilities.
- **Preferences** – Customizes the way the Control Center program behaves. You can create a Control Center shortcut on the desktop. You can also set whether Control Center starts up with Windows.
- **Exit** – Closes the Control Center program.

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3. Left-clicking the taskbar icon shows the following menu:
 - **Wireless Radio On** – Turns the wireless radio ON.
 - **Wireless Radio Off** – Turns the wireless radio OFF.
 - **Search and Join** – View the properties of available Access Points within range.
 - **WEP Key Rotation** – Periodically changes your key ID so that no one can collect all your packets.
 - **Wireless Option** (Windows XP only) – Sets your Windows XP wireless networking environment.
4. Double-clicking the taskbar icon:
 - Launches the Wireless Settings application.

3.4 Wireless Settings

Wireless Settings is an application that allows you to control your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. Use Wireless Settings to View or Modify the configuration settings and monitor the operational status of your PC Card. Once Wireless Settings is launched, you can see the tabbed property sheet. This property sheet is composed of tabbed “pages”, each with its own group of feature-specific settings.

Starting Wireless Settings

- Open the Windows **Control Panel**, and then double-click the icon **ASUS WLAN Card Settings** icon.

or

- Click the Windows **Start** button, select **Programs**, select **ASUS WLAN Card Utilities**, and then click **Wireless Settings**.

or

- Click the **Control Center** icon on the Windows taskbar, a popup menu appears, and then click **Wireless Settings**.

3.4.1 General Tab

You can view the information about the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card from the general menu. These fields are blank if the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card does not exist.



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Association State

Shows the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card association status as follows:

Connected – The station is now associated with one wireless LAN device. Also, indicates the MAC address of this device.

Scanning... – The station is now attempting to authenticate and associate with the desired Access Point.

Disconnected – If the link is connected and no beacon received, then the set adapter is no longer connected.

INT_TEST_FAIL – Interrupt test failed.

NOT_AVAILABLE – Cannot get PC Card status.

SSID

Shows the SSID that the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is currently using.

MAC address

Indicates the hardware address of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. MAC address is a unique identifier for networking devices (typically written as twelve hexadecimal digits 0 through 9 and A through F, six hexadecimal numbers separated by colons, i.e. 00:01:24:F0:05:C0). This parameter is read-only and unique.

Current Channel

Shows the radio channel that the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is currently using.

Radio State

Shows whether the wireless radio is ON or OFF.

When the wireless radio is turned OFF, the following icon appears in the upper left of the “Settings” property page.



When the wireless radio is turned ON, the following icon appears in the upper left of the “Settings” property page.



Button

Enable Radio/Disable Radio – You can click the Disable Radio button to turn OFF the wireless radio. When you click this button, the Radio State field indicates that the radio has been turned OFF and the remaining fields in this window display either a “0” or “Not Applicable”. Click this button again to turn the radio back ON.

Rescan – Force the radio to rescan all available channels. If your link quality or signal strength is poor, rescanning can be used to push the radio OFF a weak Access Point and search for a better link with another Access Point. This function will take some time.

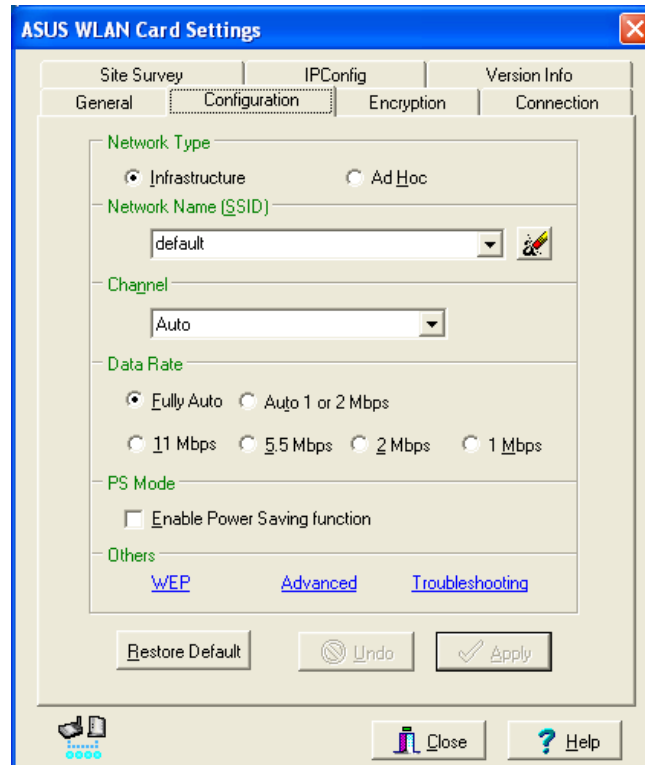
Change SSID – Click on this to show the “Configuration” tab where you can set the SSID.

Search & Join – Click on this to show the “Site Survey” tab where a list of available networks will be shown.

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3.4.2 Configuration tab

Lets you can change the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card configurations without rebooting your computer.



Network Type

Infrastructure – Select the Infrastructure mode to establish a connection with an Access Point. Your computer is able to access wireless LAN and wired LAN (Ethernet), via an associated access point. The Channel field turns to “Auto” when “Infrastructure” is selected.

Ad Hoc – Select the “Ad Hoc” mode to communicate directly with each other without using an Access Point. An “Ad Hoc” network is typically formed quickly and easily without pre-planning. For example, share meeting notes between networked computers in a meeting room.

SSID

Use the SSID field to configure the SSID for the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. You can enter a new SSID or select one from the drop-down list box. SSID stands for “Service Set Identifier”, which is a string used to identify a wireless LAN. You will only be able to connect Access Points which has the same SSID as the one you set. Use different SSIDs to segment the wireless LAN and increase security. SSIDs must all be printable characters and having a maximum of 32 case sensitive characters, such as “ Wireless LAN”.

Set the SSID to “any” if you wish to allow your station to connect to any IEEE 802.11 Infrastructure Network it can find. When you set to “any”, “Scanning...” will begin and may take a long time.

Use Site Survey in the Wireless Settings Utility to view all Access Points within range and their SSIDs.

Channel

Using the Channel field to select the radio channel for ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. In an “infrastructure” network, your PC Card will automatically select the correct frequency channel required to communicate with an Access Point, this parameter will be fixed in “Auto” and cannot be changed. In an “Ad Hoc” network, you can decide the channel number for the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. Any ASUS SpaceLink PC Card can communicate in the same network if each has the same frequency channel setting. The radio channels you may use depend on the regulations in your country. For United States (FCC) and Canada (IC), channels 1 to 11 are supported. For Europe (ETSI) except Spain and France, channels 1 to 13 are supported. For Spain channel 10 and 11 are supported. For France, channels 10 to 13 are supported. For operation in Japan (MKK), channels 1 to 14 are supported.

Data Rate

Fully Auto – Automatic transmit data rate falls back to 1, 2, 5.5, or 11 megabits per second when necessary to maintain transfers with devices.

Auto 1 or 2 Mbps – The PC Card will adjust to the most suitable transmission rate. The transmit data rate is either 1 Mbps or 2 Mbps.

11 Mbps – Fix data rate to 11 megabits per second.

5.5 Mbps – Fix data rate to 5.5 megabits per second.

2 Mbps – Fix data rate to 2 megabits per second.

1 Mbps – Fix data rate to 1 megabits per second.

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PS Mode

Use the PS Mode to control ASUS SpaceLink PC Card's power saving settings. Unchecking the checkbox will allow a full powered state that yields the best performance. This mode is recommended for devices running on AC power. Check the checkbox will enable power savings. The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card will wake up periodically to see if there is any data being sent. This mode is recommended for devices running on battery power.

Others

WEP – Click on this to show the “Encryption” tab.

Advanced – Click on this to show the “Advanced” tab. In most cases, the default values do not have to be changed.

Troubleshooting – Click on this to show the “Troubleshooting” tab.

Button

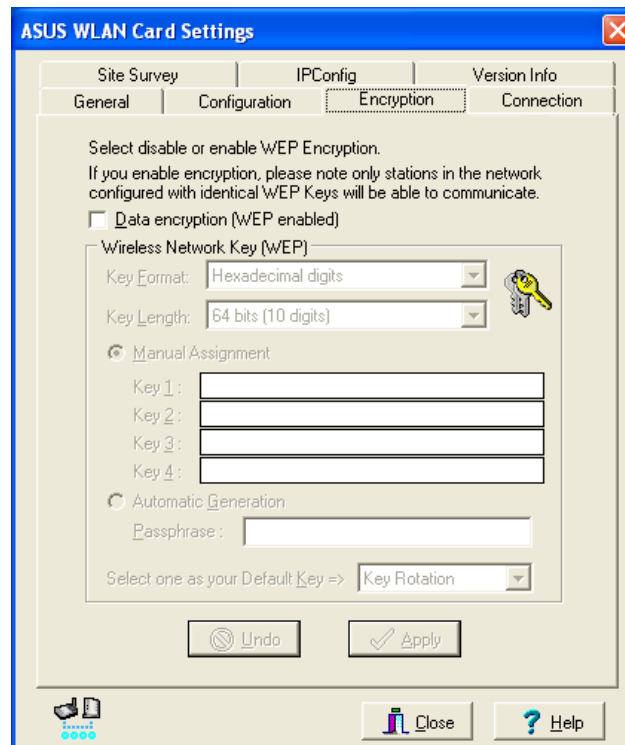
Undo – Reverts back to previous settings.

Apply – Saves and activates the new configurations.

Restore Default – Restores the factory default settings.

3.4.3 Encryption tab

Lets you configure the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card encryption settings. For data confidentiality in a wireless environment, IEEE 802.11 specifies a Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) algorithm to offer transmission privacy similar to wired network. The WEP uses keys to encrypt transmitted data packets and decrypt received data packets. The encryption process can scramble frame bits to avoid disclosure to others.



Data encryption (WEP enabled)

This option allows you to enable or disable the Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) function. If this check box is selected, a WEP Key is used to encrypt your data before it is transmitted over the air.

If you enable WEP encryption, you will only be able to communicate with wireless devices that use the same WEP keys.

WEP Key

This option is enable only if you enable WEP Encryption. The WEP Key is a 64 bits (5 byte) or 128 bits (13 byte) Hexadecimal digits that is used to encrypt transmit data packets and decrypt received data packets.

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Key Format

You can enter the WEP Key as Hexadecimal digits (0~9, a~f, and A~F), or as ASCII characters, based on the state of the Key Format.

Key Length

For 64 bits encryption, each Key contains exactly 10 hex digits, or 5 ASCII characters. For 128 bits encryption, each Key contains exactly 26 hex digits, or 13 ASCII characters.

Two ways to assign WEP keys

Manual Assignment – When you click this button, the cursor appears in the field for Key 1. For 64-bit encryption, you are required to enter four WEP Keys. Each Key contains exactly 10 hex digits (0~9, a~f, and A~F). For 128-bit encryption, you are required to enter four WEP Keys. Each Key contains exactly 26 hex digits (0~9, a~f, and A~F).

Automatic Generation – Type a combination of up to 64 letters, numbers, or symbols in the Passphrase column, then the Wireless Settings Utility uses an algorithm to generate four WEP Keys for encryption.

NOTE: This function eases users from having to remember their passwords and is compatible to some existing WLAN utilities, but this is not very secure. “Manual Assignment” is more secure.

Default Key – The Default Key field lets you specify which of the four encryption keys you wish to use to transmit data on your wireless LAN. You can change the default key by clicking on the down arrow at the right of this field, selecting the number of the key you want to use, and then clicking the **Apply** button. As long as the Access Point or station with which you are communicating has the same key in the same position, you can use any of the keys as the default.

Click the **Apply** button to create your encryption keys. After you click the **Apply** button, the “Wireless Settings” utility uses asterisks to mask your keys.

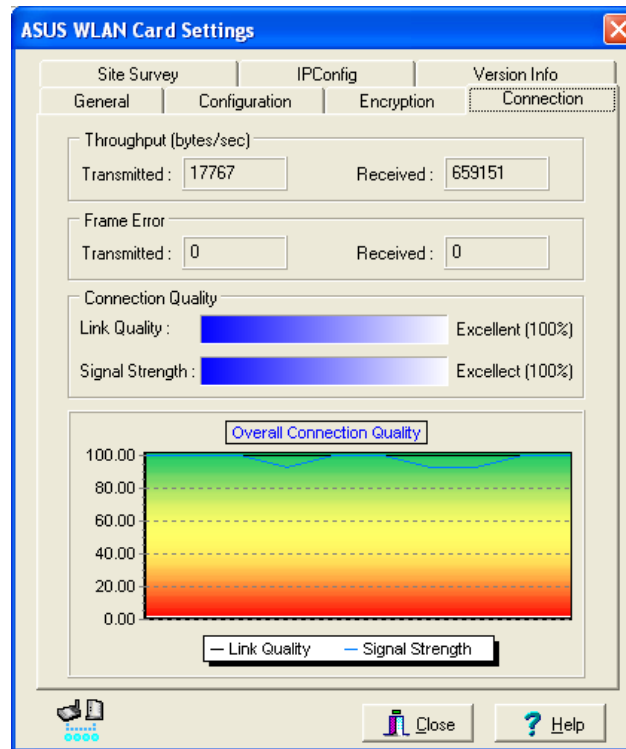
Buttons

Undo – Reverts back to previous settings.

Apply – Saves and activates the new configurations.

3.4.4 Connection tab

You can view the current link statistics about the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. These statistics are updated once per second and are valid only if the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card exists.



Throughput

Transmitted – The number of bytes in frames that were transmitted.

Received – The number of bytes in frames that were received.

Frame Error

Transmitted – The number of frames that were not successfully transmitted.

Received – The number of frames that were not successfully received.

Connection Quality

Link Quality – Reflects the quality level related to the Access Point the station is currently connected to. Ratings are: Excellent, Good, Fair, and Poor.

Signal Strength – Reflects the signal level related to the Access Point the station is currently connected to. Ratings are: Excellent, Good, Fair, and Poor.

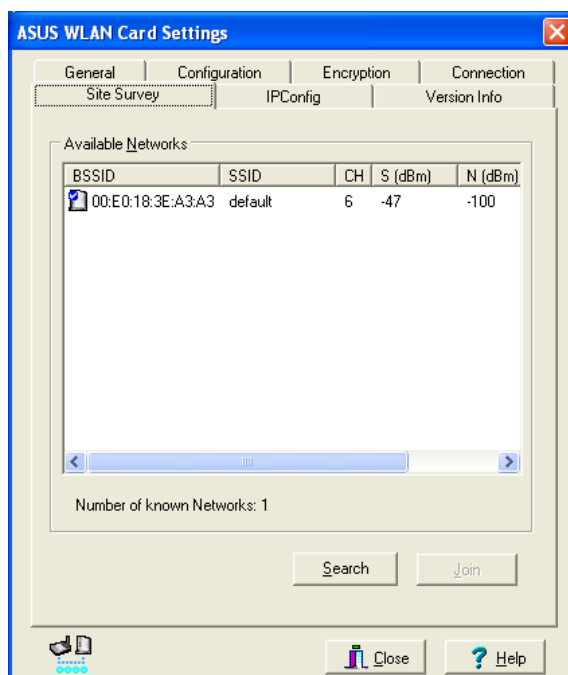
Overall Connection Quality

Derives from the current “Link Quality” and the current “Signal Strength”. A graph displays a connection quality range between 0 and 100 percent.

3.4.5 Site Survey Tab

Use the Site Survey tab to view statistics on the wireless networks available to the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. The Site Survey tab is read-only with no user configurable data fields. Use the Site Survey tab to view the following network parameters.

- **BSSID** – View the IEEE MAC addresses of the available networks.
- **SSID** – View the SSID (service set identification) within available networks.
- **CH** – View the direct-sequence channel used by each network.
- **S (dBm)** – Signal field to view the strength of the signal transmitted by each network. This information is helpful in determining which network you should be associated to. The value is then normalized to a dBm value.
- **N (dBm)** – Noise field to view average noise level statistics and Relative Signal Strength Information (RSSI). This information is helpful in determining which network you should be associated to. The value is then normalized to a dBm value.
- **Type** – View wireless network status information, the value is either AP (infrastructure) or STA (Ad Hoc).
- **WEP** – View wireless network WEP encryption information, the value is either OFF (disable encryption) or ON (enable encryption).



Some Access Points can disable broadcasting SSID to hide themselves from “Site Survey” or “Site Monitor” for added security but still allow you to join if you know their SSID.

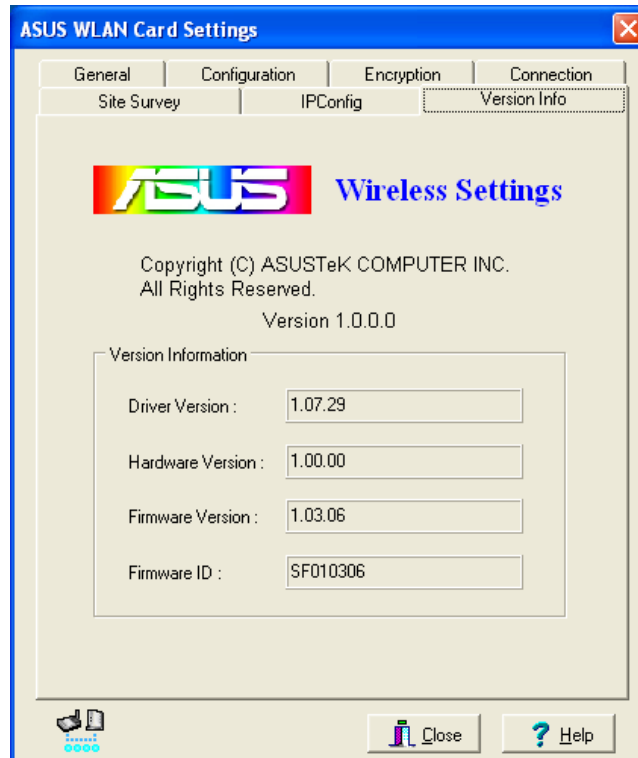
Buttons

Search – Scan all available wireless networks and show the scan result in the “Available Network List”.

Join – To associate a network, select it from the “Available Network List” and click **Join**.

3.4.6 Version Info Tab

Use the Version Info tab to view program and ASUS SpaceLink PC Card version information. The program version information field includes the Copyright and utility version. The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card version information field includes the adapter driver version, hardware version, and firmware version.



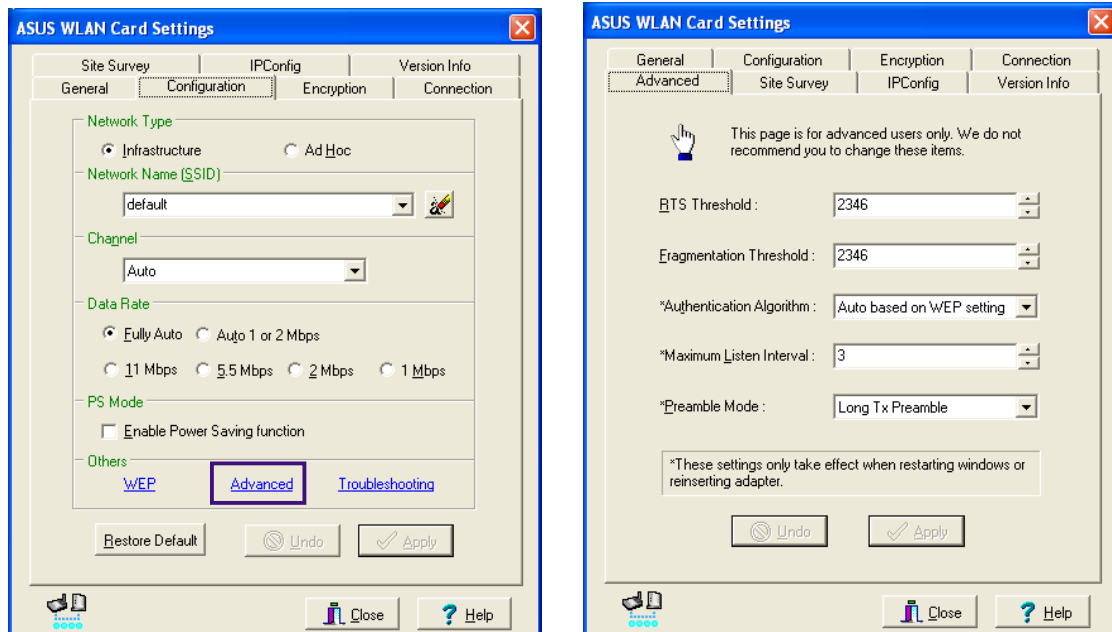
To Exit Wireless Settings

To exit Wireless Settings, you can click the **Close** button or **Esc**. This utility may be closed at any time and from any tab. If you did not save the configuration settings, you will be prompted to do so.

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3.4.7 Advanced Tab

Advanced tab provides some additional settings for the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.



Advanced Tab is hidden until you click Advanced on the Configuration page.

RTS Threshold

Defines the size of packets that the station uses for RTS/CTS handshake boundary. Setting the minimum size packet too small causes RTS packets to be sent more often, adding excessive overhead to the network and decreasing network utilization. However, the more often RTS packets are sent, the more transmission collisions can be avoided. RTS threshold ranges from 0 to 2346 in 64 steps.

Fragmentation Threshold

Define the number of bytes used for fragmentation boundary. If the length of the data unit exceeds this parameter, it will be divided into smaller fragments for transmission. Each of the fragments is sent independently. If there is a significant interference present, set the fragment size smaller. Otherwise, set the fragment size larger. Because send multiple frames lead to overhead on the network. Fragmentation Threshold ranged from 256 to 2432 steps 128.

Authentication Algorithm

Because there is no precise bound in wireless LANs, it needs to be implemented in another mechanism to provide a higher level of security. That is where Authentication services come in. If a mutual authentication relationship has not been established between the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card(s) and the Access Point(s), an association cannot be established.

Auto based on WEP setting – Switch the authentication mode based upon the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card using WEP encryption or not.

Open System – A null authentication algorithm. A station can authenticate with any other station or Access Point and without checking any WEP Key, even if one exists.

Share Key – In a Share Key Authentication system, four-step exchange of frames is required to validate that the station is using the same WEP Key as the Access Point. Using this Authentication mechanism requires implementation of the WEP option.

Maximum Listen Interval

This value is used to indicate how often a station will wake up to listen to beacon management frames. Listen intervals range from 0 to 77 in steps of 1.

Preamble Mode

This parameter is used to control whether frames will transmit with the long or short preamble.

Button

Undo – Reverts back to previous settings.

Apply – Saves and activates the new configurations.

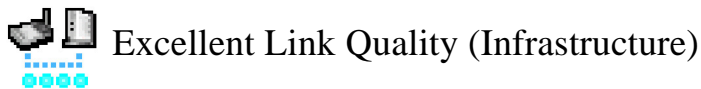
NOTE: This page is for advanced users. Do not change these settings if you do not fully understand these items.

3.4.8 Troubleshooting Tab

The Troubleshooting flowchart can be used to help users that have difficulty connecting to the network.

3.4.9 Connection Status

ASUS SpaceLink PC Card connection quality icon appears in the lower left of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card “Settings” property page. Use the icon to view the current signal quality of the adapter.



Excellent Link Quality (Infrastructure)



Good Link Quality (Infrastructure)



Fair Link Quality (Infrastructure)



Poor Link Quality (Infrastructure)



Not linked (Infrastructure)



Linked (Ad Hoc)



Not Linked (Ad Hoc)

3.5 Mobile Manager

Mobile Manager is a convenient tool to setup and manage network location settings. Mobile Manager lets users configure multiple alternative configurations for different locations. You only need to set this once, and then easily switch configurations when you change your location.

Starting Mobile Manager

- Click the Windows **Start** button, select **Programs**, select **ASUS WLAN Card Utilities**, and then click **Mobile Manager**.

or

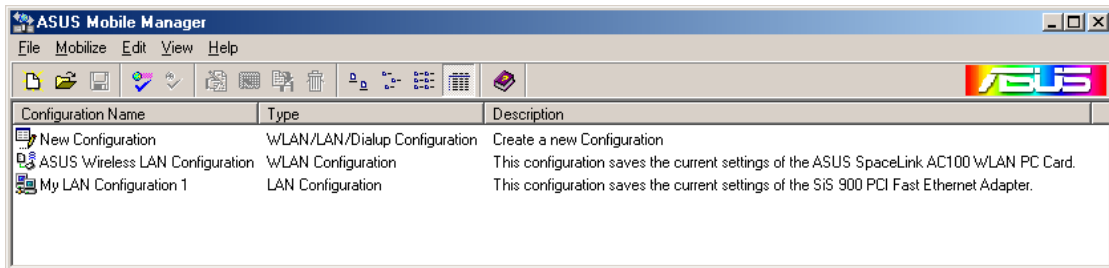
- Right-click the **Control Center** icon on the Windows taskbar and then click **Mobile Manager**.

Using Mobile Manager - Quick Guide

1. The first time you launch the Mobile Manager utility, it will automatically generate configurations that stores the current settings of all installed network devices in your system.
2. Change the name of the configuration to a descriptive name like “Work-Meeting Room” or “Home-ADSL”.
3. On the **File** menu, click **New Configuration**, the New Configuration Wizard dialog appears. Follow the on-screen instructions to create your own location configurations.
4. After you have created your configurations, you can see them in the main window.
5. Select the configuration you want to use and then click **Mobilize Configuration** from the **Mobilize** pull-down menu. Your system will then switch to the network settings configured to your chosen selection.

3.5.1 Main Window

You can use the Mobile Manager utility main window to create a new configuration, edit a configuration or activate a configuration. The main window includes a menu bar, tool bar, and a list view for showing existing configurations.



Using the pull-down menu and toolbar

The following topics show the commands available from the Mobile Manager pull-down menu and toolbar. If no configuration is selected, some commands will be grayed out and inaccessible. The toolbar contains buttons for many of the most commonly used commands in Mobile Manager. It allows quick access to some of the most useful features of Mobile Manager. The commands provided by the toolbar buttons are also available from the pull-down menu.

File Menu



New Configuration - Select New Configuration in the File menu to open a New Configuration Wizard dialog. Use the New Configuration Wizard dialog to create a new configuration. See Using New Configuration Wizard for details on this command.



Import Configuration - Load a configuration from an INI File.



Export Configuration - Save the selected configuration (containing Wireless Settings, TCP/IP Settings, Network Settings, ...) to an INI File. The INI file can be placed on a floppy diskette and then imported by other computers using Mobile Manager. This can also be used as a backup feature for yourself.



Exit - Close the Mobile Manager utility.

Mobilize Menu



Auto Roaming – If an association changes, it will automatically switch into a network configuration that you have made. If no associations have been made, it will automatically connect to a wireless network based on configurations that you specify.



Mobilize Configuration – Applies the configuration that you have selected from the list. You may be prompted to restart Windows depending on the required changes. Follow the instructions on the screen. Windows 2000 and XP usually do not require restarting your computer, but Windows 98 and ME usually will require a restart.

Edit Menu

All these commands are also available from the context menu that appears when you right-click with a configuration in the Mobile Manager window.



Edit Configuration - Select Edit Configuration in the Edit menu to open an Edit Configuration dialog to edit selected configuration items. See “Using Edit Configuration” for details on this command.



Rename - Change the name of the selected configuration.



Copy - Duplicate the selected configuration.



Delete - Discard the selected configuration.

View Menu



Large Icons - Displays large icons for each configuration.



Small Icons - Displays small icons for each configuration.



List - Shows the configuration names in a list.

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Details - The Detailed view expands this list to include information about the configurations. The information includes configuration name, type, and description.

Help Menu



Contents - Displays the WinHelp contents window (the one you are reading now) for online Help.



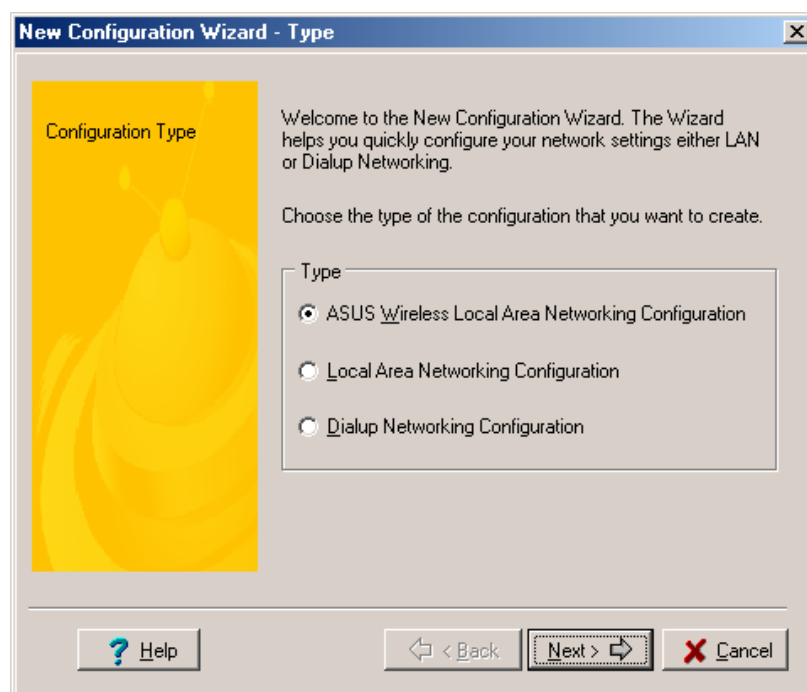
About Mobile Manager - Displays the version number and copyright information for Mobile Manager. Click on the logo to connect to ASUS' website.

3.5.2 Using New Configuration Wizard

Create a new configuration

Create a new configuration if you are in a specific location that does not have an existing configuration defined. Use the New Configuration Wizard to create a configuration in a few easy steps.

1. Do one of the following:
 - On the **File menu**, click **New Configuration**.
 - or
 - Double-click **New Configuration** on the Main window.Then the New Configuration Wizard dialog starts.
2. Choose the type of configuration that you want to create and click **Next**.
 - **Wireless Local Area Network Configuration:** You must have an ASUS SpaceLink PC Card installed in your PC.
 - **Wired Local Area Network Configuration:** You must have a NIC (LAN card) (other than ASUS SpaceLink PC Card) installed in your PC.
 - **Dialup Networking Configuration:** You must have a modem installed in your PC.



3. Enter the name and description you want to use for this configuration in the Name and description field. And Click **Next**.
4. Follow the on-screen instructions, it will guide you through the process of specifying the settings in your configuration. The Wizard reads the current system settings (TCP/IP, NT Domain, Proxy, File, and Printer Sharing) and displays it. Depending on the configuration that you have created, you can set the following groups of settings:
 - Wireless settings (for Wireless Configuration)
 - Network settings (for Wireless/Wired Configuration)
 - TCP/IP settings (for Wireless/Wired Configuration)
 - Dialing settings (for Dialup Configuration)
 - Dialup Networking settings (for Dialup Configuration)
 - Internet settings (for Wireless/Wired/Dialup Configuration)
 - Sharing settings (for Wireless/Wired/Dialup Configuration)See “Using Edit Configuration” for detailed information on each.
5. Enter the appropriate information in the wizard. After specifying the appropriate information on each page, click **Next** to continue.
6. On the final window of the New Configuration Wizard, you will see a **Finish** button.
 - If you do not want to use this new configuration now, click **Finish** to save the new configuration. It will be shown in the Mobile Manager main window.or
 - If you want to use this new configuration now, click **Mobilize**.

3.5.3 Using Edit Configuration

Edit an existing configuration

Edit a configuration if you want to view or change dialup or LAN settings.

- On the **Edit menu**, click **Edit Configuration**.

or

- Double-click one existing configuration on the Main window.

Then the Edit Configuration dialog starts.

The Edit Configuration dialog contains various settings, which you select by clicking the buttons at the left of the window. Each setting is described below.

General settings

Name – This field is mandatory, and used for indicating the location from which you are dialing or connecting to the network. For example, if this is used for a meeting room at work, you can use a name like “Work-Meeting Room”. If it is used for home on your ADSL, you can name like “Home-ADSL”.

Description – This field is optional, you can use it to provide more details about this configuration.

Network settings

Network settings include: “Identification” and “Microsoft Networking”.

Identification

Computer name – Give your computer a unique name of up to 15 characters. The computer name is the name that others on your network will see your computer as. For complete compatibility, do not use spaces or symbols. It’s generally the same as the DNS hostname, for example, “JohnDoe”.

Workgroup – Type an existing workgroup name or create a new workgroup by typing a new name that contains up to 15 characters. Use it to identify your computer group that you belong to.

Computer Description – This information is displayed as a comment next to the computer name when the computer is seen in “Details” view (select from the Windows pull-down menu). Use it to describe your computer, for example, your name, or location.

Microsoft Networking

Logon validation – Specify how Windows 9x clients connect to a Windows NT Server Domain at this location. Check *Log on to Windows NT domain* box if you are using a Windows NT Server in domain controller mode. And then enter the Windows NT server domain name in *Window NT domain* field.

Network logon options – Specify how Windows 9x clients try to logon. Select *Quick logon* to wait until the shared network drives is actually used to attempt the login. Select *Logon and restore network connections* to logon to all shared network drives when the user logs into Windows.

Wireless settings

Network Type

Infrastructure – Select the Infrastructure mode to establish a connection with an Access Point.

Ad Hoc – Select the Ad Hoc mode to communicate directly with each other without using an Access Point.

SSID

Using the SSID field to configure the SSID setting for the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card. SSID stands for Service Set Identifier, which is a string used to identify a wireless LAN. You will only be able to connect with an Access Point, which has the same SSID. Use different SSIDs to segment the wireless LAN and add security.

Note that the SSID must be all printable character string (case sensitivity) and up to 32 characters long, such as “WIRELESS LAN”. Set the SSID to “any” if you wish to allow your station to connect to any IEEE 802.11 Infrastructure Network it can find.

Channel

Using the Channel field to select the radio channel for PC Card. In infrastructure network, your PC Card will automatically select the correct frequency channel required to communicate with an Access Point, this parameter will be fixed in “Auto” and can’t change it. In an Ad Hoc Network, you can decide channel number for the PC Card to operate. PC Cards can communicate in the network if each has the same frequency channel setting.

Data Rate

Fully Auto – Automatic transmit data rate fallback to 1, 2, 5.5, or 11 megabits per second for communication with other devices.

Auto 1 or 2 Mbps – The ASUS SpaceLink PC Card will use the most suitable transmission rate of either 1 Mbps or 2 Mbps.

11 Mbps – Fix transmit data rate to 11 megabits per second.

5.5 Mbps – Fix transmit data rate to 5.5 megabits per second.

2 Mbps – Fix transmit data rate to 2 megabits per second.

1 Mbps – Fix transmit data rate to 1 megabits per second.

WEP

Select disable or enable (64-bit or 128-bit) WEP encryption. The *WEP Key* is a 64-bit (5 byte) or 128-bit (13 byte) Hexadecimal digit that is used to encrypt transmit data packets and decrypt received data packets.

TCP/IP settings

TCP/IP settings include five tabs: Device, IP Address, Gateway, DNS, and WINS.

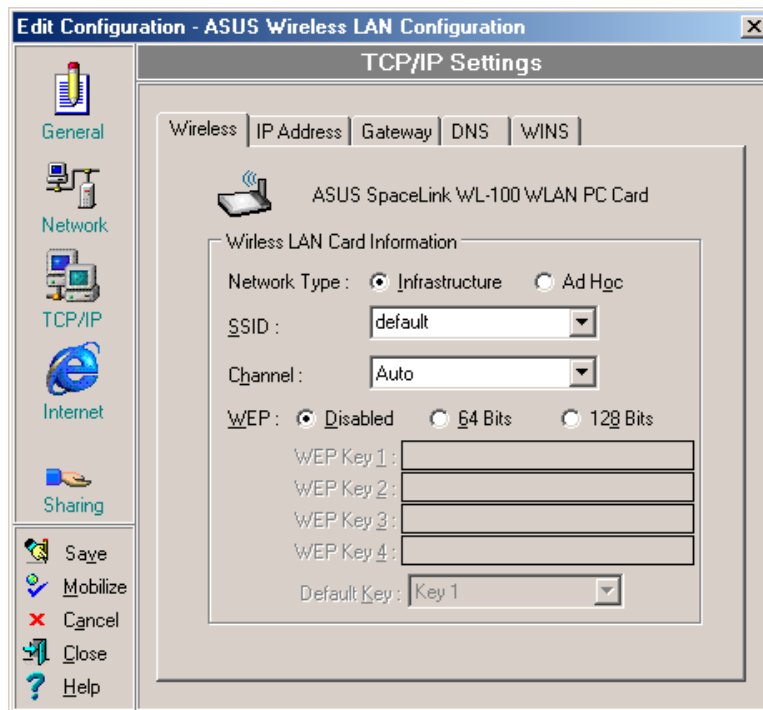
Device

Choose the network adapter that you want to use for this configuration.

IP Address

Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server – Dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) server assigns IP addresses automatically within a specified range to devices.

Specify an IP address – Ask your network administrator for the IP address and subnet mask that you should use. Type in the IP Address and Subnet Mask fields manually.



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Gateway

Specify the gateways. There can be more than one specified. Set up the primary gateway first.

Add a gateway - Type the IP address of the gateway in the **New Gateway** field and then click **Add**. The gateway you specified appears in the **Installed Gateways** list. Repeat to specify another gateways. The value in each field must be a number between 0 and 255. You can have up to eight IP addresses for gateways.

Remove a gateway - Select the gateway from the **Installed Gateways** list and click **Remove**.

DNS

Select Enable or Disable DNS. If you enable DNS, fill the following parameters.

Host – Enter the name of your computer. That is used to identifier the computer on the Internet. The hostname is generally the same as the Microsoft networking computer name, for example, “S82000W”.

Domain – Enter the TCP/IP domain name for your network. The full domain name consists of one or more names that are separated by dots, for example, “asus.com”.

DNS Server Search Order – Specify the DNS Servers in the desired order to search for DNS information.

Domain Suffix Search Order – Add any domain suffixes that may be valid attached to the end of Internet domain name.

WINS

Specify the WINS server. There can be more than one specified. Set up the primary WINS server first.

Disable WINS Resolution – Do not use WINS resolution.

Enable WINS Resolution – Use WINS resolution. Specify the IP addresses of the WINS servers in the desired search order. *Scope ID* is used when NetBIOS over TCP/IP is enabling on the workstations. If this protocol has been enabled, then every workstation group must have the same Scope ID for those computers to communicate within the group. The Scope ID is usually left blank.

Use DHCP for WINS Resolution – If a DHCP server is available that is configured to provide information on available WINS servers.

Dialing settings

Specify how the call will be dialed. This is useful if you want to change the call to a calling card, use your computer from different locations, or add a dial prefix, country code, or area code automatically.

Dialup Networking settings

Dialup Networking settings include four tabs: Device, Phone Number, Server Type, and TCP/IP.

Device

Choose the modem you want to use by Dial-Up Networking to connect to another computer for this connection.

Phone Number

Specify area code, telephone number, and country code for this connection. Clear the **Use area code and Dialing Properties** checkbox, if you want to ignore area code and dialing settings.

Server Type

Type of Dial-Up Server – Select the server type for this connection.

Advanced options

Select **Log on to network** checkbox to specify that Dial-Up Networking will attempt to log on to the network you are connecting to, using the user name and password you typed when you logged on to Windows.

Select **Enable software compression** checkbox to specify whether incoming or outgoing information is compressed before it is sent. This is useful to speed up the transfer of information. Compression occurs only if both computers are using compatible compression.

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Select **Require encrypted password** checkbox to specify that only encrypted passwords can be sent to or accepted by your computer. This is useful if you need additional security for this connection. When type your password while dialing out, this setting will encrypt your password but the target computer must support encrypted passwords for your password to be understood.

Allowed network protocols – Specifies the network protocols that your computer can use.

Select **NetBEUI** protocol to connect to Windows NT, Windows for Workgroups, or LAN Manager servers.

Select **IPX/SPX Compatible** protocol to connect to Netware and Windows NT servers and Windows 98 computers.

Select **TCP/IP** protocol to connect to Internet and wide-area networks.

TCP/IP

Server assigned IP address – Specifies whether Dialup Networking accepts an IP address from a ppp server. If the ppp server does not offer an IP address, the IP address specified for TCP/IP Dial-Up Adapter in the Network dialog box is used.

Specify an IP address – Provides a space for you to type the preferred IP address for this connection. Dial-Up Networking tries to use this address first.

Server assigned name server addresses – Specifies whether Dial-Up Networking accepts a DNS and WINS server addresses from a ppp server. If the ppp server does not offer DNS and WINS addresses, DNS and WINS server addresses specified for TCP/IP Dial-Up Adapter in the Network dialog box are used.

Specify name server addresses – Provides a space for you to type one or two DNS and WINS server addresses for this connection only. Dial-Up Networking tries to use these addresses first.

Use IP header compression – Specifies whether Dial-Up Networking uses IP header compression for this connection. IP header compression optimizes data transfer between computers.

Use default gateway on remote network – Specifies whether IP traffic is routed to the WAN connection by default.

Internet settings

A proxy server acts as a security barrier between your internal network (Intranet) and the Internet, keeping other people on the Internet from gaining access to confidential information on your internal network or your computer.

Disable Proxy Server – Do not use proxy server.

Enable Proxy Server – Use the Proxy server to gain access to the Internet.

Use the same proxy server for all protocols – Specifies whether you want to use the same proxy server to gain access to the Internet using all protocols.

Servers – Provides spaces for you to type the address and port number of the proxy server you want to use to gain access to the Internet over HTTP, Secure, FTP, Gopher, and Socks protocol.

Exceptions

Do not use proxy server for address beginning with – Provides a space for you to type the Web addresses that do not need to be accessed through the proxy server. If you want to connect to a computer on your Intranet, make sure you type its address in this box. You can use wild cards to match domain and host names or addresses, for example, “*.company.com”, “192.72.111.*”.

Bypass proxy server for local addresses – Specifies whether you want to use the proxy server for all local (Intranet) addresses. You might be able to gain access to local addresses easier and faster if you do not use the proxy server.

Sharing settings

I want to be able to give others access to my files – Turn file sharing ON or OFF. File sharing enables people using other computers to read or modify files you share on your computer.

I want to be able to allow others to print to my printer(s) – Turn printer sharing ON or OFF. Printer sharing enables people using other computers to print their files on your printers.

Click **Save** button to save all the changes you have made without closing the Edit Configuration dialog box.

Click **Cancel** button to close the Edit Configuration dialog box without saving any changes you have made.

Click **Close** button to close the Edit Configuration dialog box and save any changes that you have made.

3.6 Site Monitor

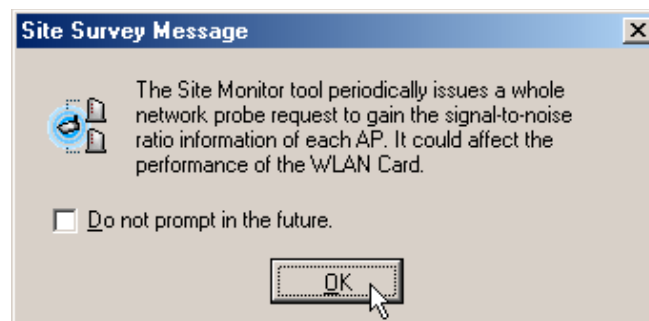
Site Monitor measures the signal-to-noise (SNR) values of all available wireless networks. This tool is used for determining the best placement of Access Points to provide the best coverage for a wireless network.

3.6.1 Starting Site Monitor

- Click the Windows **Start** button, select **Programs**, select **ASUS WLAN Card Utilities**, and then click **Site Monitor**.

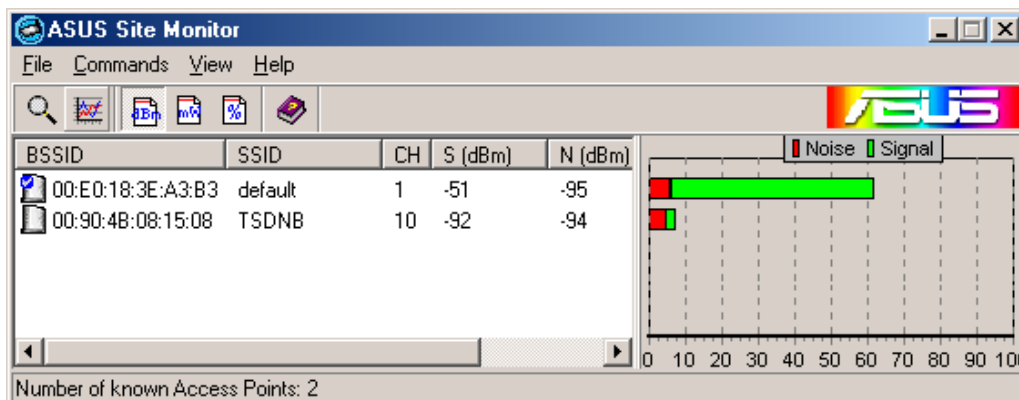
or

- Right-click the **Control Center** icon on the Windows taskbar and then click **Site Monitor**.



3.6.2 Main Screen

Measures the signal-to-noise (SNR) values of all available wireless networks.



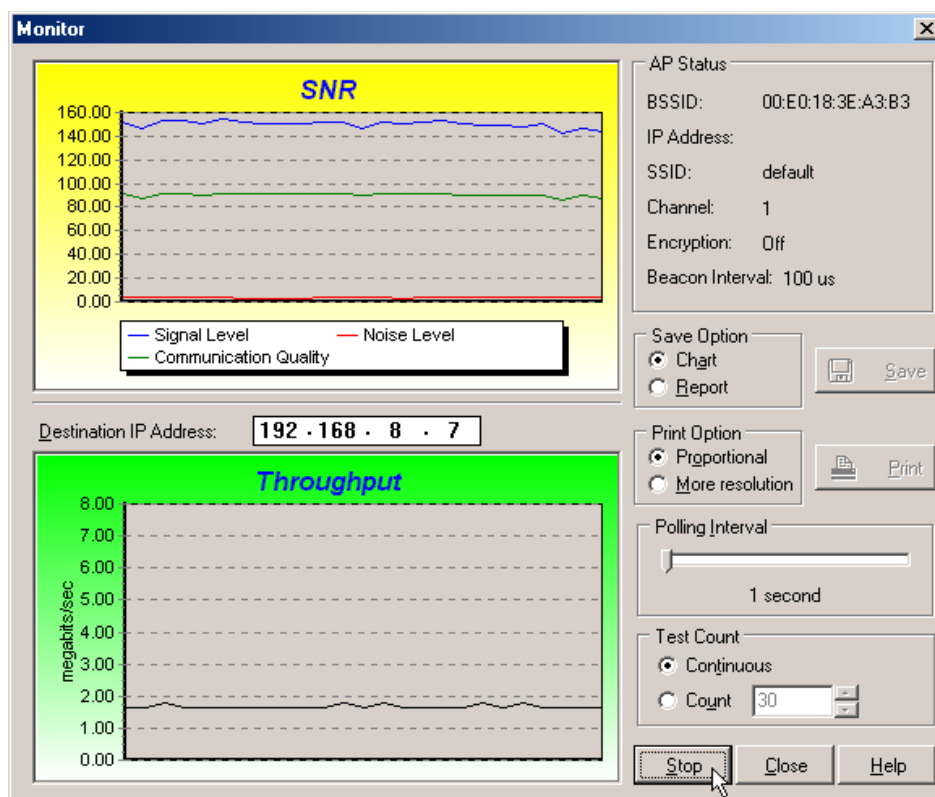
Some Access Points can disable broadcasting SSID to hide themselves from “Site Survey” or “Site Monitor” for added security but still allow you to join if you know their SSID.

3.6.3 Monitor

Directed link state test with one wireless network, including:

- **SNR:** This indicates the quality of communications within the current network. The communication quality is based on signal level and noise level measurements. In principle, the higher the SNR, the better your communications quality.
- **Communication Quality:** Specifies the Communication Quality of the Basic Service Set to which the station is currently connected to.
- **Signal Level:** Specifies the Average Signal Level of the Basic Service Set to which the station is currently connected to.
- **Noise Level:** Specifies the Average Noise Level of the Frequency Channel currently used for communications.
- **Throughput:** This sends a specified number of data packets to the remote host and calculates the average megabytes per second.

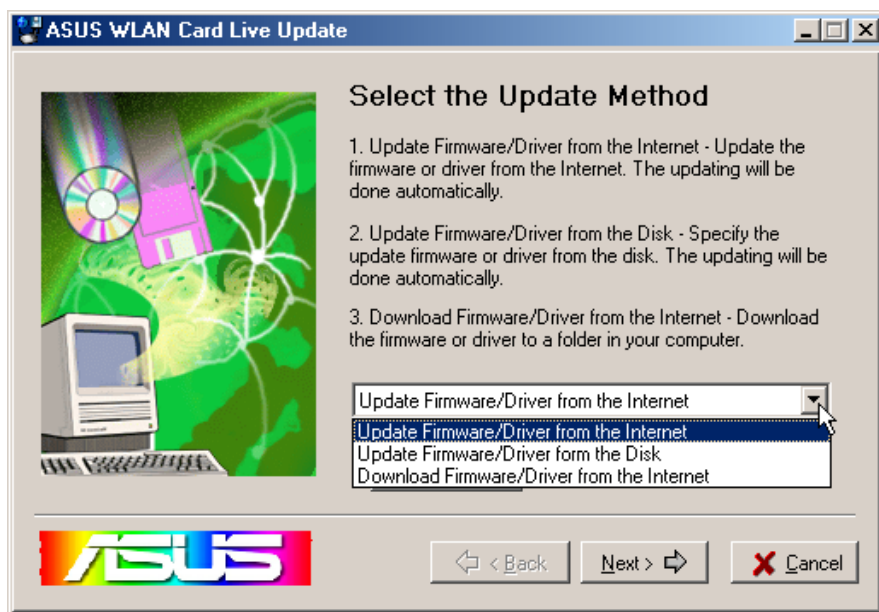
During the test, the Start button toggles to Stop. You can click **Start** button to begin the link test and click **Stop** button at any time to terminate the test.



3.7 Live Update

Live Update is a utility that allows you to update your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card's firmware and drivers. The use of this utility assumes that you are properly connected to Internet through an Internet Service Provide (ISP).

1. Insert the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card Support CD into your CD-ROM drive to bring up the autorun menu. If the autorun menu does not show, double-click the CD drive icon in My Computer or run Setup.exe in the root directory of your CD-ROM drive. When the Main menu appears, click **Run Live Update**.
2. Select an update method from the pull-down menu.



Update Firmware/Driver from the Internet: Lets you update the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card's firmware or driver from the Internet. The updating (running the flash utility or the installation program) will be done automatically.

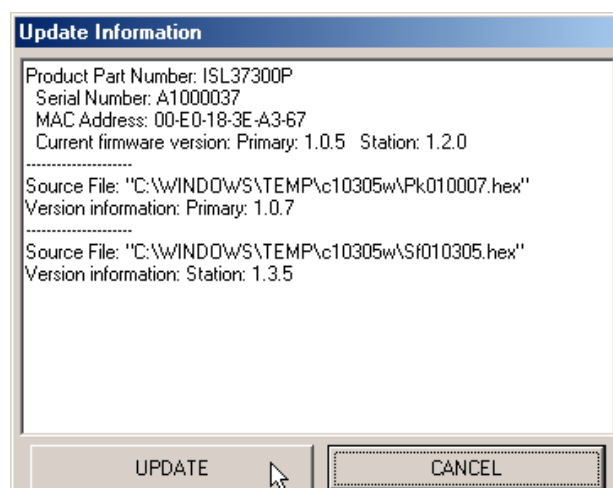
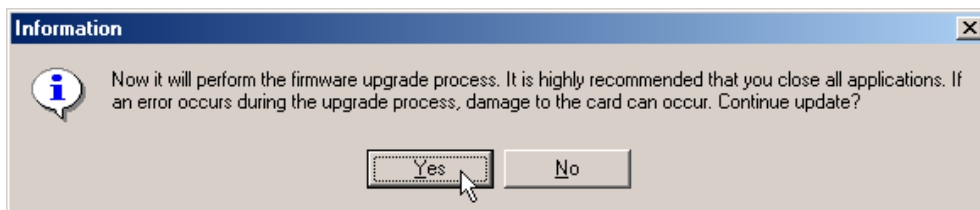
Update Firmware/Driver from the Disk: Lets you specify the update firmware or driver file from a disk. The updating (running the flash utility or the installation program) will be done automatically.

Download Firmware/Driver from the Internet: Lets you download the firmware or driver to a disk on your computer for manual updating later.

3. After you have selected your preferred update method from the Internet, you need to set the proxy server information if your Internet connection requires one. Proxy servers are usually used by large companies and seldom used at home. When this is done, click **Next**.

Proxy Setup – If checked, Live Update connects to the proxy server using the information specified in the “Address” and “Port” text boxes. Consult your network administrator for address and port settings for your proxy server.

4. Follow any on-screen instructions or prompts to complete setup. If you already have the latest revision of your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card’s firmware files or driver files, Live Update reports that no update is necessary. When Live Update starts the firmware upgrade, a warning message will tell you that incorrect firmware upgrades may cause your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card to malfunction. You can cancel the update process at this point. If you continue, a message will tell you that the update process has started. Do not turn OFF your computer until the upgrade has completed. The upgrade will take approximately 30 seconds. A subsequent message states whether the update was successful.

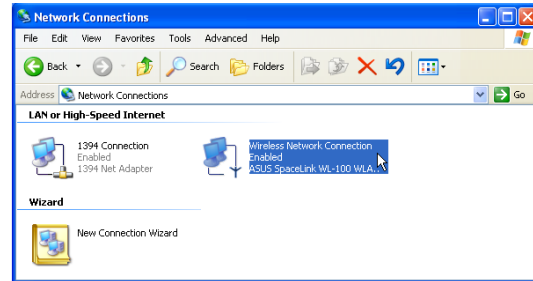


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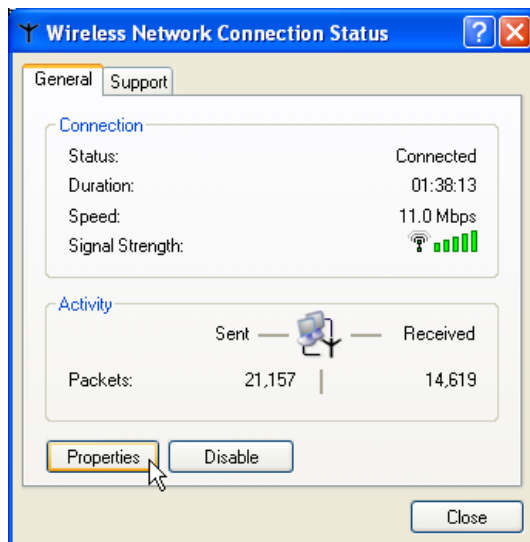
3.8 Wireless Properties (Windows XP)



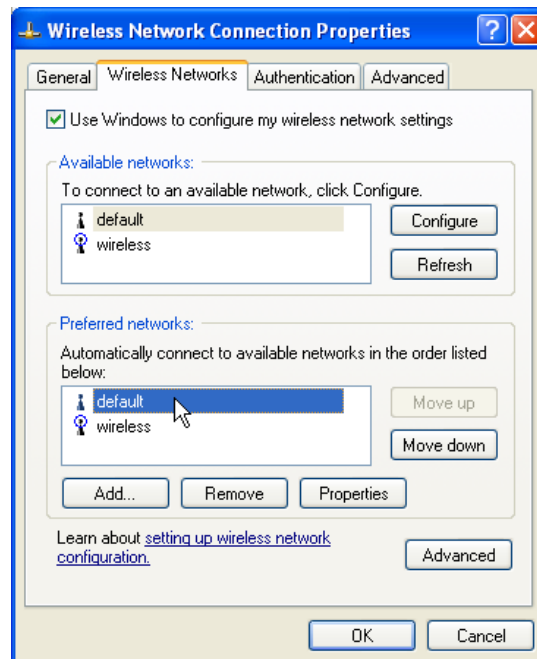
1. Double-click **System** icon in the Control Panel.



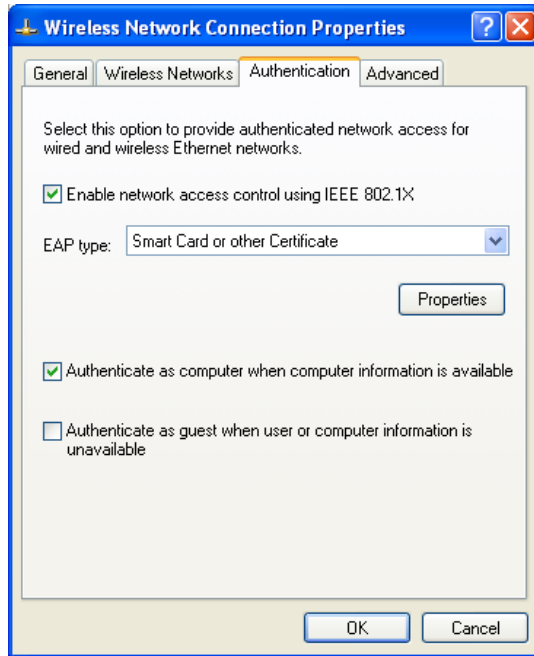
2. Double-click **ASUS SpaceLink WL-100...**



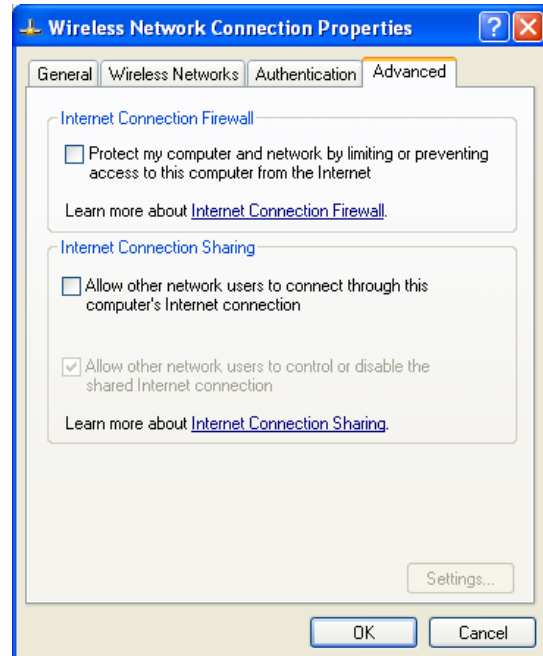
3. The "General" page will show status, duration, speed, and signal strength. Signal strength is represented by green bars with 5 bars meaning excellent signal and 1 bar meaning poor signal.



4. The "Wireless Networks" page will show Available networks and Preferred networks. Use the **Add** button to add the "SSID" of available networks and set the connection preference order with the **Move up** and **Move down** buttons. The radio tower with a signal icon identifies the currently connected access point.



5. The “Authentication” page allows you to add security settings. Read Windows help for more information.



6. The “Advanced” page allows you to set firewall and sharing. Read Windows help for more information.

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Chapter 3

4. Troubleshooting

The below troubleshooting guides provide answers to some of the more common problems, which you may encounter while installing or using ASUS SpaceLink PC Card products. If you encounter difficulties that are not mentioned in this section, please contact ASUS Wireless LAN Technical Support.

Verify if the PC Card is installed correctly.

When the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card setup task is complete, you can verify if the driver has been setup properly. Right click **My Computer**, select **Properties**, and click the **Device Manager** tab. Then double-click the **Network adapters** icon; you should see “ASUS SpaceLink WL-100 WLAN PC Card” with an icon of expansion card. There should not be a “!” or “?” (problem) or “x” (disabled) symbol over this icon.

There is a yellow exclamation mark or a yellow question mark in Device Manager in front of my ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

To resolve the problem, you should update/reinstall the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card driver. In “Device Manager”, right click **ASUS SpaceLink WL-100 WLAN PC Card**, select **Properties**, and select **Driver** tab. Click on **Update Driver** button, then follow the “Update Device Driver Wizard” to complete the driver installation.

In addition, you may be able to resolve this issue by reinstalling the driver. Choose **ASUS SpaceLink WL-100 WLAN PC Card**, click **Remove** button in “Device Manager”, and then run the **Add New Hardware Wizard** from the **Control Panel**.

Cannot connect to any Access Points

Follow the procedure below to configure your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

- a. Verify that the “Network Type” is in “Infrastructure” mode.
- b. Verify that the “SSID” of your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is set to “any” or set to the same “SSID” of an Access Point.
- c. Verify that the “Encryption” type is the same as that of an Access Point. If you enabled “WEP” encryption, you must also set the same WEP Keys on both sides.

Chapter 4 - Troubleshooting

Cannot connect to a Station (ASUS SpaceLink PC Card)

Follow the procedure below to configure your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card.

- a. Verify that the “Network Type” is in “Ad Hoc” mode.
- b. Verify that the “SSID” of your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is set to “any” or set to the same “SSID” of the other station (or another ASUS SpaceLink PC Card).
- c. Verify that the “channel” of the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card is “Auto” or set to the same “channel” of the other station (or another ASUS SpaceLink PC Card).
- d. Verify that the “Encryption” type is the same as the other station (or another ASUS SpaceLink PC Card). If “WEP” encryption is enabled, you must set the same “WEP” Keys on both stations.

Bad link quality or bad signal strength

There are two possible reasons. First is radio interference, keep the environment around the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card away from microwave ovens and large metal objects. Then try to reorient the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card antenna. Second is the distance, decrease the distance between your ASUS SpaceLink PC Card and the Access Point or station (or another ASUS SpaceLink PC Card).

Set RID (Scan Request) error

If this error message appears when you enter Site Survey or Site Monitor, use the support CD’s “Run ASUS WLAN Client Live Update” to update the ASUS SpaceLink PC Card’s firmware.



5. Glossary

Access Point (AP)

An networking device that seamlessly connects wired and wireless networks. Access Points combined with a distributed system support the creation of multiple radio cells that enable roaming throughout a facility.

Ad Hoc

A wireless network composed solely of stations within mutual communication range of each other (no Access Point).

Basic Service Area (BSS)

A set of stations controlled by a single coordination function.

Channel

An instance of medium use for the purpose of passing protocol data units that may be used simultaneously, in the same volume of space, with other instances of medium use (on other channels) by other instances of the same physical layer, with an acceptably low frame error ratio due to mutual interference.

Extended Service Set (ESS)

A set of one or more interconnected basic service set (BSSs) and integrated local area networks (LANs) can be configured as an Extended Service Set.

Ethernet

The most widely used LAN access method, which is defined by the IEEE 802.3 standard. Ethernet is normally a shared media LAN meaning all devices on the network segment share total bandwidth. Ethernet networks operate at 10Mbps using CSMA/CD to run over 10-BaseT cables.

Gateway

A network component that acts as an entrance to another network.

IEEE 802.11

IEEE 802.xx is a set of specifications for LANs from the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE). Most wired networks conform to 802.3, the specification for CSMA/CD based Ethernet networks or 802.5, the specification for token ring networks. 802.11 defines the standard for wireless LANs encompassing three incompatible (non-interoperable) technologies: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS), Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS), and Infrared. 802.11 specifies a carrier sense media access control and physical layer specifications for 1 and 2 Mbps wireless LANs.

IEEE 802.11b

802.11b specifies a carrier sense media access control and physical layer specifications for 5.5 and 11 Mbps wireless LANs.

Infrastructure

A wireless network centered about an access point. In this environment, the access point not only provides communication with the wired network but also mediates wireless network traffic in the immediate neighborhood.

IP (Internet Protocol)

The TCP/IP standard protocol that defines the IP datagram as the unit of information passed across an Internet and provides the basis for connectionless packet delivery service. IP includes the ICMP control and error message protocol as an integral part. It provides the functional equivalent of ISO OSI Network Services.

IP Address

An IP address is a 32-bit number that identifies each sender or receiver of information that is sent across the Internet. An IP address has two parts: the identifier of a particular network on the Internet and an identifier of the particular device (which can be a server or a workstation) within that network.

ISM Bands (Industrial, Scientific, and Medicine Bands)

Radio frequency bands that the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) authorized for wireless LANs. The ISM bands are located at 902 MHz, 2.400 GHz, and 5.7 GHz.

ISP (Internet Service Provider)

An organization that provides access to the Internet. Small ISPs provide service via modem and ISDN while the larger ones also offer private line hookups (T1, fractional T1, etc.).

LAN (Local Area Network)

A communications network that serves users within a defined geographical area. The benefits include the sharing of Internet access, files and equipment like printers and storage devices. Special network cabling (10 BaseT) is often used to connect the PCs together.

NIC (Network Interface Card)

A network adapter inserted into a computer so that the computer can be connected to a network. It is responsible for converting data from stored in the computer to the form transmitted or received.

Packet

A basic message unit for communication across a network. A packet usually includes routing information, data, and sometimes error detection information.

PCMCIA (Personal Computer Memory Card International Association)

The Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA), develops standards for PC cards, formerly known as PCMCIA cards. These cards are available in three types, and are have about the same length and width as credit cards. However, the different width of the cards ranges in thickness from 3.3 mm (Type I) to 5.0 mm (Type II) to 10.5 mm (Type III). These cards can be used for various functions, including memory storage, landline modems and wireless modems.

Radio Frequency (RF) Terms: GHz, MHz, Hz

The international unit for measuring frequency is Hertz (Hz), equivalent to the older unit of cycles per second. One megahertz (MHz) is one million Hertz. One gigahertz (GHz) is one billion Hertz. The standard US electrical power frequency is 60 Hz, the AM broadcast radio frequency band is 0.55-1.6 MHz, the FM broadcast radio frequency band is 88-108 MHz, and wireless 802.11 LANs operate at 2.4 GHz.

Chapter 5 - Glossary

SSID (Service Set ID)

SSID is a group name shared by every member of a wireless network. Only client PCs with the same SSID are allowed to establish a connection.

Station

Any device containing IEEE 802.11 wireless medium access conformity.

TCP (Transmission Control Protocol)

The standard transport level protocol that provides the full duplex, stream service on which many application protocols depend. TCP allows a process or one machine to send a stream of data to a process on another. Software implementing TCP usually resides in the operating system and uses the IP to transmit information across the network.